not a coward, no
trages without such
A wooden man is
figure. A man with
, a man earnestly try-
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itics might see, may
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aracter for men taking
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sought it. Each Chris-
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od does not require all
r Wesley, but each one
grace. We protest
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to dispute such adoc-
each man be judged, by
Central Advocate.

mentary.

ORTLAND, ST. JOHN, N.B.,
t. John, N. B., on the
the 60th year of his age,

d protracted illness in
on with a proper offer,
nthson, Mr. Jordan was
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r the ministry of the
Jordan became a mem-
Church, his union with
aintained for full forty
oned him to join the
the first born before the
Lamb.
an life was marked by
f purpose, by high spiri-
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A liberal supporter of
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rs before his decease, a
eart attack solemnly and
him that his journey
ot be a lengthened one.
und himself drawing near
ty, he was not taken by
ntage. He was ready to
e shadows of the death
darkened around him,
y extatic, yet amid the
ss of the closing hours,
deep peace of the dying
in what a burst of cloud-
pathway ends, by what
is faltering footsteps are
e covenanted and quench-
y rely forever and ever.
, esteemed him much, and
J. R. N.

Assembly.

TUESDAY, Feb 4th.

Address was resumed, and
Mr. Blanchard, was read
se then adjourned.

WEDNESDAY, 5th.

o'clock and proceeded
with the Address to his
leased to make the fol-

men of the House of As-

Address, and I receive
rances of the unabated
represent, and of their
h Crown
y they have uniformly
archical institutions will
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al changes and of any
ch you may consider the
or in a spirit of calmness

serve that you approve
n since my accession to
e prepared to give your
veral important matters
your care.
gned)
HASTINGS DOYLE,
and Lieut. Governor.

llowing Committees was
Standing Committee of
y., Mr. Blanchard, Dr.
rison, W. H. Townsend,
Donald.
appointed Chairman of
Chairman of Commit-

d the following resolu-
Confederation:
f the Legislative Assem-
cted in 1862, simply to
nial Constitution, had no
consent to any material
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people at the polls.
n of the 10th of April,
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ws:
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ration of the British N.
ould take place:
hat his Excellency the
horized to appoint Dele-
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h will effectually ensure
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ill not secure just pro-
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em consented to would
rive the people of this
, liberty, and independ-
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their trade, commerce
ement of their railroads
ty, expose them to arbit-
tion by a Legislature over
adequate control and
and self-governed Pro-
condition of a depend-

"That no fundamental or material change of the Constitution of the Province can be made in any other constitutional manner than by a statute of the Legislature, sanctioned by the people, after the subject matter of the same has been referred to them at the polls, the Legislature of a colonial dependency having no power or authority implied from their relation to the people as their legislative representatives to overthrow the Constitution under which they were elected and appointed.

"That the scheme of confederating Canada New Brunswick and Nova Scotia was never submitted to the people of this Province at the polls before the 18th day of September, last, upwards of two and a half months after the British North America Act was, by the Queen's Proclamation, declared to be in force, when the people were thereby informed that they had been subjected without their consent to the absolute dominion of more populous and more powerful colonies, and had lost their liberty.

"That there being no statute of the Provincial Legislature confirming or ratifying the British North America Act, and the same never having been consented to, or authorized by the people at the Polls, nor the consent of this Province in any manner testified, the preamble of the act reciting that this Province had expressed a desire to be confederated with Canada and New Brunswick is untrue, and when the Queen and the Imperial Legislature were led to believe that this Province had expressed such a desire a fraud and imposition were practised upon them.

"That the truth of the Preamble of the British North America Act, reciting the desire of Nova Scotia to be confederated is essential to the constitutionality of the Statute, and if the same is false the Statute is defective, because a Statute cannot be rendered constitutional by assuming as true the condition which is indispensible to its constitutionality.

"That from the time the scheme of Confederation was first devised in Canada until it was consummated by the Imperial Actjin London, it was systematically kept from the consideration of the people of Nova Scotia, at the polls and the Executive Council and Legislature, in defiance of petitions signed by many thousands of the electors of this Province persistently and unswervingly prevented the same from being presented to the people.

"That at the recent election the question of Confederation exclusively occupied the attention of the people who were then for the first time enabled to express their will on a subject of the most vital importance to their happiness, and the result has proved that this Province does not desire to be annexed to Canada, and that the people of Nova Scotia repudiate the enforced provisions of the British North American Act, which for the reasons set forth in the foregoing Resolutions, they believe to be unconstitutional and in no manner binding upon the people of Nova Scotia.

"The the Quebec scheme which is embodied in the British North America act, imprudently attempted to be forced on the people of Nova Scotia, not only without their consent but against their will, has already created wide-spread irritation and discontent, and unless the same be withdrawn, will, we fear, be attended with the most disastrous consequences, as the loyal people of this Province are fully conscious of their rights as British subjects, set an inestimable value upon their free institutions, and will not willingly consent to the invasion of those rights, or to be subjected to the dominion of any other power than that of their lawful and beloved Queen.

"That the colonies were politically allied to each other by their common relationship to the Queen, and her Empire, in a more peaceable and less dangerous connection, than any scheme of Colonial Confederation that could be devised, even on the fairest, wisest and most judicious principles.

"That the people of Nova Scotia do not impute to Her Majesty the Queen and her Government any intentional injustice, as they are well aware that fraud and deception were practised upon them by those who misrepresented the public sentiment of this country, and who, for reasons we will not venture to describe, desired that Confederation might be forced upon this Province without the consent and against the will of the people.

"That an humble address be presented to the Queen, embodying the substance of the foregoing Resolutions, informing Her Majesty that her loyal people of Nova Scotia do not desire to be in any manner confederated with Canada, and praying Her Majesty to revoke her Proclamation, and to cause the British North America act to be repealed, as far as it regards the Province of Nova Scotia."

It was decided that these resolutions be made the order of the day for Saturday, Mr. NORTHUP and other gentlemen strongly urging the propriety of dealing with the question with as little delay as possible.

The House then adjourned.

THURSDAY, 6th.

The House met at 3 o'clock.

The list of Standing Committees was reported up by the Provincial Secretary. It is as follows:

Privileges and Rules.—Hon Atty General, Mr. Blanchard, Hon. Mr. Troop, Mr. Townsend, Mr. DesBrisay.

Education.—Hon. Provincial Secretary, Hon. Mr. Ferguson, Mr. Blanchard, Mr. Brown, Mr. Cochran, Mr. Murray, Mr. Smith.

Accounts.—Mr. Northup, Mr. Pineo, Mr Brown, Mr. Dickie, Mr. Ryerson.

Law Amendments.—Hon Mr. Troop, Mr. Morrison, Mr. D. McDonald, Mr. DesBrisay Mr. White.

Agriculture.—Mr. Young, Mr. Campbell, Mr. Landers, Mr. Copeland, Mr. Doucette.

Private and Local Bills.—Mr. Blanchard, Hon Commr. of Works and Mines, Mr. Hooper, Mr. Joseph McDonald, Mr. Purdy

Mines and Minerals.—Hon Mr. Ferguson, Mr. Chambers, Mr. Kirk, Mr. Northup, Mr. Townsend, Mr. White, Mr. Freeman.

Navigation.—Mr. Johnson, Mr. Eisenhauer, Mr. Ross, Mr. Morrison, Mr. Lawrence, Hon. Prov. Secy, Mr. Copeland.

Crown Lands.—Hon. Mr. Troop, Mr. Kidston Mr. Blanchard, Mr. Ryerson, Mr. Murray.

Trade and Manufactures.—Mr. Cochran, Mr. Chambers, Mr. Townsend, Mr. Dickie, Mr. Pineo.

Land Damages.—Hon. Mr. Flynn, Mr. Copeland, Mr. Doucette, Mr. Hooper.

Reporting and Printing.—Hon. Provincial Secretary, Hon. Commissr. Works and Mines, Hon. Mr. Troop, Mr. Pineo, Mr. Balcom.

Humane Institutions.—Mr. Blanchard, Mr. Brown, Mr. Murray, Mr. Townsend, Mr. DesBrisay, Mr. D. McDonald, Mr. Landers.

Contingencies.—Hon. Provincial Secretary Mr. Blanchard, Mr. Townsend.

It was decided that petitions for money grants must be presented through the Government, or they could be presented to the Provincial Secretary in the House.

Mr. Blanchard made an enquiry of the Government in respect to the prevailing distress among the fishermen of the Province. In the Ontario Parliament, he explained, the subject has been taken up, and a large grant of $50,000 made for the relief of the class in question. Hon. J. S. MacDonald, it appeared, had telegraphed to His Excellency General Doyle on the subject, who had replied that much distress prevailed. He (Mr. B.) said that he knew that something like 100 families were on the point of starvation. It would be advisible, under such circumstances that the Government should give the House all the information they could on the subject without any delay.

Hon. Atty. Genneral replied that the Government were considering the matter, and would, on the next day, state the grant they would make for the pressing necessities. The members of the respective counties, where the distress prevailed, would probably be called upon to distribute the money according to the requirements of the different localities.

Hon. Prov. Secy. said that, some short time since, the Government had agreed to furnish the counties with a certain amount of assistance, on the condition that it would be a first charge on the road and bridge service.

Mr Cochran explained that the distress during the next month would be even worse than it is now. The Association in Halifax had agreed to take charge of their share of the money in question for the county, and to leave the distribution of the rest to the Government.

Mr. Ryerson was surprised to learn that the money raised in Ontario went to the government; they had no right, in his opinion, to meddle with it.

Mr. Blanchard expressed his surprise at such sentiments. The grant from Canada was a pure act of kindness on the part of that country, and should be generously regarded. The government were the recognized exponents of the wishes of the people, and the money was necessarily sent to them. We had, in previous times, assisted Canada, and she now, in return, came to our aid.

Mr. DeBrisay said that charity should lead them to conclude that the money was sent through the best of motives.

After the presentation of various petitions, the House adjourned.

FRIDAY, Feb. 7.

Atty General reported from Committee on Privileges the rules for the guidance of the House. Petitions were presented from various counties for special grants for roads and bridges, also for alteration in School law, and for grants for land.

Mr. Morrison asked the government to lay on the table a return of cost of delegations from his Province for the last four years, describing the countries visited, with the names of the delegates, the amounts paid to each of them and the date of payment.

Hon. Prov. Secy. laid on the table a statement from His Excellency of the sums generously Contributed by Ontario and Quebec, for the relief of the distressed fishermen of the Province.

On motion of Mr. Kidston, a special Committee, consisting of Messrs. Kidston, Kirk, McDonald, and White, was appointed to consider certain over-expenditures on the road services for the county of Victoria.

The house then adjourned.

SATURDAY, 8th.

Various petitions for aid for roads and bridges and other money grants were presented.

Hon Pro. Secy. laid on the table the paper asked for by Mr. Morrison, in the respect to the cost of delegations for the past four years.

Mr. Townsend presented a lengthy petition in favour of the Repeal of the Union. It is signed, he said, by 2200 electors of Yarmouth, whose signatures are attested by affidavits of the persons who took the document around.

The petition contains the names of representatives of the Tory and Liberal parties, of lawyers, doctors, merchants, ship owners, mechanics, farmers, in fact of men representing every class and interest.

Hon. Atty. General moved that the resolutions in respect to Confederation, be deferred until Monday, as Mr. Blanchard was unwell and unable to attend.

Mr. Purdy asked the Government for information concerning the assessment on real and personal property throughout the country, with a view of dealing with the question at a future time, and removing certain inequalities which he believed now exist. He also asked for a return in connection with the settlement of estates and issue of letters probate.

Mr Northup, presented a petition from the booksellers and Stationers of Halifax complaining that they suffer injustice in connection with the publication of educational works for the use of the Provincial schools.

General Intelligence.

Colonial.

IRELAND AND THE IRISH.—The Rev. H. McKeown, by special request, will re-deliver his Lecture on "Ireland and the Irish," to-morrow evening in Temperance Hall at 8 o'clock, under the auspices of Howard Division, S. of T., and for the benefit of the funds of that Division. His Worship the Mayor is expected to preside, and we hope that the Rev. Lecturer will be favoured with a large audience.

EARLY CLOSING MOVEMENT.—A meeting of young men, clerks in stores, was held last Wednesday evening, for the organization of a Society to promote the early closing of our city stores. Officers were chosen, and a committee appointed to solicit the concurrence of the merchants in the object proposed.

The lecture of the Rev. E. M. Saunders, before the Young Men's Christian Association, on Tuesday evening last, was listened to with deep attention.—*Col.*

The next lecture before the Y. M. C. Association will be given on Tuesday evening next, by the Rev. J. A. Rogers. Subject:—"Egypt."

DISTRESS AMONG THE FISHERMEN.—Rev. M. Stamer, Episcopal Minister on the west side of Margaret's Bay, reports that considerable distress exists within the bounds of his charge, and advises grants to be made to be appropriated in the way of employment to needy persons, thereby obviating the demoralizing effect of bestowing relief upon them as paupers.

A rumour has been going the rounds to the effect that a cable despatch has been received, ordering home immediately the iron-clads on this station, H. M. S. *Royal Alfred* and *Favorite*.—*Reporter.*

THE LATE STORM.—The storm of Thursday seriously impeded travel throughout the country. The roads in many places were completely blocked up. On the railway the effect of the storm were seriously felt. In consequence of the immense drifts on the roads, the Pictou down train on Thursday afternoon met with an accident to the engine (breaking the driving wheel spring), which detained it several hours.

ACCIDENTS.—A young man named John Barker was seriously injured on Thursday last by getting entangled in the machinery at Dodge's Factory. He only escaped instant death by a miracle. Dr. Woodill attended him and dressed his wounds.

Another young man named Francis Wilson fell on the ice in Dartmouth, same day, and broke his leg.

A short time ago, a large black Fox, an exceedingly rare member of the family, was captured in Little River, near Fredericton. The skin was very thick, rich and glossy, perfectly black, except a silver tuft on the tip of its tail. $60 was offered for it, but its posessor would not part with it under $100.

The St. John *Journal* says a proposal is on foot to connect Quebec with Maine by railroad, via Moose Head Lake. Maine would build the greater part of the line, as it runs through that State.

An Ottawa telegram to the Montreal *Gazette* contains the following:—

"In the organization of the Post Office Department an inspector is appointed for Nova Scotia, who is also Post Master at Halifax, at a salary of $2 400 a year, and an inspector for New Brunswick at $2 000."

United States.

A Washington correspondent says—"The resignation of our Minister to Great Britain was received some days ago, and that the intention of the United States Government to prosecute the Alabama claims immediately and decidedly, is the chief reason why Mr. Adams, whose intercourse with the British Government might have to be changed in a way to affect his personal honor, has seen fit to resign. The appointment of a successor is determined upon and will be done with especial reference to the national interests abroad, and is likely to be universally accepted throughout the country."

WASHINGTON, Feb 7—The new British Minister, Mr. Edward Thornton, was introduced to the President to-day by the Secretary of State, Mr. Stanton, and made the following address on the occasion:—

"Sir, I have the honour to deliver into your Excellency's hand a letter addressed to you by Her Majesty Queen Victoria, accrediting me as Her Majesty's Minister to Your Excellency. I have also received Her Majesty's orders to assure Your Excellency of her sincere friendship, and of the deep interest she takes in the welfare and prosperity of the nation over which you so worthily preside.

"Her Majesty's Government and the English nation are deeply grateful for the warm sympathy shown by the people of the United States on the occasion of the death of my lamented predecessor. Allow me to assure your Excellency that I shall do my best to take a place in their affections, and to strengthen the relations of cordial friendship which happily subsist, and which it is our earnest desire and our duty as kinsmen to maintain between the two countries.

"In this pleasing task I am confident that I may count upon the support and assistance of Your Excellency, as well as the distinguished statesmen who compose your Cabinet, and the Legislature of this nation."

The President replied to this address as follows:—

"Mr. Thornton, your Queen enjoys more highly than any other Sovereign the respect and sympathy of the American people.

"The people of the United States will believe that she is entirely sincere in the kindly message, which, under her command, you have delivered to me; and this belief will encourage them to hope for a speedy and amicable adjustment of the matters in difference between Her Majesty's Government and the Government of the United States.

"Your late predecessor, Sir Frederick Bruce, without any disobedience to instructions, or any want of regard to British interests, won the respect and esteem of this Government and nation. Sir Frederick's sudden death revealed to ourselves the fact that the friendship we had for him had even acquired the intensity of fraternal affection.

"It will be a pleasing duty for me to extend to you the same consideration and confidence which he so eminently enjoyed.

"In regard to the political relations of the United States and Great Britain, only one thing seems to be necessary, which is that the statesmen and people of the two countries may carefully and consistently study to conform their measures to the political logic which in every region where the English language is spoken, so distinctly manifests itself in increasing love of a constitutional freedom, and in the rapid march of a common, irresistible and indivisible civilization."

European,

FLORENCE, Feb. 4.—Garibaldi has written an eloquent and enthusiastic letter to Admiral Fargaut, in which he congratulates the United States on encouraging, by the presence of the American fleet, the national aspirations of Italy.

VIENNA, Feb. 4.—It is reported that Pope Pius IX. is willing to resume negotiations with the Imperial Government for a revision of the Concordate. The *Debatte*, a semi-official journal, says that Great Britian has requested the European powers to stop removing fugitives from Canada.

LONDON, Feb. 4.—No marine disasters have yet been reported from the recent storm.

Despatches from Abyssinia report favourably of the army under General Napier.

CORK, Feb. 4.—One of the gates of this city was undermined last night, and blown up. At the time, all the telegraph lines leading into the city were cut. The prompt action of the police prevented any further demonstrations. Two brothers, James and John Berry, have been arrested, on a charge of robbing the gun shops of a quantity of powder. A man named Fitzpatrick was also arrested to-day. It is thought he had something to do with the explosion of last night. The police while examining him found a bottle of phosphorous or Greek fire in his pocket.

LONDON, Feb. 5th.—A man named Chatterton was shot in the streets to-day, and badly if not fatally wounded. The assassin was instantly arrested, and gave his name as Jem Meddels. From his declarations it seems that he mistook Chatterton for James Bird, who is an important witness for the Government, in the affair of the Clerkenwell Explosion, and who at the examination of the prisoners before the Police Court identified one of them as the man that fired the powder. It is said tha: Meddles is a half witted fellow, and the belief is general that he is the tool of other parties who prompted, him to do the deed. The pistol shot took effect in the throat of Chatterton, where it made a very ugly wound. He still lives, but his recovery is doubtful.

The *Times* has an editorial to-day on the arrest of Irish Americans. It admits that the imprisonment of Mr. Train at Cork was a mistake, but it should be distinguished from the arrest of Irishmen who came over here from the United States with a secret intention of creating a revolt against the Government.

CORK, Feb. 5th.—Early this morning a considerable body of men, supposed to be Fenians, were discovered in the vicinity of Macroon Castle about twenty miles west of this city.—They appeared to be preparing to make an attack upon the Castle and the authorities of the town of Macroon were notified of the danger, and a strong force of police were forthwith ordered to the ground, and as soon as they appeared the Fenians dispersed in every direction.

LONDON, Feb. 6.—At a great meeting at Birmingham, yesterday, John Bright made a speech. He pleaded the wrongs of Ireland in part extenuation of the late Fenian outrages, and begged for Church and Legislative reform. Mr. Bright said that there was nothing that the United States Government could do, if Ireland were a part and parcel of the United States, that England might not do also, if she would.

LONDON, Feb. 7.—The resignation of United States Minister Adams is announced. The London *Standard*. has an editorial highly complimentary to Mr. Adams and expressing regret at his approaching retirement from the position he has ably filled.

The Fenian, Capt. McKay who was arrested on Friday last at Cork, is charged with leading the attack on the Martello Tower, at Duncannon,

LONDON, Feb. 10.—The feeling of uneasiness created by the threatening appearance of affairs in Northern Turkey has somewhat subsided.—The reports of troubles on the Danube prove to have been greatly exaggerated.

Diplomatic notes between the Emperor Napoleon and the Pope have suddenly assumed a changed aspect, and recent correspondence between Paris and Rome is regarded as one of a far less cordial character. It is said the cause of this unlooked for change is the fact that Napoleon has become convinced of the existence of Bourbon intrigue, against his throne, for the most part in Rome, to the great encouragement of the Legitimist party in France and other countries of Europe. As a set off to this state of affairs, Napoleon has renewed with King Victor Emmanuel his friendly tone towards united Italy, and has just forwarded a special order by his representative, the French Minister in Florence, to that effect, and also enjoining him to shape his diplomacy with that object.

The troops raised in Spain for the Pope are to be disbanded at the suggestion of the French Emperor.

The French Government has consented to expel the Hanoverian refugees from the soil of France.

Captain McKay was brought up for examination on Saturday afternoon. He was fully committed for trial. Several rioters who attempted to rescue McKay from the custody of the police were arrested.

DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.—In the whole history of medical discoveries no remedy has performed so many or such remarkable cures of the numerous affections of the Throat Lungs and Chest, as this long tried and justly celebrated *Balsam*. So generally acknowledged is the superior excellence of this remedy, that but few of the many who have tested its virtues by experience fail to keep it at hand as a speedy and certain cure for sudden attacks of *Cold*—fully believing that its remidial powers are comprehensive enough to embrace every form of disease, from the slightest cold to the most dangerous symptom of pulmonary complaint.

feb 5 1m

AN EFFECTUAL WORM MEDICINE.

Brown's Vermifuge Comfits,

OR WORM LOZENGES. MUCH SICKNESS, undoubtedly, with children and adults, attributed to other causes, is occasioned by worms. The "VERMIFUGE COMFITS," although effectual in destroying worms, can do no possible injury to the most delicate child. This valuable combination has been successfully used by physicians, and found to be safe and sure in eradicating worm, so hurtful to children.

Children having Worms require immediate attention, as neglect of the trouble often causes prolonged sickness.

Symptoms of Worms in Children are often overlooked. Worms in the stomach and bowels cause irritation, which can be removed only by the use of a sure remedy. The combination of ingredients used in making BROWN'S "VERMIFUGE COMFITS" is such as to give the best possible effect with safety.

Curtis & Brown, Proprietors, New York. Sold by all Dealers in Medicines, at 25 cents a box.

August 14 1y

Revival Notices.

CARLETON, ST. JOHN, N. B.—The Rev. W. W. Perkins writes as follows:—"I am sure you will be pleased to hear that God is most blessedly reviving His work among us. We have been holding special services during the last seven weeks, and the Lord has been with us, quickening and comforting His people; reclaiming many wanderers, restoring unto them the joys of His salvation, and convincing many others of sin, and converting them to Himself. Over forty have already been enrolled in Class, and the good work is still going on; rather we believe, it is only just well commenced. Last night (Sabbath) was one of the most precious seasons we ever witnessed. Hallelujah! God is in the midst of us, making us glad with His manifested presence."

MIDDLE MUSQUODOBOIT.—Special services have been held at Meagher's Grant. There were many pleasing indications of the presence and power of God. The members of the Church were quickened to seek a deeper work of grace, and five more constantly in the favour of God. About twenty persons gave evidence of being deeply convinced of sin, and expressed a desire for the prayers of the people of God. The most of these associated in church fellowship with us. Some have found the pearl of great price—others are desirous of fleeing from the wrath to come. May they be led by the word and Spirit to the full enjoyment of pardon and peace.

