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Albert Sheldrick, Merchant Tailor Nagent for Parker's Dye Works.

LAMPOONING DAYS.

HAVE HAD THEIR RUN AND PASSED OUT OF ENGLISH LITERATURE.

The Age of "English Bards and Scotch Reviewers" When Byron Wrote His Bitter Satires-The Way They Manage Such Matters. In France.

It is said that "Ianthe" and "The Maid of Athens" are the only two surviving persons whom Byron had described or re-terred to in his poems. Whether this be ac-curately true or not, the generations against which that brilliant literary Ishmael waged such a constant and such a futile war has almost entirely passed away, and with it has passed the fashion of lampooning one's rivals—and even of extolling one's friends—in verse. Time was when a spice of personality was an indispensable ittraction in a book meant to catch the public car, and if a young or inexperienced author neglected this important point the publisher would be sure to urge the necessity of catering for the general taste and would perhaps himself suggest a worthy subject for an epigram. We are not referring to the Curlls of a century and a half ago, but to the very honorable and gener-ous publishers with whom our grandfa-thers had to do. The literary controversies which were so rife in the age of "English Bards and Scotch Reviewers," but which are newadays comparatively rare, were gloated over by an eager public, and it is not to be wondered at if the publishers, who had their Engers continuously upon their customers' pulse, preferred such books as were calculated to stimulate the fever of curiosity. These personal references were, of course, very various in their character No lady could complain of being immor talized as lanthe, but we can imagine that iderable number of Byron's victime would have given a round sum to be ex-cluded from his bitter satires. It must have been a "bad quarter of an hour" for the Scotch reviewers when they read the retaliation which one of their company has rought upon them, almost as uncomfort able as the five minutes in which the poor treated governess read the description of herself, commencing with the words, Born in a garret, in a kitchen bred." Few of Byron's friends or acquaintance

pen of gall, and some, as is well known, felt the injury very keenly. But at the same time he knew how to speak favorably both of the living and the dead. It is a strange instance of the vast power wielded for good or evil by the maker of simple verses that one lady is at the present moment enjoying a comfortable annuity to which she had no other claim whatever than that of having been extolled by Byron in a few complimentary stanzas. To do Byron justice, he rarely "showed up" his ontemporaries unless they had previously turned their pens against him, whereas there were posts in those times who hated in verse for no better reason than that their victims took a different view of polities from their own. Shelley's outburst gainst Castlereagh, and many of Peter Pindar's unmeasured diatribes, exceed in their bitterness anything which we should consider justifiable today. When we say that the fashion of personal allusions among poets has passed away, we do not mean that the circumstance is unknown in the present generation. The laureate's in Punch, in which he applied the lash to the shoulders of a brother poet, is not likely to be forgotten, and he has taken several other occasions of belaboring his critic, and the race of "irresponsible reviewers" in general. It is but a short time ago that two of our most popular poets took up the cudgels to one another in the public prints, and overclouded their genius by a mist of hard words and reeriminations perhaps quite as virulent as anything that Byron wrote of a rival. There can be no doubt that personal allusions of the kind which we have instaare in every sense objectionable, and that the decay of the fashion is matter for much congratulation. Two reasons in particular might be given which would am suffice to condemn the practice. In the first place, it is so very easy to lash oneself into a rage by the whip cracking of our own rhymes and meters, just as certain animals are said to do by the application

scaped without a single splutter from his

a literary fury against a literary rival, while at the club or in the street we should take him by the hand and exchange the idle gossip of the day. Again, it is beyond all question that literary wrangles have a tendency to debase literature itself. There is no such thing as sublime personality.

