THE CARRIAGE TRADE.

No Slaughtering in the Days of Low Taxation.

The Buggy Sales on the Market Came After the "N. P."

How Trade Restriction Has Kept Back Carriage Building in London.

To the Editor of the London Free Press:

I see by Saturday's issue of your paper that you have an article on the "Carriage Argument" where my name is freely used. You refer in doleful strains to the large consignments of buggies from the United States that flooded our market and were auctioned off at $65 each to the consternation and ruin of the carriage-makers of this city and country, but that as soon as the National Policy came into operation in 1879 a new era of prosperity commenced. You also state that Mr. Campbell was among those that denounced such sales, and that the carriage-makers requested the City Council to levy a special tax on that class of commerce. Now, sir, I have heard all this wail before from the Tory heelers, and have read the same repeatedly in the Free Press. That consignments of buggies have been sent from the United States to Canada we freely admit, and that some were even sold in the London market we do not deny; but, sir, not as you would have your readers believe in 1876 previous to the existence of the N. P., but in 1879 after the N. P. was enforced when the manufacturers were basking in its refulgent rays, and after the new era of prosperity had commenced that you refer to. It is true that Messrs. Emerson, Fisher & Co., of Cincinnati, immediately after the high tariff was enforced—believing that the price of buggies would increase in proportion, shipped a few carloads into Ontario, but soon found out that they were as cheap as is with them in the United States, and the venture was not successful and not repeated. A shipment during the same year, 1879, was seized at Windsor for undervaluation, and I was sent along with another carriage-maker of this city there to appraise the stock. We did so, and gave our report five months after the National Policy became law. The correctness of this is easily ascertained by any doubting Thomas at the custom and railroad authorities. I though I have lived in London 30 years I never knew or heard of American buggies being shipped here for sale until after the N. P. was enforced. Such being the case, the Free Press misrepresentations only demolishes the tottering fabric they are so zealous in supporting. Your statement that the carriage makers requested the Council to levy a special tax on that class of commerce is not correct. I never heard of such an absurd request even ever mentioned, and I certainly would, being then a member of the City Council. I took a part in getting a free market and abolishing the tolls in the county, and regulating the stands for the hucksters, and opposed the use of our market for the exhibition of implements and other manufactured wares, so long as empty buildings heavily taxed could be rented for that purpose, and while the farmers required all the room our market could afford. But no special privileges were ever asked for the carriagemakers.

The Free Press could, if it would (though this would not suit its purpose at present), give an account of the scores of buggies sold by auction in the market every year since the National Policy has glutted our market. Yes, sir, and sold not for $65 each, what you say the American buggies sold for, but in many cases for less than half that amount, and manufactured by poor Canadian mechanics driven to such straits by the N. P. Your reference, sir, to the great Northwest market might well be spared. Go, sir, and knock at the doors of the large and once prosperous factories, now closed by the sheriff, all over the land, the echoes of the empty buildings and the chirpings of the hungry sparrows, the sole occupants, is my reply.

Yours truly. JOHN CAMPBELL.

London, Feb. 16.

The Sons of England.

HAMILTON, Feb. 16.—The Sons of England Supreme Grand Lodge meeting concluded at 2:30 Saturday morning, the members working hard to close the business and get back to their homes. The new officers were installed by J. W. Kempling, P. S. G. P. The next meeting of the Grand Lodge is to be held in London. The Executive Committee decided to meet on the last Saturday of each month.

Kingston Congregational Church Partially Burned.

KINGSTON, Ont., Feb. 16.—Yesterday morning the First Congregational Church was discovered to be on fire. The masonry was saved, but the roof of the hall and part of the church were consumed. The interiors were damaged by water and smoke, so that a complete removal will be necessary. The property is worth $30,000, and is insured for $15,000. Damage about $18,000. The Sunday school apparatus and library and the church fittings, furniture and organ were rendered useless.

Sudden Death in Toronto.

