## The Quiet Hour.

A litriserest in the twilight After my work is done,
A little time with the Master At setting of the sun.

The day has been one of trial, Of falure oft, und tears ;
But Jesus knows all my weakness, llo knows my doubts and feara.

All sordid thoughts I can banish, And let my spirit tly
Alove the carth and its sorrow
I'o God's white throne on high.
The door of a place of refuge,
A palace of quiet rest,
Is near, and my soul is longing
'To find the portal blest.
I come with my heavy buriens,
I come with all my sin;
I knock, and the door swings open,
And Jesus lets me in.
My sin departs, and my trouble
Is lost in blissful calm,
This quiet hour with my Saviour
Has soothed my heart like balm.

## OUR S. S. PAPERS.

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## Home and School.

Rev, w. н. withaow, .o., Eitior.
TOBONTO. MAY 4, ISSS.

## The Book to Rest Upon.

If you should lic down upon a bed from which you were never to rise agam, and would like a book to place under your pillow as a kind of com. panion, I thuk I know what book you would select. It would not bo a book of tales, not one of travels, or history, or biography, or science. I think it would be the book for which the great novelist, Walter Scott, asked, when on his dying. bed. He requested his son-in-law to read to him. "From what book?" asked tise son-in-law. "From what book, do you ask 9 Thero is but one book." That one book, I think, you would want for your companion in the closing hours of life. But the book which would bo our best companion then, must be our best companion now. The friends Whom we want most to see when we are sick or in distress, are the fricnds whom we have loved most when in health. The Bible-the word which God has given given us-is our sure trust in times of deepest need: It is also our best guide in life, our safeat friend every day.

## Missions in Japan.

Converts are being reported at the rate of nearly one hundred per week, and everywhere there is a demind for missionary preaching and Christian instruction and lecturing far beyond the ablitity of the missionary bodies and the mative ministry to supply.

Most of the schools where English is at all taught are now eagerly seeking to obtain Christian teachers, and in their contracts readily grant every facility for teaching and preaching the gospel. The Tract Societies also report very large sales. These will mount up into the hundreds of thousands of copies in each year, as the nggregate sales of all the missions and societies. The demand for preachers and Christian teachers still continues to be greater than the supply.

Schools for the study of Euglish are being opened in almost every town in the empire where anyone can be found who can make even a pretence of teaching it. Many of the better class of these schools have applied to the various missionary bodics for foreign teachers, and though they offer but small remuneration, some of the missionarics have taken up this kind of work for the sake of the facilities it offers for residence in the interior, and the propagation of the faith amongst the scholars and their friend.

## Forty Faithful Soldiers Frozen.

Thene, was a Roman Emperor who had among his soldiers forty Christian men. On being iniormed of the fact, he flew into a passion, and said: "I will have no Christians among my men! Go, tell them that if they will not turn f.om serving their God, they will be stripped and sent forth upon a frozen lake, to perish there." But the forty soldiers were faithful to Christ, and nothing would induce them to forsake him. So they were taken down to the side of a frozen lake, and there stripped of their garments. Not far from the lako was a hut, in which was a large, blazing fire, robes, large sums of money, and also a sumptuous feast spread-all placed there by order of the Emperor, to tempt the men to forsake Christ. They were told that even yet, if they would but forsake their God, they would be taken to this hut, and all that was in it would at once belong to them. All stood firm, and they were sent forth upon the lake. They gathered together, and the whole forty raised their hands to heaven and prayed: "Dear Lord, grant that we may be found faithful to thee." But une of the number proved unfathful-he forsook the lake, fled to the hut, where he obtained all that was promised. The centurion of tho band was so struck with the noble action of these nine and thirty men, that he resolved to join them. He, too, was stripped by his own men, and went forth to join the brave soldiers in the midule of the lake. Again forty hands were raised to heaven, while they prayed: "O Lord, grint that wo may bo found faithful to thee!" Their prayer was answered, for forty frozen bodies were found next morning.-Selecied.

Minnis and Percy had come to the garden gate to see their facher start for a journey on horseback. As he was mounting, littlo .Percy. called out: "Goodbye, dear papa; I love you thirty miles long,", "Good-bye; dear papa," was echoed by Minnio's
gentle voice; " you"will never ride" to tho gentle voice; " you" will nevar ride' to the end of
my lova."

tif flohting yortiat movino towards ingtra.

## Prayer and Privilige.

We are tired : hearing the changes rung for evermore on duty. Duty is well enough in its way. It is a sort of fly-wheel, with a reservoir of power in it to carry us past the dead points when the stimulus of motion fails us; but for all that, it is a cold, hard, joyless, loveless thing. There are things that only a stern sense of duty would ever prompt us to do. To reprove the faults of a friend is not a pleasant task-at least not for a noble and sensitive soul. To preach of hell is not a thing to to take delight in, though there bo some who preach as if it were. No true minister of Jesus Christ will ever preach it except from stern con. straint of duty.
But there are some things in respect to which considerations of duty should never be needed to furnish a spur. And prayer has been belittled and degraded by dwelling upon it as a duty to le done, instead of a privilege to be enjoyed. I pity the man who simply prays because he must, scourged to do his duty like a galley-slave, iustend of tlying joyfully to a throne of grace, as a weary wanderer to love's embrace.
Oh, brethren, if God bo the King of kings an: Lord of lords, then access to his presence and as. surance of gracious audience is a privilege of supremest honour! If he be in infinitely tender. hearted Father, then prayer is a privilege of sweetest joy. If he be an omnipotent Ruler who cas guide us in perplexity-who can give us light in darkness, comfort in tribulation, bread for our hunger, healing for our diseases, salvation for our souls, salvation for our friends; who can smooth all earth's rugged pathway for us, and prepare us for him, and give us an abundant entrance-thea prayer is a privilege of the grandest opportunity:Dr. Menson.

## The Sonquest of Missions.

Finst came Indii, the land of the Vedas, nom consolidated under the British rule, and numbering with its dependencies $300,000,000$ people. 'I'ses followed China, whose going forth in ancient times were from the land of Shinar itself, with its 400 ; 000,000 , And next Japan, youngest and sprught. liest of them all, wind $35,000,000$. And tinally Congo, Livingstone went in to explore; and he invested his life for a regenerated Africi. When be was gone, God, who had girded Cyrus of old, raisal up snother to complete his worls. Into the lieart of the dark continent plunged Stanley "Africanus" When he came out it was to declare the fact that $40,000,000$ more were to confront the Christias church.

And now what do missions propose to dol Nothing less than the conquest of all thewe greut peoples for Christ. The aimi of the work! is to dethrone the powerful systems of heathenism, asd exalt Christianity instead; to put an end to the supremacy of Confucianism: and Buddhism and Shintoism aud Tanism, so: that Christ alone mus be exalted in thati day:

