

43RD YEAR NO. 17896

THE ADVERTISER, LONDON, ONTARIO, FRIDAY, AUGUST 3, 1906.—TEN PAGES.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

**MUTINY NOW ON
NEAR WARSAW****Artillerymen in Camp Turn
Against the Government.****M. STOLYPIN'S PLAN REJECTED****St. Petersburg Believes Dictatorship Is
Assured—Gallant Fight by Loyal
Officers at Cronstadt.**

Warsaw, Russian Poland, Aug. 3.—The artillerymen in the summer camp at Rembertoff, near Warsaw, have mutinied. Infantry and Cossacks have been dispatched to quell the revolt.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 3.—All the stations of the Finnish Railway between St. Petersburg and Viborg, as well as the entire length of the coast which the line skirts, have been occupied by troops.

Government Victory Is Complete.

Helsingfors, Finland, Aug. 3.—Sveaborg fortress is completely in the hands of the Government this morning. The prisoners have been marched out and sent to Skatudden Island, where they will await trial. The socialist red guard yesterday evening made a last effort to bring about a general strike. They marched in force to the power house of the street railroad and ordered the men to strike. Upon their refusal the guards attempted to destroy the buildings. Police and communal guards were summoned, and a fight followed, resulting in the killing of the assistant chief of police and several communal guards, and a number of the red guards. Cossacks were summoned and separated the combatants. The red guard consists of the greater part of the Finnish proletariat, while the communal guards are made up of the middle and wealthy classes, and are organized to maintain order and protect property. They are armed with rifles and are under almost military discipline.

The Government is handling the situation carefully, fearing that the movement may spread throughout the country. The Cossacks are used only in extreme cases and they display crowds with more gentleness than they do in Russia.

Rounded Up 500 Reds.

Riga, Livonia, Russia, Aug. 3.—A secret revolutionary meeting, which was attended by 500 persons, was surrounded last night by dragoons, who captured every man present.

Officers Fought Gallantly.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 3.—Executions are in progress. The officers at Cronstadt showed splendid courage, and all those who were killed fighting. Col. Alexandroff received the mutineers with a revolver, and Capt. Tyroschinski, of the submarine mine, after a desperate struggle, was bayoneted by his assailants and his head split open with the butt of a rifle.

Rear Admiral Beclenschieff, who was wounded several times, died during the night. When the sailors mutinied the admiral immediately went out with his staff, heedless of warnings, and entered the barracks. Within a few seconds he and two captains were shot down. The crowd of civilians who joined the mutineers included a large number of women armed with rifles, revolvers, and swords. One of the wounded captains was spared because he wore the St. George's Cross.

Capt. Trudoneff, who was killed, fought in the battle of the Sea of Japan, on one of the Russian ships which foundered. He was fourteen hours in the water before he was picked up. The Yenissei regiment played the most prominent part at Cronstadt in quelling the mutiny of the sailors. The latter had broken into the arsenal, after overpowering the guards, and had seized a quantity of arms. After firing several volleys the regiment charged, driving out the mutineers, who fled into the streets pursued by the loyal soldiers, who continued their rifle fire, to which the mutineers replied. Some shots were fired at the loyalists from houses. Many of the mutineers sought to escape from the town, but they were met by a hot fire and driven to their barracks, where they were surrounded. An attempt was made by one party of mutineers to capture the harbor batteries, but it was repulsed by the fire of machine guns.

Stolypin Worsted.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 3.—The report last night that Emperor Nicholas had flatly refused to accept the conditions to which Premier Stolypin agreed in his negotiations with Count Hayek, Alexander Guchkoff, Prince Nicholas Lvoff, Paul Vinogradoff and Senator ou jo uonuzjuresoea at joz joz joz cabinet, and which the Premier recommended the Emperor to accept, turn out to be true. Official confirmation came this morning in a one-line announcement as follows: "The reports that the non-bureaucratic elements will enter the cabinet are untrue."

Looks Like Dictatorship.

Count Heyden and his conferees have now washed their hands of the Government, and all M. Stolypin's promises of "Strong-handed reform" have not materialized. At his first encounter with the influences at court he has been worsted, and the predictions of the liberals that the dissolution of Parliament would inevitably lead to a dictatorship appears to be on the point of realization. There is no doubt that the panic created at court by the mutiny at Cronstadt, within earshot of the Emperor made the victory of the camarilla easy. In the

(Continued on Page Eight.)

