4 P.M. EDITION

London Advertiser

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KUROPATKIN SAFE AT MUKDEN; WIRES HE HASN'T LOST A GUN

Muscovite Troops Gathered About the City and Are Preparing for Fresh Attack From Oyama.

REPORTED THAT GEN. KUROKI HAS BEEN KILLED

Russians Said to Have Lost 21,000 in Battles of Sept. 1 and 2—Wounded Passing Through Mukden by Carloads—Rumored Heavy Fighting Is On South of Mukden.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 8, 6:25 p.m. — Gen. Kuropatkin's official report, sent from Mukden during the evening of yesterday, announcing that the whole of his army had arrived at Mukden, and was taking up positions around the city, and adding that the army had not lost a gun during the retreat, has relieved the public anxiety and put an end to the many alarmist reports which have been current here.

From the general's report it seems evident that Kuropatkin is tentatively preparing to meet the Japanese again, should Field Marshal Oyama press northward. Nothing more important than rear-guard actions marked the march to Mukden. The region south of that city is now clear of Russians. It is evident, however, that Kuropatkin is taking precautions to prevent the Japanese from creeping around his flanks, as he reports that the Japanese cavalry is actively scouting wide on his flanks. The Japanese are reported to be moving up about thirty miles on either side of the railroad, with the view of surrounding Mukden, but whether Kuropatkin will accept an engagement or continue northward, will probably depend at the decisive moment upon the temper and condition of his troops, who undoubtedly have been much shaken by the long fight and the hardships attendant upon the retreat.

General Kuroki killed?

Mukden, Wednesday, Sept. 7.—News of a fight at some point between Shakhe (eleven miles northwest of Liao Yang), and Mukden, is hourly expected.

Among the reports current here is one to the effect that Gen. Kuroki has been killed, and that two Japanese generals have been made prisoners, but no one seems to know where the report originated, and no confirmation is obtainable.

Kuropatkin's New Peril.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 8.—The brief Mukden dispatch received today from one of the Associated Press Russian correspondents, dated Sept. 7, is the latest word from the front. It was probably all the censor would allow to be sent and offers no solution of the question whether Gen. Kuropatkin is continuing his march northward. But it seems to indicate that such a course is contingent upon the ability of Field Marshal Oyama to try to repeat at Mukden the enveloping movement which failed at Liao Yang. The only thing certain seems to be that for the moment everything is quiet. If the armies continue to race northward to Tie Pass (forty miles north of Mukden) in the opinion of the best military critics it will become of supreme importance to Kuropatkin if the door of his retreat is closed there. In the event of defeat he would be forced westward, into Mongolia. It is estimated that in order to protect his army against such a possible catastrophe Russian troops from Harbin have taken possession of this pass.

Knocking Alexieff.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 8.—3:50 p.m.—The Novoe Vremya today published an editorial urging the appointment of Gen. Kuropatkin as commander-in-chief of the Russian forces in the far east. Evidently this was aimed at Viceroy Alexieff, who has repeatedly been represented as interfering with Kuropatkin's plans.

Korsakovsk Shelled.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 8.—Two Japanese cruisers bombarded Korsakovsk, Island of Sakhalin, yesterday and fired torpedoes at the sunken Russian protected cruiser Novik. No attempt was amed to land. Korsakovsk is defended by coast batteries.

Japs on Both Flanks.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 8.—A dispatch from Gen. Kuropatkin, timed 6:30 o'clock yesterday evening, was received later in the day. He reported that Gen. Kuroki's army was about 27 miles eastfard of the railroad, and that Gen. Oku's army was 20 miles west of the railroad. The general staff expects that a big battle will be fought.

What Ships Were These?

Wei Hai Wei, Sept. 8.—9:30 p.m.—A British ship was among those which investigated the firing heard at sea last night. She reports that seven ships were engaged in the cannonade, and that they steamed away and disappeared upon the appearance of the British vessel.

Has Fighting Ceased?

Mukden, Wednesday, Sept. 7. — Night —Delayed in Transmission.—The fighting has ceased and the Russian transport and army are moving, without interruption. There is much uncertainty concerning the movements and purposes of the Japanese. It is impossible to say definitely yet whether there will be another battle here or further north.

Will Inspect Fleet.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 8.—Emperor Nicholas left St. Petersburg for Cronstadt today to inspect the Baltic fleet.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 8.

