The Charlottetown Herald.

NEW SERIES. CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 8, 1885. VOL. XIV—NO. 23

THE HERALD.

Published Every Wednesday.

ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR,

IN ADVANCE.

OFFICES:

Macdonald's Building, West Side Queen Street, Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island.

THE HERALD

HAS NOW THE

Largest Circulation of any paper on this Island.

Advertisements inserted at reasonable rates.

Advertisements, without instructions to the contrary, will be continued until forbidden.

Items and general news of interest, in a condensed form, solicited.

Remittances can be made by registered letter.

Address all letters and correspondence to the HERALD Office, Queen Street, Charlottetown.

RICHARD WALSH, Publisher.

CALENDAR FOR APRIL.

MOON'S CHANGES.

Last Quarter 7th day, 10h. 30m., a. m., S. W.
New Moon 15th day, 1h. 32m., a. m., N.
First Quarter 21st day, 7h., 8m., p. m., S.
Full Moon 28th day, 3h., 2m., a. m., S. W.

D M	Day of Week.	Sun rises.	Sun sets.	Moon Rises.	Moon Sets
		h. m.	h. m.	after'n	morn
1	Wed	5 41	6 21	8 49	6 47
2	Thur	42	24	9 52	7 21
3	Fri	44	26	10 46	7 51
4	Sat	38	27	11 38	8 25
5	Sun	37	29	morn	9 18
6	Mon	35	30	0 26	10 5
7	Tues	33	32	1 10	10 56
8	Wed	31	33	1 49	11 50
9	Thur	29	34	2 24	aft 47
10	Fri	27	35	2 57	1 48
11	Sat	25	37	3 27	2 49
12	Sun	23	38	3 56	3 51
13	Mon	22	39	4 26	5 3
14	Tues	20	40	4 57	6 12
15	Wed	18	42	5 31	7 22
16	Thur	16	43	6 7	8 35
17	Fri	15	45	6 50	9 46
18	Sat	13	46	7 40	10 53
19	Sun	11	47	8 37	11 58
20	Mon	9	48	9 41	morn
21	Tues	8	50	10 47	0 48
22	Wed	6	51	11 57	1 32
23	Thur	4	53	aft 1 6	2 12
24	Fri	2	54	2 15	2 47
25	Sat	0	55	3 22	3 21
26	Sun	4 56	56	4 29	3 49
27	Mon	57	57	5 34	4 18
28	Tues	55	59	6 35	4 48
29	Wed	54	7 0	7 37	5 19
30	Thur	4 52	7 2	8 36	5 53

ANODYNE
MENT
D EXTERNAL USE.
RGATIVE PILLS
W, RICH BLOOD.
AKE HENS LAY

IGHT & CO
E— 1885.
ore to give the BEST VALUE
scription of
TURE,
mises by first-class workmen,
econd to none.
CHAIRS of various designs,
es to suit the hard times.
TABLES, WASHSTANDS,
ATTRASSES PICTURE
ETS, BEDROOM SETS,
es too numerous to mention.
undersold.
tment a Specialty.
VRIGHT & Co.
, Dec. 17, 1884.

OCK, 1884.
hortly to Arrive,
HOICE FLOUR.
NTER APPLES.
alf-boxes RAISINS.
Five Pound Air-tight Tins. Splendid article. TEA.
GE STOCK OF
Groceries,
RETAIL, CHEAP.
EER & GOFF.
84.
OODS!
T—
& STERNS.
TOCK OF
VINTER GOODS
and all in want of
ANCY DRY GOODS,
VEST PRICES,
nment, a splendid variety to
il to see our Goods before
ur purchases.
NS & STERNS.
4.

ISLAND RAILWAY.

RANGEMENT. 1884-5.

cember 8th, 1884, trains will
s, Sundays excepted:

Trains Arrive—From the West.

STATIONS.	No. 2.	No. 4.
Charlottetown	4.45 p.m	10.15 a.m
Royalty Junc. dp	4.22 "	9.52 "
North Wiltshire	3.30 "	9.00 "
Hunter River	3.15 "	8.45 "
Bradalbane	3.40 "	8.68 "
County Line	3.50 "	7.58 "
Freeltown	3.13 "	7.42 "
Kensington	3.05 "	7.30 "
Summerside ‡dp	3.15 "	6.45 "
Summerside †ar	11.10 a.m.	
Miscouche	10.47 "	
Wellington	10.29 "	
Port Hill	9.55 "	
O'Leary	8.15 "	
Alberton	7.40 "	
Tignish	7.10 "	

Trains Arrive—From the East.

