didates have been nominated send by telegraph the names of the candidates nominated to the returning officer for such camp or base.

Hon. Mr. DAVIS—Going back to subclause 5 of clause 4. What is he sending a list for?

Hon. Mr. LOUGHEED—This clause refers to volunteers in Canada.

Hon. Mr. DAVIS—But why is he sending a list? If a soldier claims a right to vote, and the list comes down and his name is not on the list, will his statement that he has a right to vote be accepted or will the list govern?

Hon. Mr. CASGRAIN—His statement is accepted under oath.

Hon. Mr. DAVIS—What is the use of sending a list if his statement is to be used. It seems to me foolish.

Hon. Mr. CLORAN-Everything is foolish in the Bill.

The CHAIRMAN-Should Schedule B form part of the Bill?

Hon. Mr. WATSON—Pardon me for asking another question, which is going back, but in subclause 8 of clause 4 on page 6 "the Government or the Opposition" is referred to there with regard to the appointment of agents. Now, who is to name the agents in behalf of the Government or Opposition under this Act?

Hon. Mr. DAVIS—There is no authority given to any person.

Hon. Mr. LOUGHEED—That is done the same as under the Dominion Elections Act. The Opposition is well defined.

Hon. Mr. KERR-Who is to speak for them?

Hon. Mr. WATSON—Who is to speak for them? That is what I was trying to find out. Those agents are in addition to the agents named by the candidate. The Dominion Elections Act provides for the agent named by the candidate, but when it comes to an election who is to appoint the agent?

Hon. Mr. CASGRAIN-The two leaders.

Hon. Mr. WATSON-It does not say it.

Hon. Mr. LOUGHEED-I presume that would be by the candidates.

Hon. Mr. CLORAN-But your presumption is not law.

Hon. Mr. DANDURAND-No, I do not think so; it is independent; it is in addition to the candidates.

Hon. Mr. LOUGHEED—Agents may be appointed on behalf of either the Government or the Opposition.

Hon. Mr. DAVIS—And what about the Independent?

Hon. Mr. LOUGHEED—It simply means that candidates will have a right to appoint their agents; that is all it means.

Hon. Mr. KERR—Does the Government pass an Order in Council? Or when it says the Opposition, does it mean that the Opposition would elect one? Or does it mean that the leader of the Opposition will appoint? Those are both well-defined persons.

Hon. Mr. DANDURAND-If the hon. gentleman will read sub-clause 8 he will find

8. In addition to agents who may be appointed in ac ork nee with the Dominion Elections Act to represent candidates at the poll, agents may be appointed on behalf of either the Governm nt or the Opposition.

Well, if the hon. gentleman reads through this clause he will find that there is no one who is given authority to appoint on behalf of the Government.

Hon. Mr. WATSON-Or the Opposition.

Hon. Mr. DANDURAND—Or the Opposition, and the case of the Opposition is still more vague than the Government, because the Government can by resolution appoint somebody.

Hon. Mr. LOUGHEED—I apprehend from the subsequent language of the clause that these agents are entirely apart from the agents who may be appointed under the Dominion Election Act, that the candidates may appoint agents.

And such agents shall have all the powers of agents of candidates under the said Act, and be entitled to exercise the said powers on behalf of all candidates in all electoral districts for the party by which such agents have been named.

It is the party that appoints them.

Hon. Mr. WATSON-Who is the party?

Hon. Mr. LOUGHEED—They need not be specifically held down to the provisions in the Dominion Elections Act; a party would be represented by the candidate, and the candidate will apoint the agent.

Hon. Mr. WATSON—But in addition to agents to be appointed under the Dominion Elections Act, that is the candidate's agents.