

GOVERNMENT ADOPTS THE STROWGER 'PHONE SYSTEM

Systems Will be Installed in Calgary and Letbridge About the First of October.

Eventually Automatic Will Replace Manual System on Government Lines in the Province.

Within twenty-four hours of the time of the arrival in the city of Hon. W. H. Cushing, minister of public works, who has just returned from a trip to Chicago and other eastern cities, where he has been investigating the practical operation of the Strowger automatic telephone system, an agreement was concluded between the government and the Automatic Electric Company, of Chicago, for the installation of their automatic telephone system in Calgary and Letbridge.

By the terms of the agreement the apparatus is to be shipped from Chicago in sixty days and to be installed in both cities by October 1, 1909. The Letbridge system will have a capacity of one thousand instruments, of which six hundred are to be in operation by the first of October. The automatic system, which is to be installed in East Calgary, will work in conjunction with the old manual system now in use.

The Minister of Public Works spent the greater part of yesterday in conference with other members of the government on the result of his investigations in Chicago and it was not until the late afternoon that the agreement was reached with Mr. Wiley, who represents the Automatic Electric Company of Chicago, and submitted the company's proposition to the government.

The importance of this decision of the government, following Mr. Cushing's special trip to the East, is that it practically means the adoption of the automatic 'phone system by the province. In the eastern cities which use the automatic system, the system to have been in use for periods of six and seven years, and to have given the greatest satisfaction throughout that time.

In Edmonton, the efficiency of the service is a by-word and pointed out to visitors in the city. Mr. Cushing, when interviewed by the Bulletin, stated that the primary object of his tour of investigation in the East had been to ascertain how the automatic system stood the test of time, and that on that score he was now satisfied.

"In Grand Rapids," said Mr. Cushing, "I inspected a system which has been in operation for over eight years and which is giving complete satisfaction with no indications whatever of playing out. There are three thousand 'phones operating in this system. The rates are about \$35 a year for office 'phones and \$24 for house 'phones."

"In Columbus I found a system in operation six or seven years and in the best of working order. This city has fourteen thousand automatic 'phones and the rates are about the same as in Grand Rapids."

"Omaha affords a good example of the economical operation of the system. Mr. Eversoll, manager of the Omaha Independent Phone Company, has three months looking after five thousand instruments. I find that it is considered an easy matter for one man to handle an exchange of a thousand instruments."

Mr. Cushing stated that, in his opinion, borne out by investigation, the Strowger automatic 'phone system was much the most satisfactory in existence and the most economical in the long run. It would ultimately supplant the old manual exchange, and, in adopting the system, Alberta was leading the way in Canada in a movement which was already general in the United States.

Saskatoon is the only city in Canada, outside of Alberta, which has an automatic system in operation. It has a service of three hundred 'phones with no competing system.

COLONIZATION WORK.

Will be Carried on in Northern British Columbia by G.T.P.

Vancouver, B. C., June 1.—That the Grand Trunk Pacific will start work immediately on colonization schemes to attract settlers to the lands in the valleys of the northern interior of British Columbia to be traversed by the line of the G.T.P. is the announcement made by Mr. W. P. Hinton, general passenger agent of the company, with headquarters at Winnipeg, who is in the city today. The company is now securing all available particulars of actual agricultural operations in the Nechaco and other valleys for use in a campaign, which is expected to attract thousands of settlers by the time the line is in operation.

Mr. Hinton arrived in the city this morning from Seattle, where he spent the last few days in overseeing the completion of the G.T.P. building at the A.Y.P. exposition. The railway company has a building of its own at the fair and will have a very attractive exhibit and information bureau.

NOT VIOLATING THE CONVENTION

Spirit Being Maintained, Though Letter May Have Been Departed From.

Ottawa, Ont., June 2.—According to officials of the Department of Marine and Fisheries there is no contravention of the terms of the Rush Bagot convention in the placing on the Great Lakes of the vessel Simeon, recently purchased in Great Britain. Despatches from Montreal describe the Simeon as a convertible armed cruiser to be utilized as a fisheries protective cruiser and give alleged details of the armament of the vessel which is entirely erroneous. The Simeon is a vessel of 1,200 tons, built in 1885, and is a member of the Great Lakes fleet. It is a member of the Great Lakes fleet. It is a member of the Great Lakes fleet.

