POOR COPY

The Union Ad

A WEEKLY JOURN

W. & J. ANSLOW, — Our Country, with its United Interests.

VOL. IX.—NO. 37. — Newcastle, N. B., Wednesday, July 12, 1876.

CANADA HOUSE,
CHATHAM,.....NEW BRUNSWICK.
WM. JOHNSTON, - - Proprietor.
CONSIDERABLE outlay has been made on this ouse to make it a first class Hotel, and travellers will find it a desirable temporary residence both as regards location and comfort. It is situated within two minutes walk of steamboat landing. The proprietor returns thanks to the public for the encouragement given him in the past, and will endeavor by courtesy and attention to merit the same in the future.
☞ Good Stabling on the Premises.
May 13th, 1873. 14 1y

WAVERLY HOTEL,
NEWCASTLE,.....MIRAMICHI, N. B.
THIS House has lately been refurnished, and very possible arrangement made to ensure the comfort of travellers.
☞ LIVERY STABLES, WITH GOOD OUTFIT, ON THE PREMISES.
ALEX. STEWART,
(Late of Waverly House, St.John.) Proprietor.
Newcastle, Dec. 2, 1873. 3

ROYAL HOTEL,
(Formerly Stubbs')
PRINCE WILLIAM STREET,
OPPOSITE CUSTOM HOUSE,
ST. JOHN, N. B.
T. F. RAYMOND, Proprietor.
Dec. 22nd, 1874. 24 1y

"Wilbur House,"
Bathurst, Gloucester County, N. B.
This House, which has been enlarged and thoroughly repaired, repainted and refurnished, will be open to the public on
Monday next, 12th June.
As regards situation, it is located in a very pleasant town, and being in close proximity to the Baie des Chaleurs, is one of the very best summer resorts for tourists and families who leave the heated cities to seek the invigorating air of the North. The County excels in beautiful scenery and excellent fishing grounds. The hotel is within easy reach of the Intercolonial Railway, and every effort will be made by the Proprietor to secure the comfort and pleasure of all who may patronize the establishment, which will be conducted in the very best style.
H. WILBUR, Proprietor.
Bathurst, June 6, 1876.

M. ADAMS,
ATTORNEY & BARRISTER AT LAW.
CONVEYANCER, &c.,
NEWCASTLE, N. B.
FIRE and LIFE INUSRANCE AGENT.
OFFICES,
Bathurst—two doors below store of K. F. Burns, Esq.
Newcastle—*Over Mr. Richard Davidson's Store, Castle Street,*
May 13, 1873.

L. J. TWEEDIE,
ATTORNEY & BARRISTER AT LAW,
NOTARY PUBLIC,
CONVEYANCER, &c.,
CHATHAM, - - - - - N. B.
OFFICE—Snowball's Building
May 12, 1874. 13

WM. A. PARK,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, SOLICITOR,
NOTARY PUBLIC,
CONVEYANCER, &c., &c.
☞ Agent for "Royal Canadian" and "Provincial" Fire Insurance Companies.
OFFICE—Over the Store of William Park, Esq.
Castle Street, - NEWCASTLE, N. B.
May 4, 1875. 5

M. S. BENSON,
Attorney-at-Law Notary Public,
Conveyancer, &c.
Accounts Collected and Loans Negotiated.
OFFICE—OVER J. V. BENSON'S DRUG STORE.
WATER STREET, - - - CHATHAM, N. B.
Chatham, July 12, 1875. 21

C. B. FRASER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Notary Public, Conveyancer &c.,
CHATHAM, N. B.
☞ *OFFICE*—WATER STREET. ☜
September 1st, 1874.

WILLET & QUIGLEY,
Solicitors, Barristers, Attorneys,
NOTARIES PUBLIC, CONVEYANCERS, &C.
OFFICES:
4 & 5 (2ND FLOOR,) RITCHIE'S BUILDING,
PRINCESS STREET, ST. JOHN, N. B.
JOHN WILLET. RICH'D F. QUIGLEY, LL. B.
March 24, 1876. 2inc-29

CARD.
DR. FREEMAN wishes to intimate his having engaged the Office of Dr. Benson upon its becoming vacant, and that he may at present be found at the "Waverly House," prepared to attend to professional calls.
Newcastle, April 13, 1875. 14

GEORGE NIXON,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
—DEALER IN—
PAPER HANGINGS,
In Gold, Silver, Plain Tints and Marbled.
ALSO,—AN IMMENSE STOCK OF
Glazed and Common Paper Hangings,
VARNISHES, all kinds,
BRUSHES,
WINDOW GLASS,
ORNAMENTAL GLASS,
Various Patterns and Sizes.
66 King Street, - - - ST. JOHN.
March 24, 1876. 29-3inc

W. & R. BRODIE,
- GENERAL
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
AND
DEALERS IN
Flour, Produce and Provisions,
No. 16, ARTHUR STREET,
Next the Bank of Montreal,
f27 1y QUEBEC.