The only lofty satire is that which is thoroughly general in its application. A better poet who is either prejudiced or angry necessarily descends from the back of Pegasus and holds on, if at all, by the tail. In other words, his verses limp, his ideas grow commonplace, and the savor of his grow commospiace, and the savor of his poetry is destroyed. English poets in par-ticular do well to let this species of sattre alone, for, though as a rule an Englishman is an admirable fighter, he is decidedly limited in his mastery of weapons. Poetry is a foll-that should always have the buttons on, but we have a too straightforward way of taking the buttons off. In France they manage these things differently. There they can cross folls without hurting each other. It is a national characteristic. Moliere used occasionally to hit living persons very hard, but we read of one instance in which he completely disarmed the resent-ment of the object of his satire by reading his play to him privately before it was put upon the stage. He had satirized his man in such a polite style that the latter was easily persuaded to take so much individual attention as a compliment. The thing would have been impossible in England. For us, at all events, the day of personalities in literature is past, and we imagine that no sensible Englishman regrets it. Even flattery is in questionable taste. But that a man should be lampooned by his fellow on account of a mere difference of opinion is no longer to be tolerated. - Sat-

It is quite possible to work oneself into

A Sunday school superintendent at the close of an address on the creation, which he was sure he had kept within the com prehension of the least intelligent of the smilingly invited questions. A tiny boy, with a white, eager face and large brow, at once held up his hand.

Please, sir, why was Adam never a The superintendent coughed in some oubt as to what answer to give, but a littie girl of 9, the eldest of several brothers and sisters, came promptly to his aid. "Please, sir," she said smartly, "there was nobody to muss him!"—London Tit-

A Suitable Name. "You say you have 16 children? What "Yes. I named the last one 'Chest-uta.' "-New York Journal.

CASTORIA.

PROFITS OF MURDERERS.

Few Benefit Financially by Means of Their

Much has been published in England about the professional assassins of Paris, writes our Paris correspondent, and in many cases fabulous gains have been attributed to them as a result of their crimes, but these exist more frequently in fiction than if fact. Statistics recently compiled by the profect of the Paris police throw a good deal of light on the assassin's trade as practiced in modern times. Especially in-teresting are they in view of the popular but very erroneous idea that the assassin's trade is a profitable one. That it is quite the reverse seer s to be clearly proved by a record of the profits gained by notorious assassins duirng the last 80 years.

Biographies of a large number of French nurderers, some of whom paid the penalty of their crimes on the guillotine, while others were transported to New Caled show that the average murderer makes far less money at his abominable trade than is made by any third rate artisan or even day

Here, for example, are the names of a few criminals and a statement as to the actual money profit that resulted in each case: Sejournet committed one crime, and his profit was £2 5s; Rossell, one crime, £1 10s; Ducret, one crime, £8 worth of

jewelry; Cathelin, about 5s. These are not princely profits, but they are large compared with others. Three men, for example—Georgoes, Voty and Franck-committed a horrible crime and only made about sixpence apiece. Several others were less fortunate, for they gained nothing at all. Other knights of the road found to their dismay after dispatching their victims that they had no money or them, and they were consequently bound to be satisfied with such booty as they could obtain in the shape of watches and other jewelry, which, of course, is less desirable than money, as it is not always easy to dispose of.

True, a few assassins have made a considerable sum of money. Three-Martin, Begheim and Lapommeraye—were espe-cially fortunate or unfortunate in this respect. Martin found £200 in his victim's purse. Begheim got £1,400 worth of jew elry, and Lapommeraye also acquired a large sum of money at one stroke. These men, however, did not live very long to enjoy their wealth, as justice overtook them and quickly dispatched them to another world. Such men are rare, however, so rare that a careful calculation shows that the average amount made by French assassins during the last 30 years does not exceed 9 or 10 shillings for each crime.

Such being the case, the wonder is that there are so many murderers. And a greater wonder is why, if they are deter-mined to kill for the sake of obtaining noney, they do not arrange to kill persons who are known to be wealthy and do not seize an opportunity when their intended victims have their pockets stuffed with gold. A distinguished official of the police force in Paris says that the assassing act in their usual foolish manner simply be cause they are imbeciles.—London Mail.

RUBBER TEETH.

They Are Light and Cost but Little to

A novel thing in teeth has been invented which places artificial masticators within the reach of the masses. The inventor and manufacturer is a well known New York dentist, who says that his new process will enable him to make complete sets of excellent teeth for \$1.50 or \$2 and still reap a

satisfactory profit. The invention is a departure from any thing heretofore introduced in modern dentistry. It consists of a complete artifi-cial set of teeth made entirely of rubber, the base or plate and the teeth being formed integrally. In their manufacture not only insures a correct formation of the artificial masticators, whereby they are made to closely resemble nature's product but also simplifies the process of what is called "setting the teeth up." A hollow, flexible metallic matrix, which both in-ternally and externally reproduces the formation of the natural teeth, is made which, when filled with rubber and vul canized, produces a perfectly formed set of

One of the greatest obstacles to over come was the shading of the rubber teeth but this the inventor has accomplished by means of a chemical bleaching process Another but less satisfactory process of shading is by the mixture of different col

ored rubbers.