Recent Publications.

"WHAT IS MAN? or Thoughts on the Origin, Nature and Destiny of Man. By Deacon Connolly, Jacksontown, Carleton Co., N. B."

This pamphlet is especially seasonable in the locality where it has been written, as an antidote to some poisonous notions there being circulated industriously by certain agents of heresy from the United States. Mr. Connolly well defends the scriptural doctrine of man's conscious existence after death.

"THE METHODIST REVIEW" has reached its fiftieth year, and enters upon its semi-centennial in improved appearance.

The articles in January No. are all of highest interest, both in regard to the topics and the ability with which they are treated. We commend this Quarterly to christian scholars generally, and especially to Ministers, who can be supplied with it from the Book Room at $2 per annum.

"THE METHODIST TEMPERANCE MAGAZINE," a Monthly devoted to the advocacy of the principles of Temperance, edited by three ministers of the Methodist Conference of Great Britain.

The January number contains the following: Editors' Address; Drink and the Working classes; Influence; Mr. Wesley on the sale and use of Spirituous Liquors; The Church of England Clergy and Total Abstinence; England's curse; Scraps and Gleanings; Band of Hope; &c., &c. Price 40 cents a year.

"THE LIFE OF CHRIST."—Rev. Henry Ward Beecher is engaged in writing a Life of Christ, which is intended as an antidote to the Sante Beuve, the Ecce Homo and the Alcyone theories. Though several books are written, and more are soon to be produced, this one, coming from such a source, will have many readers. Mr. Beecher himself says of it—At a time when a chill mist of doubt is rising over all the sacred records from an excessive addiction to material science, it would seem that good service might be rendered to religion by reasserting in language and by methods congenial to the wants of modern thoughts, the divinity of our Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ.

Letters and Monies.

Remittances by Mail at risk of this Office, must be by P. O. Money Order or Letter Registered

Geo. Beobner $2, Wm. Ritchie $2, Rev. W. Sargent (all made right), Rev. B. J. Johnson (P.W., H. Milberry $2, Jno. Young, $1, W. Lambert, new sub., $1—$4), Rev. T. D. Hart, Rev. R Tweedy (P.W., E Vickery $1, J Durning $1, J.W Thompson $2, S Mills $2, Alex. Thompson $2, J. Fulmore $2, A. Lawrence $2, Jas. A Hatfield $2 F. A. Donkin $2, T. Smith $2, Jeptha Eldeskin $2, T. Shipley $2, Moses Boss $2, H Mills $2, H. Harrison $2, D Pugsley $1, Jos Lewis $8, R Bird $2, B W and B H. 45c—$39 45), Rev. A E LePage (P W., Jno. Nauflis $2, E. LePage $2—$4), Rev. T J Deinstadt, W E. Dawson (M of W. not in stock), Rev W. Colpitts (directions attended to, one new sub), Rev. W. W Percival, Rev. J. Cassidy, Rev W. W. Perkins (P.W., T. Allen $2. Z Adams $2, G Balyea $2, L. Brown $2, J. Clark $2, Wm Clark $2, G. D Gore $2, A G Gillih $2, I Olive $1, G Robertson $2, R Salter $2, J. Taylor $2 T Thompson $2, R N Knight, new sub., $2—$27 less 63 cts), Rev. H. Pope, 2nd, P.W., W. Boyle $2, Hon Geo Beer $2, M. Butcher $3, G. Brace $2, W. C. Clarke $7, E. Catford $2, T. Dodd $2 34, W. E. Dawson $2, W. Heard $2, B W. Higgs $2, Jno. Higgins $1, G Milner $2, S M Murray $2, W. Passmore, $2 C Perkins $1 83, Jas Stanley 4, H Smith $2, W. Weeks $3, Jno. Stewart $2, Jno. Drake $3 A Crosby $2—$51 17, less $1 17), Jas Bigney $2 50, Wm. Foster $2, A. Bigelew $2, Rev. G. B Payson (P.W., W. Carson $2, J Leiper $2, Jas. Ryan $2, H. Hayward $2, Mrs. McFarlane $2, B Harrison $2, W. Wilson $2, J. N Coates $2, J H Ryan $1, F C Buchanan $1—$18), Rev R Weddal (P.W. G Clarke $3, G S Hood $3, Geo. Wigginton $2—$8), Rev. Dr. Pickard, J. M. Price (six new subs), J. P. Thompson $2. Jas. Archibald $2 Wm Hoar $3, Rev J Shenton (P W., I. Taylor, Esq $2, M Coburn Esq., $2, G. Hunter $1, W. E White $2 T. Harrison, Esq., $2, Jas. H Hunter $1—$10), Rev J G Bigney (P.W., Mrs White 18, J. B. McGuire $1 50—2 50), Rev. J J Teasdale (P. W., W. S Drew $2, S. Drew $2, S. Crouse $2, W. J. Crouse $2, M. Sperry $2, Jno Risser $2, Dr. Pope $2 W. J. Dewe $2—$16), Rev Jas. R Hart (P.W., Jas. Gray $2, Saml Taylor $3—$5), Rev. G, Harrison (P W., J. Lissett $1), Rev L Gaetz (P. W., Mrs. Bates $2, Jno. Taylor $2, Wm Layton $2, A Scott $1, Jas Shaw $2—$8), Rev. Jos Gaetz (P W., Saml Blois $2, L. Colten $2, C Drysdale $2, Jos. Teasdale $1—$7,—