J. & W. REID,
PAPER MAKERS & GENERAL STATIONERS,
No. 40, ST. PAUL STREET, No. 40,
QUEBEC.
MANUFACTURERS OF
Machine Made Paper Bags, Blank Books, &c.,
Dealers in all kinds of
Paper Stock and Paper Makers' Supplies, Room Papers, Roofing Materials, Scrap Iron & Metals, Naval Stores.
March 12th, 1874. 13 '72

HOSSACK, WOODS & Co.,
IMPORTERS OF
STAPLE & FANCY GROCERIES,
Manufacturers of
STEAM CONFECTIONERY,
FANCY BISCUIT, AND OIL PASTE BLACKING.
PROPRIETORS OF
QUEBEC COFFEE & SPICE STEAM MILLS,
22 Notre Dame St., (lower town)
QUEBEC.
March 12th, 1872. mar13 '72

WHITEHEAD & TURNER,
[Awarded Four First Class Prizes at the Industrial Exhibition, 1871,]
Manufacturers of
CORN BROOMS, DUSTERS,
And all descriptions of
HAIR AND FANCY BRUSHES,
LOWER TOWN
QUEBEC.
March 12th, 1872. mar13 '72

S. F. SHUTE,
Direct Importer of
Fine Watches, Rich Jewelry, Electro-Plated Ware, Clocks, Fancy Goods, &c.
☞ Orders Solicited, and goods sent to responsible parties on approval.
WATCH REPAIRING, in all its branches promptly attended to.
AGENT for the "Florence" SEWING MACHINE, and "Lazarus & Morris" & Co's PERFECTED SPECTACLES.
☞ *Remember the Place.*
S. F. SHUTE,
Queen St., Fredericton.
Dec, 22nd, 1873. 24 1y

TO MILL OWNERS!
THOMAS B. PEACE,
Of NEW YORK, a Practical Saw Manufacturer of 20 years experience, has just opened a
SAW MANUFACTORY
IN CHATHAM,
where all orders from Mill Owners in the Northern Counties will receive prompt attention.
Repairing made a Speciality.
A fine assortment of Saws of all kinds expected in a few days.
SHOP—WATER STREET,
May 10, '75. 1y12 CHATHAM, N.B

W. H. KNOWLES,
1875. TRUNKS. 1875.
LARGE ASSORTMENT OF TRUNKS, &c.,
FOR SPRING TRADE.
Ladies' Saratoga Trunks,
In Zinc and Leather; Gent's Extra Bound do., do.; Solid Leather Overland Trunks and Valises; Canvas, Enamelled & Comp. Packing Trunks, and Trunks of every description made to order; Ladies' Reticules and Shopping Satchels; Gen'ts Pell Bags; Boy's School Satchels.
Will be sold at exceedingly low prices, for Cash.
W. H. KNOWLES.
Trunk Factory, 49 Germain st., St. John.
TRUNK FACTORY.

RUSSELL & MOORE,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
MANUFACTURERS & DEALERS IN
Lubricating and Wool Oils,
Sperm, Whale, Elaine, Red, Black, Lard, Olive, and Belt Oils, Neatsfoot, Straits, Mecca and Sperm Luber Oils, and Coal Oil Grease.
No. 43 India St., - BOSTON, MASS.
April 25, 1876. 26-1y

OATMEAL! OATMEAL!
Daily Expected per Stm'r from Montreal,
100 BARRELS
FIRST QUALITY OATMEAL,
WHICH WILL BE SOLD
LOW FOR CASH.
R. R. CALL.
Newcastle, June 13, 1876. jn14

MITCHELL & CO.,
GENERAL
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
—AND—
SHIPPING AGENTS,
22 & 23.....COMMON STREET,
MONTREAL.
August 29, 1874. sep 9

CARD.
W. H. NAPIER,
BATHURST VILLAGE,
Is prepared to attend to Auction Sales in town and country at shortest notice.
Bathurst, May 1st, 1875.