**NEW LIGHT ON
THAT CONCESSION****Temiskaming Right-of-Way
Scandal Scars Govt.****THE COMMISSION MAY RESIGN****Ontario Government Anxious to Cancel
Lease to the Syndicate—But Latter
May Not Withdraw.**

Toronto, Aug. 3.—A new light has been thrown on the Temiskaming Railway right-of-way scandal by the publication of a letter from the chairman of the commission to Mr. Geo. A. Loney, of Sudbury.

Mr. Smith's letter is as follows:—
Toronto, June 18, 1906.
Dear George A. Loney, Sudbury, Ont.:

Would say that we have various offers for mining rights on the right-of-way, but the commission is not prepared to consider any offer except one made on the basis of the advertisement recently issued. The method of operating by net receipts would not be found satisfactory.

As we have various other applicants, I would be glad to learn definitely whether you and your associates are prepared to deal with us on the basis of \$50,000 bonus with the royalties added. Yours truly,
C. B. SMITH, Chairman.

Mr. Loney, with Messrs. Clemons and J. D. Taylor, made application for a mining lease on the right-of-way of the railroad. This was in July of 1905, and was the first application made, and was for five miles within the Cobalt area.

Premier Whitney had announced that tenders would be asked, and had detailed in most explicit language the terms on which tenders would be asked by the commission, with the approval of the Government, and stated that these were the lowest terms which would be accepted. Later on the commission, of which Mr. Denis Murphy, of Ottawa, is a member, called for tenders. The advertisement inserted on April 5 and subsequently in a number of papers was identical with the terms outlined by Mr. Whitney. It called for a cash bonus of not less than \$50,000; 10 per cent of the gross value of ore assaying less than \$400 per ton; 25 per cent for ore between \$400 and \$1,000 per ton in value, and 50 per cent for all ore over \$1,000 per ton in value, in addition to an annual rental of \$500.

Mr. Loney's offer was for 50 per cent royalty on the net value of the ore after cost of mining and smelting had been deducted. Mr. Loney regarded 50 per cent net, while a less speculative offer than the terms asked by the Government, as likely to prove more profitable to the Province than the terms of the advertisement. The ore of the mines in the vicinity averages somewhat in the neighborhood of \$2,000 per ton. All the possible charges would be less than \$100 per ton, leaving \$1,500 per ton to be divided equally between the concessionaire and the Government. On the other hand, the payment of a royalty equaling half the value of ore of \$1,000 per ton and over would require the utmost vigilance on the part of the inspectors, for it would need only a small addition of the commonest kind of ore to bring the value of the vein matter down below the \$1,000 figure. The Loney offer was therefore probably more profitable than the commission's advertisement demanded.

Despite this fact this is what happened. Within a few weeks of the date of the above letter it was announced that no offer along the line of the advertisement having been received, the commission, Messrs. Smith, Murphy and Englehart, had accepted the offer of an Ottawa syndicate, the foremost members of which were Mr. Murphy's son and his business associate, to give a royalty of 25 per cent gross on all ore mined.

Toronto, Aug. 3.—The Globe says: Representatives of the Ottawa-Temiskaming right-of-way syndicate in which Mr. Murphy's son is a prominent figure, were at the Parliament buildings yesterday and had what is said to have been a red-hot time over the proposed lease of the mining rights under the Government railway at Cobalt. The members of the syndicate claim that the deal was, from their point of view, a straight business one, and the fact that the son of one of the Government commissioners was in the syndicate should not cause them to be deprived of the rights they have provisionally acquired. The Government, however, is becoming thoroughly alarmed over the storm the proposed lease has aroused in the country, and it was urged that the syndicate withdraw its tender as the easiest way out of a bad position. It is believed the syndicate will refuse to do this, holding that the tender was a proper one, and that to withdraw now would be a confession that all was not as it should have been.

Under these circumstances the Government will be under the necessity of refusing to sanction the lease, and Messrs. Smith, Murphy and Englehart, the commissioners, will, it is believed, consider such action a vote of want of confidence and will resign.