The Russian rear guard is considerably above Yentai, but there is no exact information in regard to the location of General Kuroki's main army, the left wing of which has been engaged in a more or less continuous duel with the Russian batteries, which are covering the retreat, and no particulars have been received of the extent or character of their fighting. The general staff, however, is of the opinion that Kuroki's troops must be experiencing almost as great difficulties as the Russians, and that they are too exhausted to create a serious menace at present.

While the public impression is that Kuropatkin's army is continuing north from Mukden, no official admission to this effect is obtainable. The general staff, while declaring that it has no specific information on this point, does not deny the possibility that owing to the difficulties of retreat, some transports and some guns may have been abandoned.

Stoessel's Fine Fighting.

Che Foo, Sept. 8, 1:40 p.m.—Chinese, who left Port Arthur on Monday, arrived here today. They report that severe fighting occurred Sept. 3. The Japanese attacked certain positions on the east and west flanks and the Russians allowed them to approach within a short distance, when they opened a heavy fire and compelled the Japanese to retreat, after three hours' fighting. An incident of the engagement was a clash between Japanese and Russian cavalry, resulting in the retreat of the former.

Paris, Thursday, Sept. 8. — The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Echo de Paris says:

"A great battle is going on before Mukden. The first and the seventeenth corps are engaged against General Kuroki.

"General Kuropatkin, with the bulk of his troops, is moving towards Tieling."

Close to Mukden.

New York, N. Y., Sept. 8.—A special from St. Petersburg says: Russian losses on Aug. 31 and Sept. 1 and 2 are estimated at 21,000.

Kuroki's scouts are twelve miles east of Mukden, and Kuropatkin will have to fight another battle before reaching Mukden. Rear guards are fighting continuously.

Carloads of Wounded.

London, Sept. 8. — The Daily Mail's Kupangtse correspondent, cabling under date of Sept. 7, says: "Rail cars at the rate of 80 a day loaded with wounded are passing through the station for Mukden. The shrapnel injuries are frightful and a majority of the men succumb on the journey to the hospital."

The Daily Mail's Che Foo correspondent says that Rear-Admiral Urlu has been ordered to remain outside Shanghai with his squadron until Port Arthur falls.

Made Big Haul.

Tokio, Sept. 7.—8 p.m.—The general staff has not yet made public any details of the battle of Liao Yang. The people are still celebrating the victory, but there is considerable speculation over the official silence regarding Gen. Kuroki's movements since Sunday. It is reported that the Japanese, notwithstanding the ravages of fire, captured vast accumulations of Russian stores and ammunition at Liao Yang. The report that Lieut. Teraouchi, son of Lieut.-Gen. Teraouchi, Minister of War, was killed in the fighting before Liao Yang, is denied today.

No official report of the subsequent movements of Gen. Kuroki has been received but the Kokumin says it learns on good authority that Gen. Kuroki, after taking the heights near Heiyingtai, occupied a line from Yentai to the mines by hot pursuit of the Russians, Sept. 4 and 5. The Russians, who were said to be concentrated twenty miles north of Liao Yang, are now retreating in the direction of Mukden. The pursuit was obstructed by the high millet. The Russians destroyed their stores, but numbers of guns and quantities of ammunition and other supplies were captured in the fortifications and near the railroad station.

The Nichi Nichi says it thinks the Japanese casualties may exceed those of the Russians, owing to the latter having occupied fortified positions in superior numbers.

The Mikado has congratulated the forces on their brilliant victory in the face of tremendous difficulties, adding that the end of the war is still in the distant future, and exhorting care and patience. Preliminary regulations for the national guard were gazetted today. The report that the Russians have occupied Sinmintin is denied. A large force of Chinese bandits is displaying activity in the vicinity of Sinmintin, but it is supposed that the Russians will not take action unless compelled to do so.

Gathered About Mukden

St. Petersburg, Sept. 7, 5:30 p.m. — The bulk of the Russian Manchurian army is near Mukden, where, it now appears, Gen. Kuropatkin has been since Monday. His troops, it is understood, are not entering the city, but are taking up prepared positions around Mukden. While there is no specific information on this point, the general staff believes that only a small rear guard is in the neighborhood of Yentai. No further fighting of importance is expected south of Mukden. The critical stage is regarded as having passed, and the announcement was made this afternoon that the war office will issue two bulletins each day.

