

A MATTER OF INTEREST.

The Stratford Beacon says: "Our readers have been made aware that the Great Western Railway, following the example of the Grand Trunk, are applying to Government to be forgiven a portion of their debt. Taking their cue from this proceeding, the Town Council of Guelph at their last meeting adopted a petition to the Legislature for relief in regard to that part of their indebtedness, under the Municipal Loan Fund Act which was incurred for railway purposes. In this course we think they have full justification. Our own town and county are laboring under similar financial difficulties, and should adopt a like course. If assistance may be extended to railway companies on the principle of the works under their control being undertakings of public benefit, on what ground can it be refused to corporations which also aided in their construction? The State cannot equitably give that to a body of shareholders in a mercantile concern which it withholds from a body of ratepayers. In the eye of the Governor-in-Council the bondholders of a Canadian municipality and the bondholders who reside in England should stand on the same footing. Nay, consideration should be shown to those who promoted an enterprise for the sole benefit of the country, rather than those who aided it with the narrow motive of getting a good percentage on their money. We cannot see how the Government can in justice entertain the claims of the former and refuse to recognize the claims of the latter. And therefore it is that we would strongly urge both the town and county not to let the opportunity slip of making suitable representations on the subject of their railway indebtedness either to Government or Parliament, or both.

Resignation of Chief Justice Draper.

The Toronto Telegraph says:—We understand that Chief Justice Draper has sent in his resignation to the Dominion Government, and the Chief Justiceship of the Court of Queen's Bench may now be regarded as vacant. The refusal of the office belongs by right of immemorial usage to the Attorney-General of the day, which in this would properly mean, we think, the Attorney-General for the Province of Ontario. It is a matter of notoriety that although Mr. Sandfield McDonald has made more than one Chief Justice, he has always refused for himself the highest positions on the bench. Chief Justice Draper's health had for some time been visibly decaying under the pressure of his arduous duties, and his retention of the office for any considerable time was seen to be out of the question. There were rumors on the street yesterday, which we take to be purely speculative, on the subject of alleged impending changes in the judiciary. One of these transfers Chancellor Vankoughnet to the Chief Justiceship of the Court of Queen's Bench, and assigns the high position thus vacated to Mr. Blake, now a member of the House of Commons and Legislature of Ontario. Though we have no special information on the subject, we have no faith in a rumour so little consonant with probability as the latter part of this. We believe that the Chief-Justiceship has been informally offered since the resignation of Chief Justice Draper; though it is possible that the resignation has not been formally accepted. Matters of this kind are not usually disposed of in haste, and some time may elapse before a new Chief Justice of the Court of Queen's Bench is appointed.

THE NORTH-WEST.—A despatch from the Imperial government in relation to the Northwest Territory, just received at Ottawa, states that further legislation is necessary before the country can be ceded to Canada, and that this involved either compensation to the Hudson's Bay Company or their consent. A measure is to be introduced into the Imperial Parliament by the Colonial Secretary on the subject.

The Atlantic Telegraph Company held an adjourned meeting on the 28th April, for the purpose of confirming the arrangements made with the Anglo-American; but the contract not being quite ready, a further adjournment to the 6th of May took place. It was announced that the directors had chosen the Hon. R. Grimston and Captain J. G. Johnston to be members of the Board, in place of Mr. Peabody and Captain Hamilton, who retire. The other retiring directors, including honorary ones in New York, were re-elected, and three new directors were elected to represent the interest of large shareholders in Glasgow and other places. The receipts for the month of March were stated at £1,213 per day, against £1,094 per day in March, 1867.

A Canadian Frenchman and trapper, aged 117 years, is living in Kansas city. He still exhibits considerable activity both of mind and body. He employs his time in cultivating his garden and in making the improvements of the city.

ing, otherwise we should not receive bombastic accounts of enthusiastic meetings where budding colonels and generals proclaim their resolve to risk their lives if the dupes will but open their purse-strings and contribute their dollars. It is a trifle saying, though not a complimentary one, that the world is made up of fools and knaves, and the Fenian conspiracy illustrates the proverb. Invasion, such as is contemplated by the Fenians, means a war between England and the United States,—an alternative the Washington Cabinet is in no humor to accept. The sharp and summary dispersion of the assembling heroes on a former occasion by the Federal troops dissipated the last hope of connivance on the part of the American Executive. The Fenian leaders know that any overt act of theirs will be swiftly repressed, though they may be tolerated when they only vapor, strut and talk big words. We are not a defenceless community, impotent to defend ourselves or unable to crush invaders. We are free people—armed and self-reliant—and if serious danger should arise we have a vigilant Ministry and the foremost nation of the age to provide for all emergencies and shield us from disaster. A morbid taste for exciting and sensational news is cultivated with commendable assiduity by enterprising telegraph reporters, and some nervously timid—may have accepted fancy sketches for facts, and imagined that the Fenians were upon us and the Government caught napping. They may dismiss their fears. They may console themselves with the reflection that the Executive is perfectly informed as to the aims, objects and intentions of the Fenian leaders—in fact confidential communications pass between them—so that we can always count upon the regulation 90 days' notice, before the invading army commences its march.

