

Allies Have Made Progress Both On Right And Left Wings But The Situation As A Whole Is Unchanged

---French Official Statement.

FLEET OF GERMAN SHIPS ATTEMPTED LAND TROOPS IN RUSSIAN BALTIC PORT BUT ARE DRIVEN OFF BY FORTRESSES

Although Two German Cruisers Destroyed Lighthouse at Windau Kaiser's Forces Prevented From Landing---Antwerp Being Bombarded by Monster German Siege Guns Ten Miles Away and Fall of City Appears Imminent---Germans Demanded Surrender Of City Also Belgian Army But Were Flatly Refused---Germans Again Shelling Termonde and Several Factories in Flames---Reports Show Von Kluck's Army Was Forced to Retire Owing to Violent Assaults of Allies---British Cruiser Captures German Gunboat and Ten Merchantmen in West Africa---Vienna is in Panic and Fortifications Being Strengthened With Batteries and Mines---Russians Continue Their Successes Against Germans in Russian Poland.

(Special to The News)

(By Merrick) Paris—Allies have made progress both on right and left wings but the situation as a whole has undergone no change, according to official announcement this afternoon.

"There is no modification in the situation as a whole," says the statement.

"We progressed, however, on the left at north of Somme and on the right in the southern part of Woevre the region."

This statement shows the turning movement north of Somme for the purpose of cutting the German line communication and forcing the withdrawal of the entire right wing of the German army has met with no check. The advance of allies right wing, too, if continued, is a menace to the western end of the German army. If the French should succeed in driving the Germans back so that their line through Luxembourg is threatened, the right wing of the Germans as well as the centre, would have to retreat.

Chinese Also Reported Fighting

Peking—Unconfirmed reports current here that Chinese and Japanese troops engaged at Kiao-Chau. No confirmation of the reports can be obtained from official quarters but the Japanese minister called at the foreign office twice during the last 24 hours.

German Warships Bombard Japs

Tokio—German warships in the bay of Kiao-Chau are furiously bombarding the Japanese positions about Tsing-Tao, according to an official statement issued this afternoon. German aeroplanes are assisting the warships and dropping bombs upon the Japanese, who have lost two officers and a number of men.

Austria Apologizes to Italy

Rome—It is officially announced Austria has apologized to Italy for the presence of mines near the Italian coast in the Adriatic, expressed its regret for sinking Italian ships, and promised to remove mines and pay damages to the victims of the mines.

This action of Austria is believed to have been a crisis which would have led to war if Vienna had refused to heed Italy's protest.

Estimates of the indemnity Italy is expected to ask range from \$750,000 to \$1,000,000.

London—A meeting of the bank of England was held today but no change was made in the present rate of discount.

Meat Coming for Belgians

London—The Government press bureau announced the Australian meat packers are sending 12,000 carcasses of mutton and a quantity of canned meat for the relief of the Belgians.

Von Kluck Forced to Retire

Paris—It is reported Von Kluck was forced to order the retirement of a heavy section of his army because of the physical inability of his soldiers to meet the violent assaults of the fresher soldiers of the allied army. Unofficial advices expressed the belief Von Kluck's counter attack on Tracy le Mont was a feint to cover the retirement of part of his army from a position between the Oise and Aisne rivers.

Paris expects news soon.

Fall of Antwerp Imminent

London—The fall of Antwerp is believed to be imminent. Despite the strength of the fortifications the news that Germans are bombarding with their ponderous 42-centimetre gun lead military men to believe the reduction of the works of Antwerp will prove an easy matter. King Albert is likely to come to England as a flight into France is cut off by the German army.

First New of Indian Troops

The first news that Indian troops have reached the firing line and reinforced the French and British came today from Marseilles instead of from the government press bureau.

Seventy thousand Indians will be a strong help to the allies but there is one feature in this respect which must not be overlooked. Indians come from a hot country and are unable to stand the rigors of a winter campaign without suffering from the cold. The weather at present in the western theatre of war is favorable to the Indians, but it is only a few weeks until the winter will begin to be felt.

Demand Surrender of Antwerp

Antwerp—The surrender of Antwerp forts and the Belgian army was demanded. King Albert rejected the demand and the bombardment

was resumed. Germans are pouring shells upon forts Waelhem, Lierre and Wavre Ste. Catherine from their big guns ten miles away. Infantry are also attacking the Belgian army.

The town of Lierre is fired at several places, and heavy damage is done to Fort Waelhem.

Germans are shelling Termonde again and factories are in flames. The roof of the monastery of St. Vincentius, which shelters many wounded, is reported fallen.

British Ship Strikes Mine

London—The British steamer Selby struck a mine in the North sea today and sank. The crew of twenty were rescued.

British Cruisers By Capture

London—The capture of the German gunboat Soden and ten German merchant steamers by the British cruiser Cumberland, in the mouth of the Kamerun river west of Africa, is announced by the Admiralty. The ships taken are the Winfried, Kenapa, Paul Woermann, Amsinck, Max, Amsinck, Woermann, Ems, Voerlath, Hans Woermann, Soden, Woermann and Aline Woermann. All carried large quantities of coal and general cargoes.

Vienna in a Panic

Vienna—Special messenger to Rome—Vienna is in panic. The disaster suffered by the Austrian armies in Galicia has become fully known. Von Auffenberg, the former minister of war, is in disgrace and removed from his command in Galicia.

