GARRISON SURRENDERS; CONSTITUTIONALISTS ARE NOW IN FULL CONTROL

LONDON, April 25.—The Daily Telegraph's Vienna correspondent sends the report that the Sulan has taken out of the palace by force at a late hour tonight, and that Mehemmed Reschad Effendi was installed in his place.

A special dispatch says that few of the inhabitants of Constantinople are aware of how dangerous a crisis was passed through last week, while the town was in the hands of the mutinous soldiers? It is stated that the mutineers clamored for money and threatened to taatck and loot the European quarter. In view of the urgent need the government succeeded in borrowing $1,000,000 and was able to pacify the men.

CONSTANTINOPLE, April 25.—The Yildiz garrison surrendered today to the Constitutional forces. The commanders of these battalions began sending in their submission to Mahmoud Schefket Pasha last night and the whole of the troops protecting the palace gave their formal and unconditional surrender shortly after dawn. Niazi Bey, who is called the hero of the July revolution, is now in command of the garrison.

Sultan Abdul Hamid has been permitted to remain within the walls of the Yildiz Kiosk, where yesterday with his ministers, he awaited the outcome of the struggle between his loyal troops and the army of investment, each hour bringing to him word of a fresh disaster. It has been stated, since victory rested with the Constitutionalists, that the Sultan himself gave orders to his men not to resist. Whether or not this is true, it can be safely said of the troops within the capital that they made a stubborn resistane at all points and the casualties on both sides are exceedingly heavy for the length of time the engagement was in progress.

ADEQUATE INQUIRY.

A representative of the commander-in-chief of the Constitutionalists is authority for saying that the Sultan will be dealt with by the parliament and that there will be an adequate inquiry into the sovereign's alleged complicity in the recent mutiny. Up to the present the ministry has not dissolved, but Constantinople and a number of other places have been declared in a state of seige. Martial law prevails and while there is uneasiness among the people, order has been maintained with a strict hand. The last garrison to surrender was the Selimieh artillery barracks in Scutari, opposite Stamboul. Four thousand statoned there with a hundred guns, threatened to blow the city into ruins, but today General Schefket ordered up sixty big guns and several batteries of machine guns to positions which commanded the barracks and the cruiser Medijeh steamed out of range of the field pieces and prepared for action. The commanded of the barracks thereupon submitted and the artillerymen will be marched out as the troops of the other garrisons already have been treated and made temporary prisoners without arms, to await transfer to outlying districts.

QUIET ASPECT.

Following yesterday's terrific fighting, the city toor on an aspect of strange quiet towards evening. There was some fear that there would be further fighting during the night, for the forces of General Scherfket were strongly posted close to the palace. But beyond a few scattering shots there was nothing to disturb the peace of the city. The investing troops were reinforced, however, in the fear that the Yildiz garrison would remain loyal to the Sultan and continue the struggle to the end. Fortunately the officers in command of these soldiers saw the hopelessness of resistance and there was no opposition when various commanders laid down their swords and gave over their detachments to the strongly-entrenched "enemy."

The proclamation of martial law in Constantinople and environs was followed by a circular note which was sent to each of the foreign ambassadors. It reads:

"I have the honor to inform your excellency that in view of the circumstances, a state of siege begins today in the capital, Ismid, Tchekmadje, Tchatalja, Gebize, Kostal and Beyooz.

(Signed) "MIFAAT,

"Minister of Foreign Affairs."

Colonel Galib, inspector general, has been made responsible for the preservation of order and placards have been posted about the city, requesting the people to continue their business, open the shops, on which the shutters are still up and to avoid accepting as true and repeating rumors prejudicial to tranquility of mind. The posters advise the populace to keep within doors from one hour after sunset until sunrise, but permission will be given by the officers of the watch to pass through the streets on necessary business after nightfall. The object in establishing martial law is chiefly to permit a military search of residences for fugitives and to bring seditious persons before military courts for trial.