THREE TRAINMEN KILLED.

Pittsburg, Aug. 3.—Three trainmen were killed today in a freight wreck on the Buffalo, Rochester and Pittsburg Railroad, near Harmony, Pa. The accident was caused by the train running into an open switch.

**Milan Exposition Afire;
Loss Runs Into Millions****The Exhibits of Italy and Hungary Are Completely
Destroyed—The City in a Panic.**

Milan, Italy, Aug. 3.—Fire which broke out here early this morning in the International Exposition did extensive damage. The sections devoted to the decorative arts of Italy and Hungary were totally destroyed, as also was the pavilion in which were installed the exhibits of Italian and Hungarian architecture. The damage is estimated at \$800,000. Several firemen and carbiniers were injured. The city was thrown into a state of great excitement and vast crowds of people collected about the exposition. The firemen, however, succeeded in saving all except the Italian and Hungarian sections, though dangerous sparks fell on the German, Persian, Turkish and Chinese sections. At noon the fire was considered to be entirely under control. Some of the estimates place the loss as high as \$2,400,000, which probably is excessive. The origin of the fire is attributed to an electric short circuit. The authorities reject the theory that the conflagration was of incendiary origin.

**DISORDERLY TRIO
COME TO GRIEF****Fighting George Verner, With
His Female Aids, Get
Their Deserts.**

Too much whisky, Mr. George Verner, his wife and his mother-in-law, put on a little play at their home on Dundas street east, yesterday afternoon, which, for exciting features, would stand its own with any "Diamond Dick" or "Sawdust Pete" story that ever came off the press, and which resulted in their being sentenced to imprisonment when they took part in the final act at the police court this morning.

A neighbor, who took a hand in the row, told of how he was driving along Dundas street when he saw Verner throwing his wife all over the lawn. Then another woman, Mrs. Sprole, Verner's mother-in-law, came across the street and started at Verner. For a time the fight was fast and furious, but finally Verner came out victorious and was getting even with the women. Not caring to see any man abuse a woman, the witness went over and told Verner to leave the women alone or he would take a hand in the affair. Another man then came along and Verner took after him, threw him down and bit his thumb. Then he went back to the first man on the scene, but the worst of the bargain. Verner and his two lady assistants then made off down English street.

The patrol who were telephoned for reached the first corner, P. C. Shortill was greeted with the war cry, "I have done two of them, now I will do you." Verner immediately attacked the officer. Again Verner got the worst of it, for Shortill came along and hit him back on the walk and with one handcuff on him.

Then the women came to the rescue; both attacked the policeman, kicking, biting and punching him, and one used a valise freely upon him.

The patrol came along and Acting Detective Lucas applied a little force to Verner and landed him into the wagon. After considerable trouble the women, who fought like mad all the while, were shipped, and off to the station went the whole party. When the accounts were straightened out it was found that besides having his trousers torn and being badly bruised and scratched, P. C. Shortill had been kicked in the eye by Mrs. Sprole. P. C. Lucas had fared a little better, but he had been bitten on the leg by Verner while on the way to the station.

To the "drunk and disorderly" charge the three pleaded guilty, but to the charge of assaulting a police officer they pleaded not guilty. The evidence of two witnesses was sufficient to convince the court of their being guilty to both charges. On the first they were each fined \$10 or 21 days, and on the assault charge George Verner was sent to the Central prison for four months; Mrs. Sprole was given three months in jail, while Mrs. Verner was sent down for 40 days.

DEATH FOR ASSAULTERS**Chicago Grand Jury Suggests Gallows
For Women-Attackers.**

Chicago, Aug. 3.—Punishment by death is recommended by the July grand jury as a maximum penalty for attacks on women. The recommendation was made in its final report, which was handed to Judge Duany in the superior court yesterday. Changes in existing laws prescribing punishment for assaults on children also were recommended. The action of the grand jury is the result of the long-continued prevalence in Chicago of such attacks.

CUT OUT RACING TIPS.

Toronto, Aug. 3.—The Attorney-General's department is asking newspapers to refrain from publishing racing tips or selections, or the advertisements of those who profess to give tips. It is held that it is clean against the law on gambling to publish such things, and the department desires first to get the friendly assistance of the papers in stopping it. If this is not done action will be taken.