Cholera has gotten a firm grasp of the Austrian armies in the east and also on the troops, opposing the combined Serbian and Montenegrin forces. Some cases are already found in Vienna and desperate efforts

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BRITISH SEIZE COPPER INTENDED FOR GERMANY

Although in Neutral Bottoms and Shipped From America, Believed Destined For Krupps Gun Works

Washington, Oct. 1—Despatches received at the British embassy yesterday state that two cargoes of copper consigned to the Krupp works in Germany from the United States, were seized and diverted to England. It is believed the copper was to be used in the construction of torpedoes. Payment of the full value of the cargoes was remitted to the U. S. shippers. British officials here pointed out that it was the aim of their government that such seizures should not result in loss to American interests and that full payment would always be made for diverted cargoes captured and used by England.

Conversations Opened

London, Oct. 1—Diplomatic "Conversations" have been opened by representatives of England, Holland and United States in reference to cargoes that may be carried in neutral ships.

It is expected negotiations will be carried to a conclusion satisfactory to all three countries.

The Times aims a shaft at The United States congress today, in referring to the discussion at Washington regarding the shipment of copper in neutral ships and the fact that the British Government held up such shipments.

"It is more than probable," says the Times, "the British authorities were justified in holding up this shipment."

"There is reason to believe Krupps are trying to get a much needed supply of copper through certain neutral ports. This affair, however, accentuates the necessity of reaching a speed arrangement with the United States in regard to conditional contraband articles carried by neutral vessels. It must be remembered, as friendly as the American opinion is one of the prime duties of every senator and representative is to beat time valuably to any complaints of their citizens."

Food For Holland Allowed

Washington—The British Government today notified the United States it would not interfere with the shipment of foodstuffs to Holland in neutral bottoms. Cecil Arthur Spring Rice, the British Ambassador, personally notified Secretary Bryan to this effect.



ENGLISH SOLDIERS LEAVING DOVER FOR THE CONTINENT
The lower picture shows the King inspecting the troops assembled to embark for European service.

Patriotic Concert Tomorrow Night

Extensive Programme and Military Manoeuvres Have Been Arranged

By permission of the officers commanding the 99th regiment, the 99th band will render the following program at the Patriotic concert at the Arena tomorrow evening under the direction of Wm. Williams A. S. M.

1. National Anthems of Britain, Russia and France.
2. O, Canada and the Maple Leaf The Band Williams
3. A selection of Irish Airs. Williams The Band
4. Vocal solo "Yes Let Me Like a Soldier Fall" Wallace Robt. Smith
5. Selection of Stephen Adams' songs The Band Adams
6. Exhibition of Dumbell Swinging Alex Campbell
7. Vocal solo. "Kilmarney" Balfe H. B. O. Philipotts
8. Selection. "Songs of England" The Band Round
9. Selection. "Home Sweet Home the World Over" Lampe The Band
10. Vocal solo. "The Empire Soul" R. T. Halliday J. B. Neild
11. Selection. Military Tattoo. Rogan

The marching of the 99th regiment and an exhibition of the methods of a British attack in comparison to the German methods will be one of the features of the entertainment.

Also there will be a chorus by the 99th during the evening accompanied by the band when the stirring song that is enlivening men in the battle will be given. All will be asked to join in these words: It's a long way to Tipperary, It's a long way to go, To the sweetest girl I know, Good bye Piccadilly, Farewell Leicester Square, It's a long way to Tipperary, But my heart's right there.

Rev. Mr. Emslie Goes As Chaplain

Former Brandon Pastor With The Tenth Battalion For The Front

A letter from Major McLaren, which was received this morning, was written at Valcartier on September 27, thus disclosing the fact that not all of the Brandon men or Canadian troops left the camp on September 25. Major McLaren wrote that many of the troops had gone and that he hoped he and his boys would be off the next day or two, but said he understood there was a congestion at Quebec, and probably no more would be sent from Valcartier until the way had been made clear for new contingents by the sailing of the others.

Major McLaren now the senior pastor of the 10th battalion, informs his correspondent here that Rev. Mr. Emslie, pastor of the First Methodist church in this city some ten years ago, is the chaplain with this battalion, and Major McLaren added that they all felt their spiritual needs would be well taken care of by him.

WOMEN'S CANADIAN CLUB
Dr. Robinson of St John's College, late of Belfast and Ireland, will address the women's Canadian club on Saturday at 3 p.m., at the Prince Edward.

ANTARTIC EXPEDITION SAILS
Vigo, Spain, Oct. 1—The steamer Vraguay, carrying Shackleton Antarctic expedition sailed for Buenos Ayres today.

Jewish Students Go On Strike

Refused to Attend School Where Picture of the Saviour is Hanging

Utica, Oct. 1—Defying the ruling of board of school commissioners that they attend school where it happens there is a picture of Christ hanging on one of the walls, the Jewish students of the school went on strike today, and demanded to be transferred to another institution or the picture removed. The students paraded both sections.

New Nurses' Home Nearly Finished

Within Ten Days the Addition Is Expected to be Available For Use

Within ten days and possibly a week the new addition of the Nurses home connected with the Brandon general hospital will be ready for occupancy and there is no doubt that just as soon as the contractors and superintendent will allow, the nurses will move into the attractive and convenient part that has been added to the old quarters. At the present time, and for some time past the nurses living quarters have been over crowded, and there must be more than a welcome sigh of satisfaction and relief when these hardworkers at the hospital are allowed the home comforts and facilities that they deserve and which the New Home will afford them. Two nurses in one room has been the best disposition that could be made of them

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