THE T. EATON Co. LIMITED

190 Yonge St. Canada's Greatest Store. Toronto.

190 YONGE ST., April 16th, 1897.

STORE CLOSED TO-DAY

Easter Clothing

This is a store as much for men and boys as for women and girls, and our preparation for them has been just as careful and just as extensive. To-morrow the Clothing department will be one of the busiest sections of the store. Men find a certain satisfaction coming here on account of the large assortments, the reliable qualities and the excellent values. No matter what you may require for Easter, you'll be sure to find ample variety to select from. These suggestions are right in line with your Easter needs:

Clothing

Men's Black Suits, four-button sacque and cutaways, West of England clay twilled worsted and plain Venetian finished worsted, good Italian linings, sizes 35 to 44 . . . 10.00

Men's Extra Fine West of England Black Worsted Suits, Venetian finished, three-buttoned cutaway and single-breasted sacques, farmer satin linings, equal to tailor made goods, sizes 35 to 44 . . . 12.50

Men's Prince Albert Coats and Vests, double-breasted, imported black Venetian cloth, latest style, narrow silk mohair binding, silk stitched seams, all sizes . . . 15.00

Men's Waterproof Coats, imported black Paramatta cloths, with sleeves and 30-inch detachable fly-front cape, silk stitched seams and edges, guaranteed waterproof, sizes 36 to 46 . . . 10.00

Men's Bicycle Suits, dark navy blue worsted serges, double seated short pants or long pants, sizes 34 to 42 . . . 6.00

Men's Black Pants, neat narrow satin stripes or plain Venetian finished worsted, all wool, best trimmings, sizes 32 to 42 . 3.00

Youths' 3-piece Suits, short pants, single-breasted sacques, fine imported clay twilled and Venetian finished worsted, heavy farmer's satin linings, sizes 27 to 33 . 6.00

Boys' 2-piece Suits, short pants, West of England twilled worsted, farmer's satin linings, pants lined throughout, sizes 23 to 28, from . . . 3.75 to 5.00

Boys' Black Velvet Naval Suits (blouse and pants), deep sailor collar, open front, cream flannel front, pants lined, sizes 3½ to 8 years . . . 5.00

Hats

Men's English and American Fur Felt Derby Hats, in the leading spring and summer blocks, in black, brown, Cuba, tobac, mocha and cocoa colors . . . 2.00

Men's American Fur Felt Soft or Fedora Hats with high full crown and flat brim, silk bound edge, in all the leading shades . 2.50

Men's Latest English Silk Hats, the very best quality silk plush, white India silk linings, Russia leather sweat band and silk trimmings . . . 4.00

Ladies' and Youths' American Fedora Hats, for bicycling, colors brown, nutria and pearl grey, special . . . 1.00

Men's Scotch Tweed and Blue Worsted Serge Caps, with ventilated tops 50

Children's Tam o'Shanters, in blue beaver, fine serge and tan leather, with plain and fancy fronts, with white and colored bands, special 75

Men's Furnishings

Men's Merino Underwear, Shirts and Drawers, ribbed cuffs, sateen facings, in striped, plain grey and salmon colors, each . .35

Men's Fine Striped Merino Underwear, also natural grey color, ribbed skirt and wrist, sateen facings, each 65

Men's Fine All-wool Sweaters, medium weight, 8-in. roll collar, in white, navy, black, cardinal, tan and heather . . .75

Men's Colored Cambric Shirts, neglige style, collar and cuffs attached, just the thing for cycling, fast colors, all sizes . . .50

Men's Fine English 4-ply linen Collars, standing, with turn corners, sizes 14 to 17½, 3 for 50

Men's 4-ply linen Cuffs, in link or button style, round or square corners . . .25

Men's Fine Elastic Web Suspenders, with Drawer supporters, double stitched back, mohair ends, strong buckle . . .25

Men's Fine Silk and Satin Ties, imported especially for Easter trade, the very latest New York style in four-in-hand and Spa shapes, satin lined, special . . .50

Men's Fine Cambric Laundered Shirts, 2 separate collars (the newest style), cuffs detached (link style), made of extra heavy English Cambric, in the newest patterns and colorings, all sizes . . . 1.00

We would advise shoppers to get here early in the forenoon, if they want to make their purchases with greater comfort. However, no matter when you come, you are sure to find courteous salespeople, who will give you prompt attention.

