

perte dans cette opération a été de \$397.50. Combien cette personne a-t-elle acheté d'actions ?

103 + le courtage .25 = 103.25, prix payé pour chaque action.

90.25 — le courtage .25 = 90 " reçu " " "

103.25 — 90 = \$13.25, perte sur 1 action.

397.50 ÷ 13.25 = 30 actions, Rép.

ALGÈBRE

INTRODUCTION

Ces exercices sont gradués de manière à servir de trait d'union entre l'arithmétique et l'algèbre

16° L'âge de B est un sixième de l'âge de A. Dans 12 ans l'âge de B sera un tiers de l'âge de A. Quels sont actuellement les âges des deux personnes ? Rép. 8 et 48 ans.

17° A peut faire un ouvrage en 4 jours, B en 5 et C en 6. Combien de jours prendront-ils s'ils travaillent ensemble ? Rép. $1\frac{2}{3}$.

18° Un bassin est alimenté par 3 robinets ; le premier peut le remplir en 8 heures, les 2e en 12 heures et le 3e en 16 heures ; on ouvre les trois robinets et l'on demande en combien de temps le bassin sera plein ? Rép. $3\frac{1}{3}$.

19° A part de Québec et marche dans la direction de Montréal à raison de 4 milles à l'heure ; 6 heures après B part et voyage dans la même direction faisant 5 milles à l'heure ; à combien de milles de Québec B aura-t-il atteint A ? Rép. 120 milles.

J. AHERN.

LANGUE ANGLAISE

LEÇONS D'ANGLAIS D'APRÈS LA MÉTHODE NATURELLE PAR J. AHERN

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LEÇON ÉLÉMENTAIRE

1. Review the last lesson.

2. What word is the subject in the following sentence : Bread is made of flour ? Ans. Bread.

3. What is said of Bread ? It is made of flour ?

4. IS MADE OF FLOUR is called the PREDICATE of the sentence : Bread is made of flour.

5. What is the subject in the sentence : Boots are made of leather. Ans. Boots.

What is said of Boots ? Ans. They are made of leather.

ARE MADE OF LEATHER is called the PREDICATE of the sentence : Boots are made of leather.

6. What word is the subject in the sentence : We had a good breakfast before starting ? Ans. We.

What is said of We ? Had a good breakfast before starting.

HAD A GOOD BREAKFAST BEFORE STARTING is called the PREDICATE of the sentence : We had a good breakfast, etc.

7. What word is the subject in the sentence : Before starting we had a good breakfast ? Ans. We, name the predicate : Before starting had a good breakfast.

8. Name the subject in the sentence : In the morning he learned his lesson ? Ans. He.

What is said of he ? Learned his lesson in the morning.

LEARNED HIS LESSON IN THE MORNING is called the PREDICATE of the sentence : In the morning he learned his lesson.

9. Underline with a single line the subjects in the following sentences ; with a double line the predicates.

The ground is covered with snow. The kitten sat in a dark corner. The little girl was sewing near the window. The little children play on the floor. We breakfast every morning at eight. The blacksmith had a hammer in his hand. John spends too much of his time in play. The fishermen salt their fish with sea-salt.