STATIONS.	No. 6.	No. 8.
Charlottetown	12.30 a.m	
Royalty Junct'n	10.07 "	
Bedford	9.39 "	
Mount Stewart	9.05 "	
Cardigan	7.35 "	
Georgetown	7.00 "	
Mount Stewart		3.55 a.m
Morell		5.10 "
St. Peter's		7.20 "
Bear River		8.20 "
Souris		9.05 "

Time.

ES COLEMAN,
Superintendent.

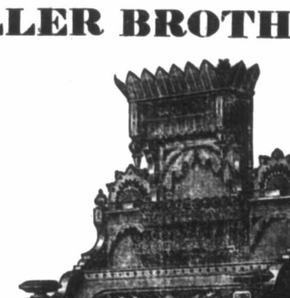
Morris & Ireland's

NEW IMPROVED

Eight Flange Fire-proof Safes!

The only Eight Flange Safe in the World.

Over Eighty Thousand in use.



Always preserve their contents in Fires.

Contains more improvements than any Safe made, such as

THE PATENT INSIDE BOLT WORK,

More secure from Burglars than any other Fire-proof Safe, and no expense in repairing Bolts and Locks.

Patent Hinged Cap,
Four-Wheel Locks,
Inside Iron Linings,
Solid Angle Corners.

These Safes are now being sold in these Provinces in large numbers, and give the greatest satisfaction, being the most highly finished, best made, and cheapest first-class Safe ever produced.

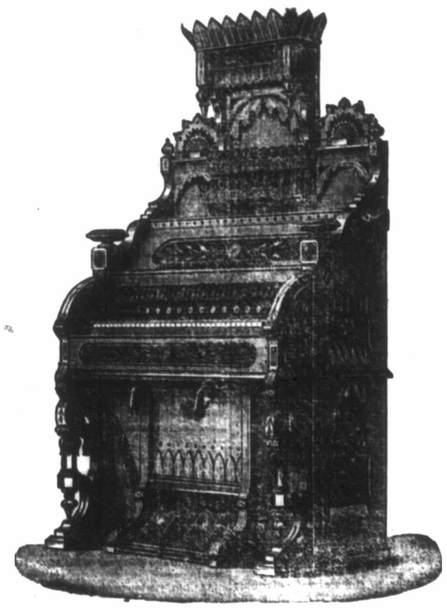
These celebrated Safes had the champion record in the great Boston Fire, and since that time great and important improvements have been made.

Before giving your order to any other concern, send for prices and descriptive Catalogue.

JOSEPH JACOBS, General Agent.
MORRIS & IRELAND, Boston, Mass.

Nov. 5, 1884—1y

MILLER BROTHERS.



BARGAINS IN

Pianos, Organs & Sewing Machines

AND A LARGE STOCK OF

Accordeons, Concertinas, Violins, Flutes, Banjos, Guitars, Violin Strings,

SELLING AT EXTREMELY LOW PRICES

—AT—

MILLER BROTHERS, Queen Street,

Dealers in Pianos, Organs & Sewing Machines.

Charlottetown, Dec. 24, 1884.

Perfect Knitting Machines.

Franz & Pope, World Star and Canadian Ribber.

THESE MACHINES took First Prize at all late Exhibitions in Canada. Will knit a pair of Socks in ten minutes—the same stitch as done by hand.

Will knit Home-made or Factory Yarn into almost any kind of garment or fancy stitches for which there is a market. A good paying business can be done by running a few of these Machines. A girl nine years old can knit on them. You can teach yourself from the book of instruction, and earn three and four dollars a day.

Good, reliable Agents wanted in every Lot on the Island. Good pay to the right men.

LEONARD MORRIS,
Summerside, - - - P. E. Island,
GENERAL AGENT.

Norman's

Electric Belt Institution

(ESTABLISHED 1874),

4 QUEEN ST. EAST, TORONTO.

Nervous Debility, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Paralysis, Lame Back,

and all Liver and Chest Complaints immediately relieved and permanently cured by using these

Belts, Bands and Insoles.

Circulars and Consultation Free.

April 2, 1883—1y

SULLIVAN & McNEILL,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,

Solicitors in Chancery,

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OFFICES — O'Halloran's Building Great George Street, Charlottetown.

☞ **Money to Loan.**

W. W. SULLIVAN, Q.C. | CHAS. B. MACNEILL.
jan17 1884

M. HENNESSY.

Furniture Dealer,

No 35 Great George St., Charlottetown.

All kinds of Furniture made to order at the lowest rates.

☞ **Undertaking attended to in all its branches, either in town or country, cheaper than ever. Caskets and Coffins, latest styles, always on hand.**

Charlottetown, March 19, 1884—1y

Apples. Apples. Apples.

CHARLES DONALD & CO.,

79 Queen St., London, E.C.,

WILL be glad to correspond with Apple Growers, Merchants and Shippers, with a view to Autumn and Spring business.

They will also give the usual facilities to customers requiring advances.

