FNTRANCE

FIFTH CLASS EDITION.

Vol. II., No. 18.]

TORONTO, JUNE 1, 1897.

25 CENTS A YEAR.

The Diamond Jubilee. The Minister of Education in a circular letter to inspectors, says:—"In order to make the occasion of Her

Majesty's Diamond Jubilee profitable to the pupils attending the Public Schools, I would suggest that you direct the teachers of your inspectoral division to devote the Friday afternoon preceding the 21st of June to a consideration of the most notable events in Her Majesty's reign, particularly

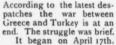
those bearing upon the progress made in science, invention, and education. In addition to this, the history of Canada in relation to the Empire might with great advantage be considered in brief addresses by trustees and others whose services would no doubt be available.

" I would also venture to suggest that a portrait of Her Majesty, appropriately framed, be placed in every school room in your division, that the mem-ory of the Sovereign whose wisdom and virtues are recognized throughout the world, might be the more deeply impressed upon the pupils. Would you therefore kindly bring this subject to the notice of your teachers, either by circular, addressed to each individually, or, if there is still opportunity, by calling attention to it at the meeting of your institute in May.

"As subjects of that great Empire over which Her Majesty has reigned so long, we should endeavor to make the approaching festivities an occasion long to be remembered by those who before many years will be entrusted with the duties and responsibilities of citizenship."

We trust that teachers and pupils will endeavor to carry out the suggestion given by our Minister of Education. To assist them we have brought out special jubilee pictures of our Queen. One of them is in tints, and measures 18x24; the other is in colors, and measures 20x34. Either of these is suitable for the schoolroom, the latter being a particularly fine picure. The prices, postpaid, are 25 and 50 cents respectively.

The War Closed.



We have followed the events of the trouble as fully as space would permit. In our last issue we left the Greeks at Pharsalos expecting an attack from the enemy. The Turks appeared before that place and after a short engagement the Greeks retreated farther south, taking up a posi-tion at Domokos, a place southwest of Pharsalos, where they made preparations to offer a strong resistance to the Turks. The Greeks at this stage agreed to accept the mediation of the powers with a view to closing the war, but the war indemnity demanded by the Turks was so large that Greece could not honorably entertain it and so hostilities continued. On Saturday, May 15th, Domokos fell and the Greek cause was practically lost. Through pressure brought to bear on the Sultan by the pow-

ers, he has agreed to an armistice, and the probabilities at the time of writing these lines all point to peace. It is believed that the Sultan will so moderate his demands for war indemnity that the rival nations themselves will be enabled to settle the mattrer. Turkey's terms of peace with Greece, as first announced, include the payment of an indemnity of £3,000,000, a rearrangement of the Greek frontier, the annulling of the treaties favoring the Greeks, the cession of the Greek fleet to Turkey and the

