

THE NORTH AMERICAN SPECIES OF *DIBRACHYS* (IN THE NORTH AMERICAN SENSE—*CÆLOPISTHOIDEA* GAHAN) WITH A NOTE ON *URIELLA* ASHMEAD.

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The genus *Dibrachys*.

Antennæ inserted a little above the ventral ends of the eyes but distinctly below the middle of the face. Mandibles 4-dentate. Pedicel longer than funicle 1. Propodeum with little or no neck. Abdomen conic-ovate, pointed. Postmarginal and stigmal veins subequal, short. Segment 2 of abdomen largest, not long. Propodeum tricarinate. Clypeus somewhat produced, somewhat sinuate at apex, striate.

Spiracular sulcus absent.

Coxæ and femora and the antennæ except the scape, concolorous; funicle joints very short, all wider than long, 1 smallest; second ring-joint twice the size of the first. Postmarginal vein slightly shorter than the stigmal.....*apatelæ* Ashmead.  
(=*pimplæ* Ashmead.)

Coxæ and the flagellum except much of the pedicel, concolorous; funicle 1 quadrate or somewhat longer than wide, longest, the ring-joints very unequal. Postmarginal vein usually slightly longer than the stigmal; propodeal spiracle reniform. Segment 2 of abdomen only slightly notched at meson caudad as in *apatelæ*. Male antennæ entirely yellow, (compare *boucheanus* Ratzeburg).....*clisiocampæ* Fitch.  
(=*nigrocyanus* Norton; =*chionobæ* Howard; =*nematicida* Packard; =*gelechiæ* Webster.)

The same but male flagellum black.....

.....*cladiæ* Gahan.  
The species *apatelæ* and *pimplæ* were described as *Arthrolytus*; *clisiocampæ* Fitch as *Semiotellus*; *nigrocyanus* Norton as *Cleonimus*; *nematicida*, *chionobæ* and *gelechiæ* as *Pteromalus*; and *cladiæ* as *Cælopisthoidea*.

*Uriella rufipes* Ashmead. (Genotype)

Antennæ inserted below the middle of the face but somewhat  
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