August 6, 1884—9m

DR. S. R. JENKINS,

PHYSICIAN & SURGEON.

Office at Residence of Dr. Jenkins,

PRINCE STREET.

Charlottetown, Jan. 28, 1885—1y

DR. P. CONROY,

PHYSICIAN & SURGEON.

Great George Street,

CHARLOTTETOWN.

Feb. 13, 1884—1y

CONSUMPTION!

FRASER'S

Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil

is now looked upon by the leading Physicians of Prince County as

A STANDARD REMEDY

IN THE TREATMENT OF

COUGHS,
COLDS,
CONSUMPTION,
ASTHMA,
BRONCHITIS,
NERVOUS PROSTRATION,
SCROFULOUS AFFECTIONS

Wasting Diseases of Children, &c.

It contains 65 per cent. of Pure Cod Liver Oil, the taste and smell of which are so thoroughly disguised, that the youngest children not only take it readily, but look eagerly for more.

Cheaper than any other Emulsion made, only 80 cents per pint.

JAMES A. FRASER,
(Opposite Sinclair, Minto & Stewart's.)
Summerside, Jan. 7, 1885.

THE

North British & Mercantile

FIRE AND LIFE

INSURANCE COMP'Y.,

OF EDINBURGH AND LONDON.

ESTABLISHED IN 1809.

Subscribed Capital, - - $9 733,432.00
Paid up Capital, - - 1,216,667.00

Transacts every description of Fire, Life, and Annuity Business on the most favorable terms.

FIRE DEPARTMENT.—Insurances may be effected at the lowest current rates.

Insurance upon Public and Private Buildings effected on especially favorable terms.

G. W. DeBLOIS,
General Agent for P. E. Island,
Office, No. 33 Water St., Charlottetown.
December 17, 1884. 1y

N. J. CAMPBELL,

AUCTIONEER AND COMMISSION MERCHANT,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

Groceries, Fruit and Seeds,

UPPER QUEEN STREET,

Charlottetown, - - P. E. Island.

Agent for P. E. Island for the Commercial Union (Fire) Assurance Company of London, England; the British Empire Life Assurance Company of London, England.

Correspondence and Consignments solicited. Returns promptly made.

oct 8—1y

GROCERY & TEA HOUSE.

Monaghan's Brick Building,

WEST SIDE QUEEN ST.

THE Subscriber has always in stock choice brands of FLOUR, and the best quality of TEA, MEAL, MOLASSES, COFFEE, SUGAR.

Also, all first-class GROCERIES at the lowest possible prices.

P. MONAGHAN.
Charlottetown, July 2, 1884—1y

APOTHECARIES HALL.

ESTABLISHED 1810.

DESBRISAY'S CORNER, - QUEEN SQUARE.

The Oldest and Most Reliable,

Acknowledged by the public to be the best place to buy PURE DRUGS & MEDICINE. The stock is complete, and comprises all articles usually found in a first-class Drug Store. The Chemicals used in dispensing have been imported direct from Messrs. P. & P. W. Squire (the Queen's Chemists), London, England. The Drugs and Druggists' Sundries are all purchased in the best market, and are guaranteed first quality. The large increase in the business done of late years at this establishment has enabled the proprietor to import the most modern apparatus in use for the compounding of Prescriptions and Family Recipes. None but competent assistants are employed in this establishment. The proprietor, MR. GEORGE E. HUGHES, is constantly in attendance, and all Prescriptions are prepared by him.

If you require any article in the Drug line you will find it to your advantage to purchase at the old stand,

The Apothecaries Hall,

DesBrisay's Corner, Queen Square.

Charlottetown, Feb. 11, 1885—1yr

Executor's Notice.

ALL persons having any legal demands against the estate of John Kennedic, late of Peake's Station, in King's County, Farmer, deceased, are hereby notified to present the same, duly attested, within six months from date; and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment of their respective amounts to the undersigned.

HENRY R. MOONEY, PHILIP MAHAR, } Executors.

Dated at Peake's Road this 16th day of March, 1885.

Credit Foncier Franco Canadien

LOANS on Mortgage for periods not exceeding 10 years without sinking fund, and from 10 to 30 years with sinking fund.

The borrower is privileged to pay off his loan in whole or in part at any time.

Circulars giving detailed information can be obtained on application at the offices of Messrs. Sullivan & McNeill, Solicitors Charlottetown,

W. W. SULLIVAN,
Agent for the Company.

Jan. 21, 1885.

What is this Disease that is Coming Upon Us?