Men's Sample Shoes

Just in time for Easter. A collection of Men's Sample Boots and Shoes will be ready for sale to-morrow (Saturday) morning at 8 o'clock. Among them you'll find:

Men's Fine French Calf-skin, Dongola Kid, Kangaroo, Shell Cordovan, Russian Tan Calf and Buff Leather Laced Boots and Oxford Shoes, sample pairs, sizes 7 and 7½ only; regular $2.00 to $4.00 lines; Saturday . . . 1.50

Also a Few Buff and Dongola Kid Boots, laced or with elastic sides, sizes 6 to 10; regular price $2.00 to $2.50; Saturday . . . 1.50

Those who wish to complete their Easter outfit with a pair of new Shoes have here a good opportunity to do so at a remarkably low price.

THE T. EATON Co. LIMITED

190 Yonge St., Toronto, Ont.

THE TORONTO WORLD

ONE CENT MORNING PAPER

NO. 83 YONGE-STREET, Toronto.

Branch Office, No. 13 Arcade, Hamilton H. E. Sayers, Agent.

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THE BICYCLE QUESTION.

The bicycle is creating a veritable revolution in the daily life and habits of the people of this city. It is destined to prove a more important factor in city life than even the electric cars. The bicycle is as far ahead of the trolley in the annihilation of time and space as the trolley was ahead of the horse car. But the bicycle has other advantages which the trolley does not possess. It is a means of recreation as well as an everyday convenience. Wheeling is the most popular pastime that the world has ever seen, and as yet it is only in its infancy. The bicycle is also the best form of exercise that has yet been devised for keeping the body in good health. As a product of mechanical skill the bicycle is almost perfect. At the expenditure of less than one-half the power we can cover three or four times as much space by means of the bicycle as we can by walking. The bicycle is away ahead of all other devices for getting about in cities. The average pedestrian travels 3 1-2 miles an hour. The horse cars covered about six miles an hour. The trolley increased that to between 8 and 9. The bicycle can easily propel its rider at the rate of twelve miles an hour. But this is on the supposition that suitable roadbed is provided for the machine. The bicycle and a suitable roadbed together greatly enlarge the habitable area of cities. The bicycle and good roads will double the size of the lot on which the average citizen resides without adding to its cost or rendering communication with his office or workshop more costly, prolonged or inconvenient. The bicycle is eminently a thing that should be encouraged, and not more because of its utility than because of its efficacy as a promoter of health. The best way to encourage the use of the bicycle is by providing suitable road accommodation. Manufacturers are increasing the efficiency of the wheel and reducing its cost at the same time. Municipalities, on the other hand, are doing little to provide that necessary complement of the wheel, viz., hard and smooth roadways. In this city the council has done absolutely nothing to better the condition of the streets as far as bicycles are concerned. If it hadn't been for the pavements put down in connection with the conversion of the street railway system Toronto would to-day be a very poor city for wheeling. As it is there is nothing like the accommodation there should be for the 20,000 wheels that are daily in use. The use of the wheel has become so general that the providing of bicycle courses throughout the city is not a question of class legislation or a matter of local improvement. Adequate bicycle courses are almost as necessary to the public convenience as the street car tracks. In many parts of the city good bicycle courses already exist, but in others there is a sad lack of suitable wheeling facilities. King and Queen-street west are in poor shape for wheelmen. One or more bicycle thoroughfares from Yonge along the front of the city to High Park are badly needed. For this purpose Front and Adelaide-streets and the streets running further west of them should be put in shape for bicycle traffic. Similar and parallel thoroughfares should be established at intervals from Queen-street north up to the city limits, and others running north and south, at intervals from the Don to Roncesvalles-avenue. It is to be hoped the council will become seized of the idea that the bicycle question in Toronto involves a great deal more than regulating and restricting the traffic by the compulsory use of bells and lamps. Give the public bicycle thoroughfares. Give them room to circulate. Set apart bicycle streets that are free from the car tracks and there will be no need of gongs and search lights. The public desire these conveniences. Why shouldn't the council set aside a decent appropriation to make a start in what will prove one of the most popular municipal policies of the day?