The evacuation of the quarters around the Yildiz Kiosk began early in the morning. The soldiers of the garrison were made prisoners and their places were taken by Macedonian battalions. Had the Sultan looked out from the upper windows of his favorite yellow and white pavilion, he would have seen at dawn sentinels thickly scattered in the grounds between the palace and the Bosphorus and at the gates of the Canal, through which barges pass from the Yildiz toy lake to the Bosphorus. Later in front of the main gates of the palace, a row of eunuchs sat on chairs sunning themselves and watching the movements of the officers connected with the transfer of the guardianship of the Sultan's person.

Memdouk Pasha, commander of the surrendered palace guards, came slowly out of the gate. He was allowed to keep his sword, but was attended by officers whose swords were missing. Memdouk Pasha paused to talk with the correspondents.

"It is the will of Allah," said he. "We have done our duty."

"It was through me," remarked one of the chamberlains of the court, Ali Bey, "that his majesty sent the message to Memdouk Pasha not to resist. 'All of them,' said his majesty, 'still are my children. I do not wish any more bloodshed.' When the Sultan gave the command not to resist there was no resistance and the affair was ended."

The Sultan summoned his grand vizier, Tewfik Pasha, and the minister of war, Edhem Pasha, to come to him, when the guns began to sound yesterday morning. They remained with him throughout the day and received bulletins of the disaster from time to time.

The Sultan's bearing is described as troubled. He was silent and outwardly calm and was considerate and courteous toward his aides and others who came in contact with him.

REPORT OF BOMBARDMENT.

The report of the coming bombardment spread throughout the city, causing great uneasiness. In the forenoon traffic was stopped on the Bosphorus, the ferries being used to transfer infantry and artillery to the opposite sides. Sixty guns were placed in position and trained on the barracks and several batteries of machine guns were brought up. A cruiser lying in the harbor steamed out of range of the field pieces, but closed down when she reached a distance where her heavy guns could reach the barracks. When everything was ready another demand was made for the surrender of the Selimish artillerymen, accompanied by the information that it was useless for them to engage against such odds, particularly since the sultan had himself consented to the troops of the palace yielding. The commander of the barracks late in the afternoon agreed to the surrender, and the shifting of the garrison probably will begin tomorrow without a shot being fired.

There is still some disquietude about the city. Long supply trains are coming from the country districts, these consisting of strings of donkeys, each with two boxes of ammunition slung over its back; ox carts, rudely built, filled with supplies, herds of sheep, and cattle, and some splendid artillery horses and various little ponies.

USES BABY'S OWN TABLETS ONLY.

Mrs. Wm. Bell, Falkland, B. C., says: "I have five little ones, ranging from one to eleven years of age, and when any of them are ailing I always give them Baby's Own Tablets, which always brings prompt relief. I do not think there is anything you can keep in the house as good as Baby's Own Tablets." Thousands of other mothers speak just as warmly of this medicine, which never fails to cure all stomach, bowel and teething troubles. Guaranted by a government analyst to be perfectly safe. Sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

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by destroying insect life wholesale, vastly increases the yield from every field and orchard.

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WM. COOPER & NEPHEWS TORONTO.

AGENTS WANTED.

LLAMAS TRAINED FOR RIDING.

At Ampthill, England, may be seen the unusual sight of a small flock of llamas. These have been trained by Mr. Wingfield for riding. Each can carry a full-grown man at a considerable pace. Wingfield also keeps a small flock of ostriches. Some of these are ridden by his men without saddle or bridle. In this most interesting collection are also camels and yaks.

SCORES OF THOUSANDS OF CHRISTIANS SLAIN; 15,000 IN ADANA ALONE

BEIRUT, April 25.—The situation in Asiatic Turkey is one of extreme gravity. How many thousands have been massacred cannot even be estimated, because the disturbances have been so widespread that it is impossible to secure details of the happenings during the past ten days. The latest estimates of the number killed in the vilayet of Adana reaches approximately 25,000 and thousands have been done to death in the towns of other districts. The state of siege which several of the places are undergoing, has the inhabitants to the verge of starvation and each day brings its tales of further atrocities and the depths of misery and despair to which the savagery of the fanatics has brought the people.