TORONTO, Feb. 16.—Death came suddenly yesterday to Mr. John Macpherson, ex-deputy chief of police, at his residence, Seaton street. He was on the streets on Saturday, and at 1 o'clock yesterday partook of a hearty dinner with his family. About 6 o'clock he was seized with an attack of coughing and complained of dizziness, shortly afterward becoming unconscious and died at 11 o'clock. As an officer of the Toronto police force for 27 years, Mr. Macpherson was well and popularly known. He was born in the Isle of Skye, Scotland. He was a life-long Reformer, and ten days ago was nominated as a member of the Reform Club. He leaves a widow and five children. Robt. Macpherson, the well-known athlete, is his son.

Some Foolish People

allow a cough to run until it gets beyond the reach of medicine. They often say: "Oh, it will wear away," but in most cases it wears them away. Could they be induced to try the successful medicine called Kemp's Balsam, which is sold on a positive guarantee to cure, they would immediately see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Price 50 cents and $1. Trial size free. At all druggists. ywt

If people worked as hard after marriage to keep each other as they do before the engagement to win each other, marriage would be more of a success.

Nothing impure or injurious contaminates the popular antidote to pain, throat and lung remedy and general corrective, Dr Thomas' Eclectric Oil. It may be used without the slightest apprehension of any other than salutary consequences. Coughs, rheumatism, earache, bruises, cuts and sores succumb to its action.

"A yacht manned entirely by women" is promised as a novelty for the next Newport season. The buoys will be handled entirely by girls, of course.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

TELEGRAMS IN A NUTSHELL.

Jay Gould has quite recovered from his recent indisposition.

The Dominion glove works at Glen Williams were burned this (Monday) morning.

Ex-Governor Foster, of Ohio, is said to have been selected to succeed the late Secretary Windom.

C. A. Liffiton & Co., spice manufacturers, Montreal, have assigned. Liabilities about $51,000; assets, $36,000.

Miss Beauley, another victim of the Quebec Worsted Company's disaster, died on Sunday. She is the 22nd.

At Portland, Oregon, news has been received of a disastrous fire in New Westminster, B. C. No particulars.

A receiver has been appointed for the Hansard Publishing Union, London. The shares have fallen from £10 to £2.

St. Marys hospital, Rochester, N. Y., was destroyed by fire Sunday night. Loss, $65,000. Fireman Frank Jayne was fatally hurt.

In the United States Senate on Saturday a resolution was agreed to authorizing the Committee on Canadian Relations to continue its sittings during recess.

A Buneos Ayres report says: "Owing to rumors of a fresh revolutionary plot the Government has placed all the troops under arms. The streets are patrolled by cavalry."

The last spike in the track which unites the State of Washington and British Columbia was driven on Saturday in the presence of about 3,000 persons from both sides of the line.

Hung Chun, the Chinese envoy at St. Petersburg, has been recalled to Pekin to assume the vice-presidency of the war and foreign offices. Hung Chun proposes a renewal of the treaty of commerce with Russia.

On the night of Jan. 15 fire in the House of Representatives and the House of Peers, at Yokohama, Japan, destroyed those buildings. The cost of the two buildings was $2,370,000. Three firemen were badly injured.

The office of L'Evenement and La Canadien, Quebec, was gutted by fire Saturday night. Damage probably $50,000; insurance, $21,000. A press valued at $14,000 is about half destroyed, and $30,000 worth of types melted.

A quarrel has arisen between the Chilian Government and the German bankers who supply the money for construction of railways in Chili. Hitherto the bankers have advanced money as the work proceeded, but they now decline to do so.

A woman named Jane Harding was found dead in her house in Toronto on Saturday. It is supposed she was strangled by a man with whom she lived, named Christopher McGrain, who is held in custody by the police pending the coroner's inquest.

The plan to remove Sitting Bull's cabin from Grand River to Chicago for exhibition during the World's Fair, pleases the Indians on Standing Rock reservation, who are firmly convinced that the dead chieftain's late abode is haunted by his ghost.

The London Standard's correspondent at Berne says Mr. Washburn, the United States Minister, has submitted a remarkable report on the Delagoa Bay railroad question to the Swiss Bundesrath. The Court of Arbitration will come to a decision in the matter in April next.