WILL MR. LAURIER DISALLOW?

An evening paper apologizes for The Globe by saying that the Conservative Government when in office had promised to give the C.P.R. a larger subsidy than what is now asked of the Liberal Government to build the road through the Crow's Nest Pass. That may or may not be. The issue at present concerns the vetoing of the British Columbia Southern charter. That charter represents a steal of the first magnitude, participated in by those in the highest places in the province, by representatives at Ottawa, and by speculators at the expense of the people of British Columbia and of Canada generally. The disallowance of the Act legalizing the steal would not be unconstitutional and would be a public benefit. But it would tread on the toes of the C.P.R., and that is a thing neither The Globe, nor Mr. Jaffray, nor Mr. Cox would like to see done.

The first thing in the public interest to do is to disallow the British Columbia charter. Next to hold a Parliamentary investigation and show up the discreditable gang concerned in the steal. Then the people of British Columbia and their Legislature would be free to see that no further re-enactment took place.

But nothing the Conservatives ever did will justify Mr. Laurier in not disallowing the Act. If he lets it go he will have made the greatest mistake of his life and driven another nail in the C.P.R. cross.

Mrs. Ada Marean Hughes gave an address to mothers, under the auspices of the Students' Art League, in Rosedale school building yesterday afternoon.

SHORTENING UP THE STAFF.

The M.C.R. Company and the American Express Company Come to an Agreement Regarding Service on Trains.

Niagara Falls, Ont., April 15.—(Special.)—The M.C.R. Company are co-operating with the American Express Company with an idea of reducing the mail and express trains' staff. Beginning on Monday next, the duties of the baggage and express men on all trains carrying express will be combined, so that one man will do the work of two or three. It is not known whether it will be the railway company's or the express company's men that will be discharged.

The sewer contractors, Messrs. Barry and Ross and A. J. Brown of Toronto, have put their signatures to the contracts and, as soon as Mayor Cole signs them, arrangements for beginning the work will be proceeded with immediately. A slight delay has occurred. The Mayor is awaiting the decision of the Town Solicitor on a technicality, but it is likely that the contracts will be signed by him to-night or to-morrow.

The two end arches on the new steel arch bridge are almost completed. They reach from the main arch to the top of the cliff. The riveting is going on rapidly, but it will be some time before it is completed.

THE SKY IN MAY, 1897.

Astronomical Law is Right Against the Great Injustice of the United Kingdom Towards Australia, Newfoundland and Canada.

Editor World: The marvellous celestial objects in evidence easy for all to see during May, in the middle of each evening, are at the zenith, the Great Bear and Berenice's Hair, in the north, the Dragon presents itself under the best conditions for observation. Cepheus appears above the Polar star. Perseus and Andromeda glide along the horizon. Cygnus (the swan) begins to rise to a considerable height in the sky, in the south are the great quadrilateral of Leo; Spica of Virgo and her retinue, Hydra carrying the Crater and Corvus, Gemina and Procyon are settling in the western sky, Arcturus shines high in the southeast, the two scales of Libra have just risen in the southeast, following Spica. In the east, the Serpent and Ophiucus are rising, Lyrra and the Crown are already high in the sky, accompanied by Hercules. Vega of Lyra shines in the east-northeast, and Deneb Cygni in the northeast. In the west, Castor and Pollux and Cancer are slowly descending. Procyon and the last stars of Taurus are setting. Capella shines in the northwest.

The principal planets in view, easily seen by all, are Venus in Aries, Mars in Gemini, Jupiter in Leo, a little to the east of Regulus, to which its gets nearer every day, and Saturn, the most wonderful of the celestial worlds, in the Scorpion, to the southeast, not far from the red sun Antares.

Astronomy is the science of worlds and souls, of mind and matter. Man on this planet is not yet reasonable nor has he arrived at the age of reason. For example, let us take the nation which is the greatest importer of wheat, and let us ask who would pay a British duty of 5c per bushel on this grain imported from Canada to the United Kingdom? and we have the answer: The Canadian farmer, because the producer invariably pays duty in inverse proportion to the control he exercises on the market of the country which imposes it. The astronomical law will apply in all cases, never failing to give the right answer. The British duty would not give even the worth of a fraction of the smallest piece of money to the wheat producer of Great Britain, but it would take off 5c per bushel from the profit of the Canadian wheat-grower, thus enriching the English exchequer. The price never affects the case at all—control alone is always the test.