Several warships are now in these waters, but the disorders are so far-reaching that the efforts of the powers to restore normal conditions have as yet hardly been felt. The French cruiser Jules Ferry arrived here today, and left almost immediately for Latika, where swarms of refugees are pouring in. British, French and German warships are at other ports, and marines have been landed to quell disorders as far as possible at the more important points.

Immense Bands

One of the missionaries at Alexandrette, Mr. Kennedy, with 450 Turkish troops, has gone to the relief of Deourtyul, an Armenian village on the coast where 10,000 people within the walls are besieged by immense bands of Kirds and Circassians. Only two days ago a British warship returned from that place, the governor having refused the commander permission to land a relief party. The water supply has been cut off from the town and the besieged are suffering greatly on that account. The children are drinking out of animal tracks after a shower. There was incessant firing on Greek subjects sent out under an escort yesterday.

Confirmation has been received of the burning of the Armenian village of Kessab. All the men and many women and children have been slain. The American property of Kessab was destroyed. Miss Chambers, an American missionary, is safe.

A British warship has been ordered from Alexardretta to Suediah, where conditions have become worse. All the property of the Christians at Dejeer Bereket has been destroyed. The total loss is unknown, but it will be enormous. Reports state that Hadjin, in the vilayet of Adana, is on fire. There are five American women quartered here, including Miss Lambert, who has been sending out appeals for help; Miss Virginia A. Billings and Miss Bowman. The authorities have refused permission to Messrs Lawson and Chambers, also American missionaries, to go to their relief. Frantic appeals for protection and for food are coming in from all sections. Beirut it quiet.

WINDSOR MAN IS A SUICIDE

M. G. DeWolfe Drowns Himself

ILL HEALTH, CAUSE

Elmhurst Hotel at Liverpool Destroyed by Fire

HALIFAX, N. S., April 25.—The Elmhurst Hotel, Liverpool, N. S., was destroyed by fire this morning. The alarm was given at five o'clock, when the building was discovered in flames. A fierce fight was given the firemen, who kept the flames to the doomed building.

The weather was very cold, ice formed rapidly and the work was exceedingly dangerous. The home of E. R. Mulhall, manager of the Union Bank of Halifax, received slight damage. The hotel was lately closed to the public and the proprietor is in New York. Dr. C. B. Trites jumped from a second story window, receiving a shaking up.

The insurance is $3500.

Church Burned

The Baptist Church, Canard street, Kings county, was burned yesterday afternoon. A high wind prevailing, the fire was soon beyond control. The loss is about $8,000; insurance, $300. R. C. Dickie's residence was with difficulty saved.

G. DeWolfe, one of the widest known and most respected citizens of Kentville, who has for some time been suffering ill health and a severe attack of despondency, drowned himself in the Cornwallis river near his own residence, this afternoon. The body has not been recovered. Mr. DeWolfe has identified himself with every movement for the improvement, advancement and welfare of the town, and was a prominent member of the Maritime Board of Trade, serving as president there of the N. S. Fruit Growers' Association, and of the N. S. Farmers' Association. He was 63 years old.

COURT HOUSE AT EDMUNSTON IS DESTROYED

EDMUNSTON, April 25.—About 5.50 Sunday morning the court house here was discovered on fire. The blaze spread with great rapidity to the outbuildings and residence of the sheriff, completely gutting the entire buildings. The sheriff's family, who narrowly escaped, fled in their night robes and sought shelter with neighbors.

The Bank of Montreal was nearly out of reach of the fiery tongues, yet the terrific heat broke the windows and blistered the woodwork, which was in immediate danger of igniting.

Many valuable papers and records both of municipal and private practitioners were lost in the destructive blaze. Messrs. Stevenson and Lawson, Michaud and Cormier and Mr. Plant, lawyers of Edmunston, lost valuable manuscripts. For one hour and a half the buildings burned until only ashes remained. Every available means were used to battle with the destructive elements, but all unsuccessfully. Fortunately there were no accidents, although the loss must be considerable. It is believed that the buildings were insured for about $4,000. The fire is supposed to have caught through the overheating of furnace.