NOTICE TO BUILDERS.
R. BLAKE
Has now in full operation, his ROTARY STEAM SAW MILL for the manufacture of
DIMENSIONED LUMBER
OF ALL SIZES.
DOORS, SASHES, BLINDS &c.
LUMBER PLANED & MATCHED.
Arrangements will shortly be made for the manufacture of
Shingles & Clapboards.
☞ Orders respectfully solicited.
ALL WORK WARRANTED TO GIVE SATISFACTION.
Chatham, Oct. 19, 1874. 21

CARD.
☞ THE Subscriber respectfully announces that he has opened a new Shop near the Ferry Landing, CHATHAM, where he is prepared to execute, in the **very best style of workmanship**, all kinds of
MILL WORK AND GENERAL JOBBING,
having obtained improved machinery for that purpose.
Morticing Machines, & Hand Circular Sawing Machines,
for Joiners' use, made to order.
JOHN THORNTON.
Chatham, May 19, 1875. 1y 19

D. MAGEE & CO.,
Manufacturers of
HATS, CAPS & FURS,
Wholesale,
51 KING ST., ST. JOHN, N. B.
D. MAGEE. M. F. MANKS.
April 21st, 1874. 23 1y

MAIL STAGE.
THE Subscriber has received the Contract for carrying the Mails between the
RAILWAY STATION & BATHURST POST OFFICE,
AND IS PREPARED TO CARRY
PASSENGERS AND BAGGAGE TO MEET ALL TRAINS.
☞ ORDERS left at his residence will be attended to.
THOS. A. HARRIS.
Bathurst, Nov 15, 1875. 1y 17

MIRAMICHI FOUNDRY,
Water St., - Chatham, N. B.
GENERAL
IRON AND BRASS FOUNDERS,
MANUFACTURERS OF
STEAM ENGINES, BOILERS,
AND MILL MACHINERY.
Ship, Plough, Stove, Cemetery, and every description of Castings.
CONSTANTLY ON HAND AN ASSORTMENT OF
Cooking, Hall & Parlour Stoves.
ORDERS may be addressed to JAMES W. FRASER.
W. J. FRASER, Proprietor.
December 15, 1875. 15

C. E. LYMAN,
9 MARKET SQUARE, - ST. JOHN, N. B.
—DEALER IN—
BOARD & SHINGLE MACHINES,
Wood and Iron Planers, Wood and Engine Lathes.
ALSO, AGENT FOR
The Alexandria Saw Works,
LYMAN'S CELEBRATED BELT HOOKS.
Screw Cutting Machines, Saw Gummer, Saw Swages, Belt Clamps, Grinding Machines, Morse's Twist Drills, Bolt Cutters, Rubber Belting, Cutting, Punching and Shearing Machines, &c., &c., &c.
THE IMPROVED
BUCKEYE and WARRIOR MOWING MACHINES,
HORSE RAKES, CULTIVATORS, HAY CUTTERS, FANNING MILLS, &C.
THE CELEBRATED
"Queen of the Harvest" Grain Separator.
Particular attention given to IMPORTING
Special Tools and Machinery.
LYMAN'S "HARD TIMES"
Shingle and Heading Machine.
Admirably adapted for cutting Shingles, Headings and Boxes out of waste lumber, from any thickness, and from 10 to 24 inches long.
CUTTING CAPACITY 15 TO 25 M. PER DAY.
This Machine supplys a want long felt by Lumber Manufacturers, as it enables them to utilize the waste lumber.
Price, with Jointer complete, - - $200 00
EMERY GRINDER,
A most compact and economical machine, equally as good as some other machines selling at four times the price.
Complete, including 12 inch Emery Wheel, - - - - - - - - - - $30 00
Do. do. Circular Grinder, 35 00
All Goods Warranted.
March 14, 1876. 15-6inh

