PARNELL'S STATEMENT IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.

THE BARE FORGERIES AND COWARDLY ACTIONS OF TRAITORS SHOWN UP.

OF TRAIFORS SHOWN UP.

L. NDON, July 6.—On the sesembling of the House of Commons to day Mr. Parnell rose to make an explanation concerning certain statements made in connection with the O'Donnell-Times trial. He said the upshot of the trial prevented his testifying on cash, and, therefore, he would tender a statement to the House. He declared that he never saw Patrick Egan's letter of February 24, 1881, which was read at the trial with the view of showing that the League instigated the Phœnix Park murders. He was convinced that it was a for, ery. The imputation against the O'Learys was false. In regard to his letter, dated simply Tuesday, and saying, "I see no objection to your giving the amount saked for. There is not the least likelihood of what you apprehend happening," Mr. Parnell asked for. There is not the least likelihood of what you apprehend happening," Mr. Parnell said it might be genuine, but he could not recollect it. As to Egan's letter of Outober 15, 1881, to Carey saying "I sent on £200. When you get to work give us the value of cur money," and which Attorney General Websterstated the police found in Carey's house, Mr. Parnell said that doubtless genuine letters from Mr. Egan were found there, but Mr. Egan had never been legally charged, and he had sent a cablegram denying the authorship of the letters attributed to him. Mr. Parnell denounced as an absolute forgery the authorship of the leavers authorized to him.

Mr. Parnell denounced as an absolute forgery
the letter which it was alleged he wrote and
which it was claimed was smuggled from Kilmainham jail to Exan, urging him to immediate
action and to make it hot for old Forster. He n.ver wrate, signed or authorised the communi-Mr. Parnell then reiterated his assertion that he had neither eigned nor authorized the letter dated May 15, 1882, which bore what the letter dated May 19, 1882, which bore what was alleged to be his signature, and which was published a year ago. He said he had not used a signature similar to the one attached to this letter since 1879. He had then adopted a different style of signature. ("Oh" from the Ministerial henches. The letter of adopted a different style of signature. ("Oh" from the Ministerial benches). The letter of June 16, 1882, was also a forgery. The Byrne letter was doubtless genuine, but he had never sent Byrne any money. He had subscribed a small amount to the Byrne testimonial. "The great majority of the letters read at the time," Mr. Parnell continued, "are palpable forgenes. If they are credited it must be supposed that I believe any put myself in the power of a mur-If they are created it must be supposed that I deliberately put myself in the power of a murderer, that I was accessory to the Phoenix Park murder before and after the fact, and that I entered Kiemainham jail desiring to assassinate Mr. Forster. The absurdity of the whole series of letters, with a few exceptions, shows them to JUSTIN M'CARTHY EXPLAINS.

Mr. Justin McCarthy followed Mr. Parnell with an explanation of the statement that he with an explanation of the attement that he had given Byrne a cheque for one hundred pounds. He acknowledged that he gave the cheque to Byrne, but said that he had never suspected Byrne to be anything but a hard working servant of the societies devoted to winning home rule for Ireland by constitutional

ENGLISH PRESS OPINIONS.

The ceneral tone of the English press is against a policy of silence or of angry decials in the treatment by the Irish party of the revela-tions in the trial of the U Donnell-Times suit. The papers say this will not suffice. The revela-tions must be disproved either through a jury or a parliamentary committee. The Post says if such an investigation is not demanded even the English allies of the Parnellites will share the English allies of the Parnellites will share the ugly suspicion that the Irish party are guilty of the charges made against them. The Daily News treats the arguments presented by the Times' counsel as claptrap, and says it is astonished at the profound and eccentric gulli-bility displayed by the court. It expresses the e that it has heard the last of the miserable fanaticism.

"NUMBER ONE."

The cost incurred by the Times in defending the suit amounts to £12,000. It will try to make O'Donnell liable for the amount. The Parnellites denounce O'Donnell for the course he pursued. They suspect that Tynan, known as "Number One," is the person from whom the as "Anmoer One," is the person from whom the Times got its information concerning the League. In the lobbies of the House of Commons to-day members of the Irish party denied that Mr. Parnell ever paid Byrne £100. They said the £100 given Byrne was in the shape of a cheque signed by fustin McCarthy and represented League subscriptions.

sented League subscriptions.

