

H. w.—The heavy third band of *f. w.* is equally heavy on *h. w.*, and is bisected at a right angle by a heavy brown line, forming a T-mark. The slight fourth band commences on this wing at about the same distance from the third as it does on *f. w.*, and runs a zigzag course to inner margin. The fifth band is broken, as described on *f. w.* The outer margin of this wing is more deeply notched than the outer margin of *f. w.*, and the lunar marks are more distinct, and are larger. All the markings are of the same dark brown color.

In general appearance this species differs greatly from *hortaria*, the dark scales being much less diffused.

The under side of both wings is concolorous, or nearly so, with their upper side, with very few scattered brown scales. Of the *f. w.* under side all the bands of the upper side are distinct and clear except the first. Of the *h. w.*, the bands are much fainter, the third and fifth being the heavier, while the fourth is scarcely perceptible.

A single ♂ specimen from Indiana. Coll. W. V. A.

I hesitated for some time before venturing to describe this species, thinking it possible that it may be Gueneé's *B. dendraria*, but Packard's statement that the third and fourth lines of *dendraria* were broad, confused and blended, does not apply to the example before me.

MICRO-LEPIDOPTERA.

BY V. T. CHAMBERS, COVINGTON, KY.

CORISCIUM.

C. 5-strigella Cham.

By a slip of the pen the description of this species contains the following sentence: "Annulus about its middle at the tip." It should read: "Middle and another at its tip." There are several indistinct costal streaks besides the five larger ones from which it takes its name, and there are four brown spots or longitudinal dashes along the line where the general brownish-gray color of the wing meets the white dorsal part.