SAYS HE ANNOYS HER.

Toronto, Aug. 3.—Harry Barr, of Chicago, was arrested here today on the complaint of Canille Bohne, a trapeze performer, who claims that Barr has been following her about from place to place, and subjecting her to annoyances.

NABBED AT LAST**Two Slippery Ones Were Caught by
County Constable Shaver.**

County Constable Shaver captured Wm. McDonald last night, and with him William Lake. McDonald is the young chap who made the flying run from John Qain, when they were found trying to sell some junk they had stolen. McDonald is out on suspended sentence for the same offense.

William Lake is another one of the gang, and is a very wild lad. There have been warrants out for his arrest for a year and a half, but by his trickery he has always eluded arrest. He was wanted with the McCallum boys for stealing junk in the east end. They were remanded a week by Squire Taylor.

PREFERS FOSTER-PARENTS**Girl Abducted by Her Mother Escapes
Across the Line.**

Walkerville, Ont., Aug. 3.—Henrietta Butler Keith, the 12-year-old adopted daughter of Andrew Keith, who was abducted by her mother last March, and taken to a town near Syracuse, N. Y., has returned to her foster-parents here, where she says she prefers to live. Her escape from her mother's home was arranged by her family here. They eluded detectives on the lookout for them at Buffalo, and got into Ontario safely. It is said a warrant is out here for the Butlers, charging abduction, and that they will be apprehended if they come to Walkerville.

LENNOX ACQUITTED**Found Not Guilty of Defrauding the
City of Toronto.**

Toronto, Aug. 3.—Ruling that the agreement between Mr. E. J. Lennox and the city was sufficient foundation for the payments, Deputy Magistrate Kingsford yesterday afternoon acquitted the architect on charges of defrauding the city out of two sums of \$100 each. His worship believed Mr. Lennox was entitled to the money, but expressed his surprise that the architect obtained the \$200 in the way he did.

WAS TYPOS' FIRST CHIEF**Isaac George, Former President of the
Union, Passes Away at New York.**

Chicago, Aug. 3.—Isaac G. George, former president of the International Typographical Union, died yesterday at the Presbyterian Hospital, after an illness of eight weeks. Mr. George was 69 years of age. He was elected first president of the International Typographical Union at Albany, N. Y., in 1888. At the time of his death he was president of the Old-Time Printers' Association.

**GOING TO INDIA
AS A MISSIONARY****Mr. A. S. Woodburne, of London
Appointed by the Baptist
Mission Board.**

The executive of the Baptist Foreign Mission Board, at Toronto, yesterday afternoon appointed Mr. A. S. Woodburne, B. A., a graduate of London (Ont.) University and of McMaster University, and the holder of the Crawford scholarship, to work in India. Applications from four other men were received, all for service in India.

Mr. Woodburne will proceed to India this fall, probably about Oct. 1, and will in the meantime take to himself a wife. He goes to Cocanada, instead of Rev. H. F. Laflamme, who was there and was to return, but whose services have been secured for a year for the Baptist Volunteer Movement. Mr. Woodburne is a brother of Rev. Dr. Woodburne, a missionary of the same board in Yellamanchi, India. He has been for a long time a member of and active worker in Adelaide Street Baptist Church.

Mr. and Mrs. Woodburne will be accompanied to India by Miss Jessie Alyn, M.D., of Edmonton, Alta., who will serve under the same board, she having been appointed by the Women's Foreign Mission Board.

Further appointments to India were deferred till the meeting of the board in October.

Three applications for service in Bolivia were also received and considered, but action was deferred for one week.

The financial reports of the board up to date are exceedingly gratifying. The financial year ends on October 10. The reports of the missionaries of the board in India are exceedingly encouraging. One hundred and eighty-five persons were baptized in the mission fields during the first three months of the present year.

DO YOU WANT A HUSBAND?**Because Here's an Excellent Fellow
Who Wants a Wife.**

Detroit, Mich., Aug. 3.—A man who gave his name as Abram Bodington, of Toronto, applied to Superintendent Dolan, of the poor commission, yesterday, for a wife. He enumerated his own good qualifications, and produced a letter by Rev. T. E. Bartley, of Toronto, recommending Bodington as a man of good character. He was assured that any marriageable woman making application would be given his Detroit address.

