

THE MUZZLING LAW OBEYED IN ST. MARYS

All Canines Carefully Guarded
—First Case of Rabies in
the Stone Town.

[Special to The Advertiser.]
St. Marys, Feb. 11.—The mayor's proclamation that all dogs must be immediately muzzled and the general dog scare has resulted in a number of cases of rabies in the Stone Town. The first case of rabies in the Stone Town was reported by the mayor on Feb. 11. The dog was a small black and white terrier, owned by Mr. J. H. Nelson, who was bitten by a mad dog in the town and died of the disease. The dog was found dead in the street, and the mayor ordered that all dogs be muzzled. The dog was found dead in the street, and the mayor ordered that all dogs be muzzled. The dog was found dead in the street, and the mayor ordered that all dogs be muzzled.

GILMORE TRIAL OFF

Cases Will Not Come Up Until a Month
From Now.

[By Associated Press.]
Chicago, Feb. 11.—The trial of Harry Gilmore, the veteran socialist and one of the arrested in the charge of aiding and abetting a prize fight, was postponed until March 11, after being called in the municipal court today.

NEW BRUNSWICK WHARVES

Another One Comes Up For Discussion in Committee.

Ottawa, Feb. 11.—In the Commons today there was a discussion upon New Brunswick wharves during supply on public works estimates.
O. S. Crockett, of York, N. B., brought out from official return that C. J. Osman, of the Albert Manufacturing Company, had built an addition to the Pink Rock wharf, in Westmorland County, but had handed the accounts over to the public works department, which paid them.
Mr. Pugsley said the wharf had been transferred to the crown, with the exception of one right, that the Albert Manufacturing Company, to the wharf.
The House rose at midnight after passing \$1,000,000 for public works in New Brunswick and Ontario.

FRENCH SCHOOL WAR

Government Hits at Clergy Through the Private Schools.

Paris, Feb. 12.—The Government's bill to bring private Catholic schools under a species of state control—one of the measures designated by the French Episcopal agitation against the public schools—was introduced in the Chamber of Deputies yesterday.
While the bill leaves the private schools free to choose their own methods or curricula, it subjects them to conditions that teaching shall be in French and shall include all the studies provided by the public schools, and requires that the text books of the schools shall be submitted to the inspection of the academy, authorizing the intervention of books against morals, the constitution and the laws of the country.
The bill also exacts teachers' certificates, but it allows two years within which teachers without certificates can qualify for them. The bill requires secularized monks and nuns, many of whom are now in private schools, to furnish written certificates that they do not belong to unauthorized teaching orders.

COW WITH CANCER

Animal Unfit for Human Use Charge
Against a Drover.

Toronto, Feb. 11.—That there ought to be some very strict regulations governing the sale of meat for human purposes was stressed by Magistrate Denison this morning when committing James Coutts, a cattle drover, for trial on a charge of selling a cow unfit for human use. A policeman testified that after the animal was sold he noticed it could hardly walk and on examining her he found a big lump near the udder about the size of a six-quart pail, from which pus was dropping. He had the animal isolated, and subsequently Dr. G. G. Saunders, city veterinary surgeon, after an inspection, ordered the cow destroyed. Dr. Saunders said the cow was suffering from what looked like a cancerous growth. Coutts' own bail in one surety of \$200 was accepted.

LIQUIDATOR FOR PARK

Toronto, Feb. 11.—E. R. Clarkson has been appointed official liquidator of the Toronto Park Company, known as Scarborough Beach. Montreal men are mostly interested, and they will consider the prospects as to keeping the park on or selling it for building lots.

FOUND DEAD.

Hamilton, Ont., Feb. 11.—P. E. Reid, assistant superintendent of the National Mounted Agency, 28 Toronto street, Toronto, was found dead in his bed in the Dominion Hotel here at noon today. He had been dead for some time. Reid was here on a pleasure trip, coming from Toronto Wednesday night.

Good Blood

Means good health, and Mead's Sarsaparilla has an unapproachable record as a blood-purifier.

It affects its wonderful cures, not simply because it contains sarsaparilla but because it combines the utmost remedial values of more than 20 different ingredients. There is no real substitute for it. If urged to buy any preparation said to be "just as good," you may be sure it is inferior, costs less to make, and yields the dealer a larger profit. Get Mead's Sarsaparilla today.