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BURNING GASOLINE CAUSED BAD FIRE

Moose Jaw Woman Probably Fatally Burned as Result of Explosion in Cleaning Shop.

Moose Jaw, June 1.—A gasoline explosion is responsible for a serious fire here this afternoon as the result of which one woman is dead and another seriously injured. The fire was at the cleaning and pressing works of O. M. Brooks Bank. The proprietor was opening cans of gasoline when the fumes ignited and seemed immediately to have burst into flames. In an instant the whole place was a mass of fire. Mr. Brooks Bank was severely burned about the head and neck. The clothing of his wife took fire and she ran out to the street where passerby came to the rescue, but not before she was burned horribly, and it proved fatally injured. The premises were almost completely gutted.

UNLICENSED DOCTOR.

Figures in Inquest at Rosthern—Accused Doctor Paid, But Did Not Make Charge.

Rosthern, Sask., June 1.—The coroner's inquest into the death of Mrs. Frank Dyck was resumed yesterday at Rosthern. The jury returned a verdict and adjourned until June 10th at Rosthern.

Frank Dyck took of taking his wife Mrs. Dyck to the hospital. She died March 28th and was buried April 1st. He notified discolored on her body after death. Mrs. Dyck complained of rough treatment by Mrs. Dyck and her husband, Dr. Ralph. Dr. Ralph advised that there is no contravention of the terms of the Rush Bagot convention in the placing on the Great Lakes of the vessel Simeon, recently purchased in Great Britain.

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TRIAL DELAYED.

First and Only Case of the Kind Ever Brought Before U.S. Supreme Court.

Washington, June 1.—Before adjourning for the summer the Supreme court today granted an application for 30 days to prepare a petition for a rehearing of the case of Sheriff Shipp, of Tennessee, and his associates, charged with contempt. The stay in point of fact will last until the court convenes in the fall. A record-breaking crowd was present in the Supreme court chamber to see the judgment passed. Never before in the history of the court has a prisoner been brought before the bar for sentence on a like charge. The case grows out of a lynching in Tennessee while the victim who has been granted a stay in execution by the Supreme court was under the charge of Sheriff Shipp. The rehearing was granted for the reason that there has never been a case similar to this in the history of the Supreme court.

FRESH OUTBREAK ADANA DISTRICT

Musselman Mob Invades Armenian Villages But is Stopped by Troops—Fifteen Hanged.

Constantinople, June 1.—A telegram from Adana today announces the hanging of 15 persons who took part in the recent massacres, nine Musselmans and six Armenians. Nevertheless, according to news which has reached the Armenian patriarch here, the persecution of Armenians continues. The Constantinople press announces that a fresh outbreak occurred in the environs of Koni. Eight hundred Musselmans invaded the two Armenian villages, but thanks to the intervention of troops, order has been almost established.

RANCHER KILLED IN RIFLE FIGHT

Tragedy in Remo, B.C. District—Rancher and Trapper Fought With Rifles—Trapper Badly Wounded.

Lilloet, B.C., June 1.—News was brought here this morning of a rifle fight which took place between a rancher and a trapper. The rancher was killed and the trapper was badly wounded. The fight occurred in the Remo district, B.C. The rancher was named [Name] and the trapper was named [Name]. The fight was a result of a dispute over land rights. The rancher was armed with a rifle and the trapper was armed with a rifle. The rancher was killed and the trapper was badly wounded. The fight occurred in the Remo district, B.C. The rancher was named [Name] and the trapper was named [Name].

BEING A LAWYER.

No Excuse for Illegal Action as Director of a Corporation.

New York, June 1.—George Bagin, vice-president of Augustus Heineze, \$200,000 United Copper Company, was sent to jail today for contempt of court in refusing to produce the books required by the federal grand jury in its investigation of criminal charges against Heineze.

Bagin was convicted of his own mouth. Immediately after he had been arrested, he had written the United States grand jury to inquire into the circumstances surrounding the disappearance of the records he was brought before Judge Lacombe in the United States circuit court. A few minutes before the District Attorney Wise to present the case and within an hour Bagin was in the toms to remain there until the books were produced before the court.

THIRD BOAT BURNED

Coast Shipping Company Believe Incendiaries Are Trying to Destroy Their Ships.