New York, July 6.—Frank Byrne, the Irish Rulers to the witness stand and force them to disclore matters which would bring discredit upon them and their party.

#### CLEVER CRIMINALS.

AN ARREST IN TORONTO BREAKS UP THE NO-TORIOUS JOHNSON FAMILY.

TORONTO, July 6.—Charles Johnson, the notorious counterfeiter, was arrested here yester-day and was sent up so Sarnia to-night for trial. Amonth ago he was arrested in Detroit by the United States secrets service people, but he broke jail and came to Canada. The prisoner will be extradited if the chain of evidence on this side is not com-plete. The Johnson family were the clever-est forgers that ever existed in this country Their organization had distributing branches all over the Dominion and in the United States. Among the crimes with which they are connected are the Racine affair in Montreal, the Small forgery sensation in Toronto and various ones in the United States. One of the family, John, is in Kingston penitentiary and the one who carried the alies of Geo. Howard is in St. Vincent de Paul for burgiary at Longue Pointe and during the Montreal carnival, when a safe was taken from a hotel and b own open on the frezen river. The father of the men died in gaol while waiting trial for counterfeiting. The only other male member of the family at large has just completed fourteen years in a penitentiary at Albany, N.Y. The mother and sieters are in Toronto, and are said to be connected with the doings of the "lone firm." The arrest is looked upon as leading to the breaking up of a fermidable organization of criminals.

GEMS FROM VICTOR HUGO. Labor is the law; he who rejects it will

one of these, and ideas the other.

To read aloud is to assure one's self of what one is reading. There are people who the infuriated men and had them return to read very loud, and who have the appearance their boardinghouses, where they remained of giving themselves their word of honor as to what they are porusing.

To what party did he belong? To the party of humanity.

No mug is small, in fact; any one who is subject to the profound and penetrating in-

flaence of nature knows this. All hirds that fly have round their leg the

thread of the infinite.
The soul aids the body, and at certain moments raises it. It is the only bird which b ars up in its cage.

Poverty in youth, when it succeeds, has this magnificent property about it, that it turns the whole will toward effort, and the whole toul toward aspiration.

There has not been a despot, nor a traitor ler nearly a century back, who has not signed, approved, countersigned and copied, ne viriatur, the partition of Poland.

The light which we lack attracts us; no one loves the light like the blind man, ceases to be even pretty if, when she speaks, The dwarf adores the drum-major. The toad always has his eyes fixed on heaven. Why? In order to watch the bird in its

If one is not on one's guards, lowered for tunes may lead to baseness of soul.

THERE MIGHT BE TWO. [From the San Francisco Post.] This one is sick; his wayward fate cries out
Against the leach, the calonel, the bed.
Oh! inconsiderate person, cease to pout—
You might be dead!

And this one has the mitten; he has woed; Vainly, alack, his wooing has sped, Wall—even in this there's comfort, rightly viewed-He might be wed!

And here is one who wishes; his all is swept
Away in paoic, he has had to "all,"
He should, I think, he cheerful, that he's kept
Safe out of jail,

But late I lost a twenty-dollar bill—
And did I wring my hands that I had blundered? Not I, indeed! I'm very thankful still
"Twas not a hundred."

Sooth, should e'er capsize when walks are bad, And my good claviele involve in wreck, Serenely, I should say—How very glad It's not my neck.

Oh! trust me-better not to make ado At the few miseries of our common lot. There's millions of 'em-if we only knew !-We haven't got.

#### O'BRIEN'S CLOTHES.

HOW JOHN FORD, OF TULLAMORE JAIL, SMUG-GLED THE HISTORIC SUIT TO THE PATRIOT.

