

GERMANS START A NEW BATTLE EAST OF RHEIMS

THE FRENCH WIN MORE GROUND BETWEEN SOISSONS AND OURCQ

Launching New Attack on German Right Flank Near Grand Rozoy French Advance Half a Mile and Take High Ground—Enemy Active in New Place—Americans Hold Best Prussian Troops and Inflict Heavy Losses.

London, July 29.—The Germans started a new battle this morning in a quiet sector east of Rheims by launching a heavy attack against French positions on Hill 181, near Monte Sans Nom. When latest despatches were filed the fighting was proceeding without much advantage on either side.

The French won ground on the important front between Soissons and the Ourcq, on the German right flank today. Launching a new attack this morning near Grand Rozoy, they advanced a half mile. The high ground here already is in French hands. The fighting was still proceeding at last reports received in London this afternoon.

The Americans met Germany's finest regiments in battle south of Sergy last night, where the enemy threw in the whole fourth division of Prussian Guards in a desperate counter-attack. Advances reaching London this afternoon show that the Americans like a stone wall brought the Germans to a clean stop and inflicted heavy losses upon them.

Retreat Continues.

London, July 29.—The German retreat is continuing along the whole line, the Allies closely in pursuit, according to news from the fighting area in the Soissons-Rheims salient received up to noon.

The Germans have succeeded in checking to a certain extent, but not in stopping, the French advance. The French are on the north bank of the Ourcq, and to the east they have secured the whole road between Rheims and Dormans. The Germans are stubbornly resisting, and are burning villages.

Heavy fighting is still in progress to the south of Soissons, in the neighborhood of Buzancy. So far the French have made no progress there. Villages between Soissons and Buzancy, about fourteen miles to the east, however, are on fire, leading to the belief that the Germans may intend to further retreat.

Since yesterday the Allies have advanced between two and three miles on a twenty mile front. The enemy has definitely abandoned the line of the Ourcq, and there is little doubt now that he will go back beyond the Vesle to the line thirty miles long between Soissons and Rheims. The German retreat has been quite orderly and deliberate. So far the taking of only four guns has been reported.

The Americans, particularly in the Fere En Tardenois sector, are pursuing the Germans very vigorously.

Hun Losses Small.

London, July 29.—The German retreat is being conducted skillfully, the ground has been covered by the dense woods have enabled them to hold up many thousands of advancing troops with a few small groups of machine guns, says a Reuters correspondent with the American troops in France. The enemy losses have been very small, he adds, compared to the advantage gained, for rivers of more value to the German command than many soldiers.

The Germans have lost a good deal besides ground, however, which almost all the guns, though doubtless being compelled to destroy much ammunition. The enemy has suffered a great moral defeat.

German Troubles.

With the American Army on the Aisne-Marne front, July 29.—(By The Associated Press)—French and American troops were eluding vigorously at the stiffening German rear early today with some prospect that before night the advancing line would be close to the River Ardre which is now only a few kilometers away. The German base at Fere en Tardenois has been occupied.

Many stories are told along the old lines of depredation in the German morale. Greatest significance is attached to a letter taken from an officer written by his brother in Germany, giving it as his opinion that a revolt was eminent unless the war was stopped.

From Rheims the line now extends almost straight southwest to Cilly-Et-Vielaine. The forest of Ris is now behind the Allies and they are holding Champfroley to the northeast of the forest. In this region the Germans have the higher ground and have some advantage in the artillery duel.

After conquering Fere en Tardenois the Allies next had before them the difficult task of crossing the river Moselle in the face of the strongest German fire. Happily, the river is running very low just now, for not a bridge was left intact.

The Allies succeeded in overcoming all obstacles here and secured a foothold on the northern bank, where they present a serious menace to the enemy.

Further in the southeast in the neighborhood of the Ris Forest, toward the centre of the pocket, both the infantry and the artillery were heavily engaged.

Furious Combats.

In the region north of the Ris Forest there were some furious combats which lasted several hours and resulted in the Allies gaining possession of Champfroley. Then Ronchereux was reached by advanced guards. Further to the east, cavalry patrols came into action in the Montiers

NEW FREIGHT RATE DETAILS MADE PUBLIC

Action Taken in Order That Employees Can Obtain Higher Wages Under McAdoo Schedule.

Ottawa, July 29.—The order-in-council covering the details of the increase in freight rates granted to the Canadian Railway in order that they may be in a position to meet the larger disbursements arising out of the application of the McAdoo wages schedule was made public this afternoon. It provides that the new rates, which are approximately 20 per cent. higher than the rates now in force, will remain in force at least for the duration of the war.

