





Most Children Are Wheat-Hungry

The whole wheat contains all the el-The whole wheat contains all the elements needed to build the perfect You can't build sturdy boys and girls human body. This cannot be truthout out of books and sermons. Their fully said of any other cereal. It is bodies must be developed from the through the shredding process (patented and owned by The Shredded an ideal food for them to study on, to play on, to grow on. wheat is prepared in its most digestible form.

By this process all the tissue-building elements in the whole wheat are retained, while the outer, or bran, coat

Nearly all children have wheat-hun- Give a child two Shredded Wheat ger--a craving for the body-building Biscuits every morning with hot milk the most perfect food given to man satisfied and will lose his taste for mushy porridges that are usually bolted down without chewing.

Shredded Wheat Biscuit with hot milk or cream makes an ideal breakfast for school children and is quickly and easily prepared. The porous is scattered along the shreds in infini- shreds of cooked wheat combine nattesimal particles in such a way as to urally with all kinds of fresh or stewstimulate peristalis (bowel exercise) ed fruits, making a complete, whole-in a natural way. ed fruits, making a complete, whole-some meal. Your grocer sells them.

Made in Canada—A Canadian Food for Canadians

Made by

THE CANADIAN SHREDDED WHEAT CO. LTD., NIAGARA FALLS, ONT.



HE old way of cleaning the carpet with a broom or a carpet sweeper merely removed the surface dust and left the harmful dirt to accumulate until the ',general cleaning day" arrived. The more dangerous dirt is the finer substance which the broom merely forces down into the fibre of the carpet, where it becomes the happy hunting ground for the deadly germs.

Every yard of carpet contains myri-

ads of microbes, which mean weakness and disease to your household. This death-dealing dirt is neither to be swept out nor beaten out. Doctors will tell you that breathing such dust is a menace to the health of either an adult or a child. What is the use of fighting the White Plague by means of fresh air and good nourishment if we

allow dust to settle again in the carpet after a superficial sweeping?

To remove this dirt, swiftly and thoroughly, one must resort to the Vacuum Cleaner, which not only takes the dust from rug or carpet, but, by forcing back a draft of pure air, raises the lost time of the nan and restores the lost time of the nap and restores the lost tints of brightness. Beating any object that is finely woven and richly colored only hastens the process of wearing out, and

does not permanently remove either dust or dirt.

The Vacuum Cleaner may be used under "all sorts of skies" and you do not need to wait for a sunshiny day in order to give sitting room liberate and the state of th der to give sitting-room, library or stair carpet a thorough cleaning. Neither do you need to wait for a

fortune before realizing the desire of your housewifely heart. Twenty-five dollars will place in your home a good Hand-power Vacuum Cleaner, which will accomplish the work to the satis-faction of the most careful "Martha."

A Silver Revival

R ECENT additions to the service of silver plate considered necessary house are in a well-appointed m a well-appointed nouse are merous, and prove, without question, the many influences at work among English people, says the Daily Telegraph. A dish for hors d'oeuvres is added now to the dinner appointments. The favorite style is of plain silver, and has four compartments, with a glass in each. Silver servers accompany this, and when not appreciated as a dish for and when not appreciated as a dish for the morsels that commence a meal it is the morsels that commence a meal it is utilized for sweets. Curiously enough, whilst the taste for savories at the beginning of a meal is growing, there is increased appreciation of sweets at the conclusion. Silver plate is copied from the days of George III., a period when the designing and working of this metal. the designing and working of this metal were at their best. Spoons with a rounded bowl and long handle are very much liked, and there is also a decided leaning to the ornate French patterns of the time of Louis Quatorze. Colored horn is used for fish knives, and for the fruit service. This, too, is a repetition of a mode that prevailed in the days of the Third George, when colored ivory took the place of the horn of to-day. Tints such as green and yellow, are very much liked, and add a dash of a color to the dipper or lunch table.

High even for those who wish to drink it; but sour and skim milk and buttermilk are just as good for this purpose, so it is not so expensive as it sounds.

Buttermilk is the best possible thing

to the table, for the use of slides for decanters or wine-bottle has grown greatly. These slides are a revival of the Sheffield plating of fully a century ago, and when originals are not used copies take their place. Rumor has it that the small individual salt-cellars and pepper-pots that have been used for some time now will ere long give place to the revived big cruet that once ornamented the centre of the table. Some beautiful workmanship was expended on these articles, and should makes a good furniture polish, also the revival indicated take place a keeping the shiny surface in good congood many beautiful old pieces of silver dition. You do not need frequent light. A reason for this is given in the often enough.

Twentieth Century Cleaning extra care and attention bestowed on the seasoning of food in cooking, so that it is no longer essential to reinforce a dish after it has been served. Liqueurs are handed round now on a revolving silver stand that recalls the revolving centrepiece of the days gone by. All these new stands are in the most slim and slender of silver lines, so that in some of the smaller trays the that in some of the smaller trays the little liqueur glasses and coffee cups seem to be merely held in place by a narrow band. Breakfast in bed has grown so fashionable that a neat little tray has been introduced with the few, but necessary, appointments in fine silver, held together by similar narrow bands.

The Proper Care of Shoes

B EGIN the care of your shoes in the shoe store. Insist on having your glace kid shoes thoroughly polished with oil paste before they are sent home. If you wear them just as they come out of the box you will scratch them more in a week than you would in a mouth had they been properly polishthem more in a week than you would in a month had they been properly polish-ed. Then—unless you have polished wooden floors—tell the dealer to put in "circles" in the heels. These are little pieces of metal which prevent the un-sightly, careless-looking "running

The day you notice your heels getting run down have them straightened. This will be done at a trifling cost,

ed. This will be done at a trifling cost, and will lengthen the life of the shoes, besides keeping up their appearance.

Buy two good shoe brushes, a box of oil paste and a bottle of sweet oil. See to it that your shoes are cleaned, or at least brushed, every time you wear them. You need not apply the polish oftener than once or twice a week, but then do it thoroughly. Scrub your shoes all over with a damp cloth—wet paper squeezed soft is good for this—and let them dry. Then apply the paste thoroughly, and polish them well.

Well.

Use sweet oil for your dull leather shoes and dress shoes. There is a special preparations for suede, and a liquid for bronze shoes. However, the latter will stay bright for months if rubbed occasionally with a piece of light-colored velvet. light-colored velvet.

light-colored velvet.

Don't omit shoe trees. They are cheap, and last. Every pair of shoes you have should be on shoe trees when not being worn. Instead of using the wooden ones for your light slippers, take whalebones or corset steels a little longer than the shoes, wind with narrow ribbon, and, bending, slip into each slipper. The ends of the steel will press very gently against the toe and the back of the shoe, and will thus keep them in shape.

Milk for Cleaning

T seems cruel irony to tell you to clean house with milk when it is so high even for those who wish and the life its but cours and chim milk and

olor to the dinner or lunch table.

Much silver has been added of late to clean linoleum and oilcloth. Just mop it up with a soft cloth, and watch the dirt taken off by the application. About once a week is often enough for the cleaning.

Either skim or sour milk will make rubber plants grow. Wash the leaves with a soft cloth in milk and water, sponging each off carefully inside and out, and pouring the remainder of your out, and pouring the ground of the tub. The

basin into the ground of the tub. The plant grows and thrives on it.

Milk, well rubbed into the wood makes a good furniture polish, also bearing the shirt surface in good conor Sheffield plate will once more see the treatments—at housecleaning time is