Like a thief at night it steals in upon us unawares. Many persons have pains about the chest and sides, and sometimes in the back. They feel dull and sleepy; the mouth has a bad taste, especially in the morning. A sort of sticky slime collects about the teeth. The appetite is poor. There is a feeling like a heavy load on the stomach; sometimes a faint all-gone sensation at the pit of the stomach which food does not satisfy. The eyes are sunken, the hands and feet become cold and feel clammy. After a while a cough sets in at first dry, but after a few months it is attended with a greenish colored expectoration. The afflicted one feels tired all the while, and sleep does not seem to afford any rest. After a time he becomes nervous, irritable, and gloomy, and has evil forebodings. There is a giddiness, a sort of whirling sensation in the head when rising up suddenly. The bowels become costive; the skin is dry and hot at times; the blood becomes thick and stagnant; the whites of the eyes become tinged with yellow; the urine is scanty and high-colored, depositing a sediment after standing. There is frequently a spitting up of the food, sometimes with a sour taste, and sometimes with a sweetish taste; this is frequently attended with palpitation of the heart; the vision becomes impaired with spots before the eyes; there is a feeling of great prostration and weakness. All of these symptoms are in turn present. It is thought that nearly one-third of our population has this disease in some of its varied forms. It has been found that medical men have mistaken the nature of this disease. Some have treated it for a liver complaint, others for kidney disease, etc., etc., but none of the various kinds of treatment have been attended with success, because the remedy should be such as to act harmoniously upon each one of these organs, and upon the stomach as well; for in Dyspepsia (for this is really what the disease is) all of these organs partake of this disease and require a remedy that will act upon all at the same time. Siegel's Curative Syrup acts like a charm in this class of complaints, giving almost immediate relief. The following letters from chemists of standing in the community where they live show in what estimation the article is held.

John Archer, Hartshill, near Sheffield:—I can confidently recommend it to all who may be suffering from liver or stomach complaints, having the testimony of my customers, who have derived great benefit from the Syrup and Pills. The sale is increasing wonderfully.

Geo. A. Webb, 141 York Street, Belfast:—I have sold a large quantity, and the parties have testified to its being what you represent it.

J. S. Metcalfe, 55 Highgate, Kendal:—I have always great pleasure in recommending the Curative Syrup, for I have never known a case in which it has not relieved or cured, and I have sold many grosses.

Robt. H. Gould, 27 High Street, Andover:—I have always taken great interest in your medicines and I have recommended them, as I have found numerous cases of cure from their use.

Thomas Chapman, West Auckland:—I find that the trade steadily increases, I sell more of your medicines than any other kind.

N. Darroll, Clun, Salop:—All who buy it are pleased, and recommend it.

Jos. Balkwill, A. M. S., Kingsbridge:—The public seem to appreciate their great value.

A. Armstead, Market Street, Dalton-in-Furness:—It is needless for me to say that your valuable medicines have great sale in this district, greater than any other that I know of, giving great satisfaction.

Robert Laine, Mokham:—I can well recommend the Curative Syrup from having proved its efficacy for indigestion myself.

Frickheim, Arbroath, Portarshire, September 23, 1882.

Dear Sir, Last year I sent you a letter recommending Mother Seigel's Syrup. I have very much pleasure in still bearing testimony to the very satisfactory results of the famed syrup and pills. Most patent medicines die out wit me, but Mother Seigel has had a steady sale ever since I commenced, and is still in as great demand as when I first began to sell the medicine. The cures which have come under my notice are chiefly those of liver complaint and general debility.

A certain minister in my neighborhood says it is the only thing which has benefited him and restored him to his normal condition of health after being unable to preach for a considerable length of time. I could mention also a great many other cases, but space would not allow. A near friend of mine, who is very much addicted to costiveness, or costipation, finds that Mother Seigel's Pills are the only pills which suit his complaint. All other pills cause a reaction which is very annoying. Mother Seigel's Pills do not leave a bad after-effect. I have much pleasure in commending again to suffering humanity Mother Seigel's medicines, which are no sham. If this letter is of any service you can publish it.

Yours very truly,
(Signed) William S. Glass, Chemist.
A. J. White, Esq.

15th August, 1883.

Dear Sir,—I write to tell you that Mr. Henry Hillier, of Yatesbury, Wilts, informs me that he suffered from a severe form of indigestion for upwards of four years, and took no end of doctor's medicine without the slightest benefit, and declares Mother Seigel's Syrup, which he got from me, has saved his life.

Yours truly,
(Signed) N. Webb,
Chemist, Calne,

Mr. White.
Oct 1, 1884—1f

For sale by the Apothecaries Hall Co., Druggists, Charlottetown; and by A. J. White, Ld. Branch Office 67 St. James Street Montreal, P. Q.

A FEW HINTS

FOR THE USE OF

AYER'S PILLS

DOSE.—*To move the bowels gently, 2 to 4 Pills, thoroughly, 4 to 6 Pills. Experience will decide the proper dose in each case.*

For Constipation, or **Costiveness,** no remedy is so effective as AYER'S PILLS. They insure regular daily action, and restore the bowels to a healthy condition.