Fire Saturday night did about $10,000 damage to the New York postoffice, but not a letter was burned. Guiseppe Michaeli and John Gerueseon, two newsboys, were badly burned. The former died. Three dynamos belonging to the United States Electric Light Company, valued at $15,000, were destroyed. This makes the total loss $25,000.

THE VOTERS' LIST.

A copy of the list of voters in London on the Dominion elections has been secured by the Young Liberal Club and has been placed in the rooms, Albert block, southwest corner of Clarence and Dundas streets. All Liberals, old and young, are welcome to these rooms at all times, and now that an election is near at hand they should visit the place occassionally. Call in this evening and see if your name is on the list. If you cannot call to-night—go any time, day or evening and the list will be there for your inspection.

A Standing Menace.

"Life is sweet" is an old saying, and just as true as it is old. No one in his or her right senses courts death; all wish to prolong life to the utmost limit, and yet, in spite of this universal desire to live the allotted three score years and ten—and even longer—thousands upon thousands of people, through carelessness and neglect, are hastening the time when they must stand face to face with the grim reaper, and make the plunge alone into "the dark valley of the shadow of death." No disease on this continent claims so many victims as consumption, and reliable statistics prove that fully two-thirds of the deaths occurring from consumption had their origin in catarrh. Nothing but negligence caused this last disease to develop into consumption, and the person who neglects to promptly and persistently treat catarrh until all traces are eradicated is simply hastening the coming of death. Even should catarrh not develop into consumption, it nevertheless shortens life, as every breath the patient inhales passes over poisonous secretions and thus affects the whole system. For the cure of catarrh no remedy ever discovered equals Nasal Balm, which is recognized from the Atlantic to the Pacific as the only certain cure for this disease. It removes the secretions from the nostrils, stops the poisonous droppings into the throat and lungs, and makes the user feel that a new lease of life has been given him. This great catarrh remedy is on sale with all dealers, or will be sent on receipt of price—50 cents for small and $1 for large size bottles—by addressing Fulford & Co., Brockville, Ont.

"Patience" should be taken off a monument and put at the end of a telephone.

The great lung healer is found in excellent medicine sold as Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup. It soothes and diminishes the sensibility of the membrane of the throat and air passages and is a sovereign remedy for all coughs, colds, hoarseness, pain or soreness in the chest, bronchitis, etc. It has cured many when supposed to be far advanced in consumption.

Ladies, clean your kid gloves with Mather's glove cleaner. Sold only by J. C. HALLIDAY, 115 Dundas street.

Charles Campion, Kingston, Ont., says: Gained seven pounds with one bottle of Miller's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil. Cured bad Bronchial Cough with a few doses and made me feel like a new man. I strongly recommned it. All druggists keep it. 3

Removed to 195 Dundas street, one door west of Crystal Hall. Trunks and valises at factory prices; repairing a specialty. M. SCARROW.

BREAD AND BUTTER.

A Few Facts Regarding Taxes on Men's Clothing—Women's in Proportion.

The following are some of the taxes imposed by the Dominion Government on the clothing worn by workingmen:

Workingmen's astrachan and plush caps	75 to 80 per cent.
Linen collars	65 per cent.
Cotton shirts	55 per cent.
Wincey shirts	55 per cent.
Flannel shirts	55 per cent.
Men's tweed clothing	40 to 80 per cent.
Waterproof and oil cloth coats	55 per cent.
Cardigan jackets	35 to 40 per cent.
Pants	40 to 50 per cent.
Socks	57½ per cent.

Surely it is about time the worker was relieved of this grievous burden.

GENERAL ELECTION

Our Daily Mailed During the Campaign for 15c.

Complete Political Doings and All the Latest News.

During the election campaign—commencing now and ending March 5—the DAILY ADVERTISER will be mailed to any address in Canada, Great Britain or the United States, free of postage, at the nominal figure of 15c. Full and impartial election matters on both sides will be regularly given, together with the latest telegraphic dispatches from all parts of the world. Western Ontario news a specialty. Our readers everywhere would confer a favor on the publishers by immediately making this offer known. Send us an order for your absent friend, with the following coupon, which please cut out and enclose with the required amount:

> On receipt of this coupon with 15c. we will mail a copy of the DAILY ADVERTISER to any address during the general election campaign, commencing now and ending March 5, 1891.
> Advertiser Printing Co., London, Canada.