MYSTERIES OF RADIUM

Sir Wm. Ramsey Intimates Great Things From Discoveries.

New York, Sept. 8. — Sir William Ramsey, whose experiments with radium a few months ago created world-wide interest, is in this city, and will deliver the president's address to the Society of Chemical Industry today. He consented yesterday to talk about his recent work, says the Tribune, saying in part:

"There can be little doubt about the conversion of radium into helium. The thing was done at least a dozen times. In England the strange properties of radium have excited a surprising degree of popular interest. I gave a lecture on the subject in a hall holding 3,500 people. The building was crowded and much enthusiasm was manifested. We cannot yet say what will come from these discoveries. When I am asked of what use they are, I answer, 'Of what use is a baby? Let it grow up and see.'"

"Prof. Baskerville's belief that he has found two previously unrecognized elements in thorium has much to commend it. I have myself been investigating the subject.

"As for the so-called N-ray, which Blondlot, of Nancy, professes to have found, I can only say that thus far no one but Frenchmen have been able to detect them."

ALABAMA THIS TIME

Mob Fires Jail and Lynches Negro Murderer on Lawn.

Huntsville, Ala., Sept. 8.—After setting fire to the jail and smoking out the prisoner, while the fire department was held at bay with guns, and the sheriff, his deputies and the soldiers outwitted, a mob estimated at over 2,000 persons last night lynched Horace Maples, a negro, accused of murdering John Waldorp. Maples was hanged on a tree on Court House Hill lawn.

This action of the mob was taken notwithstanding strong protests made by Solicitor Eric Pettus and H. Wallace, Jun., in stirring speeches in which law and order were pleaded for.

During the attack on the jail United States District Judge Shelby issued an order to the deputy marshals to protect federal prisoners in the burning building and obtain the names of all parties engaged in endangering the prisoners' lives.

BREACH-LOCK BLEW OUT

Three Men Killed on British Gunboat Off Portsmouth.

Portsmouth, England, Sept. 8.—While the British gunboat Comet (tender to the gunnery ship Excellent) was engaged in firing practice off Spithead today the breech-lock of one of her guns was blown out, killing three seamen and injuring three others.

MR. MAHAFFY HOLDS HIS SEAT

The Protest Against the Member for Muskoka Dismissed by the Court.

Bracebridge, Sept. 8.—The trial of the petition against the return of Mr. A. A. Mahaffy, Conservative, as member of the Legislature for Muskoka, which began in the court house here on Tuesday was concluded this morning. The result was the dismissal of the protest, Mr. Mahaffy being confirmed in his set.

CENTIPEDE STUNG DANCER

Texas Belle Fatally Bitten on Foot While at Dance.

Galveston, Texas, Sept. 8. — Miss Mattie Atkinson, a leading society belle of Marlin, died after lingering a week from a centipede bite which she received while dancing Monday evening.

At the time of the occurrence she felt a sting on her foot and was compelled a little later to remove her slipper. She laughed at thoughts of serious result, but within an hour her foot had swollen to alarming proportions, and it was necessary to take her home. A physician was summoned and antidotes were applied. Relief was obtained and she resumed her round of gayeties, but later it was necessary for her to take to her bed, and after a long night's suffering she succumbed to the deadly poison.

A few minutes after Miss Atkinson was bitten the centipede was found in the ballroom by some of the young lady's companions.

Her Body Recovered

Amherstburg, Ont., Sept. 8. — The body of Mrs. Charles Thrasher, who with her 14-year-old son was drowned here a week ago by the upsetting of a sailboat, in which Mrs. Thrasher and her husband, with their eldest son, were sailing, has been recovered. The boy's body has not yet been found.

Went to Gallows Smoking.

Mobile, Ala., Sept. 8.—Ed Hudson, a negro, was hanged here today for the murder of Minerva Williams, a negro woman, three months ago. When the sentence of the court was passed upon the murderer, he coolly answered "Yours truly." During the days preceding the examination he never weakened, and went to the gallows smoking a cigar.

Fresh Jap Troops.

London, Thursday, Sept. 8. — The Daily Telegraph's Seoul correspondent says there is an unconfirmed report there that the Japanese have landed several fresh divisions of troops in the vicinity of Possiet Bay, cutting off the retreat of the Russians in northeastern Corea.

The Russian Strength.