Vancouver, B. C., June 1.—That constant efforts are being made to burn up steamers belonging to the United Steamship company's fleet of coasting boats appears from the latest blaze which occurred yesterday on the steamer Cassiar which that vessel was on her way into port from the north. A month ago fire was kindled aboard the steamer Comox, but it was discovered in time to prevent serious consequences. Last week the Coquitlam took fire in an unexplained way and was badly damaged. Three deaths have occurred since the morning of the fire as a result of the blaze and the lives of a score of people were placed in danger.

Yesterday the Cassiar was off the village of Sechtel when smoke started to come from her hold. Stored there were bales of hay and a large quantity of merchandise. The fire was extinguished so quickly that the point of its origin was quickly discovered. A large package of hay and cotton burned was found. The package had evidently been set afire with great care. No one was seen near by at the time. A half-breed logger became so excited at the time of the fire that he jumped overboard and was drowned. It is not regarded as possible that he had anything to do with the starting of the fire. When the steamer arrived this morning the deck hands and firemen deserted from the vessel and up to noon the company had been unable to find any men to take their places. Deckhands and men along the water front today are fearful of fires on the company's boats. It is believed that out of revenge, some lanced work the fires are being started.

COUNCIL FAVOR SELLING CHARTER

Bylaw Will be Prepared Emboldening Proposal For Sale of Strathcona Radial Charter.

The city council on Tuesday unanimously decided to have a by-law prepared and submitted for their consideration providing for the sale of the Strathcona radial charter, and a company of French capitalists of the Strathcona radial charter, providing for the construction of electric car lines in various directions from Strathcona. All the aldermen were present but Alderman Armstrong and all were in favor of the sale of this charter to the company on the terms outlined.

On Tuesday afternoon a committee of the council composed of Alderman Manson, McInnis and Lundy met the representatives of the company and as a result of their conference presented the following report to the council which was unanimously adopted.

That your committee has investigated into the financial standing of Mr. Boutinelle and find that he is perfectly able to embark upon a proposition of this kind.

Second—The tentative understanding upon which we have worked is that the promoter is to pay to the city the sum of \$10,000 for the charter around this city; \$1,000 of this to be paid in cash and the balance in nine equal payments; that a rate of \$1,000 shall be given the promoter for every 10 miles of road constructed around this city; that the promoter so desires, he can pay to the city the sum of \$4,000 being the amount in full owing to the city at that time, providing that there is at least 50 miles of electric road in actual operation terminating in this city at that time.

The council, after some slight discussion, decided to pay the expense of submitting a by-law in Strathcona to the city council before the city council on Sunday. The city solicitor felt that it was hardly legal for one municipality to pay for submitting a by-law to another city, but thought it was legal to have a number of other expenditures the city had made. Alderman Gariepy thought the city of Edmonton should pay for submitting this by-law as they owned the street railway and it was to their interest to establish Sunday cars.

Street Improvement. The communication from J. R. Boyle, M.P.P., regarding the need of improving the streets in the north and north east parts of the city was referred to the city commissioners.

Grant to Fair. A. G. Harrison, manager of the Exhibition, proposed that the United States grand jury to inquire into the circumstances surrounding the disappearance of the records he was brought before Judge Lacombe in the United States circuit court. A few minutes before the District Attorney Wise to present the case and within an hour Bagin was in the toms to remain there until the books were produced before the court.

NOTABLES REACH CANADA. On the C.P.R. East Express of China from the Orient. Victoria, May 31.—With 175 saloon passengers, including many notable travelers, and 1480 tons of cargo worth nearly \$2,000,000, and 323 Chinese, of whom two-thirds are for Cuba, Mauritius and Mexico, the steamer Empress of China, Capt. Archibald, reached port Saturday from Hong Kong and was party over six days late owing to the renewal of the plates twisted during her stranding in the inland sea of Japan last voyage.

Admiral Sir Henry H. B. Rawson, retiring governor of New South Wales, his son and daughter; Marquis of Lifford, who recently succeeded to the titles and estates of his father, Earl of Hopetoun; Viscount de Marsay and Viscount de Balignon, French noblemen and wives; Sir George Errington and Lady Errington; Sir Robert Toth and Lady Toth; Bishop Meele, Bishop of South Africa; Admiral Hewitt, R.N., and the Misses Dunsan, daughters of Lieut. Governor Dunsan, were among the many notable travellers included in the long saloon list. Since leaving here the Empress of China has been equipped with Marconi wireless telegraphic apparatus and the Empress of India and Empress of Japan will be equipped before returning.