For Indigestion, or **Dyspepsia,** AYER'S PILLS are invaluable, and a sure cure.

Heart-burn, Loss of Appetite, Foul Stomach, Flatulency, Dizziness, Headache, Numbness, Nausea, are all relieved and cured by AYER'S PILLS.

In Liver Complaint, Bilious Disorders, and Jaundice, AYER'S PILLS should be given in doses large enough to excite the liver and bowels, and remove constipation. As a cleansing medicine in the Spring, these PILLS are unequalled.

Worms, caused by a morbid condition of the bowels, are expelled by these PILLS.

Eruptions, Skin Diseases, and Piles, the result of Indigestion or Costipation, are cured by the use of AYER'S PILLS.

For Colds, take AYER'S PILLS to open the pores, remove inflammatory secretions, and allay the fever.

For Diarrhœa and Dysentery, caused by sudden colds, indigestible food, etc., AYER'S PILLS are the true remedy.

Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, and Sciatica, often result from digestive derangement, or colds, and disappear on removing the cause by the use of AYER'S PILLS.

Tumors, Dropsy, Kidney Complaints, and other disorders caused by debility or obstruction, are cured by AYER'S PILLS.

Suppression, and Painful Menstruation, have a safe and ready remedy in

AYER'S PILLS.

Full directions, in various languages, accompany each package.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists.

HICKEY & STEWART,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Chewing & Smoking

Tobacco,

NO. 1, QUEEN STREET,

Charlottetown, P. E. Island.

Nov. 8, 1882

50 Lovely New Style all Chromo Cards with name and a prize for 10c. Twelve packs, 12 names, for $1. A sample pack and agent's outfit with illustrated catalogue of tricks and Novelties, for a 3c. stamp and this slip. A. W. KINNEY, Yarmouth, N. S.—3m

St. Patrick's Day at Kelly's Cross.

To the Editor of the Herald:

DEAR SIR,—Contrary to my expectations, I was forced to spend the 17th inst. in the country, and as I whiled the time away in the vicinity of Kelly's Cross, I propose to give you an account of how St. Patrick's Day was celebrated at this place, which may be interesting to some of your readers. In the morning, at the usual hour, Rev Dr. Walker, Rollo Bay, celebrated High Mass, after which the Rev. gentleman delivered an eloquent, instructive and edifying discourse on the life and labors of the great Apostle of Ireland. In the evening an entertainment was given by the young ladies and gentlemen of the place, in the schoolhouse, which was filled to its utmost capacity by an orderly and appreciative audience. In addition to Rev. James Æ. McDonald, the genial and popular pastor of the parish, Rev. Angus McDonald, Hope River, Dr. Walker, Rollo Bay, and Father John McDonald, Charlottetown, honored the occasion by their presence. The entertainment opened with some choice selections of instrumental music by Mrs. J. J. Coughlin, after which a number of ladies and gentlemen sang 'The Harp that Once through Tara's Hall' in splendid style. Then followed a Drama entitled 'The Fortune Hunters,' which was very prettily acted throughout. Miss Mary Ann Kelly as the 'Fair Diana,' Miss Susie McKenna as 'Laughing-eyed Clara,' Miss Florrie McDonald as the 'Dearest, Adorable Fanny,' Mr. D. Gibbs, of New Zealand, as 'Captain Hunter,' and Mr. D. G. McDonald as 'O'Grady,' acted their parts admirably. After the Drama Miss Katie Smith sang 'Sweet Afton,' which was well received; and Mr. D. Gibbs followed with a fine recitation, 'Eugene Aram.' Master Martin Monaghan's comic song and dance caused a ripple of laughter through the hall, which burst into a merry peal as Mr. D. Gibbs reappeared and sang an Irish Comic Song with the humor and love of a genuine son of Erin Go Bragh, and had to respond to an encore. Mr. James Kelly and Miss Florrie McDonald appeared in a short Drama, 'The Spanish Valet,' or 'Lovers' Quarrel' and acted their parts very cleverly. A Duet, 'No, Sir,' was sung with pleasing effect by Miss Mary Ann McDonald, of Pisquid, and Mr. D. G. McDonald. Mr. Gibbs recited 'Clarence's Dream' in a really masterly manner, and Mr. E. McIsaac took the part of 'Brackenbury' very creditably. Little Miss McKenna sang 'Sweet Forget Me Not' cleverly for a child of her tender years. 'Pompey' and 'Ginger,' in the person of A. Gillis and Master Martin Monaghan, discussed some 'nice points and delicate questions,' which was followed by one of Spoopendykes' laughable dialogues by Master Martin and James Monaghan. A comic song, 'The Three Jews,' was sung in character by Messrs. D. Gillis, James Kelly, and D. G. McDonald. It is needless to say that 'The Three Jews' were loudly applauded. After the disappearance of the 'Jews,' Miss Florrie McDonald recited 'The Captive' with much pathos and feeling. A Duet, 'When You Gang Awa, Jamie,' was rendered in good style by Miss Susie McKenna and Mr. D. G. McDonald. Mr. Mark Smith and Miss Katie Smith next appeared in a selection from the 'School for Scandal.' Miss Smith as 'Lady Teazel' acted her part admirably, while Mr. Smith as 'Sir Peter' bore his part with becoming dignity and ease. Miss Anne Monaghan then sang 'Tis But a Little Faded Flower' very sweetly; after which the Hon. William Washington Snooks, whose real name I was anxious to learn, discussed wars, politics, winter communication, railroads, telephones, love, matrimony, and other interesting topics. On Mr. Snooks resuming his seat, Miss Anne and Mr. Jas. Monaghan gave a laughable illustration of a 'Quaker's Courtship,' and Mr. A. Gillis sang a laughable comic song. The entertainment concluded with a side-splitting farce, in which Messrs. D. Gibbs, E. McIsaac, and D. G. McDonald took part, and each acted his part well. Mrs. J. J. Coughlin presided at the organ during the entertainment, and, besides playing the accompaniments, interspersed the programme with several choice selections, which she rendered in her usual artistic manner. I should not forget to mention that Mr. A. J. McInnis, of Murray River, who chanced to be present, amused the audience several times during the entertainment in his own inimitable way. It would appear, from the programme, that the object of the young ladies and gentlemen who got up the entertainment was to please and amuse their audience, and in this I think they were eminently successful, judging from the smiling faces and cheerful looking countenances that everywhere met the eye. After the singing of the National Anthem I withdrew, well pleased with the evening's amusement, and resolved to let you know how I spent St. Patrick's Day at Kelly's Cross.