Who in Great Britain and Ireland knows that to work or to produce, to give or to receive comes from God, while to collect and to pay, to buy and to sell come from the opposite source? No one. There was never anything to prevent England, with its great Australian continent and its British North America, from collecting duties on cheese and butter, grain, cattle and horses imported from foreign countries, which were in competition for the European immigration of the agricultural class. By not doing this, Great Britain has allowed other countries to increase their population and enrich themselves at the expense of the immense United Empire of Greater Britain.

When on this star-encircled earth, will man be just and wise, and know the true free trade, giving or receiving the products in a manner to allow man to be born free, without debts, but rich and not marked French, Spanish, American, English or Canadian, in order to create at last on this celestial island men of peace, citizens of the world and of Heaven?

Wilfrid Marsan,

Director of Westmount Astronomical Observatory, Montreal.

STUDYING THE X RAYS.

French Scientists Trying to Ascertain What Their Properties Really are—A Sunstroke Helmet.

Paris, April 15.—Discoveries of the properties of the X rays go on apace, and the scientific world is watching with the closest interest the experiments that are being made to determine the effect of the rays upon the human system. At a meeting of the Academy of Sciences last night, there was a discussion of the latest X ray phenomena, which was participated in by several authorities on the subject.

Prof. Sorel of the Havre Lyceum declared that he had found danger in the use of the rays, they having caused in many persons violent inflammation of the lungs.

Prof. Crookes, the inventor of the tubes bearing his name, which are used in developing the rays, was present and took part in the discussion. He said that the effect of the rays was varied, and that some patients like the burning sensation produced by them.

Prof. Lannelongue declares that he believed that X rays discoveries would cause a change to be made in the whole treatment of sunstroke. He added that the ancient Greeks were no fools when they covered their heads with brass helmets and their chests and backs with light metal cuirasses, which were impervious to X rays. Perhaps an anti-sunstroke helmet, he concluded, would be made in the future of strontium glass.

EMPEROR GIVES IN.

Dr. Lueger, the Anti-Semite Leader, Will be Gazetted to the Burgomastership of Vienna.

London, April 15.—A despatch to The Daily News from Vienna says that the Emperor Francis Joseph has privately sanctioned the election of Dr. Lueger, the anti-Semite leader, to the burgomastership of Vienna. It is expected that his election will be gazetted on Sunday.

On April 8, the Municipal Council, by a vote of 93 to 39, elected Dr. Lueger burgomaster for the fourth time. The first time he was elected he declined to accept the office because his majority was not large enough to meet his views. His second election was annulled by the Emperor, who was strongly opposed to the anti-Semite agitation. Thereafter, he was elected for the third time, but was advised by the Emperor to resign, which he did. Herr Strobbach was elected in his stead, with the understanding that he would retire when the time was propitious for another election of Dr. Lueger. The recent general elections in Austria showed that there was an opportunity to place Dr. Lueger in the office of burgomaster, and on March 22 Herr Strobbach resigned, and the election of Dr. Lueger followed.

RUSSIA AND JAPAN.

The Ministry of the Latter May Fall Over the Corean Question.

London, April 15.—The Manchester Guardian publishes a communication from its correspondent in Japan, which says that the recent conventions between Russia and Japan, in regard to Corea, have seriously injured the standing of the Japanese Ministry, which is not likely to last much longer. The people are making an energetic attack upon the Government for accepting the humiliating treaties proposed by Russia, and complain that Corea is borrowing Russian officers to drill her local troops.

Dyspepsia and Indigestion.—C. W. Snow & Co., Syracuse, N.Y., write: "Please send us ten gross of Pills. We are selling more of Parmalee's Pills than any other pill we keep. They have a great reputation for the cure of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint." Mr. Charles A. Smith, Lindsay, writes: "Parmalee's Pills are an excellent medicine. My sister has been troubled with severe headache, but these pills have cured her." ed

JUBILEE YEAR.

The Canada Life Celebrates Its Semi-Centennial.

THE 50TH ANNUAL MEETING

Proud Position of the Leading Company in Canada.