Rev C Lockhart (P.W., Jas N Crane, Esq $2 Wm Denison, Esq $3 Jno Fisher $3. K Fuller $2, G M Fuller $1, Jno Armstrong $2, Mrs L Newcomb $3. D Patterson $3, A M N Patterson $2 Jno Rathburn $3, G Trenholm $2, Wm Taylor $2, R Tayler $2, J Rousefell $1, Wm Woodman $2—$34). Rev H P Cooperthwaite (P W. Jas L Bishop $3, Elijah Elderkin $3 Johnson Elderkin $4. W J Johnson $3 S R Sleep $5, Jos Woodworth $2, Jas Neary $2, Ephm Terry $2 H Neary $2. L Forsyth $2, W H Card $2—$30), Rev E Brettle (P.W., W A Adams $2, Jos Vaughan $2, D P Allison $2, L Smith $2, T Cowan $2, M Coburn $1—$11). Rev R E Crane (P.W., L Palmer $2, Capt Jno Roy $2, David Bent $2—$16), Rev. R. Morton.

UNSOLICITED TESTIMONY.

From Rev Francis Lobdell, Pastor of the South Congregational Church, Bridgeport, Connecticut.

"I consider it a duty which I owe to suffering humanity to bear testimony to the virtues of DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY. I have used it—when I have had occasion for any remedy for Coughs, Colds, or Sore Throat—for many years, and never in a single instance has it failed to relieve and cure me. I have frequently been very hoarse on Saturday, and looked forward to the delivery of two sermons on the following day with sad misgivings, but by a liberal use of the balsam my hoarseness has invariably been removed, and I have preached without difficulty.

I command it to my brethren in the ministry, and to public speakers generally, as a certain remedy for the bronchial troubles to which we are peculiarly exposed."

None genuine unless signed I. BUTTS *on the wrapper.*

Prepared by SETH W. FOWLE & SON, 18 Tremont St., BOSTON, and for sale be Druggists generally. feb 5—1m

A NEW AND GRAND EPOCH IN MEDICINE.

Dr. Maggiel is the founder of a new Medica System! The quantitarians, whose vast internal doses enfeeble the stomach, and paralyze the bowels, must give precedene to the man who restores health and apetite with from one to two of his extraordinary Pills, and cures the most virulent sores with a box or so of wonderful and all-healing Salve.

These two great specifics of the Doctor are fast superceding all the sterotyped nostrums of the day. Extraordinary cures by Maggiel's Pills and Salve have opened the eyes of the public to the inefficiency of the (so-called) remedies of others, and upon which people have so long blindly depended. Maggiel's Pills are not of the class that are swallowed by the dose, and of which every box full taken creates an absolute necessity for another. One or two of Maggiel's Pills suffices to place the bowels in perfect order, tone the stomach, create an appetite, and render the spirits lights and buoyant! There is no griping, and no reaction in the form of constipation. If the liver is affected its functions are restored and if the nervous system Is feeble it is invigoratig. This last quality makes the medicine very desirable for the wants of delicate females. Ulcerous and eruptive diseases are literally extinguished by the efficacious infecting power of Maggiel's Salve. In fact, it is here announced that Maggiel's Bilious, Dyspepsia and Diarrhœa Pills cure when all others fail. While for burns, scalds, Chilblains, Cuts, and all Abrasions of the skin, Maggiel's Salve is infallible. Sold by J Haydock, 11 Pine street, New York, and all druggists, at 25 cents per box.

Jan 1 6m

Marriages

At St John, on the morning of the 5th inst, at the residence of Mrs G T Ray, Carmarthen St, by the Rev G B Payson assisted by the Rev Jas England W. F S Wilson Esq of Springfield, Kings Co., to Sarah A., eldest daughter of the Rev. J. F. Bent, of Wilmot, N. S.

At the Wesleyan Church, Manchester, on the 5th inst, by the Rev J G Bigney, Mr Richard W. Cunningham to Miss Mary Jane Bruce.