John Ford, who was recently in Milwaukee, having just arrived from Ireland, tells the following story of how he snoceeded in spoonful of b carbonate of soda in a little water smuggling the suit of clothes to O'Brien while a prisoner in Tullamore Jail. He says. "I was one of the warders at Tullamore

Jail, and knowing how to do the work, was also assistant to the prison clerk. Of course I was and am, like a great many others who are not suspected of it, a strong Nationalist, and when Mr. O'Brien was brought to the prison, you may be sure he did not want for prison, you may be sure he did not want for any good turn that I or others could do for him. He wouldn't wear the prison uniform, but insisted on keeping his own clothes.

Well, you know in America as well as most. Well, you know in America as well as we do, what happened. One night a sneak thief stole Mr. O'Brien's clothes while he was could get to him, I told him I thought I could get a suit in. I went to the parish priest and explained my plan to him and we telegraphed to Dublin for a suit. It came entire shape of the face is spoiled in the office to write them. As soon as I was there I opened the safe with the keys In it. I very pliable and naturally assume the pesi-knew how to open it. There were four keys tion which is oftenest given to them, so needed, and I took them. I unlocked one she who feels on pleasant terms with the O'Brien's cell, where I undressed myself as say pleasant things, will have about her quickly as I could. He took me by the mouth that something that the French call hands and said, 'God bless you, my boy, riante—the look that tells of a laugh without you're of the right sort.' I then put on my the sound and a smile that is not a smirk. ulater—I had nothing on but my under-clothes, shirt and shoes—and made my way out, carefully locking everything up behind me, put away the keys in their places, got back to the priest's house and got my own clothes, and there was not a soul who knew a thing about it. The next morning there was Mr. O'Brien with a complete suit ov, and not a thing to show how they had been brought to him. Well you may believe there was great excitement. Everybody was brought up and questioned and cross-ex amined, but not a bit of satisfaction could they get, good or bad. Mr. O'Brien was not caught napping again, He slept in the suit

after that,' "And you were nover suspected?" asked

our reporter.
"Never. I could be in the Government NEW YORK, July 6.—Frank Byrne, the Irieu Nationalist, believes that the O'Donnell suit was the result of a preconcerted arrangement between the Times and O'Donnell with a view resigned rather than to go there. I didn't like the service anyhow; and if it hadn't like the service anyhow; and if it hadn't been for Mr. O'Brier being put in prison I would have left earlier than I did.

> DEATH OF GENERAL SHERIDAN'S MOTHER.

Mrs. Mary Miner Sheridan, mother of Gen. Philip H. Sheridan, whose death was announced last week, was born in County Cavan, Ireland, April 16, 1801, and was margined to John Sheridan in that county in 1824. The family moved to Quebec, Can., in 1829, and to Albany, N. Y., in 1830 and thence to Somerset, O. Her husband died in 1875, and on Thursday morning, June 14, her body was placed by the side of her husband. She was a remarkable woman in many respects. She never met trouble half way, but in the trying times of financial desaster which befell her husband several times while a contractor her energies were only increased to regain what had been lost.

Her courage was one of the most remarkable features even up to the time of her death. It never failed her. In the dead hour of night, when snything was wrong and suspicion was aroused of danger from intruders, she invariably would hunt up the cause of the alarm while the household were unconscious of all that was going on about them. An occurrence in 1853 will serve to give an insight into her self-possession and courage. At that time a circus was in Somerset, and her husband, John Sheridan, had about 150 men in his employ on a railroad contract. During the evening a riot between the show-men and the railroad laborers, who numbered mand in the more of patience and devotion than over 600, broke out. The fight was a bloody one, which had to be quelled the following day by the militis. On the fatal night word find equal his torment.

Man is not a circle with a single centre; he turn out, and from all along the line of the road they came by scores. Mr. Sheridan was not at home, but Mrs. Sheridan and the family hearing the news, she at once stopped

their boardinghouses, where they remained until all was quiet. Her charity knew no bounds, and the greatest pleasure of her life outside of her family was in bestowing charity on the needy. Neither acquaintance nor stranger was ever allowed to go unprovided for if she knew it. Her mind was ever on her children and her household duties. She loved to talk of them, and during their visit to her she seemed to

forget everything but their happiness.
She leaves her three sons, General Sheridan, John L. and Colonel M. V. Sheridan, and a number of grandchildren. May she rest in peace !