FIRE BRANCH.
ROBERT MARSHALL'S
FIRE AND MARINE AGENCY.
ST. JOHN, N. B.
Applications may be made to the following Representatives.
NEWCASTLE:—A. A. Davidson, M. Adams.
CHATHAM:—T. F. Gillespie, W. Wilkinson.
BATHURST:—Anthony Rainey.
DALHOUSIE:—George Haddow.
RICHIBUCTO:—H. Livingston, J. D. Phinney
Imperial Fire Insurance Com'y
OF LONDON, ESTABLISHED 1803.
Capital and Cash Assets exceed £2,000,000 stg.
The Ætna Insurance Com'y,
INCORPORATED 1819.
Cash Capital and Assets over $6,000,000.
The Hartford Fire Insurance Com'y.
INCORPORATED 1801.
Cash Capital and Assets over $2,500,000.
BRITISH AMERICA ASSURANCE COMPANY,
ESTABLISHED 1833.
Capital and Assets $600,000. Its funds are invested in undoubted securities.
PHŒNIX COMPANY OF BROOKLYN.
ESTABLISHED 1853.
Cash Capital & accumulated fund $2,000,000.
Dwelling Houses, whether built or in course of construction, as well as Furniture, contained therein, insured for terms of one or three years, at lowest rates. Steam Saw Mills, Vessels on the stocks—or in port, Warehouse, Merchandize and Insurable property of every description covered on the lowest possible terms.
ROBERT MARSHALL,
GENERAL AGENT, NOTARY PUBLIC AND BROKER.
March 23, 1875. 30

ROYAL CANADIAN
INSURANCE COMPANY,
CAPITAL, - - - - $6,000,000
CASH ASSETS, - - 1,300,000
HEAD OFFICE:
160 ST. JAMES ST., - MONTREAL.
New Brunswick Branch:
OFFICE No. 8 PRINCESS ST., ST. JOHN, N.B.
DIRECTORS:
J. S. B. DEVEBER, M. P., CHAIRMAN.
SIMEON JONES. T. W. ANGLIN, M. P.
JOHN H. PARKS. THOMAS FURLONG.
G. SIDNEY SMITH, SOLICITOR.
☞ All descriptions of Property Insured against Fire at moderate rates.
M. & T. B. ROBINSON,
GENERAL AGENTS.
St. John, April 10, 1876. 12-3inc

The Citizens' Insurance Comp'y.
FIRE, LIFE, ACCIDENT & GUARANTEE.
Capital, $2,000,000.
HEAD OFFICE, - - MONTREAL.
SIR HUGH ALLAN, President.
IRA CORNWALL, Gen'l Agent.
☞ Every description of Insurance effected at lowest rates on application to
A. E. ALEXANDER,
Agent for North Shore.
Bathurst, Nov. 3, 1875. n3 1y

NOTICE.
W. J. WILLIAMS,
PHOTOGRAPHER!
HAS OPENED HIS NEW BUILDING, PUBLIC WHARF, NEWCASTLE,
—WITH A—
Choice Stock of SEWING MACHINES, Pictur Frames, Mouldings, Steel Engravings, &c., &c,
Which he will sell at his usual LOW PRICES.
PHOTOGRAPHS
of all sizes, in the latest Style of the Art.
OLD PICTURES COPIED AND ENLARGED, and nicely Framed, VERY CHEAP.
In connection with the above we are running an
Oyster and Dining Room,
Where Oysters and Meals can be obtained at the SHORTEST NOTICE.
W. J. WILLIAMS & CO.
November 23, 1875. 24

NOTICE.
The Subscriber begs to intimate to the inhabitants of CHATHAM and vicinity that he is prepared to furnish all kinds of
PLAIN AND FANCY BAKING,
—ALSO,—
Plain & Fancy Confectionery
AT RETAIL.
In Sugar Toys, Cocoa Nut Cream, Walnut Cream, Raisin Cream, Almond Rock. The celebrated Everton Toffee, French Caramels, &c., &c. There is an
Oyster and Refreshment Saloon
in connection with the Establishment.
WEDDING CAKES
MADE TO ORDER.
☞ Private and Public Parties supplied at short notice and on reasonable terms.
P. H. ANSLOW.
Chatham, Dec. 28, 1875. 29

MIRAMICHI MARBLE WORKS,
WATER ST., - CHATHAM.
WILLIAM LAWLER,
Importer of MARBLE & Manufacturer of MONUMENTS, TABLETS, HEADSTONES, MANTELS, TABLE TOPS, &c.
A GOOD STOCK ALWAYS ON HAND.
☞ GRANITE MONUMENTS made to order; CAPS and SILLS for windows supplied at short notice. FREESTONE WORK in all its branches attended to, and satisfaction given.
January 24, 1876. 26

I. MATHESON & Co.,
ENGINEERS & BOILER MAKERS,
NEW GLASGOW, N. S.
ESTIMATES FURNISHED FOR ENGINES AND BOILERS,
MILL AND OTHER MACHINERY.
October 5, 1875. 6

DENTISTRY.
Dr. Freeman
will attend to DENTISTRY in its various Branches, as his other engagements will permit. He will be joined by DR. HALEY in a few weeks.
Newcastle, April 18, 1876. 19tf.