TEDDY SLAYS WILD BEASTS

Kills Two and a Gazelle

FINE WEATHER

The Colonel Starts for the Ranch of Sir Alfred Pease

NAIROBI, British East Africa, April 25.—After a brief hunting expedition last evening at Papiti Plains, ex-President Roosevelt and his party broke camp and started for the ranch of Sir Alfred Pease, on the Athi River, today. Colonel Roosevelt spent part of yesterday afternoon sorting his kit while Kermit and several of the men went to try their luck with the rifles. An old settler, who seemed to take a liking to Kermit, offered to show him a likely place for good sport. They succeeded in bringing down one buck.

Colonel Roosevelt's first hunt was favored by fine weather and he enjoyed the experience immensely. He bagged two wild beasts and a Thompson gazelle. In one respect Mr. Roosevelt was somewhat disappointed, as he had been anxious to secure a Grant's gazelle, whose massive horns are much sought after for trophies. The hunt lasted several hours and all the members of the party were well tired out when they returned to the camp.

Smallpox is prevalent at Nairobi and two cases have developed among the porters at Capiti. These have been quarantined and the strictest precautions are being observed to prevent a spread of the disease among those attached to the Roosevelt party. The danger of this is now considered slight. The police still maintain their measures for the protection of the Americans from annoyance. They will not permit any, except those designated by Colonel Roosevelt to go with the expedition.

EVERY WOMAN WHO SUFFERS

Can Find Sure Relief in Dodd's Kidney Pills

MRS. J. OLIVER TELLS HOW SHE LOST HER PAINS AND WEAKNESS WHEN SHE USED THE OLD RELIABLE KIDNEY REMEDY.

ELGIN, Ont., April 23.—Women who suffer, and there are thousands of them in Canada, will hear with interest the experience of Mrs. J. Oliver of this place. She has suffered and found a cure and she has no hesitation in saying that cure is Dodd's Kidney Pills.

"I suffered for over a year from Backache and Fainting Spells," Mrs. Oliver states. "I was tired and nervous all the time and the least exertion would make me perspire freely. My feet and ankles would swell and I had a dragging sensation across the loins. I saw Dodd's Kidney Pills advertised and bought some. Twelve boxes cured me."

All women who suffer should use Dodd's Kidney Pills. They make healthy Kidneys and healthy Kidneys are the first rule of health for woman. The female organs depend almost entirely on the Kidneys for their health. No woman can hope to be healthy and happy unless her Kidneys are right. The Kidneys need occasional help or they must become tired or sick. And almost any woman can tell you out of her own experience that Dodd's Kidney Pills are the help they need.

WOMAN DIES AS A RESULT OF

TORONTO, April 24.—Mrs. Jarmain was chased by a tramp near her home at Delaware village recently and badly frightened. Shortly afterwards she gave birth to a child. The shock affected the woman seriously and she could not rally. She died today and her infant also passed away within a few hours.

ANGLICANS ON CHURCH UNION.

TORONTO, April 24.—The House of Bishops of the English Church received yesterday a memorial from the other denominations in regard to church union. The memorial was referred to a special committee on the subject.

True politeness is to do and say The kindest things in the kindest way.

OTTAWA CAPTURES MUSICAL TROPHY

MONTREAL, April 25. — The Earl Grey musical trophy was won again this year by its present holders, the Ottawa Conservatory of Music. No decision was announced in the dramatic competition, nor for the Margaret Anglin bracelet, awarded the best lady player. The Toronto companies, the players and the "Garrison Club" appeared on Saturday night and their excellence set the score up to date and played the decision in doubt. It will be announced during the coming week from Ottawa.

TORONTO, April 25. — Rev. William White will be appointed bishop to China at a meeting of bishops of the Church of England tomorrow.

ANOTHER ITALIAN SOLD THE ARDENT

FREDERICTON, April 25.—Camille Segasta was fined $50 on Friday at Boiestown by Commissioner Ferris for keeping liquor for sale. A barrel of liquor found in Segasta's possession was ordered destroyed.

The weather continues very cold and the river is falling. The log driving company have yet several score booms to put out. There are no logs whatever running as yet.

