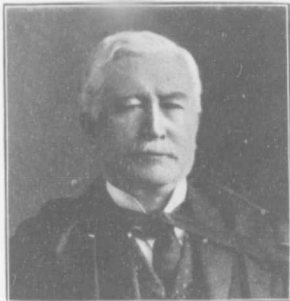


William Osler, Med. 1872

SIR WILLIAM OSLER was, if not the greatest graduate, at least the most famous graduate in medicine that McGill has produced. After graduation he was appointed, in 1874, Professor of the Institute of Medicine at McGill. During his professorship, which lasted for ten years, he initiated many reforms in the Faculty of Medicine and was extremely active in University life, taking a tremendous personal interest in the students who listened to his lectures. In 1889 he was appointed Professor of Medicine to the Johns Hopkins Medical School and shared with others the honor of making it the most scientific medical school in America. In 1905 he accepted the offer of a Regius pro-

fessorship at Oxford, where he remained till his death in December, 1919. Besides being a great graduate of McGill Osler was a great Canadian and a great man. He received many honors from different scientific and educational institutions and was created a Baronet in 1911.

SIR THOMAS G. RODDICK, M.D., LL.D., F.R.C.S., is an eminent surgeon, and at the same time a great force in all movements that have to do with the social and moral welfare of the country. Upon graduation from McGill he was final prizeman of his year and the winner of the Holmes gold medal. In 1872 he was taken on the staff of the University as Lecturer on Hygiene, becoming successively Demonstrator of Anatomy and Professor of Clinical Surgery. He was Dean of the Medical Faculty from 1901 till 1908. In 1896 Sir Thomas had the high honor of being elected President of the British Medical Association, being the first Colonial physician to receive this distinction. During the North West Rebellion, in 1885, Sir Thomas organized the hospital and ambulance service and was in charge of the medical service in the field, holding the rank of deputy surgeon general of militia. Wishing to exploit a scheme of Dominion medical registration for which a federal act was necessary, Sir Thomas succeeded in being elected to the Dominion Parliament in 1896 as representative for St. Antoine division, Montreal. He remained in the House of Commons until 1904. His bill, the Roddick Bill, was passed in 1902. Sir Thomas holds the honorary degrees of LL.D. from Edinburgh and Queens Universities. He is an honorary Fellow of the Royal Canadian Society and a member of the Board of Governors of McGill University.



Thomas G. Roddick, Med. 1868