THE MOBING OF THE PREMIER.—The Star, in describing the scene which took place outside Westminster Hall after the division of Saturday morning, gives the following account of the mobbing of the Premier, referred to in "Parliamentary Notes and Incidents" in a previous issue:—"Some time afterwards, the Premier of England, the Right Hon. B. Disraeli, walked out of the House, leaning upon Lord Claud Hamilton and another honorable member. No sooner was the right honorable gentleman seen by the crowd than a rush was made towards him, the men hemming him and his party completely in. An inspector and a couple of policemen who are usually on duty at the House ran to the assistance of the First minister of the Crown, but of course it was a case of emptying the tide with a pitchfork. When the porch of Westminster Hall was reached, the Minister and his escort came to a dead lock. The crowds pressed around the legislators, and, as a few responded to the cry of "A cheer for our noble Premier," Mr. Disraeli looked reassured, and smiled his best smile. After a short pause the crowd got into motion again, and increasing every moment as it passed along Parliament Street—for even at that hour half-past three, there were plenty of people in the streets—must have numbered some five hundred persons when it reached Trafalgar Square. All along the way the hooting and groaning, mingled with cheering, continued. At Trafalgar Square a great many men left the crowd, but the main body escorted the right hon. gentleman to his residence at Grosvenor Gate, outside of which a gentleman nearly had himself bonneted for exclaiming, "Base ingratitude to the man who gave them household suffrage!"

ON SUICIDE.—The fact that no less than seven hundred suicides by drowning alone have occurred in San Francisco within a few months is rather startling. The scene of their self-murder may be considered one of the chief outposts of our civilization, where men break down faster than elsewhere. Facts, moreover show that it is not in San Francisco alone that the mania for suicide is increasingly active. In all directions are seen those who resort to the halter, the pistol, the drug or the river, to escape the pains of living. To some extent, inherited disease is the origin of the mental disturbance which ends in madness. But in far the greater number of cases the breakdown is due to heavy burdens on the mind. There will be no remedy until men tax themselves less fearfully, work less and play more. The best medicine for suicide is to be found in recreation and out-door exercise. The rays of the sun have a powerful life-giving influence upon the brain. The open wagon, the saddle, the skiff, the field, and garden may be made to return a better profit than the ledger. Nature is inexorable. The lungs must be fed abundance of pure air. The brain and nerves must be nourished with the fire which the sunbeam lavishes so abundantly. We must choose one or the other, to dig or row or ride, and let nature bless us with refreshment of vigor, or go and hang ourselves. What is the use of getting more money to spend it for a halter?—Chicago Tribune.

KILLED BY THE NATIVES.—The crew of the schooner "Marion Henny" was massacred by the natives of the Solomon Islands. The schooner was trading at Rubiana (one of the group). One morning when the captain was in his cabin, a large number of natives, with their chief Londo, went on board ostensibly to trade. Suddenly, at a signal from Londo, the natives surrounded the crew of the schooner, took their arms, and strangled them. The natives were not permitted to bring weapons with them on board; but, as their number was ten to one, they were able to overpower the crew. Whilst the crew were being murdered on deck, the captain was attacked by Londo and three others, and was dragged on deck, where it is supposed that they killed him by dashing out his brains against the cables, as his gray hairs were seen on them. The vessel was then seized by the natives, but it was recovered soon after by the master of the brig Chance.

When the City of Antwerp left England the successful result of the Abyssinian expedition, the attempted assassination of the Duke of Edinburgh and the position of the Irish Church questions monopolized the public attention. The news from Abyssinia created the liveliest satisfaction. The sudden close of the war caused a good deal of excitement in the East India freight trade and a heavy decline in rates, as the release of the tonnage under charter to the government would be speedy and very large.

**HEADQUARTERS
—FOR—
PICTURES**

W. S. Denroche

HAVING acquired such a knowledge of his business, is resolved to place happiness within the hands of the poor as well as the rich, and is now making

PHOTOGRAPHS

—AT—
\$1.50 per Dozen.