The effectiveness of housecleaning can be materially increased by the use of paints and varnishes. Your work will show results, the house will not only *be* cleaner but *look* cleaner.

SHERWIN-WILLIAMS BRIGHTEN UP FINISHES

Perhaps there is a chair or two that should be varnished, some shelving to be painted, or a floor with worn spots that needs refinishing. It's the small things like these that in the aggregate make a house "spick and span and homey."

S-W. Brighten Up Finishes include a paint, varnish, stain and enamel finish for everything inside the house. Tell the Sherwin-Williams dealer what you want to finish and he will give you the Brighten Up Finish particularly adapted for your purpose. Write for booklet, B-60.

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LARGEST PAINT AND VARNISH MAKERS IN THE WORLD.
MONTREAL TORONTO WINNIPEG

Brighten Up

PREMIER HAZEN PLANS A GERRYMANDER ACT FOR WESTMORLAND

FREDERICTON, N. B., April 25.—The lexislature might not now prorogue nearly as soon as was expected, judging from proceedings in the House yesterday, and it may be difficult to wind up at the end of the week. Two motions of want of confidence, one by Mr. Copp and the other by Mr. Robinson, of which due notice was given on Saturday, adds considerable to the programme, of these mean a big debate. The first motion comes up Monday afternoon, and as it is said no adjournment will be allowed. This means a very late or all night session.

The premier during the afternoon introduced a bill which will bring forth probably much comment, and when it comes up for its second reading be talked about. The bill, which did not come as any great surprise, divides Westmorland into two ridings for local elections, one to consist of Moncton, which is to have one member, and the other the parishes outside of the city, which will elect three. The population af Westmorland is 42,000, of which Moncton is said to have about 12,000.

The opposition sprang a surprise on the House yesterday afternoon in calling for a division on the bill to increase salaries of certain of the executive. The opposition was with one exception (Labillois) present in full, while no less than nine of the government supporters failed to show up. The bill carried, 21 to 14. Mr. Burchill voted with the opposition, so he has cast a vote for each side to date. As Mr. Burchill left for home last evening, and does not expect to return this session, he can leave both parties still guessing as to his feelings.

The lady suffragists spent a busy Saturday lobbying in the House and they were much disappointed when their bill did not find a place in the proceedings yesterday. They worked hard and the member who expressed himself as opposed to suffrage had a pretty tough time. This class generally took to their heels and could not be caught again.

The House met at three o'clock.

The following bills received their third reading: Relating to St. John Municipal Home; to change the name of Daniel Donahue; to authorize St. John to build a bridge across the harbor; to incorporate the Internation Power Company; to incorporate Bathurst Skating and Curling Company; to authorize the municipality of Gloucester to make a temporary loan; to amend the act respecting the division of the province into counties, towns and parishes; to amend the act to incorporate the Town of St. Stephen; respecting the encouragement of the use of mussel-mud as fertilizer; respecting the executive council. A division was taken upon the third reading of the latter bill, the vote being as follows:

Yeas—Hon. Messrs. Hazen, Flemming, Grimmer, Morrissy, Landry, McLeod and Maxwell, Messrs. Dickson, Woods, Slipp, Hartt, Munro, Pinder, Young, Robinson, Glasier, Maclachlan, Allain, Bourque Hatheway and Sherridan—21.

Nays—Messrs. Currie, Robinson, McKeown, Sweeney, Copp, Tweeddale, Burgess, Leger (West), Lowell, Byrne, Sormany, Leger (Glou.), Upham and Burchill—14.

Mr. Munro reported for the municipalities committee.

Mr. Dickson presented the report of the agriculture committee.

Hon. Mr. Hazen introduced a bill relating to the issue of debentures by school trustees of the town of Newcastle.

ELECTIONS ACT.

Hon. Mr. Hazen introduced a bill toament the New Brunswick Elections Act. He explained the purpose of the bill was to separate the City of Moncton from the county as an electoral district. The bill provided that the City of Moncton would have one member and the County of Westmorland, autside the city, three members.