Strikers Seize Dynamite. Sisson, Cal., June 1.—Armed lumbermen on strike at McLeod drove the guards away from the powder house of the McLeod Lumber company and seized a ton of dynamite, according to a reliable messenger. Sheriff Howell at McLeod had fifty deputies, but six hundred armed strikers are opposed to him. Two hundred armed strikers are in the logging camps and compelled every man to quit work. Communication is now out of.

Alphonse Injured. Madrid, June 1.—King Alphonse, while playing polo today, fell from his horse, suffering a severe ankle sprain.

COUNTESS CALLED DOWN.

Farmer Calls Countess Gray Yankee Tourist and Makes Her Replace Flowers.

Hamilton, June 1.—An amusing occurrence in connection with the Countess Grey's trip to these parts last week has just come to light. The Countess was traveling to Grimsby in an automobile and saw some wild flowers on the road. She requested her chauffeur to dig up the root. As he was doing so the owner of the property came out and began to abuse Her Excellency. Mrs. J. S. Henri, who was accompanying the Countess, wanted to explain matters, but she would not permit her. The property owner insisted that the flowers be put back on pain of arrest for trespassing and stealing. The farmer accused the Countess of being a Yankee tourist.

Gunboat for Lakes. Washington, June 1.—As a gift from the Navy department to the Illinois Naval Reserves, the gunboat Nashville, which made the first start on the Spanish flag in 1898, is due to sail into Lake Michigan today. It is the first vessel of its kind to enter the great lakes.

Municipal Muddle. Los Angeles, June 1.—At the session opened today by the superior court, Judge Wells Barnett set a grand jury for a grand jury to probe the municipal muddle, growing out of the death of a prominent citizen. The officials charged with malfeasance of office.

THINKS PUBLICITY WOULD CURE EVIL. More Than Three Thousand People Lynched in the United States in a Generation—Some of Them Innocent.

New York, June 1.—That 3,284 men, women and children have been lynched in this country in the last quarter of a century was the assertion of Mrs. Ida Wells Barnett at the national negro conference in this city today. Asking why this was permitted by a white man, she said that she had seen John Temple Graves as saying the mob stands as the most potent bulwark between the women of the south and such a carnival of crime as would precipitate the annihilation of the negro race.

All I know that this is untrue," Mrs. Barnett said. Describing the riots at Springfield, Ill., Mrs. Barnett said it was all because a white woman said a negro man had attacked her. Later, Mrs. Barnett said, the woman published a retracting statement that she had been dead. Mrs. Barnett brought a proposal to the conference that \$5,000 be set aside for the purpose of investigation, with attendant publicity of all lynchings. Publicity, she said, was an effective safeguard.

PARIS DENIES IT. Says No Truth in Report That French Ambassador Took Abdu's Money. Paris, June 1.—The general office has authorized a categorical denial of the story first published in the Berlin Lokal Anzeiger that the sudden recall of M. Constant, the French ambassador to Turkey, and M. Zinovief, the Russian ambassador, was due to the discovery of the Yildiz palace of documents showing that Abdul Hamid, the deposed Sultan, had in Constantinople \$100,000 and Zinovief \$50,000 a month for a term of months. It announces this allegation as a calumny and says that the French ambassador and M. T. Scharhoff, as French and Russian ambassador to Turkey, were men of the States and does not represent the two governments, whose purpose is to secure harmony of action between the two governments.

Extinguished Red Lights. Minneapolis, Minn., June 1.—A crusade to wipe out the "red light" district was commenced today by the civic federation. Many houses have already closed, the proprietors fearing the application of the new state laws making it a felony to accept any maintenance from the earnings of dissolute women. Property owners who accept rent from the women of these places may be prosecuted by the federation.

Not Canadian Sentiment. London, June 2.—The Morning Post, regretfully publishing a letter from the Canadian Trades and Labor Council the object of which is to prevent emigration to Canada, remarks: "This narrow form of labor protectionism, is introduced from the States and does not represent the national policy of the Dominion. Statements emanating from this organization before have been exposed on both sides of the Atlantic."

