

is in the interests of justice, and it in no way conflicts with the statement that his office is the bringing about of justice. But it is not the interest of his client alone which he is to consider. In no transaction, in no department of his professional activity, can his true duty to his client be in conflict with his paramount function, from which indeed his duty to his client is derived and upon which it depends, the function of contributing, so far as in him lies, to the bringing about of justice.

The Science of Jurisprudence.

The spirit of our Association should impel all its members to aid in realizing another of its objects, the advancement of the science of jurisprudence.

Jurisprudence is said to include three things: (1) The ethics of the law or those principles of political morality which should control legislation; (2) the logic of the law, or an analysis of legal conceptions and the consequent fixing of legal terms and the orderly arrangement of the corpus juris; (3) the history of the law.

David Hume advises passion for science, but he says: "Let your science be human and such as may have direct reference to action and society; be a philosopher but amidst all your philosophy be still a man." The jurist studying human conduct in social relations is in his philosophy above all other philosophers a man. Social life, like all life, is change and development, and the law-giver and jurist will be neglecting one of their most important functions if they refuse to meet the demands of that ceaseless evolution. The law must always be in the process of becoming, and in this respect is as variable as man himself.

What then are the immediate practical steps which this Association can take to advance that science? There is no "open sesame." Advance must be made through the industry of the agents of the law, the lawyers; who else?

There are two essentials in that advance, one a thorough knowledge of the law, and an experience in its application; the other a practical participation in the making of the law. As to the first, one reason why, on the average, the Bar is not better versed in the law and cleaner in its practice is