SYNOPSIS OF THE ANNUAL REPORT.

The 50th annual meeting of the Canada Life, held Tuesday in the head offices, Hamilton, finds the company with assurance business reaching the large sum of $70,747,557.21 upon 23,628 lives under 32,302 policies; an income of over two and three-quarters million dollars a year, and assets exceeding seventeen million dollars. Such results fully warrant the directors, upon this jubilee occasion, in expressing their hearty congratulations upon the company's past successful career, its present sound and prosperous position and their hopeful anticipation that such prosperity will be continued in the future.

The new applications for assurances in 1896 were 2955 in number, for $5,685,252.42, but 234 for $704,270 having been declined, and 205 for $488,325.67 not having been carried out, the actual issue of the year resulted in 2116 policies for $4,492,656.75.

This year's claims by death were again largely under what was looked for, being for $725,583.70 upon 232 lives; $101,900 was also paid to policy-holders under 58 matured endowment policies. These payments, along with profits amounting to $361,105.15 allowed to policy-holders, expenses of management and all other disbursements, left a balance on the year amounting to $1,098,512.17, by which sum the assets were increased.

FINANCIAL ABSTRACT.

Total income (less reassurance premiums)	$2,741,912 00
Payments to policyholders	1,308,140 91
All other payments	380,909 84
Total payments	$81,689,050 75
Ledger assets	16,650,399 73
Other assets (net)	770,126 77
Total assets	$17,420,526 50
Net reassurance reserve fund (4 per cent)	15,957,617 00
All other liabilities	425,920 50
Total liabilities	$16,383,537 50
Surplus over all liabilities	1,036,989 00
	$17,420,526 50

PRESIDENT RAMSAY'S ADDRESS.

In moving the adoption of the directors' report on the occasion of the company's jubilee, its 50th annual meeting, I would ask you to look back at the formation of the institution in 1847, when it began business in somewhat humble quarters in Hamilton then a comparatively very small place, with a population of some seven or eight thousand inhabitants. It was a time when Canada was sparsely settled, when railways were practically unknown, and when postal and other facilities of communication were slow and difficult, when there was happily perhaps, little of that rush and eager competition for business which now exists. It could hardly then, I think, have crossed the mind of even the most enterprising and sanguine of the promoters of the institution, which they were then launching upon its career with some anxiety and many gravely expressed doubts of success, that it would have supporters and agencies in every city, town and village, I may say, from the Atlantic to the Pacific, and would attain in 1897 the present prominent and leading position which the Canada Life occupies to-day among the financial institutions of the Dominion.

Of the original founders of the company in 1847, we rejoice to have with us to-day two of its oldest and most valued friends, Hon. Justice Burton and Nehemiah Merritt, who we all trust may be long spared to continue their useful and welcome services as directors. The business of the first year consisted of 136 policies assuring £55,650, or in the present currency $222,600. Of these but nine are now in existence for $12,000 upon the lives of gentlemen varying from ages of 82 down to 70. This small and modest beginning of 1847 now finds the company in its jubilee year with 22,000 policies in force for over $70,000,000, equivalent to about $12 per head of the whole population of the Dominion, and when I mention that the total amount of assurances in force was but $5,000,000 in 1859, the increase since then to $70,000,000 indicates the progress and development which the company has made since that time. Of the increase of the income, I may say that what was in 1859 but $135,000 for the year, is now in 1897 increased twenty fold, to $2,755,648 for last year, and as regards the assets there were in 1859 $407,894, and there are to-day $17,423,289, an increase of about forty fold. These figures are very clearly and forcibly illustrated by the interesting diagrams on the walls of this room, to which I would ask your attention. All these results which the diagrams disclose have been accomplished by a prudent enterprise, combined with careful and honest efforts to afford to assurers every possible advantage and security which a scrupulous regard for the safety of the company warranted. Its large business has been obtained without extravagant expenditure, for it has been the policy of the company to abstain from any high pressure system of obtaining business, which must be ultimately unprofitable and unsatisfactory, and the beneficial results of that policy will be seen when I mention that the percentage of our company's expenses is from 3 1-2 to 30 per cent. lower than that of any other Canadian company. I am pleased to be able to announce that our death claims last year, although somewhat heavier in amount than during previous years, as the increasing ages of our assurers indeed naturally lead us to expect, are yet largely under the mortality calculated upon and provided for, a conclusive proof of the wise discrimination exercised by the directors and medical and other officers in the selection of the lives offered to the company for assurance. The deaths during the past year were 228 in number, and the ages attained ranged from 89 to 24, the average age at death being 58 1-2 years, and the average duration of the policies on the deceased lives being eighteen years. Since the commencement of the company there has been paid to it, by assurers a total sum of $28,900,000, of which the company holds now for future claims and profits over $17,000,000, and having already paid to assurers and their representatives by way of profits, death and endowment claims, etc., $15,500,000, it will be seen that the receipts for interest alone have exceeded all the management and other expenses of the company by no less than $3,600,000. I need hardly allude to the blessing which the company must have been to that large number of widows and orphans of assurers, who were left in many cases without other provision than that of their life policies, the payment of which placed them in comparative independence and comfort, in place of being left in poverty or in dependence upon friends or relatives.