Tokio, Sept. 8. — Estimates of the Russian forces defeated at Liao Yang place the number as follows:

One hundred and eighty-four battalions of infantry, one hundred and twenty-eight squadrons of cavalry, and five hundred and seventy-two guns.

STOESSEL'S SHELLS ARE GIVING OUT

Port Arthur Garrison Running Short of Ammunition.

JAPS PREPARING FOR ASSAULT

Gathering Gunnysacks to Fill Up Moats Protecting Right Flank of the Russians.

Che Foo, Sept. 8.—4 p.m.—Apparently well-informed Japanese, who reached Che Foo from Port Dalny today reported that the Japanese army before Port Arthur is preparing to make another assault on the fortress. Japanese agents here are sending to Port Dalny 70,000 gunnysacks and are endeavoring to secure 60,000 more. It is reported that these sacks are to be filled with sand and used to fill up portions of the moat protecting the Russian right flank. The Chinese report that the Russians are paying 50 cents each for unexploded shells manufactured for use during the Chinese-Japanese war. The persistency of this report during the past two weeks entitles it to considerable consideration as indicating a shortage of large ammunition at Port Arthur.

General Stakelberg,
Who is Blamed for the Russian Defeat at Liao Yang.

POUNDED CLERK TO DEATH

Thief Murders Hotel Official and Gets Away With $250.

New York, Sept. 8. — After pounding the night clerk, H. S. Butler, to death, and leaving him lying on the floor of the office, a thief today rifled the safe of a hotel on Forty-second street, securing $250 in cash, and a quantity of valuables which had been left with the clerk for safe-keeping. Soon after the clerk's body was found, the police sent out a general alarm for Percy Howard, 23 years old, a bellboy. Howard had been employed at the hotel only about a week, and he disappeared before Butler's body was found.

AUSTRALIA'S POLICY

Will Wait for Definite Tariff Proposal From England.

London, Sept. 8.—The Premier of the Commonwealth of Australia, outlining the policy of the Government, said with regard to the preferential system, the Government would wait until some definite proposals were submitted by the Imperial Government and receive them in a fair and honest spirit. The British Government, however, had officially declared it would not accept any system of preference that would entail the taxing of the food of the British people. The Premier believed that from the British point of view this was a just and statesmanlike attitude. The Daily News, referring to the Australian Premier's approval of the attitude of the British Government not to consent to a tax on food, says it will be sad reading for Mr. Chamberlain to find the greatest colonial premier openly following Sir Wilfrid Laurier in pouring scorn upon his proposals.

WEATHER BULLETIN.

Tomorrow—Fair.

London, Thursday, Sept. 8.

Sun rises..5:49 a.m. Moon rises..4:07 a.m.
Sun sets...6:42 p.m. Moon sets...5:59 p.m.

Toronto, Sept. 7—8 p.m.

A few scattered showers have occurred in Ontario and Quebec, but the weather in Canada generally has been fine and in the Territories and Manitoba quite warm.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Dawson, 20—38; Victoria, 54—70; Edmonton, 52—72; Qu'Appelle, 48—78; Minnedosa, 40—74; Port Arthur, 38—68; Parry Sound, 44—66; Toronto, 46—68; Ottawa, 42—60; Montreal, 46—64; Quebec, 42—64; St. John, 48—62; Halifax, 42—70.

FORECASTS.

Thursday, Sept. 8—8 a.m.

Light to variable winds; fair today and on Friday; not much change in temperature.

TEMPERATURE.

Stations.	8 a.m.	Min.	Weather.
Calgary	48	44	Cloudy
Winnipeg	56	54	Clear
Parry Sound	56	54	Fair
Toronto	58	56	Cloudy
Ottawa	54	54	Fair
Montreal	58	56	Cloudy
Quebec	50	48	Cloudy
Father Point	44	44	Fair

WEATHER NOTES.

Light showers have occurred in many portions of Ontario and Quebec, but the weather generally has been fine, especially in Manitoba and the Territories.

The highest and lowest readings of the thermometer at the local observatory for the 24 hours ended at 8 p.m. Wednesday were: Highest, 74.5°; lowest, 44.5°.

OLD RAILROADER GONE

Mr. J. A. Roche, Formerly Stationed Here, Dead at Detroit.

