

Casino Theatre!

(For a Limited Season.)



Under the Distinguished Patronage of His Excellency the Governor and Mrs. Davidson.
THE W. S. HARKINS PLAYERS.

TO-NIGHT and TO-MORROW NIGHT:
THE CONFESSION.

Don't miss this great play.

SATURDAY MATINEE AT 2:30:
THE CHORUS LADY.

Come and hear the latest American slang. Don't miss the second act, it's a scream.

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THE CHRISTIAN.

A dramatization of Hall Caine's famous novel of the same name. If you've read the book, see the play.

TUESDAY NIGHT (By Request):
Alias Jimmy Valentine.

Positively your last chance to see the greatest crook play ever written.

Doors open 7.30. Performance at 8.15

PRICES: NIGHT 20, 30, 50 and 75c.
MATINEE 10, 20 and 30c.

Evening Telegram.

W. J. HERDER, --- Proprietor.
W. F. LLOYD, --- Editor.

FRIDAY, January 16, 1914.

At the House.

SIR ROBERT BOND'S RESIGNATION.

After His Excellency the Governor had delivered his address in the Legislative Council Chambers, the members of the House of Assembly returned to their own quarters and Speaker Goodson read the Speech again. The Premier rose and said he had received a notification from the Governor of Sir Robert Bond's resignation of his seat in the House. The Premier said he himself had occupied a seat on the floor of the House for nearly thirty years, and even at that time Sir Robert had attained eminence in the House and given earnest of that distinction and success he afterwards attained. Sir Robert at that time had been in the House then for three years and had been honoured by being raised to the Speakership. Since that time Sir Robert had loomed large in public affairs. He had served with him in the same administration as a colleague and afterwards had served under him. He had abundant opportunities of observing the high qualities he had shown in the administration of affairs and he could bear testimony of the great public services Sir Robert had rendered. He regretted that Sir Robert felt constrained to come to his present decision and hoped the time would come when they would see Sir Robert once more in their midst. There were prominent men of the country and vital importance before the country, which required handling by men of the sagacity, experience and ability possessed by Sir Robert. He hoped later to move the House to give expression in a more formal manner of the signal services of Sir Robert Bond to the country.

MR. KENT rose for the purpose of associating himself with the expressions of regret that Sir Robert Bond had severed his connection with the House. He considered the country had sustained an overwhelming loss. In his opinion Sir Robert Bond stood head and shoulders over all his peers as a parliamentarian and administrator. He expressed the hope that in the near future, Sir Robert would once more take the place in the public affairs of the Colony that his ripe experience, recognized integrity, and marked ability warranted.

ADDRESS IN REPLY.
MR. CURRIE then rose and in a pleasing manner and with easy dis-

course moved for the appointment of a committee to draft an address in reply to the Speech from the Throne. He congratulated Mr. Goodson on his appointment as Speaker and was confident he would uphold the high tradition of the chair. He expressed satisfaction at the visit of His Excellency the Governor to the House and the Agricultural policy and could note the prospects of the future. He was glad to learn that the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall might visit us next summer and he was sure they would meet with a right royal welcome. He was pleased with the results of the elections and congratulated the leader of his party. Wherever the election had been decided on principle, their party had won. The free entry of fish into the States had had a marked and favourable influence on our fish trade. He was glad that information on the bait question was to be sought. The exports were greater last year than the imports. This he considered a favourable sign. The shortage in the revenue did not come as a surprise. The Minister of Finance last year had been over sanguine. He attributed the shortage partly to the election year. Elections unsettled trade. The shortage would not be made up by any new taxation of foods and necessities. He was gratified at the increased number of Agricultural Societies and he had hoped of further developments in farming, which would be stimulated by the building of railways through the Bavin Peninsula and to Salmonier when the country could afford the expenditure.

MR. HIGGINS seconded the motion in a fluent speech. He joined Mr. Currie in congratulating the Speaker on his unanimous election and expressed his regret at the loss of the House and country had sustained by the withdrawal of Sir Robert Bond. New members had much to learn from the example of an experienced parliamentarian of the calibre of Sir Robert. He expressed appreciation of the good influence of the Governor and the pleasing intelligence of the prospective visit of distinguished members of the Royal Family. He thought there might be much to gain by the institution of the proposed train ferry service, and in any case the country could lose nothing. The Premier had done much in advertising the resources of the Colony abroad and as a result he believed the country had a better standing abroad among capitalists. He was hopeful that the proposed establishment of industries on the Labrador would prove fruitful. They should keep the forest resources for themselves and stand by the policy of developing the products of the home.

