I Parties' exposition of their will to take the lead in making further efforts.

- (5) Internationally comparative analysis of the state and effectiveness of policies and measures concerning each of the sectors such as industrial, residential and commercial, transport etc., taken by individual Annex I Parties, should be conducted at the subsidiary bodies, based upon national communication from each party, in-depth review, OECD/IEA joint project etc. Quantified limitation and reduction objective needs to be set based upon this analysis as well as the study by IPCC obtained through the subsidiary bodies, which provides the GHG emissions scientifically necessary to arrest the global warming.
- (6) Further consideration and elaboration is required for Activities Implementation Jointly (AIJ) and for technology innovation, dissemination, and transfer, including how these should be referred to within the legal instruments.
- 3. With a view to facilitating international agreement on legal instruments, it is also important for each party to take a domestic action such as the formulation of appropriate administrative systems and the elaboration of policies and measures to arrest global warming.

In this regard, the Government of Japan is endeavoring to strengthen its policies and measures, as mentioned in the Annex attached.

4. Following the conclusions at SBSTA 1, Japan's comments on (a)report framework of Activities Implementation Jointly and (b) national communications of non-Annex I parties, will be provided by November 15.