On the 6th inst, by the Rev F Almon, Mr John George Frunt to Sarah Jane Cook both of Halifax

On the 6th inst, by the Rev C M Grant, Mr Wm Woodill, to Maggie, eldest daughter of Mr. David Calder.

At New Glasgow, Jan 28th by Rev A T F Wood, Wm S Copeland Esq. merchant New Glasgow, to Sarah Louisa, second daughter of Wm Brain, Esq., late of Kingswood, Bristol, England

Deaths.

Suddenly, on the 26th ult., at French Lake, Oromocto, N B, George Morrow Esq., aged 66 years The deceased was chiefly instrumental in procuring and supporting Wesleyan Ministrations in the above place His home was always open to the Preachers, where they invariably received from himself and family a cordial welcome His loss will be felt in his own family, not only, but also by the neighbors, to whom—especially in affliction—he was a sympathizing friend.

At West Passage, Barrington, Oct 30th, 1867, Capt James Nickerson, aged 57 years. He was a member of the Methodist Church for some years, and died in peace.

On the 7th inst, Annie, beloved wife of Jas. Mont, and second daughter of the late Richard Ackerman, aged 26 years and 8 months.

On the 7th inst, Charles Woodford, youngest son of the late Archibald Scott, in the 23rd year of his age.

On the 9th inst, at the residence of her son, No 57 Argyle street, Rebecca, relict of the late Terrence Cochran Junr., of Newport, Hants County, in the 69th year of her age.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

THE REV. A. WILSON'S Improved Prescription for the cure of CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, Bronchitis, COUGHS COLDS, and all Throat and Lung Affections, has now been in use over ten years with the most marked success.

This Remedy is prepared from the original Recipe chemically pure, by the Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON, 165 South 2d Street, Williamsburgh, Kings Co., New York.

The Remedy Price $3 00 with a pamphlet containing the original Prescription with full and explicit directions for preparation and use, together with a short history of his case, with symptoms, experience and cure, can be obtained (free of charge) of Mr. Wilson, as above, or by calling on or addressing

MR. HENRY A. TAYLOR—Druggist,

Jan 15 26 Sackville St., Halifax.

Shipping News.

PORT OF HALIFAX.

ARRIVED.

SATURDAY, Feb 8.

H M S Minstrel, Com Meddlycott, Jamaica

SUNDAY, Feb 9

Brigt Mary, Fanning, Boston; schr Juliet, Simpson, St John, N. B.

CLEARED.

Feb 8—Brigs Rover, Ryan Trinidad; America, Doody, Boston; schrs Swan Grey Porto Rico; Zebra, Annis Port Medway, Georgiana, Mosher, Boston; Adra Goodwin Shelburne.

Feb 10—Brigts Watchmate, Parker, Havana; Emily Jane, White Porto Rico.

A Great Reduction in Prices

—ON THE STOCK OF—

DRY GOODS,

NOW SELLING OFF

AT THE

'COMMERCE HOUSE,'

144 *GRANVILLE STREET.*

The whole of his large stock of Valuable Good is now offered AT COST without any reserve.

In the Dress Department are a number of large lots of Fashionable Goods Poplins, Reps, Cantinas, Puritans, All Wool Serges, Winceys, Coburgs French Merinoes and Delaines, Barathea, Striped Checked and Fancy Lusters.

BLACK AND GOLORED SILKS.

500 Ladies and Childrens' Mantles & Jackets, Blk Cloth, Satarrah, Astrican, Porcupine, Velvet Pile, Whitney and Waterproof—Great Bargains in this Lot.

Mantle Cloths, Waterproof Cloakings, and Silk Mantle Velvets.

Bonnnts and Hats, a few very handsome London made, to be sold at half-price, and a large variety of cheaper styles.

Furs, Muffs, Collarettes and Boas,

aisley and Cloth Shawls, Hosiery and Gloves Fancy Goods and Trimmings Shirtings and Sheetings of the best make, Plain and Fancy

Flannels.

Carpets and Curtain Damasks, Broad Cloths, Beavers and Coatings.

Ready Made Clothing,

and Mens' Outfittings, Doeskins and Tweeds.

An immense variety of the above Goods and a large lot of Remnants Customers are invited to call and examine the prices.

Please remember it is a Cash Sale.

jan 22 R McMURRAY & CO.

Toronto Flour Depot

R. C. HAMILTON & CO.,

Produce Commission Merchants,

FLOUR,

MEAL,

AND

CORN BROOMS.

an 119 Lower Water Street.

Lumber! Lumber!

THE Subscribers offers for sale a large and well assorted stock of Dry seasoned and other LUMBER, comprising—

1-2, 1, 1 1-2, 2, 2 1-2, 3, 4 and 5 inch PINE,
1, 1½, 2, 3 and 4 inch Spruce,
Spruce Timber and Scantling, assorted sizes and lengths; Pitch Pine White Oak,
Birch Boards,