A BEAUTIFUL MOUTH.

SOME SUGGESTIONS TO THE LADIES ABOUT THE CARE OF TEETH AND LIPS. A woman with every other natural charm is not beautiful without a mouth that adds a new suggestiveness to ber loveliness. She her breath is hot and feverish, or worse still, is absolutely tainted. Naturally she does not know this, and it is only proper that somebody belonging to her should tell her. If it comes from her teeth it is something very quickly remedied. If it comes from her digestion, then it is her doctor's you make that out, Robert?" Bobby—business to get her in good order; but very "The two legs what's his hind legs, and the

## 77(-1 CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

""Castoria is so well adapted to children that
I recommend it as superior to any prescription
known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M.D.,

Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes diknown to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y. Without injurious medication.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Muitay Street, N. Y.

comes from the use of very strong medicines. Physicians advise for this the use of lemons, claiming that they are the most purifying of all fruits, and the aromatic odor produced by lemons rubbed on the teeth, gums and lips lasts longer than any other. For a feverish breath that results from the stomach, a few drops of lime water used as a gargle, or better still, a half tenwill have the desired effect. Half the badly shaped mouths that are the sorrows of the young women of to-day result from their being permitted when they were children to suck their fingers. One of the prettiest women in town has coarse, thick lips, that came from having been allowed when the sussion will not break a child off this habit, then stronger means should be stole Mr. O'Brien's clothes while he was asleep. One of the uniforms was left for him to put on, but he wouldn't. As soon as I unfortunate habit among school girls, the next day. I went to the priest's house, this way, for when nature moulded it there took off my own suit and put on the one that was not the intention that the lower lip was for Mr, O'Brien, then I put on a long should be larger and a coarse look given to ulster over that and went backi nto the jall, the face. Red lips are the announcement where I waited until I knew the clerk would be busy away from the office. I told the clerk about some letters that were to be written, and, as I expected, he sent me to drawing their lips together in a way they door after another until I got into Mr. world at large, who makes it a point only to With all his gallantry it took a Frenchman to say this: "To be beautiful a woman must not

> VARIOUS RAILWAY SIGNALS. One pull of the bell cord signifies "stop." Two pulls mean "go ahead." Three pulls mean "back up."

talk much or she will contract her mouth in

an unbecoming manner.

One whistle signifies "down brakes." Two whistles signify "off brakes." Three whistles mean "back up." Continued whistling indicates "danger." Short rapid whistles "a cattle alarm."

A sweeping parting of the hands on a level with the eyes mears "go ahead."

A slowly sweeping meeting of the hands over the head signifies "back slowly." A downward motion of the hands, with ex

tended arms, signifies "stor." A beckening motion with one hand indicates " back."

A red flag waved on the track indicates 'danger.' A red flag by the roadside mouns "danger

A red flag carried on a locomotive signifies an engine following." A red flag at a station means " atop,"

A lantern swung at right angles across the track means "ator."

A lantern raised and lowered vertically is a signal to "start." A lantern swung in a circle signifies "back

the train."-Scientific American.

TREAT THE OLD PEOPLE KINDLY. There is nothing in the world more pathetic than the meek, timorous, shrinking ways of certain old p ople—we have all seen them—who have given up their own homes late younger hands, and subsided into some cut-of-the-way corner of it, to sit by the fireside and table henceforth as if they were pensioners, afraid of making trouble, afraid of being in the way, afraid of accepting the half that is their due, and going down to their graves with a pitiful, deprecating air, as if constantly apploxizing for aboving so long. There is no scorn too deep and sharp for the sons and daughters who will accept this attitude on the part of those to whom

they owe so much. Sometimes, to be sure, people grow old with bad grace. They become embittered by misfortune or affliction, or are peevish and upreasonable under the goad of illhealth. All the more do they appeal to gentleness and faithfulness. Let it be borne in mind that we oo, are hastening on towards the sun-set of 1 and that it is possible that we may we'ns chi dren, yield.

BE ON YOUR GUARD

Against sudden Colds, irritating Coughs, and Soreness of the Throat. Keep Hagyard's Pectoral Balam at hand for these prevalent troubles of Winter and Spring. It is the best safeguard.