Address all communications—
ADVERTISER PRINTING CO.,
LONDON, CANADA.

Fifteen dollars will buy an organ at Trafford's furniture store. All kinds of furniture very cheap for cash.

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EXTRACT OF BEEF
For improved and economic cookery, use it for Soups, Sauces and Made Dishes. In flavor—incomparable, and dissolves perfectly clear in water. Makes delicious Beef Tea and keeps in all climates for any length of time. 1 lb equal to 40 lbs lean beef.
Only sort guaranteed genuine by Justus von Liebig and bears his signature in blue, thus J. v. Liebig
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WHITAKER'S
Almanac for 1891.
In Darkest England,
By General Booth.—Price 25c.
JOHN MILLS,
Bookseller and Newsdealer,
404 RICHMOND STREET.

GOLD MEDAL—PARIS 1878
JOSEPH GILLOTT'S STEEL PENS
SOLD BY ALL STATIONERS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD
These world-famous Pens are of the highest possible quality; for 65 years universally style the best in the World.

ADCOCK,
FAMILY BUTCHER.
Fresh and Salt Meats, Beef, Mutton, Fowls, etc. Goods delivered to any part of the city.
715 RICHMOND STREET.
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Fresh and Salt Meats, Beef, Mutton, Fowls, etc. Goods delivered to any part of the city.
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On real estate and notes; also on household furniture, pianos, horses and all kinds of chattels. by
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DUNDAS STREET, LONDON, land, house and insurance agents. ywt

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For Grain, Cheese, Furniture and al Kinds o. Merchandise, also Advancements Made on Consignments.
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BLANKETS, UNDERWEAR, Yarns, Tweeds, Etc.
OUR OWN MANUFACTURE.
Call and see our bargains before purchasing elsewhere.
Dufton's Woolen Mills,
King Street West, London, Ont.
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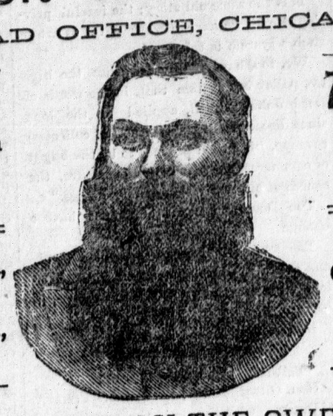
The Largest Electric Belt Factory in the World

THE OWEN Electric Belt and Appliance Co.

HEAD OFFICE, CHICAGO.

INCORPORATED June 17th, 1887, with a Cash Capital of $50,000.

PATENTED IN CANADA, December, 1877.
PATENTED IN THE U. S., June, 1877.



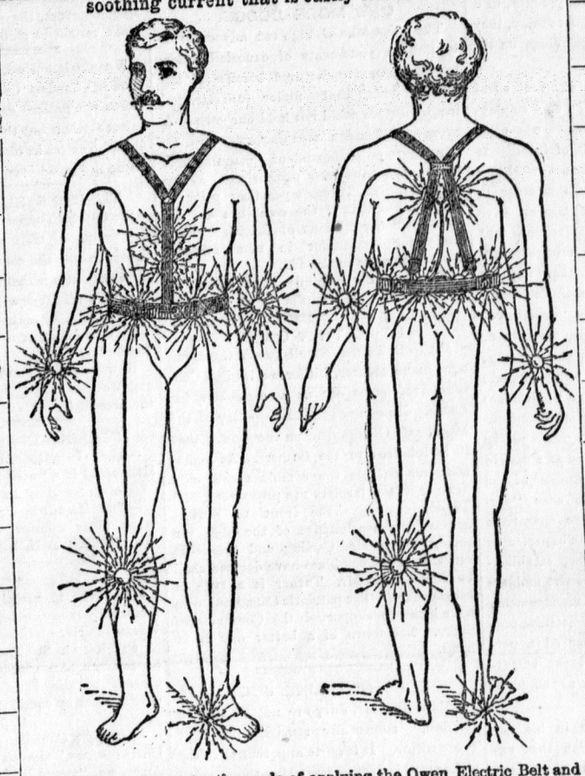
71 King St. West, TORONTO, ONT.

