the largest husiness in dressed poultry as follows. No. 1 dressed chickens, 16-18 cents a pound fowl, 18-15 cents; turkeys, 21-23 cents; durks 18-17 cents, and gene, 18-18 cents. These prices as neual are less express charges only.

#### Har

#### CANADIAN VISIBLE SUPPLY

Week End	ing Decemb	Onts	Barley
Fort William at			
Port Arthur Ter. Depot Harbor		1,878,587 284,927	756,608
Meaford	237,890	68,046	******
Midland, Tiffin	1,408,956	1,216,515	180,986
Collingwood	29,590		******
Goderich	714,174	939,046	45,453
Sarnia, Pt. Ed	338,048		20,140
Part Colborne	563,063		
Kingston	23,570	68,000	57,000
Prescott			1,650
Quebec		95,809	46,978
Montreal		1,495,056	
St. John, N.B. Victoria Harbor	2,970,000	691,000	221,000
Totals	12,121,796	6,047,186	1,889,115
In vessels in Can- adian Ter. Har. At Buffalo and Duluth	1,984,690	1,008,065	484,756
	5,286,625	90,000	110,000
Total	17,595,111	7 765 449	1,885,851
Total	12,564,497	C 455 654	
Total last week			1,84,018
(Including affoat At Midland and 78,200 U.S. oats in	Tiffin are 50		

#### CHICAGO WHEAT MARKET

chicago, Dec. 22.—Priday's rumor of a Canadias est shortage proving groundless Saturday, but est led other grains downward, closing | to | er, while corn and oats receded | to | to | to | lunchanged to | to | respectively. Friday's pulge in wheat was based largely on a report t a private authority had estimated the Canam crop at 5,000,000 bushels less than the government figures.

fine crop at 5,000,000 bushels less than the gov-ment figures.

Saturday, responsible officials of the Farm Imple-ciat company, to whom rumor had credited the rivate report declared that they had received a divices of the nature rumored.

The spot market was dull and excellent harvest-ig weather reported from Argentina. Around 91 ents for May, the market developed resting orders, and the close was heavy at a shade over the price. (ay ranged between 91] to \(\frac{1}{2}\) and 91, closing at (10 \(\frac{1}{2}\).

It to i.

In corn the situation, remained unchanged with regard to the news and prices followed wheat. May sold between 49 to i and 48 closing easy to i down at 48 to i. Shipping demand was slow.

The oats fluctuated narrowly and trade was stureless. The quantity available for delivery i December contracts increased. May ranged tween 33 to 33 to closing to t down at the latter

#### LIVERPOOL MARKETS

Liverpo market w						a	981	m	Ē	p	ri	Ct	*	1	92	8	24	rd	ву	n
Manitoba	No.	1	N	or.																
Manitoba	No.	. 2	N	σę.	 								٠,	ä	, in	ú.		н	.06	н
Manitoba	No.	. 3	N	or.										ä	u	e.		1	.04	н
December					Ç,			٠.							u			1	.03	н
March																		1	0.5	Ы
May						3		- 1	-	6								T.	.03	5
Wheat																				

rices and firmer American cables. There is improved demand from the continent and cares are steadily held. Following the opening re was a disposition to realize and prices ded it of on the sharp advance in consols at close, decline at Buenos Ayres and the consed good weather in Argentine for harvesting movement and confirmed reports of very w damage from the recent rain. Expectations for heavy American shipments this week, the close the market easy, it o it off from the sing, and i lower than yesterday.

orn opened i higher and later further added it o i with the strength in Plate grade, it is a good demand from Spain. Freer hases of American for January and February ment are noted.

### NATIONAL GRAIN STOOKER

Some inquiries in regard to the National Grain Stooker company, of Winnipeg, have come to The Guide. We understand that there are farmer shareholders of this company all over the West, and will be glad to hear from a number of them stating as to whether they have seen stookers manufactured by this company in operation, and if so, with what success. Also we would like to know from the shareholders upon what terms and representation the

#### THE GRAIN GROWERS' GUIDE.

Excited Passenger (as train whizzes by) But I thought that train stopped here Cabby-It ought to, but there is a little coolness between the engineer and the station master, so it never does.

She—In a way, getting married is like using the telephone.

He—How so?

She—One doesn't always get the party

#### DIRECT LEGISLATION BANQUET

Supporters of Direct Legislation from all parts of Manitoba met in Winnipeg on Friday, December 20, and exchanged mutual congratulations upon the progress which this democratic movement is making in Canada. At the annual meeting of the Direct Legislation league of Manitoba, held at the Industrial Burean in the afternoon, the whole of the officers were re-elected, with the addition of E. D. Martin and Professor Mobius to the advisory board, and it was decided to invite the Political Equality league to affliate and appoint representatives to the executive. In the even ing a very successful banquet was held, at which speeches were delivered by Dr. J. N. Hutchison, president, Dr. S. G. Bland, R. L. Richardson, T. A. Crerar, R. L. Scott, treasurer, and F. J. Dixon,

The annual report presented at the business meeting by the organizer was as follows:

"Our executive committee has quested me to report progress. On the whole our cause has prospered during the past year. A large number of meet-ings have been held, and our member-ship has been more than doubled. I have addressed 140 meetings in Manitoba on the subject of Direct Legislation. The aggregate attendance at these meetings was 9,000, making an average of 64 persons to each meeting. The number ranged from 6 up to 600. It is a happy omen for our cause that we receiving requests for speakers to address all sorts and conditions of men. During the past year our speakers have adressed the Presbyterian Synod, the Methodist Conference, the annual meet-ing of the Manitoba Grain Growers' as sociation, a number of church clubs, Sunday school pienies, Epworth Leagues, organizations and trade unions and oven air meetings, on the market square and at the railway shops

#### Membership Grows

"One of the most successful propa ganda meetings of the season was the banquet held in Manitoba hall on May About 225 representative citizens of Winnipeg attended this banquet, and a number of splendid speeches were made. During the past year we have secured over 800 new members to our league, and have distributed about 40,000 ricces of literature.