TAM O'SHANTER.

St. Patrick's Day at Quebec.

THE following extract from the letter of a young friend now at Quebec, we take the liberty of inserting in this day's issue:—

"The St. Patrick's Day Celebration at old Quebec yesterday eclipsed all similar demonstrations for many years back. Never perhaps did such union and such a perfect pull-together-spirit animate all classes of Irishmen; and, as a natural consequence, the turn-out was creditable in the highest degree. Besides the different Irish and Catholic societies the entire Fire Department of the Ancient Capital wheeled into line and swelled out the procession to enormous proportions. The costumes of the mounted marshals as well as the various Irish societies were pretty beyond description; and a new feature, and one of the most pleasing as well, was the presence of three grand triumphal cars drawn by milk-white ponies and occupied by sweet little Maids of Erin, decked out to represent the four great Provinces of Ireland. Another pleasing addition to the procession was the appearance of the Seminary boys of Irish extraction (who, by the way, are almost all Islanders and Haligonians) in their neat navy blue Seminary dress and green sashes. This new departure on the part of those young gentlemen has been most gratifying to Quebecers. Here is what the *Telegraph* says of them:—'Leading the officers of the Irish National Association, a place of honor accorded to them by M. A. Hearn, Esq., was a band of young Seminarians. This is the first time the Irish boys of the Quebec Seminary paraded in an Irish procession. The heartfelt thanks of the Irish population turn to the authorities of the Quebec Seminary for their kindness to the boys; and hoping it is not a crime to say so, we here openly and publicly state our envy for the boys' lot. In our time, we had to be content with what was termed a *petit conge*. On Tuesday the boys had a grand holiday. So had the Students of the University." The decorations all along the line of march were elaborate and most tasteful; arches, mottos, transparencies, flags and banners met the eye on all sides. At St. Patrick's Church (the scene of Fr. Doyle's first missionary labors), where solemn High Mass was celebrated at 10 o'clock, all that money and art could do in the line of decorations was done, and well done, too. The beautiful edifice presented a charming appearance, its richly frescoed walls being scarcely visible athwart masses of green and gold hangings, relieved by neat festoonings and numberless bannerettes. His Grace the Archbishop assisted at the Mass in surplice and rochet, having on his right the Rev. Fr. Bouneau, of the Grey Nuns' Hospital, and on his left the Rev. Cure Drolet, of Sillery. Both Rev. gentlemen were classmates of His Lordship Bishop McIntyre. Dr. O'Regan, of Laval, celebrated, assisted by the Rev. Mr. Burke, of the diocese of Charlottetown, as deacon, and Rev. Mr. Haley, of Nebraska, as sub deacon. The choir rendered Lambillotte's beautiful Mass in their usual faultless style. Fr. McCarthy, C. SS. R., of St. Patrick's, pronounced the panegyric. Lieutenant Governor Masson and his Aide-de-Camp, Premier Ross and members of the Provincial Cabinet occupied chairs in the chancel. A grand concert in the evening wound up the celebration—a celebration reflecting much honor on the Irishmen of old Quebec.