Detroit, Mich., Sept. 8.—James A. Roche, one of Michigan's well-known railwaymen and general contracting freight agent for the Detroit and Buffalo line of steamers, is dead here. Mr. Roche was born at Yarmouth, Eng., In 1869 he came to Montreal and entered the employ of the Grand Trunk Railway as a car accountant. He rose from one position of responsibility to another, being transferred in 1871 to Portland, Me., as assistant freight agent. In 1874 he went to Montreal, becoming first traveling car agent, west; in 1880 he was made freight and passenger agent at London, Ont.; in 1882 he was transferred to West Detroit as joint agent for the Grand Trunk and Wabash Railways; in 1885 he was transferred to Detroit, becoming traveling freight agent in Michigan; in 1886 he was transferred to Chicago as traveling freight agent, and in 1888 was made agent for Michigan for the National Dispatch Fast Freight Line. Mr. Roche served in this last capacity until 1901, when he entered the steamboat service. A widow, a son, W. G. Roche, contracting agent for the Canadian Pacific Railway, and a daughter, survive him.

PARLIAMENTARY CONGRESS

Party From British Commons Arrive at Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, Sept. 8.—The Interparliamentary Union, made up of members of the British House of Commons and the Parliaments of Europe, arrived here today, the guests of the United States in a tour of the continent. The twelfth conference of the union is to be held at St. Louis this week. Its purpose is to discuss international arbitration on a scale "broader and more efficient than that afforded by the Hague tribunal." An effort will be made to secure another international arbitration congress within a year if possible, and President Roosevelt will be requested to sponsor the proposed congress.

PRAISE FOR MR. SIFTON

Work of Interior Department Eulogized by London Paper.

London, Sept. 8.—For the year ending June 50,000 emigrants from Britain settled in Canada. The Morning Post says that but for the efforts of Hon. Mr. Sifton and his subordinates during the last few years the greater part of this army of empire-builders would now be settled in the United States, and their help in time of war, and what is even more important, their purchasing power at all times, would have been lost to us.

MAN ENTOMBED IN 30-FOOT WELL

Digger Meets Terrible Death While at His Work Near Woodstock.

Woodstock, Sept. 8.—John McGahan, a well-digger, whose home is near Strathallan, was buried yesterday afternoon in a 30-foot well north of the city near the Epileptic Asylum. The sides caved in. When rescue parties reached him he was dead. He was a middle-aged man and had a large grown-up family.

Word has been received in the city of the murder of Wilfrid S. Vermillion in Salt Lake City, Utah. Mr. Vermillion was a resident of Woodstock up till twelve years ago. He was engaged in the drug business, and had suffered considerable loss from till tapping. While he was on guard in his store a burglar effected an entrance. It is presumed that Mr. Vermillion endeavored to take the man into custody, when the intruder shot him dead and escaped. Two revolver shots were heard by neighbors who on going to the store found the body.

THEODORE R. PARKER

A U. S. Naval Man Carries Names of Both Candidates.

Washington, Sept. 8.—The bureau of navigation received a request from Representative Bell, of the second congressional district of California, for the enlistment in the navy and assignment to the battleship Ohio of a constituent of his named Theodore Rosevelt Parker. The applicant, it appears, really bears the name of Theodore Rosevelt Parker, and it was not recently assumed, as is shown by the fact that the records of the marine corps disclose his enlistment under that name at Seattle, Wash., July 22, 1901. Parker was born in San Francisco, and was a machinist when he enlisted in the marine corps. His father bore the same name. It is said the family is a branch of the old Pennsylvania family of Rosevelts, not connected in any way with that of President Roosevelt.

Representative Bell's request will be granted.

FAVORS REFERENDUM

Prof. Goldwin Smith Has New Plan of Double Balloting.

Toronto, Sept. 8. — Prof. Goldwin Smith this morning delivered an address to the Farmers' Association. He urged the adoption of the referendum method in politics so that such moral questions as prohibition could be settled apart from political parties. He urged a double ballot system for the selection of candidates so that party control to some extent might be eliminated. The first stab to reform in politics, he said, would be for voters to refuse to cast a ballot for any candidate implicated in any corrupt transaction. Jabel Robinson, M.P.P., West Elgin, said in the present condition of politics it was impossible for a man to be consistently independent.

SURVEYS PREPARE TO TAKE FIELD

27 Parties and 600 Men to Lay Out Transcontinental

WORK TO COMMENCE AT ONCE

Begins at Lake Abitibi in West and Will Be Carried Through Quebec and New Brunswick.