FRANCE IS TALKING OF THRONE CLAIMANTS

The Duc d'Orleans May Be
Ousted From His Near-
Monarch Position.

Paris, Feb. 11.—Parisians are just now occupying themselves with a discussion on the royalist claimants who look for the re-establishment of the monarchy. The Duc d'Orleans, so long the standard-bearer of royalists in France, may find himself ousted from that high position one of these days. The claim of this good-looking member of the younger branch of the Bourbons is being submitted to a very critical test.

Two plays, one by Henri Lavedan, the other by Pierre Decourcelle, have revived the whole controversy as to whether or not the son of Louis XVII, and Marie Antoinette escaped from the prison of the Temple. If Parisians of the survival theory be correct, then there is at this moment in Paris a young man known as Prince Jean de Bourbon, who is a direct descendant of the slow-going Louis XVII, and the beautiful Marie Antoinette. And these things being so, the nose of the Duc d'Orleans is fairly out of joint.

EXILE RETURNS TO PARIS

The Duc d'Orleans is the son of the Count de Paris, and the great-grandson of King Louis Philippe, whom Napoleon replaced in 1848. When his sister married the late King of Portugal, the public decided to the presence of the Duc in France to be dangerous and decreed his banishment. He has, however, managed to visit the country several times since the blouse of a workman, again in the uniform of a policeman, and it is said, more than once he has gone rollicking evenings in the Latin quarter, since President Greivy signed his decree of exile.

PRINCE IS A WINE SALESMAN

There is a brother, also, who is widely known in Paris as Prince Charles de Bourbon, and among friends is mentioned as "Monsieur, the brother of the king." The society columns of the newspapers which are not Orleanist invariably give him the title of Prince Charles de Bourbon. Prince Jean takes out a living by selling the wine made from grapes grown in his father-in-law's vineyard, and acting as clerk in a petroleum firm.

Playwrights, publishers and priests are now making the dispute between the Duc d'Orleans and Prince Jean de Bourbon as palpating as the Steinhil case or the Syveton affair, or the trial of Madame Humbert. The intensity of partisanship displayed recalls some of the aspects of the Dreyfus tragedy. Decourcelle's play of "The King Without a Kingdom" and Lavedan's "Sir," again echo in flesh and blood the story of the tragic figure of the revolution.

The horrible old shoemaker, Simon, who was the guardian of the dauphin when the child was imprisoned in the Temple, struts about once more. Here is the very root of the claim of King III, as the Paris opponent of the Duc d'Orleans is called by his friends. The old shoemaker was brought out of prison by royalists, and another child, who subsequently died, was put in his place. Color is lent to this claim by the fact that Simon kept up two establishments. One was humble, as befitted his station; the other was gorgeous and showed the rascal was getting plenty of money from some source. He certainly did not get it from the revolutionists. The only other source would be the royalists.

ROBESPIERRE KNEW SECRET

Robespierre and his sister were in the secret that a delicate child had been put in the place of the little son of Marie Antoinette and Louis XVI. When the dauphin's uncle, Louis XVIII, came to the throne, he purchased the silence of Robespierre's sister by giving her a pension for life. Louis VIII was well aware the dauphin was alive, for the prison warden, Simon, and his wife said to him after the revolution: "We have saved your nephew." This was precisely what troubled King Louis dreams.

A NOBLE IN COURT

Son of Viscount Canterbury Suing for Criminal Libel.

London, Feb. 12.—The trial of the libel action of the Hon. Frederick Walpole Manners-Sutton, son of Viscount Canterbury, and seigneur of the island of Sark, against T. W. H. Crossland, publisher of "The Unspeakable," and Lord Alfred Douglas, editor of "The Academy," was resumed in the "Old Bailey" today. The libel is based on stories printed in The Academy affecting the moral character of Manners-Sutton. The defendants plead that the publications were justified by the facts. The plaintiff claims that the articles were printed because he refused a request to advance money to Douglas and Crossland to carry on the paper.

