

and Scudder. Its habits, moreover, are not arboreal, as observed by Bruner, since it was more often found on the ground than on the scant vegetation growing in the area which it inhabited.

6. *PAROXYA SCUDDERI* sp. nov.

The smallest known member of the genus, the body of the male averaging but 17 mm. in length. Antennæ relatively short, 9.5 mm. in both sexes. Tegmina reaching slightly beyond tip of abdomen in male, shorter than abdomen in female.

Male with posterior lobe of pronotum, tegmina, and upper and outer faces of all the femora a uniform light wood brown; occiput and anterior lobes of pronotal disc darker. A broad black stripe extends from eye along the upper half of the lateral lobes of pronotum as far as the posterior transverse sulcus, where it ends abruptly, the posterior lateral lobe being uniform in colour with the disc. Below this black stripe is one of ivory white, brightest on the head. Metapleurite also ivory white. Face grayish olive, flecked or tinged with yellowish. Proximal two-thirds of antennæ the colour of the tegmina; distal third darker. Palpi and prosternal spine yellow. Sternites of thorax olive brown; those of abdomen yellow, as also the lower face of all the femora. Hind tibiæ pale glaucous (the proximal third sometimes light brown), with a black spot at geniculation; the spines eleven in number in the outer series, with their distal thirds black.

Female darker; the tegmina sometimes obscurely and sparingly flecked with fuscous, covering three-fourths or more of the abdomen; the yellow of under side dull or wanting.

Supra-anal plate of male very short, triangular, with a short, basal, triangular sulcus, in which rest the furcula. These consist of a pair of flattish, oblong, subequal plates with their inner edges attingent except at the apices, where they slightly diverge. Cerci strongly incurved, narrowed at the middle, the proximal half stouter than in *P. hoosieri*, the distal third flattened and rounded apically.

Average measurements: Length of body, male 17 mm., female 24 mm.; antennæ, male and female, 9 mm.; tegmina, male 13 mm., female 14.5 mm.; hind femora, male 11.5 mm., female 13.5 mm. Five males, 4 females.

This graceful-bodied species was found in small numbers on July 27, 1897, about the grassy margins of a pond in the sand dune region