A SUMMARY OF THE MEMBERS OF THE GENUS CHILOSIA, MEIG., IN NORTH AMERICA, WITH DESCRIPTIONS OF NEW SPECIES.

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Eyes bare, arista plumose, scutellum with long hairs on the margin, third antennal joint very large, bright yellowish-red. Legs black.

Male.—Front prominent, opaque, strongly sulcate medially, very indistinctly punctulate, long black pilose. Face shining black, pollinose on the sides and pilose on orbital margin below; below the antennæ deeply concave to the tip of the tubercle, thence gently concave to the epistoma. Tubercle projecting somewhat beyond the base of the third antennal joint, round. Cheeks shining, sparsely whitish pilose. Ocellar area black pilose. Eyes metallic. First antennal joint black, second dark reddish-brown, third bright yellowish-red, very large, subquadrate, with the lower outer corner rounded, upper corner obtusely pointed. Arista basal, black, incrassate, densely plumose. Dorsum of the thorax very lightly punctate, shining greenish-black, abradantly whitish pilose (viewed from in front) mixed with black in the middle, longer posteriorly. Scutellum lightly punctate, abundant long black pilose, with a few light hairs intermixed. Pleura abundant long whitish pilose. with the sides almost parallel, short sparse yellowish pilose, more abundant on the sides, where it is intermixed with a few black hairs. First segment entirely opaque, second and third except on the lateral margins, fourth entirely, bright shining greenish. Legs black, all the knees reddish; pile in most reflections black; on the under side of all the tarsi and the anterior tibiæ, golden in some reflections. Wings hyaline, veins dark brown, apical cross-vein almost straight, without stump. Length, 71/2 mm. Al., 7 mm.; 1 4-5 mm. wide.

Female.—Differs from the male in having the front shining and lighter pilose, the dorsum shorter pilose, the abdomen entirely shining, and the third antennal joint much larger; in this sex it is enormous—one and one-half times as large as in the male, but of the same shape.

Three specimens; Moscow, Idaho; Prof. J. M. Aldrich.

This species is closely allied to *C. Willistoni*, but is specifically quite distinct in the larger size and different shape of the third antennal joint, in the fact that the arista is densely plumose, while in that species it is loosely so, and that in the male the ...domen is largely opaque.