The paragraph of the order-in-council governing the dates on which the rates shall become effective is as follows:— "The provisions herein, the rates herein prescribed, shall be effective, if filed with the board of railway commissioners, and from the first day of August, 1918, and shall remain in force for the duration of the present war and until further orders subject to the provisions of the section next preceding."

"Increase of rates may become effective after the 12th day of August, 1918, and as when filed."

Qualifying Section

The qualifying section referred to in the foregoing is as follows:— "The board of railway commissioners shall obtain from the three larger railway systems the results of railway operation per month and report on the same monthly to His Excellency in council, through the minister of railways and canals, to the end that, should the earnings of the said companies under this order be greater than the sum required to meet increased costs and permit transportation to be properly and efficiently carried on, the approximate reduction in the rates fixed shall be made. The said reports and the books, accounts and records upon which the same are based shall be open to examination and audit by the government of Canada, under such regulations as may be hereafter prescribed by the governor in council."

HOW THE ENEMY EXTRICATES HIMSELF

More Than 315,000 Men To Move As Well As Large Quantity of Supplies.

London, July 29.—To understand what is going on as a sequel to the Allied victory of July 18 carried out, to appreciate the enemy's strategy, to extricate himself must understand this world extricate.

There are not more than twenty-five miles across and less than twenty miles deep. Imagine on that are no less than at least thirty-five divisions crammed with their material, their accumulated dumps for shells, their artillery including the heaviest pieces, their stores of food and provisions and all preparations for what was on July 15th a great offensive movement one must realize that each of these thirty-five divisions means at least 8,000 infantrymen and some 6,000 others, less only by the dead, wounded and prisoners, and all this huge mass crammed in so narrow a space is compelled to retire through two points where the road to the district met Fere-en-Tardenois and Villen Tardenois, both of which are under direct fire and are under converging range while the arc is under converging fire from every side.

That is the situation at the present moment on the Crown Prince's left. A more expensive one could not be conceived. The mouth of the pocket is not so narrow that the troops within are doomed. Far from it. The mouth, as any one can see by looking at a map, is broader than the depth, but what the defeated enemy is constrained to do is to retreat in a position by attack ceaselessly in order to preserve the centres of supply and retreat behind him from being reached, and as I have said, he is under converging fire the whole time.

BULGARS WAR WEARY

Washington, July 29.—An official despatch from France today says German newspapers report King Ferdinand of Bulgaria has gone to "foreign lands," for some time on account of his health. According to the Neue Presse, a Bulgarian personage on his way through Vienna admitted that the Bulgarian people were very tired of the war and had prospects of a poor harvest.

SIR CHAS. ROSS SUE

Quebec, July 29.—Sloan M. Emery of Tibes, Clay County, Mississippi, through the legal firm of Pentland, Gravel and Thomson has taken out an action for \$50,000 against Sir Charles Ross, former owner of the Ross Rifle Factory, for damages said to have been caused through a faulty cartridge or poorly finished shooting rifle; plaintiff's right cheek being almost torn away while he also lost the sight of his right eye as the result of an attempt to discharge a cartridge from the rifle purchased from the Ross Company, in June, 1914.

VISITING ORANGE DELEGATES RIGHT ROYALLY ENTERTAINED

Public Meeting in Centenary Hall Addressed By William Banks of Toronto—Orange Ladies Give Lunch and Reception To Brothers and Sisters From the West.

The visiting delegates who spent yesterday in the city on their way to the session of the Supreme Grand Lodge of British America and the Ladies' Grand Lodge, which is to meet at Charlottetown, were royally entertained by the brothers and sisters of the Orange Order in St. John.

A public meeting held in Centenary Hall which was addressed by William Banks of Toronto, was fairly well attended, and the address by Mr. Banks was received with great enthusiasm by the audience. This meeting was also addressed by R. W. Wignmore, M. P., and Rev. W. R. Robinson.

At the Royal Hotel a lunch was given for the visiting delegates by the Orange Order in St. John and the Ladies' Grand Lodge, which was held at Orange Hall, Germain street, after the luncheon.

At the close of the address a vote of thanks was extended to the speaker by County Master Kerr.

The chairman then introduced R. W. Wignmore, M. P., who said the two things about the splendid address just delivered that struck him the most were the references to the loyalty of the order and the failure of Protestants to provide homes for the poor and unfortunate. He thought it a good thing for men from other parts of Canada to visit here and for our men to return the visits, for in this way they became acquainted and were able to understand each other better, and those from the west could form some idea of the importance of these provinces by the sea.

He was followed by Rev. W. R. Robinson who endorsed the words of both speakers in regard to the need for homes for the unfortunate of the country. He stated that with one exception there was no Protestant Home for orphans in the province and for a girl over sixteen there was no Protestant place of refuge. He had been forced many times to take Protestant girls to the Home of the Good Shepherd and ask them to receive them into the fold which could be found for the wayward ones.