RICH DISCOVERY

OF SILVER MICA

Ottawa, Feb. 11.—A valuable mica discovery by two men named Wellington and Tontoff, is reported from Wakefield Township, north of Hull. It is said to be one of the richest ever made in Quebec, containing besides a big vein of silver mica, a valuable phosphate vein 200 feet long. A. Labelle and D. Lafortune, of Hull, have bought the claim.

JOIN HANDS TO

HUNT FOR POLE

Peary Says British and Americans Should Share Glory.

London, Feb. 12.—Co-operation in discussions between the American and British Antarctic expeditions was suggested in correspondence between Commander Peary and Capt. Robert E. Scott, which was given out here today.

Writing under date of Jan. 21, Commander Peary said:

"I believe that you that it would add to the interest and value of both expeditions if the two branches of Anglo-Saxons were striving simultaneously for the same goal. The Antarctic periphery for a share of the glory and scientific information awaiting fortunate workers in that region."

Replying on Feb. 9, Capt. Scott, who is the head of the British expedition, says that he was eagerly anticipating Commander Peary's visit to London, adding:

"I hope to get useful advice from the most experienced polar traveller."

With reference to the American expedition, Capt. Scott said:

"I think it would be advisable that there should be co-operation between the expeditions in the matters of meteorology and magnetism."

THINK CANADIANS DON'T WANT THE DUKE

Victoria Papers Fear Democratic
Tendencies of People Would
Be Offended by Royalty.

Victoria, B. C., Feb. 12.—The Colonist (Conservative), had an editorial Thursday suggesting that one of the common people would make a better Governor-General of Canada than a brother of King Edward. It says:

"The London Chronicle seems to be in doubt as to whether the Duke of Connaught would strike the imagination of Canadians in the position of Governor-General. We are inclined to think that he would not. We are inclined to doubt the wisdom of sending one of the royal family to Rideau Hall. Canadians are very democratic people, and while they would appreciate the presence among them, as Governor-General, of a brother of the King, they would not in point of fact, 'belong' as the saying is. No matter how kind and gracious he might be he could not bridge the gulf which separates Canada from the general public. Canada wants Governor-General who will be something else than official figureheads to the state. It wants men who, like Earl Grey, are in touch with the feelings and aspirations of a growing community, which has not wholly got accustomed to dress suits and the knock of bowing. A royal duke would not only be a failure as Governor-General, not because of anything personal to himself, but because Canadians would hardly know what to do with royalty, after all, we are just every-day people who are busy making a country."

SOLITARY CONFINEMENT

SENDS MURDERERS MAD

Italian Members Will Attempt to Alter Dreadful Clause in Penal Code.

London, Feb. 11.—According to the Italian penal code which abolished capital punishment, the first five years of a solitary confinement, the prisoner is left in a cell alone, watched day and night lest he should commit suicide. It is not allowed to see any human being, not even the guards, not allowed to talk to himself, not allowed to have a bowl of vegetable soup and a loaf of bread only, and is allowed two hours' exercise daily in a courtyard surrounded by high walls.

SUFFRAGETTE BELMONT

Tells Elmira That the Coming of Women's Day is at Hand.

Elmira, N. Y., Feb. 11.—Mrs. O. H. Belmont, Miss Anna Shaw, and O. H. Eastman, of New York, who are making a tour of the state on behalf of the woman's suffrage, arrived here today to address a meeting arranged for the coming Monday. Belmont said: "I am here to appeal to the manhood and common sense of the city, and not to stoop to deal with the exploded theories of the past. The practical old-fashioned woman claims to man for support, alas, must vanish when statistics show that six million women are maintaining themselves and others. The patriarchal age is a thing of the past. The girl must find an occupation beyond the parental roof. The widow must stand alone in the struggle for existence. Even the child must work for bread. Men have assumed the control of everything with out in the least consulting or obtaining the wishes of one half of the people of the world. Woman's suffrage is coming."

OPPOSES RAILWAY BILL

Washington, Feb. 12.—Robert Walker, general counsel and chairman of the executive board of the Interstate Commerce Commission, today in a hearing before the Senate committee on interstate commerce, vigorously opposed the administration railroad bill today in a hearing before the Senate committee on interstate commerce.

MARCONI SERVICE

Plans Are Forward for Sending Transatlantic Messages.