All work warranted second to none in the vicinity. The durability unquestionable.

Ferriotypes taken for 20 Cts. each.

Duplicates of all old Negatives for

10 CTS. EACH.

The above prices will be for the term of 3 Months.

Owing to the increase of business, I have engaged an Operator, who has had a number of years' experience in some of the first-class Galleries in the Dominion. Pictures sent to any address post-paid.

Negatives must be paid for when taken

Remember the place—Over Higginbotham's Drug Store, Entrance, Macdonnell Street.

W. S. DENROCHE.
Guelph, May 16, 1868. 29-4w

TOWN HALL, GUELPH

BY the general desire of the ladies and gentlemen of Guelph, and in consequence of the very unfavorable weather on the last evening

MR. WALLACK

was to have appeared, he will give **One More** of his elegant Drawing Room Monologues.

On Saturday Ev'g, 16th May

On which occasion a most

Brilliant and Attractive

change of the Inimitable Programme will be given, and Mr. Wallack solicits the attendance on that evening of his numerous admirers and the public in general.

Programmes will be issued and distributed on Saturday morning.

Guelph, 14th May 1868.

LUMBER & WOOD YARD.

CHARLES HEATH

HAS opened a Lumber and Wood Yard on

Quebec-St. West of English Church,

Where Lumber of all kinds can be had in lots to suit purchasers.

CORDWOOD

For sale by the cord, half-cord and quarter-cord, and delivered in any part of the Town.

FLOUR & FEED

Also for sale, Flour and Feed, delivered in any part of the Town according to order.

All orders from Town or Country will be promptly attended to.

CHARLES HEATH
Guelph, May 14, 1868. daw 4w

Weekly Advertiser to copy till forbid.

MAY MAGAZINES!

SUNDAY MAGAZINE,

GOOD WORDS,

LEISURE HOUR,

SUNDAY AT HOME,

AT DAY'S BOOKSTORE,

OPPOSITE THE MARKET.

FRENCH TROTTER STALLION,

ROUVILLE ST. LAWRENCE

WILL stand for Mares at his own stable, at the Anglo-American Hotel, Guelph, this season for \$500; his time on Long Island Course being 2:34; his dam trotted on the New York Fashion Course in 2:59; his dam's full sister has made her time in 2:25, and is now owned by the celebrated horseman, Robert Bonner, of the New York Ledger. In consequence of the bad judgment of the judges appointed at the last Horse-show at Guelph I will not disgrace my horse by travelling against such a horse as got the first prize in his class shown. Favoritism and want of judgment is the general rule now adopted, so that no good horses need be expected to show here another season.

JAMES O'NEIL, Proprietor.
Guelph, May 13. 7w 7wd

Wool, Hide and Leather

DEPOT,

No. 4, Day's Old Block, Gordon Street.

Guelph, July 31, 1866 (dw) **D. MOLTEN**

**OF VALUABLE
BUILDING LOTS
IN GUELPH.**

MR. W. S. G. KNOWLES, Auctioneer, pursuant to instructions from the VEN. ARCHDEACON PALMER, will offer for sale by Public Auction,

**ON THE GROUNDS,
On Saturday, 23rd May, 1868,**

At 2 o'clock, p.m., precisely,

Tyrcahlen Survey,

As shown on the Registered Plan, viz:

Between Arthur Street and the River Speed,

Lots 3, 4, 5, 6, 9, 10 and 11.

Southerly Side of Queen Street

Lots 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 24 and 25.

Easterly Side of Palmer Street

Lots 28 and 30.

Northerly Side of Arthur Street,

Lots 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36 and 38.

These Lots are situated in the most attractive and highly cultivated quarter of the Town, and possess the additional advantage of being in the immediate vicinity of the business centres.

Each Lot will be put up at the very low upset price of \$150, and sold without any reserve to the highest bidder. The purchaser of any one lot to have the privilege of taking an additional number of the adjacent lots at the same price.

TERMS OF SALE.

One-fourth cash, or by approved note at three months, with bank interest, the balance in three annual instalments, with interest yearly at 7 per cent. on the unpaid principal.

TITLE INDISPUTABLE.

The undersigned will show a copy of the registered plan, and give every information to intending purchasers.

PALMER & LILLIE,
Guelph, May 12, 1868. dw

MEDICAL HALL!

WYNHAM-ST. GUELPH, ONT.