As you are aware, the basis upon which the valuations of our policy liabilities are at present made is that of the American experience table of mortality, with the interest at 4 per cent., a table compiled by that well-known actuary, Shepard Homans, from the experience of the largest American life company. Upon the present occasion, however, as is required by our laws, a valuation has been made by the Canadian Insurance Department upon the Dominion Government standard, which is based upon the experience of twenty leading British companies, and called the Institute of Actuaries tables, with interest at 4 1-2 per cent. We are thus fortunate in having this year for the first time the opportunity of comparing the results of the valuations of these two different standards, and it will interest you to learn of the sound position of the company, as is shown by the fact that our own valuation of liabilities is $617,000 in excess of that of the Dominion Government standard, it being in the ratio of $104.01 to each $100. Such a result is a matter of great satisfaction, and it will further confirm the public confidence which the company enjoys, and you will be glad to know that the advantages which it offers continue to be appreciated by assurers, for in this current year, up to the present time, the new assurances exceed in number and amount those of any previous year for the corresponding period, and I believe it will be sustained by you when I say that no Canadian institution stands higher than the Canada Life in the public esteem, and in none do the directors and management more earnestly seek to retain that eminent position, by giving to assurers every advantage and liberality which prudence and safety and justice can suggest.

F. W. Gates, Vice-President of the company, seconded the adoption of the report in an interesting speech, and referred to the erection of the company's handsome building in Montreal and to the increasing difficulty of securing investments at a high rate of interest. After telling some plain truths about mining investments, he alluded in feeling terms to the absence from the meeting of Lieut.-Governor Kirkpatrick, one of the directors.

A vote of thanks to the president and directors was then moved and seconded by Messrs. E. B. Osler, M.P., and Major Henry McLaren, in highly complimentary terms.

Adam Brown moved, and B. E. Walker seconded, a hearty vote of thanks to the agents, officers and medical and legal advisers of the company, expressing in suitable terms the appreciation of the shareholders. The motion was responded to by Dr. J. D. MacDonald, David Kidd, Alexander Bruce and R. Hills on behalf of the medical advisers, agents, legal advisers and the staff respectively, the President also adding an expression of his appreciation.

The following directors were elected: Very Rev. Dean Innes, F. W. Gates, B. E. Walker and Alexander Bruce, Q.C.

At a subsequent meeting of the directors A. G. Ramsay and F. W. Gates were re-elected President and Vice-President respectively.

A SCHOOL QUESTION IN BUFFALO.

Complaint Made That Money From the Public School Funds is Paid to R. C. Institutions.

Buffalo, April 15.—The question of using money in the Public school fund for the payment of teachers in Roman Catholic institutions has come up again before the board or councilmen. A protest was read from the Guard of Honor, in which it was claimed that such a use of the Public school fund is a violation of the constitution. The communication mentioned the many Roman Catholic institutions. Superintendent Emerson of the Department of Public Instruction says that in placing the appropriations of the orphan asylums in his estimates he had followed a custom in vogue for 30 years. He said he believed the constitution made exceptions for such cases.

The Delegate Will Visit Toronto.

