prince's Lodge is four miles distant from the City. The Lodge proper, from which the beautiful apot derives its name, was built in 1794 as a residence by H. R. H. Edward, Duke of Kent, father of Queen Victoria. A band tower was erected near the residence, and this now remains to mark the historic spot, the house itself having been demolished when the property ceased to be owned by the Crown.

Dry Dock, On Campbell Road, built in the solid rock, of granite and concrete, is the largest on the American continent, and is the only dock on this side of the Atlantic which will receive the largest ships of Her Majesty's navy without removing guns and stores. The pumps have a capacity of 45,000 gallons of water per minute, and empty the dock, which contains 7,000,000 gallons of water, in three hours.

The electric trams pass every 5 minutes.

F. M. Dockyard. The principal station and headquarters of the North American and West India Squadron during the summer months, was founded almost as soon as a landing was effected at Halifax. The buildings are of a substantial character. Take a tram on Hollis Street going north.

Chain Lakes. Distant three miles from the City, is the source of its water supply. A drive to these lakes makes a charming and picturesque excursion.

Chain Rock. On the east shore of the North West Arm and directly at the foot of the road leading down from Martello Tower, is the remains of an old English fort. The Seven Bunkers, the site is now called, presumably from the seven hillocks, which formerly served as bastions of the fort. Below this and reaching out into the sea, is the Chain Rock. At the time of the French and English war, when the city was founded, a chain was stretched across the Arm to prevent the entrance of ships of foreign powers. The staple and bolts remain to this day. This is a favourite bathing spot.

Go to HEBB'S, 139 Hollis St., for SOUVENIR SPOONS.