Lunch and Reception
At the Royal Hotel last evening the Orange ladies of St. John entertained the visiting delegates to luncheon at nine o'clock and a reception was held at Orange Hall, Germain street afterward. Delegates from all parts of Western Canada were present and among the guests were Mayor Hayes and S. E. Elkin, M. P.

Mrs. G. O. Akersley, Most Worshipful Grand Mistress, presided at the head table.

After the luncheon, which was strictly a war-time one, had been disposed of the following toast list was carried out:—

The King—God Save the King.
Our City—Mayor Hayes.
Our Empire—Messrs. S. E. Elkin and F. L. Potts.
To the Boys in the Trenches—Rev. H. A. Cody.
The Ladies' Orange Association of B. A.—Mrs. G. O. Akersley.
Provincial Grand Lodge—Mr. Francis Kerr.
Prentice Boys' Association—Mr. Wm. Golding.
The Ladies—Messrs. Charles Ward, Wm. McDonald and H. C. Lawton.

An adjournment was made to Orange Hall where an informal reception was held and a very pleasant hour spent in "tripping the light fantastic."

DEMobilIZATION CONSIDERED BY THE IMPERIAL CONFERENCE

At Instance of Government of Canada Various Problems Respecting the Subject, Particularly Transportation, Were Discussed—Advisory and Executive Committee Appointed—Alien Enemy Naturalization Question—The Indian Problems.

Ottawa, July 29.—An official resume of the deliberations of the final session of the Imperial War Conference held in London and attended by Sir Robert Borden and his colleagues in England, was cabled to the director of public information here by the British ministry of information. The cable in part reads as follows:—

"At the instance of the government of Canada, the various problems respecting demobilization, particularly connected with transportation were discussed by the Imperial War Conference. Ultimately, on the suggestion of the war office representatives a resolution was passed agreeing that an advisory and executive committee be known as the military demobilization committee of the British Empire, should be set up forthwith."

Make up of Committee.
This committee will consist of representatives of the military authorities of the dominions and colonies, and representatives of the war office, India office and the ministry of shipping in the United Kingdom, under the chairmanship of the secretary of war, or a deputy appointed by him. The committee will consider all military questions of demobilization affecting the various governments concerned, and will arrange for the fullest interchange of information regarding plans of demobilization and will submit the

question of principle arising from time to time to the governments concerned. The committee will sit prior to general demobilization at such times as the chairman may consider necessary, and during demobilization as frequently as may be necessary to secure the complete coordination of the demobilization procedure of the governments concerned."

Allen Ensmies.

The conference passed a resolution stating that in the opinion of the majority of the members, an act should be passed throughout the empire restricting for a period after the war, so far as the circumstances of each country permitted the possible naturalization of citizens of present enemy countries, and also the acquisition by them of any form of political rights or land or mining privileges. The representatives of Canada abstained from voting, while the South African representative recorded his dissent.

A naturalization conference representative of all parts of the empire is to be held.

Regarding India.

Regarding India the conference agreed upon the following resolutions:— (1) It is the intention of the governments of the several communities of the British Commonwealth, including India, that each should enjoy complete control of the composition of its own population by means of restriction on immigration from any other communities.

(2) British citizens domiciled in any British country, including India, should be admitted into any other British country for visits for purposes of pleasure or commerce, including temporary residence for the purpose of education. The conditions should be regulated on the people as follows:—

(a) The right of the government of India to recognize to enact laws which should have the effect of subjecting British citizens domiciled in any other British country to the same conditions in visiting India as those imposed on Indians desiring to visit such country.

(b) Such right of visit or temporary residence shall in each individual case be embodied in the passport or written permit issued by the country of domicile, and subject to the issue thereof an officer appointed by and acting on behalf of the country to be visited, if such country so desires.

Not For Labor Purposes.

(c) Such rights shall not extend to visit or temporary residence, for labor purposes or to permanent settlement.

(d) Indians already permanently domiciled in other British countries should be allowed to bring in their wives and minor children on condition (a) That no more than one wife and her children shall be admitted for each such Indian, and (b) That each individual also admitted shall be certified by the government of India as being the lawful wife or child of such Indian.

Imperial Court of Appeal.

Regarding the imperial court of appeal, the conference was of the opinion:—

1. That the question of replacing the present dual system of appeal by the constitution of one imperial court of appeals demands the prompt consideration of His Majesty's government.

2. That the Lord Chancellor should be invited to prepare and circulate to the governments of the dominions and India as soon as possible, a memorandum of such proposals as in the opinion of His Majesty's government are practical for the purpose with a view to a decision of the next imperial conference.