A Glasgow firm has just finished a brass wire for the Glasgow Exhibition 65 miles long and a copper wire 111 miles long.

THE DEAF HEAR. After eight years suffering from Deafness, so

bad that I was unable to attend to my business, I was cured by the use of Hagyard's Yellow Oil. With gratitude I make this known for the benefit of others afflicted. Harry Ricardo, Toronto, Ont.

According to the Celtic, riding by moonlight atop of a herdic is the hot-weather diversion most in favor with Washington swelldom.

A GOOD OFFER.

is made by the proprietors of Hagyard's Yellow Oil, who have long offered to refund every cent expended for that remedy if it fails to give satisfaction on fair trial for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sore Throat and all painful complaints for which it is recommended.

Teacher-"Now, remember, Robert, that a horse's front legs, as you call them, are his fore legs. Will you try to?" Bobby—"Yeasim." Teacher—"That's a good boy. Now, before I dismiss you, tell me again how many legs a horse has?" Bobby (promptly)
""Six legs." Teacher—"Six? How do MDon't ask a blackemith to give up his pet business to get her in good order; but very i The two legs what's his front legs, and the rise."

When A. T. Stewart died there was to his credit on the books of A. T. Stewart & Co. \$12,

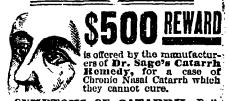
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BEWARE OF INITATIONS. LYWAYS ASK FOR DR. PIERCE'S PELLETS, OR LITTLE SUGAR-COATED PILLS.

Being entirely vegetable, they operate without disturbance to the system, diet, or occupation. Put up in glass vials, hermetically sealed. Always fresh and reliable. As a laxative, alterative, or purgative, these little Pellets give the most perfect satisfaction.

SICK HEADACHE, Bilious Headache,
Bizziness, Constipation, Indigestion,
Bilious Attacks, and all
derangements of the stomach and bowels, are promptly relieved and permanently
cured by the use of Dr.
Pierce's Pleasant Pursative Peliots.
In explanation of the renegial power of these

In explanation of the remedial power of these Pellets over so great a v. "icty of diseases, it may truthfully be said that their action upon the system is universal, not a gland or tissue escaping their smatter influence. Sold by druggists, 25 cents avial. Manufactured at the Chemical Laboratory of World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.



SYMPTOMS OF CATARRH.—Dull, heavy headache, obstruction of the nasal passages, discharges failing from the head into the throat, sometimes profuse, watery, and aerid, at others, thick, tenaclous, mucous, purulent, bloody and putrid; the eyes are weak, watery, and inflamed; there is ringing in the ears, deafness, hacking or coughing to clear the throat, expectoration of offensive matter, together with seabs from ulcers; the voice is changed and has a masni twang; tho breath is offensive smell and taste are impaired; there is a rensulton of dizziness, with mental depression, a hacking cough and general debility. Only a few of the above-named symptoms are likely to be present in any one case. Thousands of cases annually, without manifesting hill of the above symptoms, result in consumption, and end in the grave. No disease is we common, more deceptive and dangerous, or less understood by physicians. By its mild, soothing, and healing properties, Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy cures the worst cases of Catarrh, "cold in the head," Coryza, and Catarrhal Hendache.

Sold by druggists everywhere; 50 cents. SYMPTOMS OF CATARRH.-Dull,

#### "Untold Agony from Catarrh."

"Untold Agony from Catarrh."

Prof. W. HAUSNER, the famous memerist, of Ithaca, N. F., writes: "Scare ten years ago I suffered untold a day from chronic masal catarrh. My famil" physician gave me up as such a bad one, that every day, towards sunset, my voice would become so hoarse I could barely speak above a whisper. In the morning my caughing and clearing of my throat would almost strangle me. By the use of Dr. Snge's Catarrh Remedy, in three months, I was a wellman, and the cure has been permanent."