The Catholic Register says: "Shortly after Easter Rev. Monsignor Mery Del Val is expected to visit Toronto. The Delegate Apostolic has had various invitations to distant parts of the Dominion, there being a general disposition to impress so distinguished a visitor with the beauty and vast resources of Canada. It would be asking him to see the play of 'Hamlet' with Hamlet omitted, to show him Canada excluding the Queen City. When he comes here he will, of course, be the guest of the Archbishop of Toronto; and no doubt an opportunity will be afforded the Catholic people of the city of paying their respects to one whose important mission and whose great personality have excited curiosity and admiration in every Catholic community in the land. It is also to be expected that the usual custom of facilitating the largest number of those desirous of being presented to the Delegate will be followed in Toronto; and the reception for this purpose may be held at the Archbishop's Palace on Church-street."

An East End Runaway.

Yesterday evening a boy driver of a wagon, belonging to Fred Mauthie, grocer, of 753 Queen-street east, left the rig standing in Broadview-avenue and neglected to drop the tie-weight, while he went into a house to deliver some parcels. In the wagon were two children—a boy and a girl. The horse got frightened and started down toward Queen-street at a terrific rate; then it turned east and kept up its pace until near Bolton-avenue, when it was brought to a sudden stop by a young man, who rushed out and got hold of the animal's head. The act was a courageous one, as the horse was running at a very fast pace. Meantime the children had been rolling around in the wagon, but when the animal was brought to a standstill it was found they were uninjured.

The Hebrew Passover.

To the Editor of the Worthy World: Being a steady reader of your worthy World I noticed in the paper your announcement of the Hebrew Passover, "that commences at sundown April 14th, that is our 13th day of Nisan," and that the Hebrews tell the wonder that Jehovah did. Now, permit me, dear sir, to tell you that the Hebrew Passover commences April 15th at sundown, at Hebrew time, 13th day of Nisan at sundown; and that it was not Jehovah did all the wonder, but Moses. I hope you will print this in your worthy paper that all your readers should know.

Philip Rosenberg.

Summer White's Suicide.

On Wednesday evening Summer B. White of the lumber firm of White & Clifford, Lockport, N.Y., committed suicide by shooting himself in his bedroom. He was well known in Toronto, where he once resided.

Only Seven are Foundlings.

The authorities of the Infants' Home state that of the 85 children in that institution, only 7 are foundlings, and that five of these have been taken there during the last ten days.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

The Remedy with a Record.

50 Years of Cures

"Canada for = = = Canadians"

ENAMELED WARE PRICES. Comparison on a few lines.

ENAMELED TEA POT. Sold at retail in 1890—$1.35 to $1.60 each. Sold at retail in 1897—40c to 45c each.

WASH BOWL. Sold at retail in 1890—75c to $1 each. Sold at retail in 1897—20c to 25c each.

PRESERVING KETTLE. Sold at retail in 1890—$1.40 to $1.80 each. Sold at retail in 1897—40c to 50c each.

We appeal with confidence to the Canadian sentiment of our people when we call attention to our complete equipment for turning out Household Utensils of infinite variety.

Granite, Copper, Stamped and Japanned Tinware, Galvanized Ware, etc.

To show some of the advantages of this Canadian industry, we quote prices when we were dependent on foreign goods and since the home trade has been established.

These are but samples of what has been accomplished by way of meeting the demand for the thousand and one articles in daily use in Canadian homes and at rock-bottom prices. Be sure and see that our

"Granite" or "Diamond"

label is on every piece you buy. For sale everywhere in Canada. 35612

Kemp Manufacturing Co., Toronto.

In Buying Clothing

STORE OPEN Till 10 o'Clock ON SATURDAY

It is not so important for some people to save money as to get exactly what they want. Here you can do both.

Spring Suits and Overcoats Are Ready

Ready to put on. Here is gathered a collection worthy the attention of every man who wears good clothing and wants to save his tailor's bills.

Smart, Dressy All-Wool Suits, silk-stitched edges, fashionable patterns and designs, sizes 36 to 44— $10.00

Perfect Fitting Spring Overcoats of fine English worsted, light and dark shades, lined with excellent Italian lining— $6.50, $8.50, $10

Young Men's Neat Fitting Suits in English and Scotch patterned tweed— $7, $8, $10

Good Waterproof Coats, sewn seams, deep cape, light and dark colored check patterns and plain blue or black— $4.95

Boys' Three-Piece Suits in brown and grey colored tweeds, neat and good— $3.50

Reefer Coats at $2.00, $2.50, $3.00 and $3.50 are the most useful garments boys can wear at this season of the year.

