INDUSTRIAL WASTE HEAT

The CFE is developing practical co-generation systems at its thermodynamics laboratory in Baja Entalpia. A related promotion program is fostering the adoption of these technologies by industry.

WIND ENERGY

The CFE is experimenting with a number of different wind generator types, including a 100 kilowatt horizontal-axis design. It is focussing on lowering production costs by using advanced materials.

ANAEROBIC SLUDGE

The CFE has conducted laboratory experiments that suggest that sewage treatment plants can reduce their electricity consumption by up to 70 percent by generating electricity from their own sludge. This system will reportedly improve the quality of the treated water as well.

Except for natural gas, these alternative forms of energy are being promoted mainly for use in private installations, rather than those operated by the *CFE*. In 1993, the *CFE* had installed geothermal capacity of 748 megawatts, which produced some 2.6 percent of the nation's electricity. Although geothermal capacity is projected to increase by about 24 percent by 1999, the Commission's 1994 annual report does not mention any ongoing programs to encourage its development.

CFE INSTALLED CAPACITY BY TYPE

	1994		Projected 1999	
	Megawatts	Percentage	Megawatts	Percentage
Thermal	17,694	54.1	18,081	41.2
Hydro	8,859	27.1	10,900	24.8
Dual	1,400	4.3	9,250	21.1
Coal	2,600	7.9	3,300	7.5
Geothermal	830	2.5	1,030	2.3
Nuclear	1,350	4.1	1,350	3.1
Total	32,733	100	43,911	100

Source: Comisión Federal de Electricidad (CFE), Federal Electricity Commission.