G. C. PATTERSON, Manager for Canada

ELECTRICITY AS APPLIED BY THE OWEN ELECTRIC BELT,

Is now recognized as the greatest boon offered to suffering humanity. It has, does and will effect cures in seemingly hopeless cases where every other known means has failed. Rheumatism cannot exist where it is properly applied. By its steady, soothing current that is easily felt it will cure

Rheumatism | Neuralgia | Lumbago | Lame Back | Sciatica | Constipation | Dyspepsia | Liver and Kidney Complaints | General Debility | Varicocele



All Nervous Diseases | Female Troubles | Impotency | Sexual Decline | Spermatorrhea | General Debility | Urinary Diseases | Spinal Disease

The above illustrates the mode of applying the Owen Electric Belt and its appliances for the cure of various diseases. It can be placed anywhere, and worn during the day or night.

Rheumatism.

It is not pleasant to be compelled to refer to the indisputable fact that medical science has utterly failed to afford relief in rheumatic cases. We venture the assertion that although electricity has only been in use as a remedial agent for a few years, it has cured more cases of Rheumatism than all other means combined. Some of our leading physicians recognizing this fact are availing themselves of this most potent of nature's forces in supplying defects and correcting irregularities.

To Restore Manhood and Womanhood.

As man has not yet discovered all of nature's laws for right living, it follows that every one has committed more or less errors which have left visible blemishes. To erase these evidences of past errors, there is nothing to equal Electricity as applied by the Owen Electric Body Battery. Rest assured, any doctor who would try to accomplish this by any kind of drugs is practicing a most dangerous form of charlatanism. Use the Electric Cure and shun the drug stores.

We Challenge the World

to show an Electric Belt where the current is under the control of the patent as completely as this. We can use the same belt on an infant that we would on a giant by simply reducing the number of cells. Ordinary belts are not so. Other belts have been in the market for five or ten years longer, but to-day THERE ARE MORE OWEN BELTS MANUFACTURED AND SOLD THAN ALL OTHER MAKES COMBINED.

Extracts from Recent Canadian Letters,

The originals of which are on file in our offices:

A Bad Attack of Rheumatism.

MEAFORD, Dec. 31, 1890.—Am wearing belt as directed and getting along all right. It is doing me a great deal of good. Will soon be myself again. THOS. HEPPENSTALL.

Cured of Sciatic Rheumatism in Eight Days.

GRAND VALLEY, Sept. 20, 1890.

DEAR SIRS,—I received one of your Owen Electric Belts through Dr. Gaviller, of Grand Valley, in the county of Dufferin. I received it on the 18th of last August. As I had suffered very much for a long time with sciatic rheumatism, and after trying every supposed remedy that I could hear of without any relief, I was advised by several people to try the Owen Electric Belt, as it was very higly spoken of; and, strictly following the instructions given for eight days, I realized the fact that I had fallen in with the remedy I had long wished for. The stinging pains of rheumatism had begun to retreat before the power of electricity, and I felt that I was a new man, as far as health and vigor were concerned, and continue to improve.

For the benefit of suffering humanity I can fully, from past as well as present experience, recommend the Owen Electric Belt, as a relief against the ills which humanity is heir to—especially in sciatic rheumatism.

You can publish this or any portion of it, as it is given for the benefit of my fellow-sufferers in the flesh. Yours truly,

WM. DIXON, Sen.,
Grand Valley, Ont.

The Best Ever Worn.

PORT DALHOUSIE, Oct. 27, 1890.—I must say that the remedial effect of the Belt is in every way satisfactory. Having some knowledge of electricity and its powers, and having used other Belts prior to my use of yours, I can say that it is the best I have ever worn. JAS. BLAIR.

Found It a Great Benefit.