Nothing is prettier for the small boys than Blouse Suits. Here you can get a large selection at any price between $1.50 and $5.00

We're quite enthusiastic over our Men's Bicycle Suits, and you will be, too, when you see them at $4.00

Oak Hall Clothiers

115 to 121 KING ST. E., TORONTO.

ST. LEGER, 216 YONGE STREET.

SPECIALS FOR FRIDAY.

100 Pairs Tan Fancy Slippers $1.50, for . . . 75c

100 Pairs Childs' Tan Buttoned $1.25, for . . . 75c

100 Pairs Dongola Strap Slippers $1.75, for . . . $1.25

TABLES FULL OF BARGAINS.

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ST. LEGER, 216 YONGE STREET.

AMUSEMENTS.

ANCIENT ORDER OF FORESTERS' CONCERT —In aid of the —Hospital Fund, GOOD FRIDAY, Pavilion, Horticultural Gardens.

Artists—Harold Jarvis, Jennie Houston, Agnes Forbes, Mina Lund-Reburn, James Fax, Bert Harvey, H. Shipe.

Doors open 7.15. Commences 8 p.m.

Tickets 25c; children under 12, 15c. For sale and may be exchanged for reserved seats without extra charge at box office, Pavilion, from 10 to 5 o'clock, Good Friday.

G. M. GARDNER, Secretary.

Coming Hope Booth In Sensational Poses. Now at Tony Pastor's, N.Y.

Mr. Owen A. Smily's Recital in Association Hall, is postponed until April 30, owing to conflicting engagements in the United States. Plan at Gourlay, Winter & Leeming's, Yonge-street. Admission 25 cents. Reserved seats 50 cents.

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For instance.

How hard it is to get your flavor tea! So with seed. But birds cannot voice a complaint when given food not suiting them. So, be sure to get the best—Cottams. It's the only food packed by an experienced fancier.

NOTICE "PARE COTTAM & CO. LONDON," on label. Contents, manufactured under 3 patents, sell separately—BIRD MEAL, 10c.; FEMALE HOLDER, 5c.; SEED, 10c. With COTTAMS SEED you get the 25c. worth for 10c. Three times the value of any other seed. Sold everywhere. Send COTTAMS Illustrated BIRD BOOK, 96 pages—post free 25c.

Mr. Guest, organist of Cooke's Church, has been presented with an address and parlor lamp by the choir on the occasion of his resignation of the position he has held for four years.

AMUSEMENTS.

PRINCESS MATINEE TO-DAY Charles B. Hanford IN INCOMAR Supported by MR. KEENE'S Company. TO-NIGHT THOMAS W. KEENE PRESENTING ..OTHELLO.. To-morrow Mat.....Merchant of Venice To-morrow Ev'g.....Richard III

GRAND MATINEE TO-DAY 8 BELLS THE FAMOUS BROTHERS BYRNE —ALSO— To-Night, To-morrow matinee and ev'g. Next week—E. S. Willard. Seats now on sale.

THE ISLAND ON GOOD FRIDAY.

The steamers Shamrock, Island Queen and Lucila will run from Yonge Street Wharf to Hanlan's Point and Island Park at short intervals—weather permitting.

The Toronto Ferry Co., Ltd.

Bargain Matinees Tue., Thu., Sat. Entire Balcony 15c Entire Lower Floor 25c TORONTO Opera House. THIS WEEK—April 12 to 17. "COON HOLLOW." Extra Matinee GOOD FRIDAY Next Week—"GREAT NORTH-WEST."

AUDITORIUM 26 Queen St. West. THIS WEEK Matinees Daily At 2.30. Bicycles Checked Free McCormick's Night —AND— VAUDEVILLE.

MASSEY MUSIC HALL Good Friday. Prices—Matinee 50 & 75c; evening 50c, 75c and $1. Admission, 46c at 25c. Plan now open from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. CHICAGO MARINE BAND

Toronto Teachers' Association will present Prof. Clark with a testimonial for his lectures to them on Tennyson.