CANADIAN ON STR. APPAM CAPTURED BY RAIDER

EXCUSES THAT DO NOT EXCUSE

Major Harris dealt with some at last evening's recruiting meeting.

ROLL OF HONOR
Edgar Bill, Liverpool, England.

At last night's meeting in the recruiting room, Germain street, S. H. Mayes acted as chairman, H. V. MacKinnon presided at the piano, the speakers were Major Harris and Rev. M. E. Fletcher, A. W. Baird and John Salmon recited and John T. Kelley sang.

Major Harris was the first speaker. He referred to the fact that there was a sailor in the audience and said "only for the navy we should have been in a bad fix." He then dealt with some of the excuses men give for not enlisting, and dealt first with the fellow who had not made up his mind. He knew men were wanted but the call had not touched him personally and it was up to the recruiting officer to see that he was made to realize his responsibility in the matter. Every man should make sure that he had a reason, not merely an excuse for not joining. He next dealt with the young man who hid behind his mother. He said they would not stop playing pool, dancing, card playing, skating or any of those things for their mothers and it was poor taste trying to blame the mother because they did not want to do their duty. Then there was the fellow who said "we will win" but who took "dammed good care that he did not help to win." He then referred to the fellow who was going to fight when the Germans came to Canada. If the Germans ever invaded Canada he would not be able to fight for the civilian who took up arms if captured would simply be stood up against a wall and shot and nobody could say a word. Canada would be saved or lost on the battle-fields of Europe and the man who wanted to fight for his country had to do so there. He referred to the case of "Cameron" who was taken prisoner by the King of Abyssinia and England sent an army to rescue him and asked if such an Empire was not worth fighting for. He closed by urging every man to get in uniform as soon as possible.

Rev. M. E. Fletcher was the next speaker. He said the men in the room he had the most respect for were the men in khaki. They had some sand and were willing to take a chance of losing their lives. Next, he respected the men were taking the physical culture course that they might make themselves fit to go. Some said there was plenty of time but they were mistaken. Before the Germans got here they would have to kill every Canadian now in France.

He paid a tribute to the officers of the 115th and said the man who joined that unit could feel proud of those in command. He had tried to do a little recruiting work and had approached a policeman and asked him why he was not in khaki, the reply was that he had tried to get in the first contingent but was turned down. He had also tried to join the 26th and was refused. He was still ready to go but if they wanted him for the 115th they had to come after him.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years
Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

OLICE PAY VISIT TO A DISORDERLY HOUSE

As result Mrs. Esther Henderson and soldier companion are under arrest.

Some time ago The Standard printed an article dealing with the case of soldiers who were at the front fighting for their country, while their wives were living in disgruce in the city. These women were keeping disorderly houses, resorts for soldiers who, with women, were drinking liquor, and it was further shown that the allowances paid to these soldier's wives had been cancelled, while their little children were being looked after.

Mrs. Esther Henderson, one such, whose home is in the tenemnet at No. 10 Brunswick street, has been under the eyes of the police for some time. She is the mother of four children, and quite recently Detectives Barrett and Briggs made a call on the home and ejected several soldiers who were there drinking. The officers also gave the woman a warning to be more careful in her future conduct. Yesterday, shortly after one o'clock, the detectives made a call at the house and found the door locked. They rapped on the door and were greeted by bad language. After some persuasion they were admitted and found much disorder. Mrs. Henderson was intoxicated and it was a pitiful sight to see the children about the house.

The officers searched the house and found Wm. Hunt, a soldier, hiding in one of the rooms. This man had discarded his uniform and was attired in civilian clothes. He strongly objected to being placed under arrest, but soon had the handcuffs on his wrists. He then said that he would not leave the house alive. He then tried to jump out of the second story window but was captured by Detective Briggs. The officers also collected a basketful of bottles, some empty and others partly filled with liquor. The patrol wagon was called and the man and woman taken to police headquarters and locked up. The woman is charged with being the proprietress of a disorderly house and the soldier as being an inmate.

The woman's children were given in charge of Rev. Father Duke to be cared for.

PERSONAL.

Friends of Miss Edna May Swim, daughter of Rev. and Mrs. Swim, will be pleased to learn that she has passed the final examinations in the nurses' training school at the General Public Hospital and graduated on Tuesday.

F. C. McLean arrived home yesterday from New York.

Mrs. Alex. T. Chisholm will leave for her home in Boston this morning, after spending a month with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Johnston, 82 Forest street.

Miss Margaret Barker, of Loch Lomond, is severely ill with pleuro-pneumonia in Brooklyn, New York, where she and her mother, Mrs. S. H. Barker, are visiting.

Walter Merryweather, of the naval department, arrived in this city yesterday morning by the train from Halifax.

Professor John A. Nichols of Boston (Mass.), who has just completed a temperance campaign in the city of Moncton, is visiting here and is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Parker, 27 Goodrich street.

Mr. and Mrs. Seth V. Prime, Westfield (N.B.), announce the engagement of their daughter, Pearla Hubeley, to Egbert Robinson Crocker, son of Mrs. and the late Captain M. G. Crocker, of Freeport, (N.S.), the marriage to take place quietly in February.