The custom of presenting addresses to the Archbishop, Lieut. Governor, Mayor, and the Fathers of St. Patrick, is each year faithfully adhered to. Both addresses and replies were excellent, full of hope and sympathy for Ireland, and confidence in the respected champion of the Irish cause, the intrepid Parnell. This address business would bear being imitated by other cities—Charlottetown not excepted."

The Education Report.

The Report of the Superintendent of Education is a very voluminous document of 136 pages, comprising under its covers the Superintendent's general report, official notices, statistical tables, report of Principal of College and Normal School—Inspectors' reports, reports of Trustees of Charlottetown and Summerside Schools. The number of School Districts in the Province is 423, an increase of 4 over the previous year, divided as follows:—Queen's County 172, Prince County 134, King's County 117. The number of districts without schools was 11, being five less than in 1883. The number of teachers employed was 484, an increase of eleven over the previous year. The number of first class teachers was 52—of second class 108—of third class 324; of male teachers 264, (an increase of 17 over 1883), of female teachers 220, (a decrease of 6 since 1883). The number of pupils enrolled was 21,843, an increase of 348 over 1883—number of boys 11,998, of girls 9,845. The daily average attendance was 11,964, being better than the preceding year by 205. During the last ten years the number of schools has increased from 403 to 484—an average yearly increase of 8 schools. The enrolment of pupils has increased even more rapidly; the number in 1874 was 16 364—last year 21,843. The number of pupils studying Orthography and English Composition has considerably increased, while those studying Vocal Music have decreased by 1 020. The study of Agricultural Chemistry has been introduced, but it is yet too soon to attempt furnishing statistics. The total amount paid by the Government for Teachers' Salaries last year was $91,210 80. The supplements voted by the Districts to Teachers were $12,685 50, an increase of $170 over 1883. The total amount voted by school districts for all purposes was $37,134 56—an increase over the previous year of $1,510.88. The Superintendent says: "The Government Expenditure for Education shews a considerable annual increase since the enactment of the present school laws; this increase is likely to continue at the same rate for many years to come. The Expenditure, in the direction in which this increase is shewn, is not directly under the control of the Board of Education, but is dependent upon conditions which the Department of Education cannot restrict." The Superintendent also expresses his conviction that some Justices of the Peace certify School Papers without administering the oaths required by law and that Justices, in some cases, are too ready to attest to papers without a sufficient knowledge of their contents. Mr. Montgomery gives the following Average Scale of Teachers' Salaries:—

Male Teacher, 1st class	$376 44
Highest paid $900 00	
Lowest paid 245 00	
Female Teacher, 1st class	256 29
Highest paid $360 00	
Lowest paid 220 00	
Male Teacher, 2nd class	294 00
Highest paid $450 00	
Lowest paid 225 00	
Female Teacher, 2nd class	235 35
Highest paid $400 00	
Lowest paid 180 00	
Male Teacher, 3rd class	225 47
Highest paid $450 00	
Lowest paid 180 00	
Female Teacher, 3rd class	160 81
Highest paid $300 00	
Lowest paid 130 00	

At the annual examination for entrance to the Normal School, 88 candidates were successful of 228 who presented themselves, and later on, at a supplementary examination, 37 were successful.

The number of students enrolled at the College and Normal School for term ended December 19th, was 109, made up as follows:—Professional students, 89; non-professional, 20; males 70; females 39.

The Superintendent adds that, during the year, much activity was manifested in educational matters. The teachers, as a class, labored zealously; schools were set in operation which had been closed for several years, and many districts formerly indifferent were aroused to the importance of the advantages placed within their reach. Altogether the past year was the most satisfactory in its educational results since the introduction of the Free School system.

A Different Branch of Business.

One of the most interesting characters at the St. Paul depot, the other day, was a grizzly-looking fellow, perhaps forty years of age, who said he was on his way East from Idaho, where he had been engaged in the cattle business.

'I threw it up this year,' he continued, 'because it's overdone.'

'I thought that was a business that couldn't be overdone,' said a bystander.

'You don't understand it, then,' was the rejoinder. 'You see there is two kinds of cattle business. 'I was in the kind that gets men hung.'

The number of enrolled volunteers in Great Britain is 215,800, the greatest number yet attained.

The Stock Farm Report.