Mr. Sweeney rose to a question of privilege. He said he had before him a copy of the Moncton Times of the 23rd April, in which some reflections were made upon him that were manifestly unfair. He had once before called the attenton of the House to the scurrilous attacks upon members of the opposition by the correspondent of the Moncton Times, who was one of the official reporters of the House, and as such was paid by the whole country.

He wished the house to understand that he did not make a practice of repudiating any statements he made in the house. Neither was he given to the practice of making reckless statements in his addresses before the house. He felt somewhat flattered the other day at the attention given to his remarks by members of the house. He did not repudiate any statement he had made, but he would not resume responsibility for the unfair and juggled statements that are sent out as official reports of the speeches of members.

The House went into committee of the whole, Mr. Copp in the chair, to consider a bill authorizing the City of St. John to transfer its harbor properties to a commission.

Hon. Mr. Maxwell explained that the bill had been carefully gone over in committee and the Recorder had drafted the amendments there recommended. It protected every person and every interest in the City of St. John. The bill agreed to. Also a bill to regulate the construction of buildings in the City of St. John, which was agreed to; also a bill relating to the St. John police force.

Mr. Maclauchlan said he had been requested by the town council of Chatham to have the provision of the bill extend to Chatham, and he moved an amendment to this effect.

Also a bill relating to civic elections in the City of St. John providing for a poll tax of $5 in certain cases, and that all persons to be qualified to vote in civic elections must have their taxes then due paid fourteen days before date of election. Bill agreed to. Also a bill regarding the assessing and collecting of taxes in St. John. A section was added to this bill providing that the exemption clauses of the act and the clause relating to the $5 poll tax would come in force immediately, the balance of the act coming in force on October 1st next.

Bill agreed to with amendments and the several bills were agreed to as reported.

House adjourned at 5.40.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

KINGSTON, Ont., April 24.—The following prizes were announced by Queen's Medical College faculty last night: Faculty prize in anatomy, W. E. Wilkins, Vernon, Ont.; faculty prize, $25, for highest marks on second year examinations in anatomy, physiology, histology and chemistry, R. A. Simpson, Chipman, N. B., New York Alumni Association Scholarship, $50, for highest marks in honor, physiology and histology, F. Boyd, M.A.; faculty for highest marks in honor, physiology and histology, F. Boyd, M.A.; faculty prize for highest percentage of marks on second year examination in materia medica, therapeutics and pharmacy, R. A. Simpson, Chipman, N. B.; Dean Fowler scholarship for highest percentage of marks on work of third year, S. M. Polson, M. A., Kingston; faculty prize for best written and practical examination in third year pathology; S. M. Polson, M.A., Kingston; prize of $25 given by Dr. W. C. Barber for best examination in mental diseases, M. C. McKinnon, Whitmroad Cross, P. E. I.; medial in medicine, J. G. McCann, Perth; medal in surgery, D. A. Carmichael, B.A., Unionville.

Naptho SOAP

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THE WELCOME SOAP CO. ST. JOHN, N.B.

SACKVILLE GI[RL] HIGHLY HONOR[ED]

Dr. Laura Hart cieves Medal

IS IN INDIA

Words of Praise for Valuable Work in Beh[alf] of Missions

Word has been received here t[hat] a brilliant gathering in the Banqueting Hall in Madras, Ind[ia] March 17th Dr. Louisa Hart, [of] American Mission Gosha Hosp[ital] Vellore, daughter of Rev. T. D[.] and Mrs. Hart, of Sackville, an[d] known in St. John and throughou[t] provinces, was presented wit[h] Kaiser-i-Hind-Medal of the [2nd] Class for public service in Ind[ia] His Excellency, Sir Arthur L[atham] governor of the Presidency of M[adras] Miss Hart was highly complimen[ted] His Excellency after the presen[tation]