"'We owe a debt of gratitude to the press for the splendid support which it has given our cause, especially The Grain Grower's Guide, The Voice, the Winnipeg Tribune and the Manitoba Free Press.

#### Progress Further West

"In addition to the work we have done in Manitoba, we assisted in the formation of a Direct Legislation league for Saskatchewan, of which S. J. Farmer is now organizer. The government of that province is bringing in a bill at this session to establish Direct Legislation. In Alberta the government is also working upon a Direct Legislation bill. One of the most hopeful signs is the fact that both parties are unanimous for Direct Legislation in our sister provinces. We deeply regret that our premier has seen fit to denounce the active workers of our league as 'dangerous demagogues,' and on several occasions has spoken against Direct Le-gislation. We are, however, circulating a petition which will be presented to the Legislature in the spring asking that a vote of the people be taken on this question. We believe that we shall be able to get a majority of the voters of the province to sign this petition and we hope that the premier will bow to the will of the people.

#### In the Cities

"In addition to the provincial move-ment for Direct Legislation, the cities are also coming our way. The city of St. John adopted a new charter last spring which places the city under the commission form of government with the initiative, referendum and recall. Vancouver will come under this system on Jan. 1, 1913. The rateravers of Lethbridge voted on this question on Dec. 9, and by an overwhelming ma-jority decided in favor of the commission form of government with the initiative, referendum and recall. We have good reason to be pleased with the progress nor cause is making, but we



some of the American points in bond, as well as all rail east. Our connections enable us to give you the destination most advisable in order that you may be able to make an early and prompt disposition of your grain. Send us samples and advise when you are ready to ship and we will be pleased to let you know where best to forward it to.

Your consignments will be handled strictly on commission when entrusted to us on consignment. We have the necessary facilities to properly look after your interests and procure you highest going prices when effecting sale.

Should you wish track quotations any time that cars are loaded, drop us a wire and we will quote you for immediate acceptance. WE ARE PREPARED TO PAY A PREMIUM ON OATS FOR SHIPMENT.

Write us for any information you might wish re shipping and disposition of grain in car loads.

JAMES RICHARDSON & SONS LP COMMISSION DEPARTMENT

GRAIN EXCHANGE CALGARY. TRUST & LOAN BLOG, WINNIPEG

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You want results. We get them for you | Write for market quotations and ask for values Make Bill of Lading read "PETER JANSEN CO., PORT ARTHUR," or "FORT WILLIAM"

ust not cease our efforts to establish Direct Legislation in Manitoba as speedily as possible. The need for it becomes more apparent every day."

# SHORT COURSE IN POULTRY HUS-BANDRY

The Poultry Department of Manitoba Agricultural college, Winnipeg, Canada, will give its first short course on "The Care and Management of Poultry" this winter, from January 8 to 29, 1913. This is the first short course of its kind ever offered to the people of Western Canada interested in poultry. It is held at a time of the year when farm work is quite slack, thus giving the farmer, his wife, son or daughter a splendid opportunity of spending three weeks studying poultry at our college, and, with the in-formation gained, go back to the farm and make poultry-keeping a better pay-ing branch of their farm work. This course also offers inducements to the poultry breeder to become better ac-quainted with the various breeds of poultry, and their care and management. Equipment

On the college poultry plant there are poultry houses of various types and designs, having a capacity of five hundred head of poultry. There is a large lecture room in the poultry building, to be used for the lecture work; a killing room, for demonstration in killing, poultry for the poultry and dressing poultry for the plucking and dressing poultry for the market; besides an incubator room and feed rooms. The poultry on the plant consists of twenty-two different varie-ties of chickens, five breeds of ducks. four of geese, and two of turkeys, all of which are available for lecture work and demonstration purposes. On the plant are seven colony houses, also vari ous makes and sizes of incubators and brooders, fattening crates, feed hoppers, brood coops, egg crates, and models of

poultry houses and appliances.

In the three weeks available for this course, lectures, demonstrations and practical exercises will be given on the

most important points of poultfy man-

## Lectures

Some of the topics which will be dis-ussed in the lectures are—

The importance of the poultry indus try; poultry-keeping as a branch of mixed farming; location, design and construction of poultry buildings; types and breeds of poultry, their origin, his-tory and development; principles of breeding; selection and breeding for egg production; inembation; brooding and rearing chicks; fattening, killing

and dressing poultry for the market. Seventy-five per cent of the poultry products placed on our Winnipeg mar-kets are produced outside the Province. With dressed poultry selling at 25c a pound, and new-laid eggs scarce at up to 60c a dozen, we cannot emphasize too

strongly the importance of raising more poultry on our Manitoba farms.

This course offers a splendid oppor-tunity to learn how to make poultry raising pay. Men and women interested in poultry will be admitted to this course, provided their application has been accepted. Application blanks and full information may be obtained by writing for our calendar.

Students must be at the college for registration on the morning of Wednes-day, January 8. Classes will begin at day, January S. Classes will begin at 1.30 p.m. on the same day. The regular classes will begin at 9 o'clock in the morning, and at 1.30 in the afternoon. Aregistration fee of three dollars (\$3.00) will be charged all students, the same to be paid at the Bursar's office when registering.

#### KILLED HIMSELF

- "You say he died from a single blow administered by himself?"
- "Certainly. "But it isn't possible."
- "Yes, it is.
- "But how did he do it?"
  "Blew out the gas?"
  "Oh!"