Dr. Allen Haley.
Surgeon Dentist,
Expects to be in Newcastle about the end of June, when his professional services can be obtained by his friends and the public generally.
Newcastle, May 30, 1876.

JOHN U. CAMPBELL,
DALHOUSIE, N. B.,
AUCTIONEER
FOR COUNTIES OF
RESTIGOUCHE & BONAVENTURE
☞ All Business connected with Auction Sales in these Counties will receive prompt attention. Goods and produce sold on Commission.
Dalhousie, Oct. 30, 1875. 1y nov10

GLASS! GLASS!
IN STOCK:
1000 BOXES GLASS,
Assorted Sizes.
JUST RECEIVED:
4 TONS W. LEAD, A 1;
40 barrels RAW and BOILED OIL; 6 bbls. TURPENTINE; 2 tons PUTTY.
☞ WHICH WILL BE SOLD CHEAP. ☜
BLAKSLEE & WHITENECT,
oct.6 22 Germain St., St. John. N.B.

BONDED WAREHOUSES,
NO 1, 22 & 34.
DANIEL PATTON,
IMPORTER OF
FOREIGN WINES & SPIRITS,
TEAS, TOBACCOS, CIGARS, &C.
14 DOCK STREET, - - ST. JOHN, N. B.
March 24, 1876. 2inc-29

Paper Bags, Wrapping Paper AND TWINES,
FOR GROCERS, DRUGGISTS, DRY GOODS, HARDWARE DEALERS, &C., &C.
CHARLES L. NELSON
—MAKES A—
SPECIALITY OF WRAPPING GOODS.
Send your Orders DIRECT to Factory and get
LIBERAL DISCOUNT.
☞ GOODS WARRANTED.
Price Lists and Samples of Goods on application, FREE.
Cor. Union & Waterloo Sts., - St. John, N.B.
April 5, 1876. 5-2inc

Patronize Home Manufact are.
HARPER & WEBSTER,
SHEDIAC, N. B.,
MANUFACTURERS, & WHOLESALE DEALERS IN EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
Men's Women's & Children's Boots, Shoes and Slippers.
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO
Hand Made Lumberers' Boots,
A Spendid Article. Every Pair Warranted.
☞ Prices Moderate—Terms Liberal.
April 4, 1876. 2inc-5

H. CHUBB & Co.,
(CHUBB'S CORNER,)
PRINCE WILLIAM ST., - - NEAR NEW POST OFFICE,
ST. JOHN, N. B.
MERCANTILE and Legal Stationers and Account Book Manufacturers. Old Books Re-bound. Account Books ruled and bound to any pattern. All kinds of Legal and Mercantile Blank Forms.
SOLE AGENTS FOR THE
Celebrated Taylor's Diamond Blue, Black, Writing and Copying
INK;
☞ THE BEST MANUFACTURED. ☜
ORDERS SOLICITED.
April 4, 1876. 5-3inc

C. E. M'KEEN,
WATCHMAKER,
RESPECTFULLY announces to the people of NEWCASTLE and vicinity, that he has commenced business in the Store on Castle Street, lately occupied by Mr. Watt as a saloon, and is in every way prepared to attend to orders for the
CLEANING OR REPAIRING
—OF—
WATCHES, CLOCKS & JEWELRY
in the best possible manner, and at the shortest notice.
ALL WORK WARRANTED
to give satisfaction, by written guarantee, or money refunded.
ALL I ASK IS A FAIR TRIAL.
☞ Daily expected, a supply of Clocks of all kinds.
C. E. M'K.
Newcastle, Jan'y 11, 1876. 12

STEAM CARRIAGE FACTORY,
MAIN ST., - PORTLAND, ST. JOHN.
PRICE & SHAW, Proprietors.
A LARGE STOCK OF OPEN AND COVERED CARRIAGES ON HAND.
☞ ORDERS SOLICITED.
April 4, 1876. 5-1inc

$12 a day at home. Agents wanted. Outfit and terms free. TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine. my3

$5 to $20 per day at home.—Samples worth $1 free STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine. my3

News Summary.

