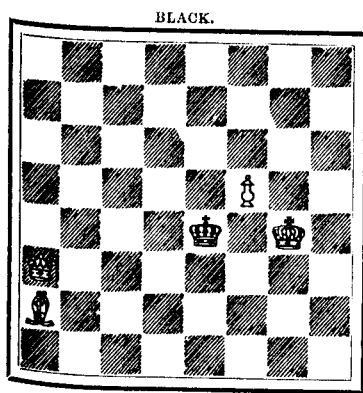


## CHESS.

## PROBLEM No. 245.

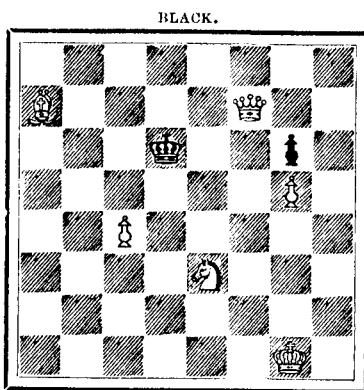
By N. H. GREENWAY.



White to play and mate in three moves.

## PROBLEM No. 246.

By THE HERMIT.



White to play and mate in three moves.

## SOLUTIONS TO PROBLEMS.

No. 239.

White.

1. Q-Q B 8
2. Q-K Kt 4
3. Kt mates

Black.

R-Kt 2

If 1. Kt-B 2

moves

No. 240.

White.

1. Kt-E 2

Correct solution received from N. H. G., Crystal City, to Nos. 239, 240 and 242.

## ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

N. H. G., CRYSTAL CITY.—Problems received with thanks. We publish one; the two move problem is faulty, as any move of the King will do for second move. Your solution of Problem No. 241 is wrong, in the first variation if Black play 1 R P x R there is no mate; shall be glad to hear from you again.

W. R., TORONTO.—Your solution of Problem No. 241 is wrong in the first variation, if Black play 2 B-B 3 there is no mate.

Game played on the 30th ult., at Hamilton, between Mr. Wm. Boulton, Toronto C. C., and Dr. I. Ryall, Hamilton C. C. :—

## EVANS GAMBIT.

Mr. Boulton.

Dr. Ryall.

White.

Black.

1. P-K 4
2. Kt-K B 3
3. B-B 4
4. P-Q Kt 4
5. P-Q B 3
6. Castles
7. P-Q 4
8. P-K 5
9. P x P
10. Kt-Kt 5

1. P-K 1
2. Kt-Q B 3
3. B-B 4
4. B x P
5. B-R 4
6. Kt-K B 3
7. P x P
8. Kt-K Kt 5 (a)
9. Castles
10. Kt-R 3 (b)

Mr. Boulton.

Dr. Ryall.

White.

Black.

11. Q-Q 3
12. Q-K R 3
13. Kt x R P
14. Q x Kt +
15. B-Kt 5
16. Q x Q
17. Q x Kt P +
18. B x B P
19. Q-K R 6 mate.

1. K-Kt 3
2. K-Kt 2
3. K x Kt
4. K-Kt 1
5. Q x B
6. Kt x Q P
7. K-R 1
8. P-Q 3

## NOTES.

(a) Bad; Black should have played P-Q 4.

(b) Fatal; Again Black should have played P-Q 4.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.—Scanlan, the favourite Irish comedian, will appear at the Grand next week in "Shane-na-Lawn," with new costumes and songs. An exchange says:—"Scanlan is a young comedian of fine instincts, as well as a tuneful singer. He has entered the special field of illustrating the humorous phases of Irish character, and so far he has surpassed his competitors that he can scarcely be said to have a rival. He pictures, with light and delicate touches, the oddities, the pathos, and the wit of the only peasantry in the world that oppression has not brutalized. He does not speak a slangy patois, repellant in discordant intonations and high-pitched querulousness—the language of depravity and ignorance, which vulgarity considers comical—but rather such as takes its colour from the scenery and the sky, and is as much a part of a country as its fields and flowers. As Ruskin has well pointed out, there is a wide difference between the dialect of a language and its corruption, and a comedian who appreciates the distinction deserves the commendation at a time when coarse pleasure is found in contemplating the comedies of the Harrigan and Hart school—comedies that draw all their vitality from the phenomena of the peasant character as vitiated by city influences. In keenness of perception and in repose and unctuousness of style, Mr. Scanlan recalls the delightful art of Boucicault, and his field of endeavour holds triumphs for him in the future."