THE Commissioners of the Stock Farm report last year's crop of Fodder Corn a failure; 32 acres were sowed to Oats, the yield being about 1,300 bushels; 10 acres devoted to Barley produced 450 bushels. Although the yield of Potatoes and Turnips was less than might have been expected, yet the return per acre was greatly above the average in the Province; 7 acres of Potatoes yielded 1,175 bushels, and 6¾ acres of Turnips produced 3,600 bushels. From 1¼ acre devoted to Mangolds, 500 bushels were raised, and one-quarter acre of Carrots yielded 120 bushels. The following is an inventory of the live stock now on the Farm: Horses—1 Cart Mare, nine years old, 1 Cart Mare, 7 years old; 1 Gelding, five years old; 1 Blood Mare, six years old; 1 Filly, three years old; 1 Gelding, three years old; 1 Blood Colt rising one year. Cattle—Short Horns—1 Bull, four years old; 13 Cows, in calf, various ages; 3 Heifers, rising two years old; 4 Heifers, rising one year old. Ayrshires—1 Bull, rising two years; 10 Cows, in calf, various ages; 3 Heifers, rising one year. All the foregoing Horned Cattle have registered pedigrees. There are also 1 Fat Cow and 1 Island-bred Cow on the Farm. Sheep—1 Cotswold Ram, 1 Shropshire Ram, 34 Ewes (Leicester and Blackfaced); 12 Lambs, rising one year. Pigs—4 Berkshire Boars, 2 Yorkshire Boars, 4 Breeding Sows, 1 Fat Pig, 2 Store Pigs. The sales of surplus stock were larger than usual. For some years the efforts of the Commissioners have been directed towards raising the character of the herds by thinning out all animals of doubtful extraction, and in the future the annual sales will furnish our farmers an opportunity, although necessarily a somewhat limited one, of starting pure bred herds. The Commissioners recommend the importation of two Clydesdale mares, to be kept on the Farm, which, besides contributing to the improvement of our Island horses, could assist in the farm work.

Vassar College Athletics.

(From the New York Morning Journal.)

The girls of Vassar College, N. Y., have got a new craze which threatens to eclipse roller-skating, and even interferes seriously with gum-chewing.

For some time past the teachers have noticed an increase of paper-covered books among the mail matter received by the fair students, but as novel-reading is allowed they supposed the works were some of Mrs. E. D. E. N. Southworth's romances and paid no attention to the matter. When Miss Edith Conway, a pupil from Philadelphia, dropped a book upon the floor the other day a teacher picked it up and was surprised to see that it was entitled 'A Slugger on His Muscle; or, Self-Defence Made Easy.'

The desks of the other girls were then searched and an astonishing quantity of athletic and boxing literature was revealed. Miss Emma Myran, of Brooklyn, who was supposed to be deeply engrossed in a Latin lesson, was found to be perusing a pink-covered volume called 'Hard-hitters; or, Pets of the Prize Ring,' and handsome Miss Laura Lester, of Syracuse, was hiding her pretty face behind 'Horizontal Harry, the King of the Bar.'

The natural result of such a course of study soon developed itself. The lady principal upon entering the classroom recently found half a dozen of the girls trying to jump over a desk four feet high, while a group in another corner admiringly gazed upon one of their number who was endeavoring to kick the crown out of a male teacher's silk hat, which was held in the air by a companion.

'Bless my eyes!' exclaimed the principal. 'What do you young ladies mean?'

'Oh, we are only exercising,' cried the group, as they resumed their studies and gum.

There was almost a riot in the playground the other day. An excited group of young ladies had formed a ring around two of their number who had put on the gloves and were hammering each other in true Sullivan style.

'Lam her with your left, Maudie.'

'Good for you, Sarah!' shouted the girls, as their favorites jabbed at each other.

A vigorous right-hander at length caught Sarah on her pretty nose. She began to cry and wanted to take off the gloves and scratch Maudie, but the referee, a tall blonde from New York, who had once attended a fight in Madison Square Garden, decided that scratching was barred.

Broom-handles have been used as horizontal bars by some of the girls, and rowing machines made out of soap-boxes have been added to the furniture of many bedrooms.

As the craze was interfering with the studies of the young ladies, the faculty held a meeting to consider a remedy.

A delegation from the girls announced that they could never be happy without a gymnasium, and the faculty resolved to add one to the many attractions of Vassar College. It is estimated that the gymnasium will cost $20,000, and the friends of Vassar are already hastening to the aid of the fair ones.

Mrs. Thomson, of Pittsburg, a former pupil, has subscribed $5,000, and other subscriptions bring the amount up to $8,000.

Misses Annie Brown and Ella Weed held a musical and literary entertainment at No. 117 Fifth avenue, New York, recently, and realized quite a sum for the proposed gymnasium.

Some of the more self-sacrificing of the girls have announced their intention to stop buying chewing gum, and contribute the amount thus saved to the fund. If this is done, Vassar will soon have a gymnasium to be proud of.

The Dominion Cabinet have requested the Governor General to communicate with the President of the United States as to the case of