VICTORIA, B. C., Nov. 23, 1890.—I have found your Belt a great benefit to me. The only thing I complain of is, the current is too strong; but I make it weak, as directed in your sheet. Kindly send me another sheet of directions as I have given mine away. A. A. COBBIN.

Inflammatory Rheumatism.

GALT, Dec. 3, 1890.—Am much pleased with the effects of the Belt, as it has done a great deal of good in more than my case, but you will hear from me before long again, as a number of others are going to order your Belt.

MRS. S. M.——.

A Commercial Traveler's Testimony.

BARRIE, Nov. 12, 1890.—In reply to your favor of the 4th ult., I have to say that the Owen Belt serves well the purpose for which it was intended. I am subject to severe attacks of lumbago, the results of exposure to all kinds of weather and traveling at all hours and seasons. This year, by the use of your Belt, I have been able to ward it off so far, and I think I will succeed in escaping it altogether. To anyone similarly situated I have much pleasure in recommending its use, as I have already done.

A. FINDLEY.

A Severe Case of Rheumatism.

LITTLE BRITAIN, Oct. 16, 1890.—The Belt came as directed. I put it on, the man in my house that I referred to before. He was going about with a stick yesterday when I placed the Belt on him. In the evening, before taking it off, he had thrown the stick away, and slept well all night, which his wife said he had not done for some time, and to-day was out cutting wood and during the afternoon walked seven miles. P. ALLIN.

Indigestion and Catarrh.

MACVILLE, Dec. 4, 1890.—For over four years I have been a sufferer from indigestion, catarrh and general prostration, and spent hundreds of dollars on doctors and medicine, without get-any relief. About two months ago I purchased one of your No. 3 Belts and have been wearing it since with the most beneficial results, for I am perfectly free from every trouble. I have much pleasure in recommending your Belt to the afflicted. A. MCDOUGALL.

Cured of Rheumatism After Eight Years.

NIAGARA FALLS, Oct. 27, 1890.—The effects of the Belt I got from you on the 7th of this month I cannot fully explain. It is wonderful, and I fear too good to last. A week later Mr. M—— wrote: Please send me Belt for lady referred to before. Now as to myself. Only think of it. For eight years I have suffered with rheumatism, and am now out of pain and growing better daily, though in my 75th year. Can confidently recommend the Owen Belt when everything else fails. A. MENZIES.

Beware of Imitations and Cheap Belts.

Our attention having been attracted to the many base imitations of THE OWEN ELECTRIC BELT, we desire to warn the public not to be deceived by the false statements of men calling themselves electricians, who have copied as near as they dare in appearance, but only in appearance, the GENUINE OWEN ELECTRIC BELT, that has stood the test of years. These so-called electric belts are only experiments and are being peddled through the country. Look out for them.

In justice to ourselves and a generous public we are determined to expose such unprincipled trickery, and prevent, if possible, the unsuspecting from being gulled by such men and means.

The OWEN ELECTRIC BELT Co. is not afraid of fair and open competition, as their goods have no equal in this or any other country, and will bear inspection by those competent to judge—and so great are they in demand that there are more of them made and in use than all other makes combined—their Chicago factory alone being the largest of its kind in the world.

Our Trade Mark is the portrait of Dr. A. Owen embossed in gold upon every Belt and appliance manufactured by The Owen Electric Belt and Appliance Co.

Cheap Belts.—We are warned by some of the CHEAP so-called electric belt concerns that any belt requiring vinegar or acid will burn the skin. So it will if allowed to do so. So will an electric wire—which is proof positive that there is a strong current there or it would not do so; but the same current can be controlled in the Owen Electric Belt by the wearer, so that a child can wear the same belt as a strong man. Rest assured, any belt that will not make itself felt by the wearer is no electric belt at all and is perfectly worthless. Thus the acid or vinegar cry is made use of by makers of cheap belts to blind and mislead an unsuspecting public. A genuine electric belt cannot be sold at the prices these cheap belts are offered at.

Send Six Cents for Illustrated Catalogue of Information, Testimonials, etc.

THE OWEN ELECTRIC BELT COMPANY, 71 KING STREET WEST, TORONTO.