Soldiers in Court

In the Police Court yesterday afternoon two soldiers were found guilty of being drunk and were allowed to go with the military escort and a fine of eight dollars was allowed to stand against them.

"HEART SONGS" COUPON PRESENTED BY THIS PAPER TO YOU

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February 3.

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"HEART SONGS" The song book with a soul! 400 of the song treasures of the world in one volume of 500 pages. Chosen by 20,000 music lovers. Four years to complete the book. Every song a gem of melody.

"NO REGRETS THAT I CAME FOR MY BIT"

How a King's County soldier writes from battle front "Somewhere in France".

"I have no regrets that I came here to do my bit. For if you could see this country, its ruined cities and towns and villages and its shell-torn roads and fields you would never take the second thought of what you would do." This is the patriotic declaration of Sergt. George R. Pearson of D Company 5th Battalion, C. M. R., 8th Brigade C. E. F., in the following letter received by George B. Jones of Apohaqui.

France, Jan. 17th, 1916.

Dear Burp,

I am writing you to let you know I am still living and well. We are in billets and having a fairly good time. We are for the trenches soon again. We are now an infantry battalion, known as D Co., 5th Batt., C. M. R. We are having very mild weather. No frost or snow. Suppose you have lots in Apohaqui, N. B.

The guns here never cease their pounding. We hear the Kaiser is dead, heard tonight. Hope the report is true. I wish you could hear the roar of the guns, it is deafening and the earth trembles and shakes and the air throbs with the bursting shells and it makes ones head ache.

We have a good lot of officers in D Co., all from the 8th P. L. Hussars, N. B., and 14th Kings County Cavalry, N. S. Capt. Roscoe is in command of D Co. Sergt. Gill of N. S. is Co. Sergt. Major and I am Co. quartermaster sergt. We have some company, believe m., all Maritime Province men and have won all the baseball and football games they have played, also boxing bouts, tugs of war and other sports.

Narrow Escape.

While we were in the trenches there were many narrow escape for they certainly shelled us hard. "Jack Johnsons," "coal boxes," "whiz bangs," and machine gun fire, and rifle fire. Then our own artillery started in and of course this made it very interesting for the shells from our own batteries passed over our trenches. We hugged close to old Mother Earth and waited our turn for I was sure it would come. But after a while the enemy's fire slackened and gradually died away. We had a few wounded. We were very lucky for regiments on our right and left suffered badly. They called us the lucky sixth.

We rise at 6.30 a. m., roll call 7.15, breakfast 7.30, dinner at 12.15, supper 5.30 p. m. We have plenty to eat and it is well cooked as a rule. We have bread and butter, or bacon, tea and sugar for breakfast, for dinner a stew of meat, potatoes, carrots and a few onions, (The boys call it a Mulligan) and if anyone ever mentions stew or Mulligan when we get home again they will be severely dealt with. The 26th is not far away.

We are a pretty happy and contented lot. There is no room or place here for any one who complains or murmurs. We are well clothed, too underwear, socks, boots, serge pants, cap, great coat, sweater, grey shirt, rain coat, leather coat, woolen gloves and leather mitts, 2 blankets, 1 rubber sheet and sleping cap. We have a weekly issue of tobacco and cigarettes and often get a donation from Canada of tobacco and cigarettes and when in the trenches an issue of rum.

Confident of Success.

I think everything is O K along the front and when the big drive comes we will be on the job and give them a repetition of what they got at Ypres, St. Julien and Festaburt. The Canadians have made a fine name for themselves and all Canada and you need never be ashamed to own your nationality. I came across a St. John Standard the other day in the billet and I enjoyed every thing from the first to the last page, believe me. We are all looking forward to the day when we shall turn our faces towards the Land of the Maple Leaf. But not till the enemy is beaten and Prussianism is crushed for ever. I have no regrets that I came here to do my bit, for if you could see this country, its ruined cities and towns and villages and its shell-torn roads and fields you would never take the second thought of what you would do. For it well deserves the name "shell-torn Belgium," for it is a land of desolation and destruction. The Huns have done their work of pillage and destruction. Well, I will close. Remember me to all the boys, and with best respects to you and yours, I remain

Yours sincerely,
GEORGE.

Two Wife Beaters

There is a house in Gilbert's Lane which has contained two families, the heads of the families being William Foster and John Petrie, both alleged wife beaters. On Monday night Foster was arrested on the charge and was remanded to jail. Yesterday afternoon Petrie was arrested on a similar charge, the warrant having been sworn out by his wife. The prisoner was also remanded to jail.

FIFTEEN ARRESTS BY THE POLICE YESTERDAY

The police were active again yesterday afternoon and evening and up till 11.30 o'clock no less than fifteen prisoners had been locked up at police headquarters. Of this number seven are booked as common drunks and among the lot are a few soldiers.

Valentine McKay is charged with being drunk on Brussels street and also for damaging the fixtures in the Brussels street lockup to the extent of two dollars.