Montreal, Que., Feb. 11.—The Postmaster-General of Canada and the Postmaster-General of Great Britain will shortly launch the transatlantic service. Marconi is now perfecting the arrangements, and J. N. Green-shields, one of the directors of Canadian Marconi, leaves for England within a few days to make arrangements for the extension and inauguration of new services in the Dominion.

A NOBLE IN COURT

Son of Viscount Canterbury Suing for Criminal Libel.

London, Feb. 12.—The trial of the libel action of the Hon. Frederick Walpole Manners-Sutton, son of Viscount Canterbury, and seigneur of the island of Sark, against T. W. H. Crossland, publisher of "The Unspeakable," and Lord Alfred Douglas, editor of "The Academy," was resumed in the "Old Bailey" today. The libel is based on stories printed in The Academy affecting the moral character of Manners-Sutton. The defendants plead that the publications were justified by the facts. The plaintiff claims that the articles were printed because he refused a request to advance money to Douglas and Crossland to carry on the paper.

A NOBLE IN COURT

Son of Viscount Canterbury Suing for Criminal Libel.

London, Feb. 12.—The trial of the libel action of the Hon. Frederick Walpole Manners-Sutton, son of Viscount Canterbury, and seigneur of the island of Sark, against T. W. H. Crossland, publisher of "The Unspeakable," and Lord Alfred Douglas, editor of "The Academy," was resumed in the "Old Bailey" today. The libel is based on stories printed in The Academy affecting the moral character of Manners-Sutton. The defendants plead that the publications were justified by the facts. The plaintiff claims that the articles were printed because he refused a request to advance money to Douglas and Crossland to carry on the paper.

RICH DISCOVERY

OF SILVER MICA

Ottawa, Feb. 11.—A valuable mica discovery by two men named Wellington and Tontoff, is reported from Wakefield Township, north of Hull. It is said to be one of the richest ever made in Quebec, containing besides a big vein of silver mica, a valuable phosphate vein 200 feet long. A. Labelle and D. Lafortune, of Hull, have bought the claim.

JOIN HANDS TO

HUNT FOR POLE

Peary Says British and Americans Should Share Glory.

London, Feb. 12.—Co-operation in discussions between the American and British Antarctic expeditions was suggested in correspondence between Commander Peary and Capt. Robert E. Scott, which was given out here today.

Writing under date of Jan. 21, Commander Peary said:

"I believe that you that it would add to the interest and value of both expeditions if the two branches of Anglo-Saxons were striving simultaneously for the same goal. The Antarctic periphery for a share of the glory and scientific information awaiting fortunate workers in that region."

Replying on Feb. 9, Capt. Scott, who is the head of the British expedition, says that he was eagerly anticipating Commander Peary's visit to London, adding:

"I hope to get useful advice from the most experienced polar traveller."

With reference to the American expedition, Capt. Scott said:

"I think it would be advisable that there should be co-operation between the expeditions in the matters of meteorology and magnetism."

HYDRO-ELECTRIC TO SETTLE THE TROUBLE

Over Fort Frances Power Question Ontario and Dominion Govts. May Clash.

Toronto, Feb. 12.—The end of the Fort Frances-Ontario and Minnesota Power Company dispute is not yet in sight, in spite of the efforts of the different ministers who were present at the meeting of the rival interests on Wednesday morning in Hon. Frank Cochrane's office.

The latest development is the receipt by Mr. Cochrane of a letter from the power company stating that it is prepared to reserve 1,000 horsepower to sell Fort Frances if it is allowed to export the remainder. The company has further prepared to accept Mr. Cochrane's decision as to the price to be charged the town, and to accept as well as to the term which the contract is to run.

But the town has taken a decided step in the matter, which will somewhat complicate matters. The town, Mr. A. D. George, its solicitor, has formally handed the whole case over to the hydro-electric power commission, and asked that this organization investigate the circumstances, and deliver the town from the grip of the United States corporation. Mr. George had an interview with both Mr. Cochrane and Hon. Adam Beck, preparatory to making the decision for the town.

A notification has also been sent to the Dominion Government, asking for a course of action which has been taken, and an appeal made to the department of inland revenue to co-operate with the province to put the exportation of Canadian power to build up United States industries, at the expense of the Canadian town. There seems to be every indication that there will be a long and severe fight, in which both Provincial and Dominion Governments will be involved.