"Constantly Hawking and Spitting," "Constantly Hawking and Spitting,"
Thomas J. Rushing, Esq., 2003 Pine Street,
St. Jouis, Mo., writes: "I was a great sufferer
from catarrh for three years. At times I could
hardly breathe, and was constantly hawking
and spitting, and for the last eight months
could not breathe through the nostrils. I
thought nothing could be done for me. Luckily, I was advised to try Dr. Sage's Catarri.
Hemedy, and I am now a well man. I believe
it to be the only sure remedy for catarrh now
manufactured, and one has only to give it s.
fair trial to experience astounding results and
a permanent cure."

Three Liottles Cure Catarrh. LLI ROBBINS. Runyan P. O., Columbia Co. Pa., says: "My daughter had catarrh when she was five years old, very badly. I saw Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy advertised, and procured a bottle for her, and soon saw that it helped her; a third bottle effected a permanent cure. She is now eighteen years old and sound and hearty."

## FINE BUGGIES.



Phaetons, Village and Road Carts, Gladscones, Jump Seat Surries, &c.

NICE! GOOD! CHEAP! 110 rake of

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, 1 DISTRICT OF MONTREAL, SUPERIOR COURT. No. 845.

DAME ANNA E. BOYD, Plaintiff.

VS. JOHN McKAY, Defendant. An action for separation as to property has this day been instituted against the said De-

Montreal, 13th June, 1888. MoCornick, Duclos & Murchison,

Attorneys for Plaintiff. WANTED.—At St Sophie, County of Terrebonne, P.Q., three lady teachers speaking French and English; one capable of teaching music. Salary, \$100 to \$140 a year. Address, JNO. JOS. CAREY, Sec. Treas.

School Commissioner SUPERIOR COURT, {
DISTRICT OF MONTREAL } No. 509.

DAME MARY RITOHIE, of the City and District of Montreal, wife of JAMES H. MICHAUD, of the same place, Broker and Commission Agent, duly authorized à cater en justice. Plaintiff.

The said JAMFS H. MICHAUD, Defendant. An action for separation as to property has been instituted this day by the Plaintiff.

W. S. WALKER,

Attorney for Plaintiff

INPRECEDENTED ATTRACTION! ... ... ... OVER A MILLION DISTRIBUTED.



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Its Grand Extraordinary Drawings take place Semi Annually (June and December), and its Grand Single Number Drawings take place on each of the other ten months in the year, and are all drawn in public, at the Academy of Music, New Orleans, La.

"We do hereby certify that we supervise thearrange-ments for all the Monthly and Semi-Annual Drawings of the Louisiana State Lottery Company, and in per-son manage and control the Drawings themselves, and that the same are conducted with honesty, fairness and in good faith toward all parties, and we authorize the Company to use this certificate, with fac-similes of our ignatures attached, in its advertisements."

We the undersigned Banks and Bankers will pay all Prizes drawn in The Louisiana State Lotteries which may be presented at our counters

R. M. WALMSLEY, Pres. Louisings Not'l Rb PIERRE LANAUX, Pres. State National Bank. A. BALDWIN LTCK New Orleans Nat'l Bank CARL KOHN, Pres. Union National Bank,

GRAND MONTHLY DRAWING In the Academy of Music, New Orleans, Tuesday, August 7, 1888

CAPITAL PRIZE, \$300,000. 100,000 Tickets at Twenty Dollars each. Halves \$10: Quarters \$5;

	Tenths \$2; Twentieths \$1.	•
	LIST OF PRIZES.	
	1 PRIZE OF \$300,060 Is\$	800.0 <b>00</b>
	1 PRIZE OF 100,000 Is	100,000
	I PRIME OF SUIDUU IS	50,000
	1 FRIGE OF 25,000 B	25.000
	2 PRIARS OF 10,000 are	20,000
	D PRINCE OF SUUU arg	25,100
	26 PRIZES OF 1,000 are	25,000
i	100 PRIZES OF 500 are	50,000
i	200 PRIZES OF 300 arc	ยังเองอั
	500 PRIZES OF 200 arc	100.000
	APPROXIMATION PRIZES.	1001000
ı		
	100 Prizes of \$500 are	50,000
l	THE PITCH OF SKILL AND	30,000
ı	100 Prizes of \$200 arc	30,000 20,000
l	TREMINAL PRIZES.	-0,000
ľ	099 Prizes of \$100 are	
п	VIOU I LIGUD VI MILLO MI	90 000

3,134 Prizes amounting to......\$1,054,800 NOTE.—Tickets drawing Capital Prizes are not entitled to terminal Prizes.