A CONTROVERSY has broken out in Scotland about whether Sir Walter Scott was an Episcopalian or a Presbyterian. Were it not for certain curious evidence to the contrary, Lockhart's remarks on the subject would be held conclusive. In his biography it is said that the novelist took up "early in life" a repugnance to harsh Presbyterianism, and "adhered to the sister Church," whose method he admired and whose litanies and collects he revered. It was Dean Ramsay who read the Church of England Burial Service at Lady Scott's grave, and the same service was read at Scott's own burial. On the other hand, it appears that in 1806 the novelist was ordained an elder of the Church of Scotland at Duddingston, near Edinburgh. He also officiated in that capacity at the General Assembly. Doubtless Lockhart was only wrong in his dates. It was not "early in life," but when in his prime that Scott went over to the "sister Church." His novels are conclusive proof as to which Church had his sympathies.—*St. James's Gazette*.

## ONTARIO TO THE FRONT!

A MATTER OF VITAL IMPORTANCE.

The following unsolicited opinions from your friends and neighbours men and women, whom you know and respect, ought to carry conviction to any doubting mind. These words of gratitude are from those who have been afflicted but are now well, and the persons giving them are naturally solicitous that others, troubled as were they, may know the means of cure. There is no reason why you should be longer ill from kidney, liver or stomach troubles. You can be cured as well as others. Do not longer delay treatment, but to-day obtain that which will restore you to permanent health and strength:

296 McNab St. North, Hamilton, Can., Nov. 2, 1886.—I had been suffering for over twenty years from a pain in the back and one side of the head and indigestion. I could eat scarcely anything, and everything I ate disagreed with me. I was attended by physicians who examined me and stated that I had enlargement of the liver, and that it was impossible to cure me. They also stated that I was suffering from heart disease, inflammation of the bladder, kidney disease, bronchitis and catarrh, and that it was impossible for me to live. They attended me for three weeks without making any improvement in my condition. I commenced taking "Warner's Safe Cure" and "Warner's Safe Pills," acting strictly up to directions as to diet, and took thirty-six bottles, and have had the best of health ever since. My regular weight used to be 180 lbs. When I commenced "Warner's Safe Cure" I only weighed 140 lbs. I now weigh 210 lbs.

*Moss & Furlong*

ST. CATHARINES, Ont., Jan. 24th, 1887.—About six years ago I was a great sufferer from kidney disease, and was in misery all the while. I hardly had strength enough to walk straight and was ashamed to go on the street. The pains across my back were almost unbearable, and I was unable to find relief, even temporarily, I began the use of "Warner's Safe Cure," and inside of one week I found relief, and after taking eight bottles I was completely cured.

*W. E. Hugg*

Manager for American Express Co.

TORONTO (18 Division Street), Sept. 17, 1887.—Three years ago last August my daughter was taken ill with Bright's disease of the kidneys. The best medical skill in the city was tasked to the utmost, but to no purpose. She was racked with convulsions for forty-eight hours. Our doctor did his best, and went away saying the case was hopeless. After she came out of the convulsions, she was very weak and all her hair fell out. The doctor had left us about a month when I concluded to try "Warner's Safe Cure," and after having taken six bottles, along with several bottles of "Warner's Safe Pills," I saw a decided change for the better in her condition. After taking twenty five bottles there was a complete cure. My daughter has now a splendid head of hair, and weighs more than she ever did before.

*Mrs. J. S. Burns*

CHATHAM, Ont., March 6, 1888.—In 1884 I was completely run down. I suffered most severe pains in my back and kidneys, so severe that at times I would almost be prostrated. A loss of ambition, a great desire to urinate, without the ability of so doing, coming from me as it were in drops. The urine was of a peculiar colour and contained considerable foreign matter. I became satisfied that my kidneys were in a congested state and that I was running down rapidly. Finally I concluded to try "Warner's Safe Cure," and in forty-eight hours after I had taken the remedy I voided urine that was as black as ink, containing quantities of mucus, pus and gravel. I continued, and it was not many hours before my urine was of a natural straw colour, although it contained considerable sediment. The pains in my kidneys subsided as I continued the use of the remedy, and it was but a short time before I was completely relieved. My urine was normal and I can truthfully say that I was cured.

*J. M. Wood*

GALT, Ont., Jan. 27, 1887.—For about five years previous to two years ago last October, I was troubled with kidney and liver trouble, and finally I was confined to my bed and suffered the most excruciating pain, and for two weeks' time I did not know whether I was dead or alive. My physicians said I had enlargement of the liver, though they gave me only temporary relief. Hearing of the wonderful cures of "Warner's Safe Cure," I began its use, and after I had taken two bottles I noticed a change for the better. The pains disappeared, and my whole system seemed to feel the benefit of the remedy. I have continued taking "Warner's Safe Cure," and no other medicine since. I consider the remedy a great boon, and if ever I feel out of sorts "Warner's Safe Cure" fixes me all right. I weigh twenty pounds heavier now than ever before.

*John Graves*

Inventor of the Maple Leaf Lance-tooth Cross-cut saw.