SUFFRAGETTE BELMONT

Tells Elmira That the Coming of Women's Day is at Hand.

Elmira, N. Y., Feb. 11.—Mrs. O. H. Belmont, Miss Anna Shaw, and O. H. Eastman, of New York, who are making a tour of the state on behalf of the woman's suffrage, arrived here today to address a meeting arranged for the coming Monday. Belmont said: "I am here to appeal to the manhood and common sense of the city, and not to stoop to deal with the exploded theories of the past. The practical old-fashioned woman claims to man for support, alas, must vanish when statistics show that six million women are maintaining themselves and others. The patriarchal age is a thing of the past. The girl must find an occupation beyond the parental roof. The widow must stand alone in the struggle for existence. Even the child must work for bread. Men have assumed the control of everything with out in the least consulting or obtaining the wishes of one half of the people of the world. Woman's suffrage is coming."

OPPOSES RAILWAY BILL

Washington, Feb. 12.—Robert Walker, general counsel and chairman of the executive board of the Interstate Commerce Commission, today in a hearing before the Senate committee on interstate commerce, vigorously opposed the administration railroad bill today in a hearing before the Senate committee on interstate commerce.

MARCONI SERVICE

Plans Are Forward for Sending Transatlantic Messages.

Montreal, Que., Feb. 11.—The Postmaster-General of Canada and the Postmaster-General of Great Britain will shortly launch the transatlantic service. Marconi is now perfecting the arrangements, and J. N. Green-shields, one of the directors of Canadian Marconi, leaves for England within a few days to make arrangements for the extension and inauguration of new services in the Dominion.

A NOBLE IN COURT

Son of Viscount Canterbury Suing for Criminal Libel.

London, Feb. 12.—The trial of the libel action of the Hon. Frederick Walpole Manners-Sutton, son of Viscount Canterbury, and seigneur of the island of Sark, against T. W. H. Crossland, publisher of "The Unspeakable," and Lord Alfred Douglas, editor of "The Academy," was resumed in the "Old Bailey" today. The libel is based on stories printed in The Academy affecting the moral character of Manners-Sutton. The defendants plead that the publications were justified by the facts. The plaintiff claims that the articles were printed because he refused a request to advance money to Douglas and Crossland to carry on the paper.

A NOBLE IN COURT

Son of Viscount Canterbury Suing for Criminal Libel.

London, Feb. 12.—The trial of the libel action of the Hon. Frederick Walpole Manners-Sutton, son of Viscount Canterbury, and seigneur of the island of Sark, against T. W. H. Crossland, publisher of "The Unspeakable," and Lord Alfred Douglas, editor of "The Academy," was resumed in the "Old Bailey" today. The libel is based on stories printed in The Academy affecting the moral character of Manners-Sutton. The defendants plead that the publications were justified by the facts. The plaintiff claims that the articles were printed because he refused a request to advance money to Douglas and Crossland to carry on the paper.

RICH DISCOVERY

OF SILVER MICA

Ottawa, Feb. 11.—A valuable mica discovery by two men named Wellington and Tontoff, is reported from Wakefield Township, north of Hull. It is said to be one of the richest ever made in Quebec, containing besides a big vein of silver mica, a valuable phosphate vein 200 feet long. A. Labelle and D. Lafortune, of Hull, have bought the claim.

JOIN HANDS TO

HUNT FOR POLE

Peary Says British and Americans Should Share Glory.

London, Feb. 12.—Co-operation in discussions between the American and British Antarctic expeditions was suggested in correspondence between Commander Peary and Capt. Robert E. Scott, which was given out here today.

Writing under date of Jan. 21, Commander Peary said:

"I believe that you that it would add to the interest and value of both expeditions if the two branches of Anglo-Saxons were striving simultaneously for the same goal. The Antarctic periphery for a share of the glory and scientific information awaiting fortunate workers in that region."

Replying on Feb. 9, Capt. Scott, who is the head of the British expedition, says that he was eagerly anticipating Commander Peary's visit to London, adding:

"I hope to get useful advice from the most experienced polar traveller."

With reference to the American expedition, Capt. Scott said:

"I think it would be advisable that there should be co-operation between the expeditions in the matters of meteorology and magnetism."