From a sanitary standpoint the rubber teeth are perfect, there being no joints, as in all other forms of artificial dentures, in which the secretions of the mouth may find lodgment. A more expensive form of the new teeth is that in which the mast cating surfaces are capped with a continuous metallic facing, which renders the denture practically indestructible and un-breakable. Gold, silver, platinum and aluminium have been used for making the crowns. One of the greatest advantages of rubber teeth, aside from their cheapness is their extreme lightness. They weigh less than half as much as any other form of denture.—New York World.

It is often of importance to have plates or cards of transparent material. These can easily be made of gelatin by the fol-lowing process: "Place gelatin in cold water for several hours until it is thoroughly softened, taking care that no more water remains than is necessary to swe it completely. Prepare a plate of glass, carefully clean it, then coat with the *lightest possible film of oil. Place around this glass a rim just as high as the thick ness of the plate of gelatin is to be. Pour upon the prepared glass, which should be hot, the softened gelatin. Then lay over it a second glass, heated, and oiled, and press it gently down until it rests evenly on the top of the frame. This makes the thickness uniform, and if are is taken there will be neither bubble nor irregulation. larities. When cool, remove the gelating which may then be cut or shaped into any desired form. By adding coloring matter any shade can be secured. Aniline is the best for tinting."-New York Ledger.

The Typewriter Touch.

Now that typewriters are found in homes almost as commonly as the writing desk it is perhaps pertinent to remind women that the use of the machine is very hurtful to a plano player. The sharp stac-tio movements of the writing machine stiffen the fingers and tend to lessen the suppleness necessary for the plano keys.

Fought With Bows and Arrows. The last European battle in which bows and arrows were used was that of Leipsic, in October, 1813, when the French were defeated by the allies. The Russians brought into the field some Tartars whose only weapons were bows and arrows, and a French general was wounded by an ar-row in the battle.

She—I like this place immensely since they have the new French chef. He (weak in his French, but generous to a fault)—Waitah, bring chef for

Courtenay—When you proposed to Miss Dexter, did you get down on your knees? Barolay—No, I couldn't; she was sit-



A well selected text is half of the sermon. Given a good text and a preacher who is in earnest, and the result is sure to be good. The text of this article is a plain simple statement that proves itself in the reader's own mind without argu-ment. The text is "Good health is bet-The text of this article ter than great riches."
Without health nothing really matters

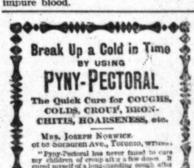
Without health nothing really matters yery much. A hacking cough takes all the beauty out of a landscape or a sunset. Erysipelas or eczema will spoil the enjoyment of sprightly conversation, of a beautiful concert, of a wonderful painting. The biggest bank account in the world won't pay a man for his health, but a very small amount of money will make him healthy and keep him healthy.

Most all bodily troubles start in the digrestive or respiratory organs. It is digestive or respiratory organs. It is here that improper living first makes an opening for disease. The development differs as constitutions and temperaments

differ. The causes are almost identical. To get at the root of the matter is simple enough if you start right.
Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is a medicine for the whole body. It works through the digestive organs on

works through the digestive organs on all the others.

It cures the first thing it comes to and after that, the next. It puts health in place of disease in the stomach, and from the vantage ground thus gained, it reaches every fiber of the body and drives disease before it—indigestion, liver troubles, kidney complaint, biliousness, skin and scalp diseases, salt-rheum, tetter, exceeding and all the troubles caused by eczema, and all the troubles caused by impure blood.



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for coughs, croup or hoarsoness." H. O. BARBOUR, of Little Rocher, N.B., writes:

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WOMEN'S CHRISTIAN TEMPERance Union, Chatham, meets every Thursday aftennoon at 3 o'clock in their rooms over Snell's Fair. A cor-dial invitation is extended to all interested in temperance work to unite

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