of 12,378,678 feet; The Brunette Saw Mill Co., of New Westminster, with a capacity of 40,000 feet per 12 hours, annual cut, 4,858,906 feet; W. C. Wells, (Palliser Lumber Co.) of Palliser, with a capacity of 20,000 feet per 12 hours, annual cut, 438,178 feet; F. Robinson, of Beaver, with a capacity of 20,000 feet per 12 hours, annual cut, 4,208,535 feet; Knight Bros., Popcum, capacity of 50,000 feet per 12 hours, annual cut, 85,598 feet; Hugh Burr, Ladner's Landing, capacity of 10,000 feet per 12 hours, annual cut, 567,000 feet; J. McDonald, Craigellachie, capacity of 20,000 feet per 12 hours, annual cut, 1,000,000 feet; S. W. McKay, Griffin Lake, capacity, 15,000 feet per 12 hours, annual cut, 800,000 feet. Altogether making a grand total of 24,436,895 feet of manufactured lumber in one year.

Mr Higginson in his report adds that during the past year there have been many inquiries by Eastern Canadian and American lumbermen, with the view of establishing extensive mills in the Province at an early day. The Douglas pine and cedar of the Province are recognised by competent judges to be, in many respects, superior to any wood found in the east, while the trees contain from 5 M to 25 M feet B. M., something almost incredible to eastern men, and defective trees are the exception.

Another advantage here is that they have the whole civilised world as a market, these superior woods finding ready access by water to the markets of China, Japan, Australia, and the South American Provinces; while the demand, in consequence of the completion of our great National and Imperial highway, is steadily increasing for our finer grades in the Canadian Northwest Territories and Western and Eastern Canada, as well as the Western States.

Considering therefore that the lumber supply is about exhausted in the east, and we on the Pacific Coast possess the pine and cedar forests of America, the trade must, in the near future assume enormous proportions.