Ottawa, Sept. 8. — The Transcontinental Railway construction commission have been steadily at work almost day and night since their appointment. The first official statement was obtained at a late hour last night. There are a number of rumors going around as to who the assistant chief engineer will be. It is said that Mr. Butler, of Montreal, stands a good chance of obtaining the position. It is also stated that Mr. Doucet, whose name has already been mentioned, will be the engineer of the Quebec district. It has been arranged to commence the surveys at once all the way along the proposed line from Lake Abitibi to Moncton. This section has been divided into three districts, one extending from Moncton to the boundary line between the Provinces of New Brunswick and Quebec, the second extending from the end of the first district to Clear Lake, in the Province of Quebec, and the third extending from Clear Lake to the western boundary of the Province of Quebec. The subdivisions of this section have not yet been decided upon, and will not be until the preliminary surveys are completed or considerably advanced. Twenty-seven surveying parties are now being organized as rapidly as engineers and men can be obtained. They will be located as follows: Between Moncton and Chipman, two parties; Chipman to Boisetown, one party; Chipman, towards Fredericton and St. John River, one party; between Boisetown and Plaster Rock, two parties; Plaster Rock to Grand Falls, one party; Grand Falls to Edmundston, one party; Edmundstown to Connor, one party; Connor to Lake Pohengamook, one party; between Lake Pohengamook, which is the boundary between New Brunswick and Quebec, and at or near Chaudiere, four parties, one at each end and two in the center; Quebec, including both sides of the proposed bridge, one party; from there on to Clear Lake, four parties, covering about 32 miles each; from Clear Lake to the boundary between Ontario and Quebec and south of Lake Abitibi, four parties; four parties on the route running north of Lake Abitibi, and between that and the point where the southern route converges. No action will be taken to make any surveys west of the Province of Quebec until it is decided whether the surveys made by the Grand Trunk Pacific will be taken over. It is understood that this will be decided in the near future. The object in running two surveys from Chipman is to ascertain which of the routes is the most desirable, the one directly across New Brunswick through Plaster Rock, or the one down the St. John River, branching off somewhere above Fredericton. Surveys of the lines running north and south of Lake Abitibi respectively will be made for the purpose of securing such information as will enable an intelligent decision to be arrived at as to where it is desirable to run the railway, north or south of that lake. No divisional engineers will be appointed at present. The camping outfits, including tents and supplies are being ordered, and everything done to carry forward the work of surveying with the utmost rapidity. The board hope to be able to secure a sufficient number of engineers in Canada to carry on the work. The engineering parties being formed will be put in the field in the course of a few days. The assistant chief engineer and the district engineers will also be appointed in a day or so. The engineers in charge of the surveys in the eastern end will be instructed to run preliminary lines and report such data and information as will lead to a decision upon the final location. As soon as these parties are in the field, with their supplies and transport arranged for, the commission will direct attention to the section lying between Winnipeg and Lake Abitibi. It is their determination to cause that portion of this section, which is required to give relief to the north, to be constructed as rapidly as possible. It will require nearly 600 men to make up the 27 parties. It is proposed to carry on the survey work throughout the winter. Other surveying parties for the western end will be organized and put in the field as required.

THIS AIRSHIP WORKED

Inventor and Operator Was Able to Steer It at Will.

St. Louis, Sept. 8. — In an airship which he was able to steer at will, W. C. Benbow, of Butte, Mont., made a trip at the World's Fair grounds. His success in operating the machine enabled him to qualify as a contestant for the prize of $100,000 offered by the exposition company to the aeronaut who will make the journey from there to the Washington monument in an airship or a balloon. Prof. Benbow's entry is the first airship to qualify for the contest.

In the test it required about twenty minutes to expand the gas bag sufficiently to lift the car, which then rose to a height of a hundred feet.

Owing to the high wind the ship was not turned loose, but was tethered to the earth with a strong rope. In rising the car was almost dashed against a fence by the wind.

The machine was sailed for a distance of 500 yards by Prof. Benbow. In handling the airship he demonstrated to the satisfaction of all observers that it is dirigible, and that he will not be at the mercy of every breeze that blows when he makes the attempt to reach the monument. Only three motors were used in the trial, but eight are to be operated on the Washington trip. The test was considered highly satisfactory under the conditions.

A Fatal Wreck.