New Mail Route. Ottawa, May 31.—The first rural mail delivery service in Eastern Ontario will be inaugurated tomorrow on the second line near Burnstown, a distance of eight miles. Thirty-two farmers along the route will have mail boxes placed at their gates and secure the advantages of a daily mail.

Pope 74 Years Old. Rome, June 1.—The Pope will be 74 years old tomorrow. He was born at Biese on June 2, 1835, and in accordance with his wish the celebration of the day will be private.

OPENING SESSION OF CONFERENCE

Methodist Ministers and Probationers Meet in Strathcona—Two Addresses This Morning.

Upwards of one hundred ministers and probationers of the Alberta Methodist conference were in attendance at the opening of the fifth session of the conference, Wednesday in the Metropolitan church, Strathcona. The greater number of the delegates expected have already arrived and by tomorrow morning when the roll is called there will be few missing. The probationers who had few exceptions have already reported to the secretary of their committee.

Following the opening devotional exercises yesterday, two inspiring addresses were delivered by C. E. Race, of Alberta college, who spoke on "The place of the preacher in modern life," and Rev. C. E. Huestis, of Red Deer, whose subject was "The preparation necessary for the preacher who is to take his place in modern life."

Both speakers considered their subjects from an essentially modern point of view, and the addresses were characterized by a spirit of the broadest Christianity. The attention of the audience was held throughout and frequent applause was given. A resolution with which the sentiments of the speakers were received.

Recognize the church as something broader than Methodist or Presbyterian or Anglican and make your function a helper of men and women regardless of creed and class," was the exhortation of Rev. Mr. Huestis, which met with a burst of applause. Mr. Race made a plea for a ministry of broader interests and more complete manhood. The great need of the modern minister," said Mr. Race: to the young probationers, "is the ability to take his place as a man among men; if he can play first base on the local ball team, or pitch a game of ball, or referee a football match, or even take an interest in the board of trade, let him do so by all means. It is only by such mingling with one's fellow men in the every day interests of life that knowledge of men so essential to the successful minister can be acquired. The speaker gave many instances of social, economic and moral reform wrought in lumbering and mining camps by men possessed of this broad spirit of human sympathy.

The address of Rev. C. E. Huestis was one which displayed in the speaker the breadth of view of a philosopher and at the same time the consistent and firm adherence to the principles of Christianity. In introducing his subject Mr. Huestis reviewed the conditions obtaining in the modern world and peculiar to this age. "The prestige of the pulpit has been lost today," said Mr. Huestis. "Do not misunderstand me, it has been lost by the pulpit, as a place of authority and must be established by the individual preacher speaking from conviction and the facts of experience."

The modern scientific spirit, the speaker did not consider at variance with the teachings of the Bible. "Moses taught, Jehovah our God is one God; science today, like a modern Moses says, 'The world is one world.' Science knows nothing can know nothing of the mystery of matter, save that back of it is energy. And what is energy? Like the prophet of old we prefer to call it God. That the world is full of God is the message of modern science."

"Don't be afraid of evolution," said Mr. Huestis in touching on that theory. "One reason for casting out fear of it is that the man of science has been understood in talking to people today you have to set your thought in an evolutionary frame. He advised his hearers to read the last sentence of Darwin's great work, the Origin of Species, and they would find that that man of science places God behind the universe. The only question was how the Almighty brought it all about. In thinking of a world, perfect at its inception one could only think of its bloom wearing off from the effects of time. But viewing the order of things from the evolutionist standpoint we see working the Divine principle of growth. The world is a world of law and law is God; it should be a source of comfort to think that we live in a world of law where we need fear no blow from out the darkness. Mr. Huestis made a division of the preparation of a man for the ministry on the psychological basis of mind, heart and will. The first duty of a man, whatever his calling in life, was to learn, to think straight. "It is the hardest thing in the world to think straight," said Mr. Huestis, "too often we are stamped because we permit an emotion to get the best of us, not to be little emotion, for it is the very foundation of life, but pray for the power to think straight, don't rush to conclusions." It was the duty of ministers to maintain an openness of mind, to think straight, don't rush to conclusions as their very calling requires that they be dogmatic. "You can live to eighty and still have an open mind or you can be an old fogey at twenty-one," asserted Mr. Huestis. The great philosophical concepts he considered a great help

(Continued on Page Three)

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