OPPOSITION CRITICISM.
MR. KENT on rising congratulated the Speaker on his election and also referred in a few choice words to the pleasing manner in which the mover

and seceder for the Address in Reply had performed their tasks. He thought the House had seldom heard two speakers who had performed their duties in this respect more acceptably to the House at large. As to the Speech they had commented on it was the baldest and least satisfactory in his experience. The one feature which stood out in prominence was the reference to the revenue for the first half of the current fiscal year which is below the estimates. This shortage abundantly justified the criticism that had been directed last session at the budget proposals of the Minister of Finance. On that occasion it had been pointed out that the budget was an election kite, and that it would be necessary at the next session to impose taxes to meet the shortage which must ensue. What was pointed out then had now come to pass. It had been said that the shortage might be attributed to the disturbance of trade on account of the year being Election year. But, surely the Minister of Finance knew when he laid his financial proposals before the House last session that it was Election year. He could hardly plead he "forgot" it was Election year. He should have taken that fact into consideration at that time. He had been told he was not justified on financial grounds in his reductions and the Opposition prediction had come true. The criticism which had been made by the Opposition to the railway contract and the loan had been justified by the event. Time was the great justifier. At the present time there was not a single branch line completed. Not even the Bonavista branch was finished. The Government Engineer had not given his certificate of a completion in a single case. He spoke subject to correction. The Prime Minister could correct him if he was wrong. As the Prime Minister did not deny the statement, he repeated that not a single branch was completed and been passed by the Government Engineer giving his certificate of completion. That meant not a single branch line had been finally paid for. There was and would be money to be paid for finish even the Bonavista branch, as well as the other branches. Further, there were many extras to be paid for. Under the terms of the contract, the rolling stock on one branch would cover all that the contractor had to provide for the \$15,000 a mile. The rolling stock on all the other branches would have to be paid for as extras. These payments led up to the mode of payment under the contract and the Government had agreed to pay the contractor in gold instead of by debenture bonds. This had been a most unfortunate arrangement for the Colony, for the Government had to raise the money in a market steadily rising. The Colonial loans. From its inception to the present, the branch railway proposals had been vitiated by mistakes. They were full of blunders. The estimate of mileage was out. The estimate of cost was wrong. The payment in cash instead of bonds had resulted adversely to the Colony. The risk was to the Colony and the Colony had to pay for the contractors. Two loans had been raised and a third would be necessary, and the money market was stringent. This contention, Mr. Kent fortified by reading a comment of Lord Strathcona, the great financier and the High Commissioner for the Dominion of Canada. In reference to the negotiation with the water powers of the Labrador, Mr. Kent said it was time they were hearing something about the settlement of the Labrador boundary question. The agreement to refer the dispute to the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council had been made during the time he was in the Department of Justice. Since that time little had been heard of it. He was convinced at that time that Newfoundland had an impregnable case but it was disturbing to find from Canadian press comment that the Quebec authorities also had similar faith in their case. It would be well to know more before the Government rushed into further complications. Mr. Kent twitted the Government of the indifference the Government had shown the past five years in the coal question. All they had done was to hand over coal areas to some contractors to investigate and develop some years ago. Since then nothing had been heard of the arrangement which appeared to have fallen through. He did not propose to go into details further. Opportunities would be afforded during the session to discuss the measures the Government contemplated and the Opposition would avail of them.