3. That each such government, as soon as possible thereafter shall communicate to the government of the United Kingdom its views with regard to such proposals.

The conference approved of the report of a special committee respecting control of raw materials after the war. The conference further agreed that steps should be now taken to ascertain the needs and resources of the allies in respect to raw materials specified in the report.

Shipping Communications.

Regarding shipping communications, especially between the overseas dominions, including India, the conference agreed that they should be brought under review by an inter-imperial board, on which the United Kingdom and British dominions and dependencies should be represented.

The proceedings of the conference terminated with a resolution, moved by the Prime Minister of Canada, and seconded by the Prime Minister of Australia, conveying to the secretary of state of colonies the appreciation of the representatives of India and the overseas dominions for his labors in preparing for and presiding over the conference. This resolution recorded also the gratitude of the overseas representatives for the many courtesies received from the prime minister and other members of His Majesty's government, and the hospitality extended them by the government and people of the United Kingdom.

Much Excitement.

London, July 29.—The excitement against Germany, the advice further say, has been growing, particularly after last week's agents. The Germans recently demanded the cruiser Haplich, the only large ship then in possession of Turkey, as compensation for the Breslau, the former German cruiser, which was destroyed in the Dardanelles while under the Turkish flag. Despite Turkey's protest the Haplich has departed for Sebastopol with the German flag flying.

DEATHS.

WHITE.—In this city on the 28th inst., Christopher White, leaving a wife, five sons and three daughters to mourn their sad loss.

Funeral from his late residence 92 Meeklenburg street, Tuesday, 30th, Service, 2.30 o'clock.



The handy suit, the always appreciated suit for any man and every man is the blue serge. It's always in the right focus.

A splendid assortment of the true blue, fast color and reliable blue suits here from \$25 to \$35.

Gilmour's, 68 King St.

Open Friday evenings; close Saturdays at 11-June, July, August.

MINIATURE ALMANAC.

July—Phases of the Moon.
Last Quarter, 1st.....4h. 45m. a.m.
New Moon, 8th.....4h. 23m. a.m.
First Quarter, 16th.....2h. 25m. a.m.
Full Moon, 23rd.....4h. 55m. p.m.
Last Quarter, 30th.....2h. 14m. a.m.

THE WEATHER.

Maritime—Fresh to strong southerly shifting to westerly and northwesterly winds, showers and thunderstorms, then clearing and cooler.

Washington, July 29.—Northern New Englanders have been almost general today from Ontario to New Brunswick, while in the west the weather has been fine and for the most part decidedly warm.

Toronto, July 29.—Showers and thunderstorms have been almost general today from Ontario to New Brunswick, while in the west the weather has been fine and for the most part decidedly warm.

Victoria.....49 78
Vancouver.....56 76
Edmonton.....52 80
Battledore.....56 80
Prince Albert.....48 76
Moose Jaw.....45 88
Saskatoon.....48 76
Winnipeg.....48 70
London.....64 88
Toronto.....65 84
Ottawa.....62 80
Montreal.....66 90
Quebec.....62 80
St. John.....62 86
Halifax.....68 68

HEAT WAVE KILLS MANY INFANTS IN MONTREAL

Dr. W. A. L. Styles Maintains That Large Percentage Die From Preventable Causes—Hundred Died Last Week.

Montreal, July 29.—Confronted by the tragedy of over 100 children under five years of age dying in the city last week, principally from preventable causes more or less accelerated by the heat wave and with the deaths of 28 children the week previous, Dr. W. A. L. Styles, secretary of the Baby Welfare Committee, today addressed an appeal to the Board of Administration of Montreal asking for an immediate investigation.

He says in his letter in part: "Montreal has the unenviable record of losing on the average 70 babies under one year of age each and every day of the year, over 42 per cent. from a preventable (though unprevented in Montreal) cause of death—summer complaint—which in Toronto in 1917 was responsible for only 13 per cent. and in Greater New York only 21 per cent. mortality under the same age. Practically 60 per cent. of all mortality in Montreal is confined to the first five years of life."

The Man With the Hoe

Hoing is a severe strain on the back. It calls into play muscles not used much in lifting or in other kinds of farm work.

If you have a weak back you cannot stand much hoing unless you use Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills to set the kidneys right and remove the cause of weakness and lameness of the back. Just try one pill a dose at bed time and see how much better you will feel.

SPOR THE BIG LEAGUE

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Pittsburgh 4-New York, July 29.—defeated New York score being 4 to 2.

Pittsburgh.....02001
New York.....03000
Batteries—Packard, Batteries—Cooper, Peritt and McCarthy.

St. Louis 4-Brooklyn, July 29.—twelve inning game to 3 today by bunched eight hits off Marquand and twelfth innings.

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