From Late English and Canadian Papers.

The Fortress of Belgrade—what may happen.

The Turkish correspondent of the *Standard* writes:—

If the telegrams are to be believed, which say that some Turkish gun boats are cruising off Widdin, between that and Negotin, the struggle is entering on quite a new phase.—From Widdin it is but a few hours' steaming distance to Belgrade, and the gun boats, if they have come, either mean to menace that city or to cover the movements of the Turks across the river to invade Servia through Negotin. The latter is, without a doubt, Servia's weak point, but still the attempt on it would now be most hazardous, and, if not successful, would mean a fearful disaster for the assailants. The authorities at Belgrade, however, are by no means unaware of the danger to the city of a gun-boat attack. When the Turks gave over the fortress they gave with it large stores of the very heaviest smooth-bore bronze cannon, all eight-inch or ten-inch calibre, some of them throwing shot of more than 200 pounds weight. When I left about four weeks ago, all the arrangements were complete for mounting those on the river walls of the fortress overlooking the Danube, and the same will be done, or now most likely has been done, on the side which commands the Save. Still it has not been forgotten that a gunboat moving quickly is but a small mark, whereas the city, rising like a mountain at the junction of the rivers, is a very large one, and that with long range shells the houses would get the worst of it, and it would be poor consolation for the forts to hold their own while the city was burning behind them.—To guard against this eventuality, an extensive system of dynamite torpedoes is being arranged beneath the waters over which the gun boats must come to do anything effectual.—Against a land siege I do not believe in the tenability of Belgrade for more than a few days. It has always been taken from the Karamak dan—once a Turkish cemetery—now a beautiful public garden, but always a steep bluff hill, looking down within a quarter of a mile into the very centre of Belgrade, and in rear of all its fortifications. This hill is to be cut across with breastworks and redoubts, while the summit of Mount Avola, about 2,500 feet high, and commanding both the roads which lead into Belgrade, is to be heavily fortified.—Still, with all these defences, if the Turks get a footing near it on the Servian side of the Danube, Belgrade must fall, as it has not a week's provisions in it, and no means of getting any. I hope however, and quite believe that the war will never come to this. If it does, and the Servians are driven to the last extremities, they are said to meditate a vengeance which is too bad to speak of in temperate terms. Nevertheless, it is spoken of both by civil and military engineers, who discuss—guardedly, certainly—the means of doing it, the amount it would cost, the time it would take, and the number of tons of dynamite it would require. To explain what I mean I must digress for a few lines. Every one knows what a broad, deep, and rapid river the Danube is, but it concentrates all its force and fury below the cataracts at a pass called the Iron Gates. Here, opposite the small village of Tichevivtha, it narrows from a width of a mile to about 180 yards wide, and with a depth, as far as can be ascertained from the violence of the current, of from 800 to 1,000 fathoms.—The mountains on either side of this are very lofty—nearly 5,000 feet high—but that on the Austrian side is 1,000 feet higher, and on the river side is nearly sheer for about 3,000 feet above the torrent. In fact, where it is not perpendicular it rather overhangs the river. When there is a very low Danube the sharp, craggy points of subaqueous rocks begin to show themselves above water, and between these the passage is most narrow, winding, and shallow, and, in fact, can only be passed by steamers specially built for the purpose, of light draught of water, four paddle-wheels, and immense power. At the break up of last winter the floating ice jammed among these crags, the waters backed up, laying all the Banatt and vast tracts of Hungary under water. Such a deluge was never known; and whether it was the hideous ruin which this caused first put it into the heads of the insurgents I do not know—all I do know is, that the blowing up of the precipice of Mount Scrieber (the Austrian side) would bring down many millions of tons of rock across the iron gates, and long before the obstruction could be removed a vast part of Eastern Europe would be turned into an inland lake. I cannot, however, believe that such an atrocity will be attempted. I only say that I know it is thought of. How Austria can remain idle in the face of this stupendous danger is inexplicable. She might avert it by mooring two gun boats under the cliff; but then they must be strongly moored; and it will show how far the discussion of the plan has gone when even this eventuality has been considered, and how floating down torpedoes with the stream, against them would at once get rid of their surveillance. Even the very extent of the T-shaped mine has been spoken of to me. I have nothing to add to these my last few notes. I have told nearly all I know without excuse or exaggeration, and without any breach of confidence.