THE HURON AND ERIE LOAN AND SAVINGS CO.

The Forty-Sixth Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders was held at the Company's Office in London, Ontario, on Wednesday, Feb. 9th, 1910.

The President, Mr. T. G. Meredith, took the chair, and the Manager, Mr. Hume Cronyn, acted as Secretary.

The Annual report and Financial Statement were submitted as follows:

After defraying the expenses of management and all other charges, and writing off anticipated as well as actual losses, the balance available for distribution is \$305,266.41, as follows:

Brought forward from the previous year's accounts \$ 35,223 71
Net profits upon the past year's business 270,042 70
\$305,266 41

Of which the following disposition has been made:

Two half-yearly dividends at the rate of 9 per cent per annum, and Bonus of 1 per cent, and Government and Business Tax \$191,976 51
Office Improvements 4,000 00
Transferred to Reserve Fund 75,000 00
Balance carried forward 34,289 90
\$305,266 41

The Reserve Fund now amounts to One Million Eight Hundred Thousand Dollars, or over Ninety-four per cent of the Paid-up Capital.

The Company have no real estate on hand other than office premises, all properties which have come into possession of the Company by foreclosure, failure to obtain purchasers under power of sale, or otherwise, having been sold.

The Directors desire to bear testimony to the very efficient manner in which the officers of the Company have discharged their respective duties.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

London, Ontario, Jan. 28th, 1910.

T. G. MEREDITH, President.

Statement of Assets and Liabilities, December 31, 1909

Liabilities to the Public.	By Cash Value of Mortgages.
To Sterling Debentures, \$3,384,662 62	Losses amount retained, \$19,751,159 69
" Canadian Debentures, 3,149,267 95	to pay prior Mortgages, 8,013,745 84
" Deposits, Mr. Cochrane, 2,937,957 95	" Office Premises, 17,000 00
" Interest accrued but not due, 54,749 81	" Provincial and Municipal Debentures, 884,582 60
" \$ 5,525,737 74	" Canada Trust Company, 188,275 60
To the Shareholders.	" Value on basis of reserve, \$248,812 50
To Capital Stock paid up, \$1,300,000 00	" Other Bonds and Securities, 170,261 60
" Dividend No. 91, due Jan. 2nd, 1910, 92,000 00	" Cash in Office, 3,415 92
" Reserve Fund, 1,500,000 00	" Cash in Bank, 452,927 78
" Balance, 34,289 90	
" \$ 2,926,289 90	
\$12,475,066 64	\$12,475,066 64

HUME CRONYN, Manager.

We hereby certify that we have audited the Books and Accounts of the Huron and Erie Loan and Savings Company for the year ending Dec. 31st, 1909. The Cash and Bank Accounts have been audited monthly; the postings and balances of all the Company's ledgers examined quarterly; and we find the whole correct and in accordance with the above statements. We have also examined the Company's securities and find them in order.

M. H. ROWLAND & F. G. JEWELL, Auditors.

The report was unanimously adopted.

The following gentlemen were elected Directors for the ensuing year: T. G. Meredith, K.C.; Robert Fox, F. E. Leonard, John Labatt, A. T. McMahon, F. R. Eccles, M.D., H. E. Gates, George T. Brown and Hume Cronyn.

London, Jan. 29th, 1910.

THE LENTEN RENDEZVOUS OF THE REFINED AND DISCRIMINATING

NEW JERSEY.

The nine hotels mentioned below are the resort's leading houses. The comfort, luxury, and convenience they afford, at rates unquestionably consistent, make them ideal rendezvous for those seeking rest or recreation during the Lenten season.

THE LEADING HOUSES.

Write any of the following for information, rates, etc.

Hotel Traymore	Galen Hall	The Pennhurst
Traymore Hotel	F. L. Young, Manager	Wm. R. Hood
Company	Haddon Hall	Seaside House
Chalfonte	Leeds & Lippincott	F. P. Cook's Sons
The Leeds Company	Marlborough-Blenheim	Marlborough-Blenheim
Hotel Dennis	Leeds & Lippincott	Leeds & Lippincott
Walter J. Buzby	Leeds & Lippincott	Leeds & Lippincott
	Leeds & Lippincott	Leeds & Lippincott

Atlantic City is reached from London via the