FOUND SUICIDE'S BODY.

Windsor, Ont., Aug. 3.—The body of Mrs. Elizabeth Spain, who, during a period of extreme melancholia, a week ago, jumped unobserved from a Detroit ferry, was found in the river on the Detroit side by the crew of the United States marine postoffice last evening. It was badly decomposed and was at once removed here for burial.

**KAISER TALKS OF
THE "RED DANGER"****Considers It Quite as Threatening
as Yellow Peril.****DEATH MENACES GOVT. HEADS****He Regrets That the Powers Are Not
United to Crush Out Militarism
and Anarchism.**

New York, Aug. 3.—A cablegram from the Sun from Paris says: The Matin publishes an interview had by its Berlin correspondent with Emperor William, in which his majesty said that the "yellow peril" was not the sole danger threatening the world, there being also a red danger.

"The heads of states," the Emperor added, "whether of absolute or constitutional monarchies or republics, hourly risk their lives. President Gallieres runs the same risk as the Czar, and President Roosevelt the same risks as King Alfonso. Those aiming at the abolition of all authority and order by governments are thoroughly agreed, while those charged with the duty of making order respected are unfortunately disagreed."

The correspondent says that at the Kiel regatta the Kaiser noticed that the French armored cruiser *Yvon Duhamet* was not present. He thought the warship had been invited to be present during the regatta, and he said to the French naval attaché, "It is a pity the Gambetta is absent. Come, come, I know what this means. We are still suspected, and are kept in punishment." The Kaiser enforced his remark by a genial laugh.

Speaking to another French naval officer, the Kaiser said: "It is freely reported that I am pleased when I learn that some fresh scandal has broken out in the French army. It is absolutely false. We Europeans live too closely together and our national lives are too intermingled, for us not to feel an evil occurring to any single member. Any harm befalling the French army fills me with uneasiness. Anti-militarism is an international pest. The nation rejoicing thereat resembles a city rejoicing in an outbreak of cholera in a neighboring town."

UNIVERSITY APPOINTEES**Board of Governors Names Teachers
For Fifteen Positions.**

Toronto, Aug. 3.—The board of governors of the University of Toronto, at a meeting in the Bank of Commerce board room yesterday, made the following appointments: E. F. Burton, H. F. Dawes and L. Gilchrist, demonstrators in physics; Miss L. B. Johnston, assistant demonstrator in physics; J. A. Gardner, lecture assistant in physics; R. H. Stewart, fellow in chemistry; J. M. Dawson, assistant in chemistry; T. B. Allan, K. J. McKee, J. F. Mackay and R. J. Manning, junior assistants in chemistry; M. B. McLean, fellow in mathematics; W. G. Smith and T. R. Robinson, lecturers and laboratory assistants in philosophy; Dr. B. A. Bensley was promoted from the position of lecturer to that of associate professor in biology.

The report of the finance committee was presented to the board and adopted. It bore on certain parts of the estimates for 1906-7, and estimates for salaries and maintenance were passed, totaling about \$250,000.

The board determined to establish a faculty of household science in connection with the offer of Mrs. Massey-Treble to put up a building for that purpose. Dr. Hoskin presided.

**GREAT RUSSIAN
STRIKE IS ON****Many St. Petersburg Establishments Close—Street Railway
at a Standstill.**

St. Petersburg, Aug. 3.—A general strike has been formally ordered to begin in St. Petersburg tomorrow at noon and as a preliminary the men employed in a dozen establishments went out at noon today. The final decision was not obtained without a strong fight in the workmen's council, three delegates standing out, against nine, to the end. The failure of the strike is predicted, as the workmen generally are not prepared. The plan is to begin the strike here tomorrow, and at Moscow on Monday and gradually to extend it through the empire until everything, including the railroads and telegraphs is at a complete standstill.

A section of the street railroads here, including the Nevsky Prospect line, stopped running this afternoon. The police today arrested a dozen members of the workmen's council, who were elected to direct the general strike and also captured several members of the revolutionary military committee. The signal to strike has been forwarded to 72 different proletarian organizations throughout the empire.