Death of the Distinguished Founder of the Reformed Episcopal Church.

BALTIMORE, June 27.—The Right Rev. George D. Cummins died at his residence in Lutherville, Baltimore county, at 2.15 p. m., yesterday in the 55th year of his age, after a brief illness from inflammation of the bowels.

Bishop Cummins was born in the State of Delaware, and brought up in the Methodist faith. He was graduated at Dickinson College in 1841. In 1845 he was ordained to the deaconate, and in 1847 was consecrated a presbyter or priest. In 1850 Princeton College conferred upon him the title of D. D. He filled parishes in Virginia and in [illegible] rectorship [illegible] made a [illegible] earnestly op[illegible] of the ritualist[illegible] Bishop Smith, [illegible] Kentucky, anno[illegible] withdrawal from the [illegible] on the 10th of Novem[illegible] Cummins declared, am[illegible] sons for his course. 'th[illegible] called upon to officiate [illegible] churches he had been most [illegible] impressed with the conviction [illegible] was sanctioning and encorsing [illegible] presence and official acts the da[illegible] ous errors symbolized by the ser[illegible] customary in ritualistic churches, [illegible] that he could no longer by partici[illegible] tion in such services, be a partaker o[illegible] other men's sins, and must clear his own soul of all complicity in such errors.' It is said that the immediate cause of the secession of Dr. Cumming was the controversy which followed his participation in the ceremony of the Lord's Supper with the members of the Evangelical Alliance. This act of religious liberty was construed by a number of Episcopal clergymen, among them Bishop Tozer, as an implied discourtesy toward Bishop Potter, in whose diocese the act was performed. Bishop Potter himself did not complain of it as such, but Bishop Tozer felt called upon to deprecate the action of his brother prelate in a short letter, which was not intended for publication.

Shortly after his letter of withdrawal, Dr. Cumming issued the call for a meeting of those clergymen who entertained views similar to his own. The meeting was held in New York on the 2nd of December, 1873, and was attended by upward of twenty ministers and laymen. At this council the declaration of principles of the Reformed Episcopal Church was adopted.

The Shipping Bill.

The Toronto *Globe* publishes the following cable despatch:—

"A Committee of Cabinet Ministers consisting of the Lord Chancellor, Chancellor of the Exchequer, Duke of Richmond and Lord Carnarvon have considered Mr. Smith's representations, urging changes in the shipping bill in favor of Canadian Shipping. Lord Carnarvon informed Mr. Smith that the Committee had decided to recommend that the Canadian deck-load law should be restored to the bill in the House of Lords. If this be carried vessels arrving in England between the 31st of October and 16th of April, may carry three feet of deck load. The Committee recommended also that prosecutions under unseaworthy clauses should only be instituted in Canada by consent of the Governor General, and that a Canadian Assessor be appointed on the recommendation of the Government of Canada. The penalty under the grain loading clause is to be reduced from three hundred to one hundred pounds. Ships engaged in the coasting trade of Canada are exempted.—Deck space is to be measured and added to register tonnage. The act will not apply to vessels trading in Inland Waters between United States and Canada. The Committee declines to recommend exemption of Canadian vessels from unseaworthy clauses, or extension of unseaworthy clauses to foreign vessels. No exemption will be accorded to Canadian vessels from grain loading clause in foreign waters. Further discussion of bill in the House of Lords is postponed until the 7th of July."

The Great Fire in Scotland.

Names of the Victims of the Conflagration at Ayr.

(Ayr, Scotland, (June 16), correspondence of London News.)

A most destructive fire, attended with terrible loss of life, occurred today, at Ayr, at the carpet manufactory and wool works of Mr. James Templeton. The premises comprised four blocks of buildings. A number of women who were at work ran out screaming from the building, exclaiming that others were within unable to escape. Shortly afterwards the flames shot up through the roof, which fell in with a crash.

NAMES OF THE VICTIMS.