PREMIER REPLIES.
Sir Edward Morris extended congratulations to the Speaker, the mover and seceder and Mr. Kent. He would not go into detail. For nearly thirty years he had heard blue riffs predicted and the Speeches from the Throne characterized as the baldest yet. The Opposition had to criticize and they must expect criticisms as a matter of course, however, but they were merely perfunctory. The reduction in the Tariff last session had not been a death-bed repentance but a carrying out of a solemn pledge. Mr. Kent had played the part of Cassandra. The bottom had not dropped out of affairs. The people were taxed a million dollars a year less than in 1882. They were going to revise the Tariff policy of last year. They would make the better-to-do pay as far as possible. The fact that no final certificate had been given for any of the branches showed that they were keeping the contractor to his contract. As to cost of finishing, he estimated that \$1,500,000 more than had been raised in the previous two loans would provide enough to finish the work contracted for. As to the payment in bonds instead of gold, it might be imagined the contractor had nothing to say on the matter. The Government had the pay of the laborers raised and the contractor received payment in gold instead of bonds. As to the market, it was general, and not particularly against Newfoundland. On the coal question, Sir Edward reviewed the history of it and said the Government had obtained the services of Professor Dunstan on the recommendation of the Colonial Office. The Speaker appointed Messrs. Currie, Higgins, Clift, Grimes and

MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES DITH. THERIA.

MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES GAR-GET IN COWS.

SELLING OUT

Bargains in Crockeryware.

JOHN B. AYRE.

LeFevre, as a Committee to draft the Address in Reply.
Notices of Questions were given by Messrs. Coaker and Kent; and of Bills by the Premier. The House adjourned till 3 p.m. to-day.

This Date in History.

JANUARY 16.
Last Quarter—19.
New Moon—26.
Days Past—15 To Come—349

DEATH OF SIR JOHN MOORE at the Battle of Corunna, 1808. At the close of 1808 Napoleon arrived in Spain to take charge of the French Army then engaged in the Peninsular War, and entered Madrid in December. Sir John Moore in command of the English troops, had to fall back before a powerful French force of some 100,000 men, which was advancing upon him in four armies. On reaching Corunna the English found that their transport ships had not arrived. A stand had to be made against the French under Soult, and the result was a victory for the English arms, but with the loss of Sir John Moore, who was killed in the battle.

EDWARD GIBBON died 1794, aged 57. The celebrated historian of the "Decline and Fall of the Roman Empire." Represented Lisleard in Parliament for eight years. His great work is an enduring classic.

BENJAMIN FRANKLIN born 1706. The famous American Statesman and philosopher.
Slowly and sadly we laid him down,
From the field of his fame fresh and gory;
We carved not a line and we raised not a stone,
But we left him alone with his glory.
—C. Wolfe.

Home Rule Conference.

NEGOTIATIONS FAIL.

Special to Evening Telegram.

LONDON, To-day. The Unionist Leader, in a speech at Bristol Hall last night, confirmed the report that negotiations between his party and the Liberals for a settlement of the Ulster Question had failed. He said there have been conversations between party leaders, but as far as they have been without result, and I am grieved to say that so far as I can judge, there can be no results. We are declining rapidly, if something does not turn the current, inevitably to a civil war, which will shatter the whole fabric of our national existence, and leave us exposed to dangers from without. We must assume, continued Mr. Law, that it is the present intention of the Government to carry their policy to the utter end, and on that assumption it is our duty by every means in our power to prevent them from committing what we believe to be a great crime. Parliament has not the right to sell the people of Ulster into the hands of a foreign power. If the Government persists, if Premier Balfour is to be dragged into a general election, and he has an alternative in the referendum. The Government is ready, apparently, to face civil war rather than face the people; we have given a pledge that if Ulster resists, we will support her and we intend with the help of the Almighty, to keep that pledge.

The World's Confidence in

any article intended to relieve the sufferings of humanity is not lightly won. There must be continued proof of value. But for three generations, and throughout the world, enduring and growing fame and favor have been accorded

BEECHAM'S PILLS

because they have proved to be the best, corrective and preventive of disordered conditions of stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels. The first dose gives quick relief and permanent improvement follows their systematic use. A trial will show why, in all homes, the use of Beecham's Pills

Continues To Increase

Sold everywhere. In boxes, 25 cents. The large size, 50 cents. No one should neglect to read the directions with every box.

MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES GAR-GET IN COWS.

Always a Warm Welcome Assured to users of Miller Oil Heaters.



SAFE — SAVING — SURE.
New shipment just arrived.
Prices as before—\$4.25, \$6.00, \$6.50.

