encourage the private sector to promote and enhance access to and transfer of patent protected environmentally sound technologies, in particular to developing countries.

- 4.2 The Parties [to/shall] cooperate [bilaterally and multilaterally] in [identifying and agreeing specific means and approaches to foster bilateral, regional and global cooperation to [in] facilitat[e/ing] mitigation [of] and adaptation to climate change, including [through] the development, application and diffusion, including transfer, of technologies, practices and processes that control, reduce or prevent greenhouse gas emissions [particularly in sectors strongly exposed to international competition].
- 4.3 All Parties shall, on the basis of strategies for the mitigation of climate change, make national inventories of the need and market potential for technologies, practices and processes that control, reduce or prevent anthropogenic emissions of greenhouse gases. Each Party shall take measures to facilitate investment in climate-friendly technologies.
- 4.4 All Parties shall ensure the transfer of material, equipment and technology for renewable sources of energy [including solar and biomass] to [all Parties] [developing countries] [on concessional and preferential terms]. [[All Parties] [Developing country Parties] shall remove all restrictions on such transfers].

Sinks and reservoirs of greenhouse gases (Article 4.1(d))

5.1 All Parties shall promote sustainable management [for] [and promote and cooperate in the provision of necessary financial and technological resources for] conservation and enhancement, as appropriate, of sinks and reservoirs of all greenhouse gases not controlled by the Montreal Protocol, including biomass, forests and oceans as well as other terrestrial, coastal and marine ecosystems [taking into account the work being done in other relevant fora].

Impacts of climate change Article (4.1(e))

6.1 All Parties shall cooperate in preparing for adaptation to the impacts of climate change through the assessment [at the national level] of the environmental, economic and social impacts of climate change, including sea level rise, changes in storms or storm surges, and the risk to coastal ecosystems, including fragile ecosystems, wetlands, coral reefs and atolls, as well as freshwater supplies, arid and semi-arid areas, drought and desertification, and [the development and implementation of integrated plans for coastal zone management, water resources and agriculture, and for the protection and rehabilitation of terrestrial, coastal and marine ecosystems and areas affected by drought and desertification, as well as floods].

Climate change considerations in relevant policies and actions (Article 4.1(f))

7.1 All Parties shall assess [at the national level] the environmental, economic and social consequences [on all Parties] [in particular on developing country Parties] of various response strategies, as well as their effects on greenhouse gas emissions with a view to minimizing adverse effects on the economy, on infrastructure, on human settlements, on social and

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