Up to half-past nine to-night the following persons were reported as missing, and no doubts are entertained that they have all perished in the flames:—James Barr, overman, aged fifty, residing in Mill Street; Mary Cairney, aged twenty one residing in Cross Street; Marian Rowan, aged fifteen, sister to above; Margaret Butney, aged forty four, Fort street; Agnes Murray, aged twenty four, Cross street; Mary Coughtere, aged fourteen, Wallace street; Catherine Ewans, aged fifteen, Cross street; Walker or Smellie, aged twenty two, Wallace street; Mary Irvine, aged twenty, Wallace street; Mary Reid, aged eighteen, sister of the above; Mary Jane M'Gill, aged thirteen, Cross street; Mary M'Derment, aged fourteen, Walker street; Jane Young, aged seventeen, George Street; Elizabeth M'Connell, aged sixteen, Russell street; Margaret Mitchell, aged thirteen, Cross street; Martha Reid, aged fourteen, Church street; Martha Colvin, aged nineteen, Garrick street; Catherine Gillan, aged fifteen, George street; Margaret M'Auslane, aged eleven, Clinnes Vennel; Elizabeth Clark, aged thirteen, Cross street.

In addition there is one more death at least, that of the girl who leaped from one of the windows and was conveyed to the town hospital. Her name was Catherine M'Kinnon, aged seventeen, residing in Newton street.

War in the East.

The *Pall Mall Gazette* yesterday concluded a gloomy leader on the war as follows: "At a time like this, whatever Government ruled, England would need steady and sober support from all sides; but already ministers are threatened with the hampering of enthusiasts, who explicitly declare themselves ready to sacrifice our safety in the East rather than that England should shame herself by doing anything in opposition to so holy an enterprise as the destruction of Turkey. How civilization is to be advanced by wars, which imperil a civilization like our own and spread over half the world, is not a question which these particular enthusiasts of humanity are like to consider, nor can we now present the [illegible] vinc[illegible] constr[illegible] to the de[illegible] of them, bu[illegible] tingencies. [illegible] would not j[illegible] restrain the p[illegible] and believe t[illegible] dreams of suc[illegible] the thought has [illegible] where it must be [illegible] as it assumes practic[illegible] article concludes with [illegible] the result of the conflict, [illegible] vorable to Turkey.

The Gibraltar *Chronicle* [illegible] on the 5th inst., at Alcass[illegible] Province of Fez, a Moor st[illegible] Jews with a dagger. Amo[illegible] persons wounded are a Brit[illegible] ject and Moses Abecasis, son [illegible] Vice-Consul of the United Sta[illegible] Loracte, Morocco. The Moor [illegible] been arrested and severely bastina[illegible] ed. The Governor, Cadi, and princi[illegible] pal inhabitants of Alcassar, at the demand of the British and Italian Vice-Consuls, have signed a document guaranteeing the lives and property of foreign Jews in that place. The Moor declared he was not aware of what he was doing when he committed the crimes.

It is said that the veritable Arthur Orton has at last been discovered! Major O'Gorman has consequently given notice that he will ask the Home Secretary whether "in the event of any person excepting the Claimant to the Tichborne title and estates coming forward and proving himself to the satisfaction of her Majesty's Government to be Arthur Orton, protection will be given to the said Arthur Orton, after such proof, to enable him to leave the United Kingdom without molestation."

A large body of men Royal engineers and others, are working night and day, Sundays and week days, to get the Rosia Fort, Gibraltar, which commands the Straits and entrance to the bay, ready for the mounting of its three heavy guns, peremptory instructions to that effect having been sent out from the War Office.

Unusual activity is, according to a Berlin telegram to the *Morning Post*, reported from the Russian dockyards Cronstadt, where all available hands are said to be employed day and night, in order to put the Russian fleet in readiness. The rule admitting strangers to the dockyards has been suspended.

A return of the compensation paid by railway companies in the United Kingdom for accidents in 1875 shows that £640,388 was so expended, £364,809 being for injuries to passengers, and £275,597 for goods claims.

It is stated that at least 100 Conservative M. P.'s have promised to vote for the Colonial Marriages bill, the object of which is to legalize marriages between Colonists and their sister-in-law.

A Swede, who went to Salt Lake City several years ago to live, has become insane because his four daughters, one after another, married the same Mormon.

Lord Dudley is generally reported to have lost £30,000 by backing Lord Duplin's Petrarch. But that is probably less than a month's income, so he won't be "hard up."

Dynamite is being used to uproot a number of fine old trees on the Duke of Hamilton's estate, and the process is remarkably expeditious.

The Sheffield makers of armour plates, shot, shell, and large guns, are reported as "exceedingly busy."

Colonel Baker's sentence expires this month.