N. HIGINBOTHAM,
Medical Hall, Guelph.

JACKSON'S AMYLO-GLYCERINE,

OR, GLYCERINE

Toilet Powder

THE only preparation containing Glycerine in a dry condition. The finest Powder in use.

N. HIGINBOTHAM,
Medical Hall, Guelph.

FRAGRANT

LUBIN'S Extract of Violet, Jockey Club, Sweet Briar, Sweet Pea, Honey Sack, Hilltop, Fenchion, New May Hay, Bouquet, Montreal, Guards' Club, Grand Trunk, West End, &c.

N. HIGINBOTHAM,
Medical Hall, Guelph.

FURNITURE POLISH!

SUPERIOR to all other preparations for Cleaning and Polishing Furniture. In bottles at 25c. and 50c.

N. HIGINBOTHAM,
Medical Hall, Guelph.

CLEAR OUT DAUBERS.

Guelph, 9th May, 1868. dw

SHOW ME THE JOB.

DOUGLAS GOUCK,

House, Sign and Decorative Painter,

And Paper Hanger,

At the Old Established Stand,

No. 1, Douglas-St.,

Sign of the man on the Roof.

Guelph, 12th May. wlm d3m

SPAFFORD'S

NEW UNDERFEED

"BARCLAY" SHUTTLE

Sewing Machine.

PRICE.

No. 1 Machine, \$25.00

No. 2 Machine, with splendid iron stand, \$35.00

Containing the very Latest Improvements and Inventions—Strong, Durable, Beautiful, Well Made and Highly Finished.

Makes the Genuine Lock Stitch

Which is alike on both sides of the material sewed, and will not rip or ravel; using two threads and adapted to light and heavy goods, coarse and fine threads; very large Shuttle and Bobbin, and so simple that a child can be taught to work it efficiently in a very short time.

Suited to all kinds of Family and General Sewing.

Tailoring, Mantle Making, and the use of Dress-makers, Manufacturers of Shirts, Collars, Shirts, Cloaks, Clothing, Hats, Caps, Corsets, Linen Goods, &c. They work equally well upon Silk, Linen, Woolen and Cotton Goods, with silk, cotton or linen thread.

They will seam, quilt, gather, fell, cord, braid, blind, hem, tuck, and perform any species of fine or coarse sewing, making a beautiful and perfect stitch, alike on both sides of the fabric sewed.

Office and Salesroom: **56 King-St. West, Toronto.**

Toronto, May 6, 1868. dw

CHEAPEST HOUSE!

The Cheapest House in Guelph

IS THE

BRADFORD HOUSE

**All Wool Damasks,
Union Damasks,
White Linen Damasks,
Brown Linen Damasks,
White Cottons,
Grey Cottons,
Shirtings,
Towelings.**

All the above Goods being at Early Spring Prices.

Housekeepers ought to call early and get some of the Bargains going at the Bradford House.

PHILIP BISH,

Bradford House, Wyndham Street, Guelph, May 18, 1868. daw 4w

For Cricket Bats!

BATS, &c.,

Cuthbert's

IS THE PLACE.

FOR CROQUET SETS!

Go to **R. CUTIBERT'S.**
Guelph, 15th May, 1868. dw

NEW GOODS

Suitable for Spring and Summer Wear, among which will be found all the Latest Styles.

INSPECTION INVITED!

THESE GOODS have been selected from the best makers in the Dominion, and can be confidently recommended as equal, if not superior to any in the market, and at

Prices Lower than any House in the Trade.

For cash only. All work warranted.

Guelph, 1st May, 1868. dw **JOHN CRIDFORD,**

Brass Window Cornices

We have received direct from Germany the **LARGEST,**

CHEAPEST and **BEST** assortment of Brass Window

Cornices ever brought to Guelph. We have

Over Thirty Choice Patterns,

At various Prices. Please call and see.

JOHN M. BOND & CO

Hardware Importers, Guelph.

Guelph, 11th May, 1868. dow

POTATOES, POTATOES!

POTATOES!

THE Undersigned offers for sale a superior lot of Potatoes of all kinds, to suit the trade, at his Warehouse, No. 4, Gordon Street, **Day's Old Block.**

D. MOULTON.
P. S.—Purchasers leaving orders can have their produce delivered at their residence.
Guelph, May 11th, 1868. d4w

Second Hand Clothes

SECOND-HAND CLOTHING bought and sold. Clothes made to order for Men and Boys. Farmers' work made up cheap and strong. Clothing Cleaned and Repaired.

MARTIN GILL,
Upper Wyndham Street, nearly opposite the Wellington Hotel.
Guelph, 14th May, 1868. dw-2m