FOUND SUICIDE'S BODY.

Windsor, Ont., Aug. 3.—The body of Mrs. Elizabeth Spain, who, during a period of extreme melancholia, a week ago, jumped unobserved from a Detroit ferry, was found in the river on the Detroit side by the crew of the United States marine postoffice last evening. It was badly decomposed and was at once removed here for burial.

EMBASSY CLERK DEAD.

London, Aug. 3.—Charles Hodson, for 30 years chief clerk of the American embassy, died today. Mr. Hodson served under eight ambassadors.

**EUROPE TO LOSE
IN SOUTH AMERICA****How Mr. Root Has Outwitted
the Diplomats.****THE FRENCH PRESS TAUNTED****Reproved For Not Giving More Atten-
tion to Pan-American Congress
and Its Objects.**

Paris, Aug. 3.—La Liberté tonight, under the caption "Victims of the Monroe Doctrine," prints a long, vigorous article on Secretary of State Root and the Pan-American congress. It taunts the French press for grudgingly printing a paragraph about Root toasting all South America between the lists of contestants in a recent swimming match and the names of meritorious agriculturists. It ironically quotes an editor who said foreign politics is not sufficiently Parisian to interest a polite public, and then twists leaders of the republic on making the question of conferring a decoration of the Legion of Honor on Sarah Bernhardt the principal affair of state, tacitly asking why they should worry over South Americans, who interest Parisians only in vaudeville.

All this time, says La Liberté, Root is preparing, if he has not already made it effective, a most redoubtable operation of political economics, of which the French will be dupes and with them all other Latin people who are imitating them and trying to be Parisians.

The results of fifteen years' intrigue in Panama is likely to be effective soon. Europe already has been expelled from South America. It will be expelled from South America in less than six years unless there be energetic resistance immediately.

Referring to the recent intervention of the United States in Central America La Liberté says it is understood that President Roosevelt himself devised the "coup de mal de mer," which consisted in detained representatives of Salvador, Guatemala, and Honduras at sea on board a rolling vessel until their signatures to a satisfactory agreement were obtained. This method, the paper adds, is too new to be suggested to the Pan-American congress, which Roosevelt doubtless deplores, as even Root's eloquence is less effective than this Imperialistic plan.

For six weeks this envoy has been working with the foreseen result, which enabled the diplomat humorist to declare himself at Rio de Janeiro as merely an amateur, disinterested tourist under disguise of diplomatic formula.

Continuing, the paper says a few facts today are startlingly clear, among them that Europe has no right to defend its financial and commercial interests in South America. The United States in effect says each nation is master of its own home, with the United States at home everywhere.

Against 75,000,000 Latin people and Secretary Root, and to that Yankee intruder went favors and benefits because he alone spoke, flattered, menaced. He alone acted while Latin Europe abandoned.

Already distant lands have slipped into Yankee hands. At Constantinople, St. Petersburg, Tokio, Algiers, the same Root intervened at his convenience, and Europe stupidly respected the Monroe doctrine. Before the conclusion of the third Pan-American congress it will have cost the Latin peoples the continent they peopled and financed.

**ARTHUR LAVIGNE
FOUND GUILTY****The Charges of Indecent Assault
Proven Against Prisoner—
Remanded a Week.**

Arthur Lavigne was convicted this morning by Judge Elliott of two charges of indecent assault. The first case was the London Township case, and the prisoner was identified positively by several witnesses as the man who attempted to criminally assault the young girl.

In the Stratford case, a strong chain of circumstantial evidence, as well as a confession of the prisoner, made his guilt most positive.

"A MESSAGE OF HOPE"**Irish Nationalists Evidently Expect Much
From the Liberals.**

Dublin, Aug. 3.—The Irish Independent quotes A. P. McDonnell, as saying in the course of a speech at a recent non-political banquet that he brought a message of hope. He firmly believed that 1907 would see the fruition of many of the hopes the best Irishmen had entertained for years past. There might not be a full fruition for all they had hoped, but a fruition of so much that if Irishmen were true to themselves they could make it the source from which all their hopes would be fulfilled.

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