The For Crun Rates, or any farther information, desired, write legibly to the undersigned, clearly stating your residence, with State, County, Street and Number. More rapid return mail delivery will be assured by your enclosing an Envelope bearing your full address. Send POSTAL NOTES, Express Money Orders, of New York Exchange in ordinary letter. Currency by Express (at our expense) addressed

M. A. DAUPHIN New Orleans, Lz. or M. A DAUPHIN,

Washington, D.C. Address Registered Letters to

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draw a Prize.

RETEMBER, also, that the payment of Prizes is
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of New Orleans, and the Tickets are signed by the
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recognized in the highest Courts; therefore, beware of
any imitations or anonymous schemes

ARDS 24 SAMPLES FRE miums, Novelties, etc. Send 2c, stamp for postage. NATIONAL CARD CO., North Branford, Conn.





NO DUTT OF CRULCH BELLS. . 48-0 GOLD. You can live at home and make more money world. Either sex; all ages. Costly outle PREE. Address, TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine.

PROVINCE OF QUEEC, SUPERIOR COURT.

District of Montreal. Marie Arzelie Pricur, of St. Polycarpe, said District wife commune en diens of Louis Adam Sauve, has this day instituted an action for separation as ic property against her husband, trader, of the same place.

Montreal, 6th June, 1888. DUPUIS & LUSSIER, l'Attorneys for Plointiff.

TEALTH FOR ALL HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

This Great Household Medicine Rank Amongst the Leading Necessa-ries of Life.

These Famous Pills Purify the BLOOD, and most powerfully, yet sootlingly, on the LIVER STOMACH KIDNEYS&BOWELS Giving tone, energy and vigor to these grea MAIN SPRINGS OF LIFE. They are confi dently recommended as a never-failing remedy dently recommended as a never-raining remedy in cases where the constitution, from what ever cause, has become impaired or weakened. They are wonderfully efficacious in all ailments incidental to Females of all ages, and, a General Family Medicine, are unsurpasse

HOLLOWAY'S OINIMENT

Its Searching and Realing Properties are Known Throughout the World.

FOR THE CURE OF

Bad Legs, Bad Breasts, Old Wounds
Sores and Ulcers!
It is an infallible remedy. If effectually rubbed on the Neck and Chest, as salt into meat, it
Cures Sore Throst, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colder,
and even Asthma. For Clandular Swellings
Abscesses, Piles, Fistulas, Gaut, Rheumatism
and eveny kind of Skin Disease, it has never
them beau to fail. been kown to fail

Both Pills and Ointment are sold at Professo

Holloway's Establishment, 583 Oxford street London, in boxes and pots, at 1s, 13d., 2s. 6d. 4s. 6d., 11s., 23s. and 88s. each, and by al medicine vendor throughout the civilized world.

N.B.-Advice gratis, atthe arcve, address aily between theh ours of and14, or by lether.

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Austrian 2,458	, come nerrol.
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Carrier	" A. Macuicol.
Caspian	" Alex. McTomes
Circassian3,724	LIL K. Harrot D N D
Corean3,488	Capt. C. J. Menzies.
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Bother and the state of the state of the deepstched at under:

Stoamships. From Montreal. From Quobec. Circassian. May 10 May 11 Polynesian. May 10 May 11 Understan. May 10 May 10 Gircassian. Mag. 11 Mag. 10 Circassian. Mag. 11 Mag. 10 Circassian. Mag. 12 Mag. 10 Circassian. Epot. 13 Bept. 14 Circassian. May 10 May 10 Circassian. May 11 Nov. 1 Nov. 1 Rates of plassage by Liverpool Extra Stramers from Montreal or Quebec are: "Cabin, \$50, \$60 and \$70. Intermediate, \$30. Steerary, \$20.

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Attorney for Plaintiff.

Montreal, 3rd July, 1888. 49 5

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