On the same evening, His [Excel]lency invested the Prince of Ar[cot] native ruler, with the order of [the] Commander of the Indian E[mpire] another native ruler and Hon[. Mr.] Gibbs with the order of Comm[ander] of the Indian Empire; and a thi[rd In]dian ruler with the Badge of the [2nd] Class of the Most Exalted Ord[er of] the Star of India. The ceremon[y was] attended by much grandeur. [Taking] place, as the Madras Times says [in the] hall where "the chandeliers reflec[ted] a thousand colors the lights [with] they carried, whilst the walls [were] dazzling in their brightness." Hi[s Ex]cellency was attended by his sec[retar]ies and aide de-camps and by a [guard] of honor from the Dorset Regime[nt as] well as by his body guard. A [com]pany of the Carnatic Infantry [was] posted in front of the hall. Amon[g the] distinguished persons present [were] Lady Lawley, Miss Lawley, a nu[mber] of Indian princes, the Chief Just[ice,] the Bishop of Madras, and membe[rs of] the military and diplomatic se[rvice.] His Excellency's band was stat[ioned] in the gallery of the hall. His [sons] were the sons of the Rajah of K[olhapu]pam and the Kumara Rajah of V[izia]atagiri. "Handsome little fellows," [says] the Times, "they made quite a pi[cture] in their blue tunics and turbans, [trim]med with gold lace and blazing [with] jewels."

When Miss Hart came forward [to] receive her medal from the hand[s of] His Excellency she was escorted [by] Captain Duff, the military secre[tary,] Mr. A. Y. G. Campbell, the pr[ivate] secretary, and one of the gover[nor's] aides. His Excellency in his sp[eech] "paid a glowing tribute to the [noble] work done by Miss Hart and, thr[ough] her, also to the American Missio[n at] Vellore."

Part of His Excellency's speech [was] as follows: "In the first place I d[esire] to convey my cordial felicitation[s to] Miss Louisa Hart, who has com[e to] India from the Far West to under[take] the noble task of upraising the [women] the suffering and the sinful of [this] land. On behalf of the Governm[ent] and in the name of all in this cou[ntry] whether Anglo-Saxons or Indian[s I] ask her acceptance of our co[rdial] greetings and best thanks. I have [visit]ed Vellore and witnessed the admi[rable] work in which she is engaged. [Miss] Hart is there carrying on a labo[r of] love, and by the devotion of scie[ntific] skill and ceaseless personal effo[rt] bringing help and comfort and hop[e to] the suffering and the poor. It ha[s gi]ven been my pleasure to speak of [the] splendid work done in this countr[y by] Christian Missions, and I know o[f no] more conspicuous example than [that] of the Mission in Vellore. It has e[arned] the gratitude and the admira[tion] of all of us who have eyes to see [and] hearts to feel, and I know that I [am] only expressing the opinion of all [here] present when I say that we congratu[late] Miss Hart most sincerely on this [re]cognition of her noble work and [pray] that she may long live to wear [the] Kaiser-i-Hand medal with which [she] has just been presented."

Dr. Hart is now en route home [on] furlough.

KILLED ON SUNDAY NEAR GRAND FAL[LS]

John Johnson, of North E[nd] Crushed to Death Unde[r] Falling Rock

John Johnson, of this city, was [ter]ribly crushed, and killed by a fal[l of] rock on the Grand Trunk Pacific [con]struction near Grand Falls yester[day] afternoon.

Johnson and another man were at [work] 3 o'clock at work on Johnson's [con]tract about ten miles out from Gr[and] Falls towards the Tobique. They w[ere] in charge of the dynamite work [and] blasting out a rock cutting. Th[ere] was a fall of rock from the top of [the] cutting and both men were buried [be]neath. Johnson's body was crus[hed] and his legs broken in five places. [His] companion was also badly injure[d.]

Johnson remained conscious and [re]quested that his sister, who is M[rs.] Thomas Strayhorn, of St. John, be [no]tified.

Dr. Puddington and Dr. Roul[ey] were summoned and did all in th[eir] power to relieve the sufferings of [the] injured man. A team was procu[red] and an endeavor was made to b[ring] him to Grand Falls. When al[most] three miles from Grand Falls he d[ied.]

The remains were conveyed to [the] Curless Hotel. Mr. Curless, of the [ho]tel, was in communication with [the] Star and asked that Mrs. Strayh[orn] be notified.

Word was sent to her at her ho[me on] Main street.