Thermos Bottles.
1 pt., \$1.00 up; 1 qt., \$2.00 up.

Clark's Foot Warmers.
for cold weather driving.

Ayre & Sons
LIMITED

Hardware Department.



Red TAG & GRAB Sale

COMMENCES

Saturday, Jan. 10th and ends Feb. 1st

We have absolutely no fault to find with 1913. The old year dealt very kindly with us, so much so that it was the most successful since we started business. This success is due to the fact that our prices are always down to rock bottom, indeed it has become a family phrase, "If you want good values and cheap prices go to Henderson's."

As pioneers of the Red Tag Sale in Newfoundland, we intend to give you phenomenal bargains as heretofore. Come early or late, you are always welcome.

STORE OPEN UNTIL 9 P.M.

Here are just a few of our Red Tag Bargains:

LADIES' PARISIAN CORSETS.
Regular Values .40 45 65 75 \$1.00 & \$1.20 \$1.50 \$1.90 \$2.50
Red Tag Prices .35 39 53 65 87c. \$1.24 \$1.65 \$1.95

16c
Will buy a Child's Holland Over-
all, worth 25 to 30c.

29c
Will buy a Child's All Wool
Cashmere Vest, worth
50 to 70c.

\$1.00
Will buy a Colored Linen One-
Piece Dress, Reg. price
\$2.00.

White Pique Bed Spreads,
55c. to 84c.

Job Val. Lace and Insertion.
Values up to 8c., only 2c. yd.

Fawn Opaline for Coat Lining,
worth 20c., for 11c. yard.

8 dozen pairs Women's Wool
and Cashmere Hose; values
up to 55c., only 31c. pair.

Boys' Wool Hose; size 1 to 6,
graded, 10 to 20c. pair.

23c.
Will buy a Woman's Apron,
worth 35c.

69c.
Will buy a Lawn or Zephyr
Blouse, worth \$1.00.

Remnants.

Specially imported for
Red Tag Sale.

Challie and Viella, 38 in. wide;
worth 25c., for 12c. yard.

Victoria Lawn, perfect for lawn
curtain, cheaper than paper-
ing calico, only
4c. yard.

White Fleece Calico and Baby
Swanette, 9c. yard.

Cream Silkette for Blouses,
etc., worth 18c., for 12c. yard.

Serge for Boys' Pants, half price

42c.
Will buy a Man's Gingham Shirt,
worth 55c.

27c.
Will buy Dress Cloths and
Tweeds, worth 35 & 40c.

OUR GRAT SALE

Simply means that instead of giving a twenty per cent. discount on every article, we have made up a lot of parcels worth from 25c. to \$1.70. In this way we purpose giving Free Presents to the value of one hundred dollars. Here are a few of the articles selling at 25c.:

Dressing Cases, Braces, Ties, Silk Handkerchiefs, Fountain Pens, Boots, Shoes, Slippers, Comb Sets, Blouses, Infants' Dresses, Corsets, Perfumes, Kid Gloves, Shirts, Socks, Centre, Tray and Sideboard Covers, Underskirts, 10 pce. Kitchen Sets Table Covers, &c.. Remember the price, 25c. all round.

Henderson's, Theatre Hill.

Jan 14, 10, 14, 16, 23

Advertise in The Telegram.

Best American GRANULATED SUGAR, 31c. 21lb.

By S.S. Florizel:
Fresh Shipment

PURITY BUTTER—2 lb. prints.

SCOTCH POTATOES.
P. E. I. POTATOES.
LOCAL POTATOES.

25 brls.
No. 1 SALT HERRING.
Selected—split and round.

By Rail To-Day:
20 brls. HOLYROOD CABBAGE
300 pairs FRESH RABBITS.

T. J. EDENS,

151 Duckworth Street, 112 Military Road.

The Universal Blend
BULLDOG BRAND TEA,

made from a selection of the
world's choicest teas.

35c. lb. retail.
5lbs. for \$1.50.

50 cases No. 1 SALMON,
15c. per tin.

DUTCH BUTTER—1 lb. blocks
22c., 25c., & 28c. lb.

KELLOGG'S
TOASTED CORN FLAKES,
12c. pkg.; \$1.35 doz.