

BRITISH TROOPS CAPTURE TOWN OF AYETTE

FRENCH FORCES EXTEND THEIR LINE TO THENNES

Heavy Reinforcements Being Brought Up Rapidly to Points Where Germans are Strongest—British Again in Possession of Town of Aytte, Eight Miles Southwest of Arras.

Washington, April 3.—An indication that heavy French reinforcements are being brought up rapidly to the points on the western front, where the Germans appear to have concentrated their strongest efforts is carried in information received at the British war mission today from British headquarters in France. The French forces, it was said, have extended their line to Thennes, near the Luce river. This enables the British to shorten their own line and to concentrate their forces.

London, April 3.—British troops, after sharp fighting last night, repulsed a determined attack by the Germans in the neighborhood of Fumoux. The war office announced this today.

The town of Aytte (about eight miles southwest of Arras) is again in British possession. "More than 100 prisoners and three machine guns were captured by us," says the official statement. "We secured a few prisoners yesterday through an enterprise in the neighborhood of Serre already reported. There is nothing further to report from the battlefield."

"Lincolnshire troops raided the enemy's trenches north of Loos yesterday morning and captured thirty-one prisoners and a machine gun. An other successful raid in which we captured a few Germans was carried out by us last night northeast of Poelcapelle."

French Statement.

Paris, April 3.—A German attack south of Moreuil last night was repulsed by the French fire, and the enemy was unable to gain a position in any part of the French position, except at one point. The French also broke up a German attack near Rollot, and gained ground north of Ploeghem.

The French official statement follows:

On the front between the Somme and the Oise there was increasing activity on the part of the artillery on both sides. South of Moreuil the enemy made a spirited attack against the French positions between Morisset and Nally-Ramerville. It was repulsed by the French fire, and the enemy was not able to gain a footing in the French defences, except at a single point.

"A German effort north of Rollot was broken up by the French fire. Last night the French carried out a local operation on the slopes north of Ploeghem, in the course of which our troops enlarged their positions appreciably and took sixty prisoners. There is nothing to report from the remainder of the front."

"On March 31 and April 1, French aerial squadrons threw down 12,000 kilograms (more than thirteen tons) of projectiles on railways and cantonments at Ham, Chauny, Noyon, etc. A large fire was observed in the railway station at Chauny."

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MAY DRAFT MANY OF THE PRISONERS IN QUEBEC CITY

Number of Additional Arrests of Men Yesterday on Charges of Carrying Concealed Weapons — Militia Authorities are Firm.

Quebec, April 3.—When Judge Lussier took his seat in the court of special sessions of the peace today to conduct the preliminary hearing into the cases against the sixty-two men arrested in connection with the rioting here Monday night it was announced that none of the prisoners had been released from the citadel by the military authorities.

Gen. Lessard announced that the men under arrest are to be categorized, that is, examined to see if they come under the M. S. A. and that until work is complete the men will not be returned over to the civil authorities.

Sixty-out of the prisoners are men whose homes are in Quebec. Two of them bear English names.

Many of the men detained come under the M. S. A. They will be examined by the military doctors and if found fit will be incorporated in the army.

The failure of the rioters to continue their disturbances last night has relieved the tension here, though the general feeling is that further trouble may yet develop.

Fugitives are being organized to the chapel of Notre Dame de Lourdes to pray for peace in the city.

A number of other men were arrested today for carrying concealed weapons.

General Lessard stated that he was glad that there was no disorder last night. He hoped that the rioting was now over. If, however, there was a renewal of it the military would not hesitate to use all means to suppress it.

A half turn, dropping bombs in the suburbs. There were no casualties.

One of the German long range guns bombarding Paris burst, according to reports, in the course of the French front, five of the gun crew being killed. This announcement was made officially tonight.

The bombardment by the long range guns today resulted in the wounding of two women.

THE HELPING HAND.

Aunt Mary (horrid)—Good gracious, Harold, what would you papa say if he saw you smoking that nasty cigar?

Harold (calmly)—Dad! Why he'd be tickled to death. There's his Christmas cigars from mother—Milestone.

London, April 2.—Former Grand Duke Michael Alexandrovich, brother of the former Czar, has been arrested and imprisoned at Perm by order of the Perm Council of Workmen and Soldiers' delegates, says an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Petrograd.

An official communication issued this afternoon says: "Two squadrons of German aeroplanes crossed the lines flying toward Paris early this morning. They did not penetrate the Paris barrage defence, but made

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JOHNNY KILBANE INSTRUCTS SOLDIERS

Is Stationed at Camp Sherman in Ohio—Push Ball Roll from Buffalo to New York City.

Camp Sherman, Chillicothe, Ohio, April 3.—Johnny Kilbane, of Cleveland, featherweight boxing champion who has had charge of boxing instruction here, has been placed in general charge of boxing instruction in military camps all over the country, according to word received here.

New York, April 3.—Rolling a huge push ball from Buffalo to this city, a distance of 473 miles, will be the privilege of buyers of bonds of the third Liberty loan, it was announced today by the loan committee of the second federal district.

The ball will represent the districts quota, and its movement will be symbolic of the progress of the rolling of that quota. It will be put in motion on April 6th, the day the loan drive begins, and is expected to arrive at Madison Square Garden here on May 4th, having traveled at an average of 16 miles a day. In all communities through which it passes there will be patriotic demonstrations and mass meetings under the auspices of local loan committees.

"Where shall we make our second effort? Naturally, at the point where the British desire most and where they fought the hardest in the Ypres sector. If we recover the ground lost there last year we may get started for Calais, or failing that, we shall at least have won a considerable moral success."

This may be wide of the mark, but there is no doubt that the Germans have enough men and guns to conduct two simultaneous thrusts.

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