therefore industriously cultivated; nor could expect to be faved against any future Attempt other-

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wise than by their Assistance.

As to Acadia, the Possession of which was left us by the said Treaty of Utrecht, it appears how much the Country was liked by the Behaviour of the French Planters there settled, and the Instance I before quoted: And what Value the French Ministry put upon it, while they had it in Possession, is more fully set forth in the Jesuit's Work, from which I have been extracting.

His Words with Regard to Newfoundland, the entire Possession of which was given to us by the same Treaty, are worth forting, "The Eng-

" lish, says he, will get more by the Cession of what we there held than we shall lose: For helides that Illa Paula will indemnify us in Part

" besides that Isle Royale will indemnify us in Part for Placentia, all the Inhabitants of which

" were transported to Louisburgh, those Inhabi-

" tants will find themselves more at Ease there

" than ever they were in Newfoundland: Where" as the English are become absolute Masters of

" an Island, where they were before fure of no-

" thing while they had us for Neighbours."

This Author likewise gives us the History of the Restoration of *Hudson's-Bay* by the same Peace, in which there is nothing remarkable, and only mentions it by Way of Memorandum that *Hudson's-Bay* was then restored.

What M. Savary, in his Histoire de Commerce, says of the Island of Cape Breton, does not in all Respects agree with the Account of Father Charlevoix: But some Parts of his Article concerning the