Princeton, Ill., Sept. 8.—Three persons are dead from injuries received in last night's wreck on the Rock Island. They are a man supposed to be named Donaldson, of Chicago, an unidentified Italian and another unidentified man about 35 years old, all passengers.

CHAMPION BUTTER OF LAMA LAND

Tibetan Fanatic Runs Amuck in British Camp

ALMOST KILLS TWO OFFICERS

Finally Subdued by Pioneer Corps After Putting Up a Terrific Fight.

London, Sept. 8.—Recent dispatches to the London Times afford evidence that the gentlemen of Thibet do not stand on ceremony when they begin to fight. Here is one that shows what good fighting material there is up on the roof of Asia: On a recent morning two officers of the Indian Medical Service, Captain Young and Captain Kelly, were standing near the outskirts of the camp, close to two sentries, when a Lama who had a sword hidden beneath his robes rushed from a place of concealment and struck Captain Young on the back of the head, knocking him down. He then attacked Captain Kelly, who threw his hat into the man's face and after seizing a sentry's rifle, bayoneted the Lama in the arm and face. He fell, but not before he had succeeded in inflicting a severe wound on Captain Kelly's hand.

Having regained his feet, the Lama butted Captain Kelly with his head, knocking him down, and then turned on Captain Young, who by this time had got up. He attacked the Lama with the empty scabbard which the latter had thrown away. This weapon, however, proved to be useless, and Captain Young, being unable to defend himself, sustained another wound six inches long in the head. The man nowrushed at a sentry who endeavored to force his bayonet into his body. He failed, and the Lama, snatching the rifle from him, rushed into the main lunette of the camp, brandishing his sword in one hand and the rifle in the other.

Here he met a fatigue party of pioneers armed with picks and shovels The fanatic was knocked down again and again and deprived of his arms, but again and again he shook himself free, fighting with his teeth, hands and feet. At last, however, he was overpowered and bound hand and foot. On the way to the guard house he made frantic efforts to escape. He proved to be of gigantic proportions, while underneath his robes he was wearing a closely-woven shirt of mail. He was condemned to death and executed yesterday. The wounded officers are doing well and are not in any danger.

STRANGE FREAK OF THE PACIFIC

Waves Forty Feet High Rolling in With Scarcely a Cupful of Wind.

Los Angeles, Sept. 8. — From many points along the southern coast come reports of damage by great billows which are rolling in from the sea, occasioned by some peculiar phenomenon, possibly volcanic disturbances far out in the ocean. While there is scarcely a cupful of wind, enormous waves, in some instances forty feet high, roll ceaselessly against the shores.

Word comes that the wharf at Huenene is doomed to total destruction. At Terminal Island the waves have wrought considerable havoc anqd hundreds of men are at work piling up sacks of sand to form breakwaters. Several cottages are inundated. At Long Beach and at Ocean Park, the pleasure wharves have been much damaged, and no one is permitted to go on them.

The heavy seas have been running for several days, but yesterday they were higher than before, and more damage may be done.

TOBACCO TRUST'S METHODS

The Big American Concern Promises to Make Reforms.

Ottawa, Sept. 8. — The Minister of the Interior has triumphed in his efforts to put a stop to the American Tobacco Trust's objectionable methods of doing business in Canada. Mr. Brodeur last week notified the trust that their system of requiring Canadian dealers to enter into a contract to handle their goods exclusively must cease, otherwise he would be compelled to cancel their license. The company have now informed the minister that they will do as he wishes. This means that the tobacco trade in Canada will now be carried on in a legitimate manner and Canadian manufacturers will be relieved from unfair competition.

THREE ROADS IN IT

Rumored That G. T. R. Will Only Share Ownership of C. A. R.

Montreal, Sept. 8.—The report is current here that the Canada Atlantic Railway is not to be the absolute property of the Grand Trunk, but is to be held jointly for the Grand Trunk, the Intercolonial and the Canadian Northern.

All are to have running rights over it and together guarantee the purchase from the Booth owners, and each is to contribute toward the maintenance on a wheelage basis.

Police Seize Newspaper.

Paris, Sept. 8.—A dispatch to the Matin from St. Petersburg states that the police seized Tuesday's edition of the Novoe Vremya, because it was rash enough to attribute the Russian reverses in the war to inadaquate preparation, and to make a thinly-veiled attack upon the bureaucracy as being responsible.