William Tierney was arrested on Water street for being drunk, profane, obscene and otherwise acting disgracefully.

Agnes Cunningham, better known to the police as "Scotch Aggie" is charged with being drunk on Erin street.

A steward from one of the steamships in port was gathered in by Inspector Wickham on Charlotte street for using profane language.

Others are Mrs. Henderson, for keeping a disorderly house, a soldier named Hunt for being an inmate, and John Petrie for beating his wife. These latter cases are mentioned in another section of the paper.

DON'T BE BILIOUS, HEADACHY, SICK OR CONSTIPATED

Enjoy life! Liven your liver and bowels tonight and feel great.

Wake up with head clear, stomach sweet, breath right, cold gone.

Take one or two Cascarets tonight and enjoy the nicest, gentlest liver and bowel cleansing you ever experienced. Wake up feeling grand, your head will be clear, your tongue clean, breath sweet, stomach regulated and your liver and thirty feet of bowels active. Get a box at any drug store now and get straightened up by morning. Stop the headache, biliousness, bad colds and bad days. Feel fit and ready for work or play. Cascarets do not gripe, sicken or inconvenience you the next day like salts, pills or calomel. They're fine!

Mothers should give a whole Cascaret anytime to cross, sick, bilious or feverish children because it will act thoroughly and can not injure.

UNLICENCED DRUGGISTS BEFORE POLICE COURT

About a month ago several druggists were before the Police Court, charged by the Pharmaceutical Society with dispensing drugs without a license. At that sitting of the court the defendants pleaded guilty. The society representative stated that there would be an examination in January and a fine of ten dollars would be allowed to stand, if it was the pleasure of the court, providing the defendants would try to pass the examinations. The defendants agreed to try the examinations and as the court was willing the fines were allowed to stand.

The defendants were in court again yesterday afternoon, they having failed to pass the required examination. All but one admitted selling drugs without having a registered drug clerk.

It was shown that seventeen persons had tried the January examinations and not one had passed. The counsel for the prosecution stated they were only required to make fifty per cent., but some of them had only made eleven per cent.

The defendants were instructed to try and make arrangements with the society and return to court on Friday.

The indisputable queen of song in her day was Annie Louise Cary. She was one of the world's famous contraltos when she retired from the operatic stage at the very height of her career in opera. She retained the sweet, wholesome charactertistics of the American girl all during her musical triumphs. She made her debut in Copenhagen, although she studied in Milan. But to hear her sing "Robin Adair," that simple old song, and that masterpiece of Arthur Sullivan's "The Lost Chord," and Longfellow's "The Day is Done," with the rich tones of the happy, good-natured personality that always charmed, she always left the audience breathless and spellbound.

"Robin Adair," "The Lost Chord," and many other favorites of Cary, are to be found in "Heart Songs," now being distributed to the readers of this paper. See Coupon elsewhere in this issue for terms.

RAIDER MADE ESCAPE THRO' KIEL CANAL?

Believed Ship Which Captured Str Appam Built Since War Began.

CANADIAN ABOARD THE CAPTURED STEAMER

Undecided Yet Whether the Appam Will be Disposed of According to Hague Convention or Prussian - American Treaty.

Point Comfort, Va., Feb. 2.—While some of the German seamen on the Appam wear caps marked "Moewe" others have caps marked "Taula." Quarantine officials have ben given to understand the raider which sunk the seven ships and captured the Appam escaped into the Atlantic through the Kiel Canal, and was built since the war began, probably for that purpose.

Washington Faces Difficult Problem

Washington, Feb. 2—Indications that the British passenger liner Appam, brought into Hampton Roads by a German prize crew, will be held by the United States to be a German prize of war, and not an auxiliary cruiser, were given tonight in high official quarters.

The Neutrality Board, which advises the State Department on such questions, announced today that the ship was a prize, but the announcement was recalled later, presumably because the State Department itself has not acted.

The real point to be decided is whether the Appam shall remain in possession of the prize crew under the terms of the Prussian-American treaty, or shall be returned to her British owners under The Hague convention. Indications were given that the State Department will hold that the prize belongs to Germany.

Count Von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, in a formal note to Secretary of State Lansing, gave notice that the Appam came into Hampton Roads under the treaty which guarantees her to her captors. Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, the British ambassador, asked that the ship be returned to her British owners as a prize recovered under The Hague convention.

The original Prussian-American treaty of 1799 provided:

"The vessels of war, public and private of both parties, shall carry freely wheresoever they please, the vessels and effects taken from their enemies, without being obliged to pay any duties, charges or fees to officers of admiralty, of the customs or any others; nor shall such prizes be arrested, searched or put under legal process when they come to and enter the ports of the other party, but may freely be carried out again at any time by their captors to the places expressed in their commissions which the commanding officer of such vessel shall be obliged to show.

"But, conformably to the treaties existing between the United States and Great Britain, no vessel that shall have made a prize upon British subjects shall have a right to shelter in the ports of the United States, but if forced therein by tempest or any other danger or accident of the sea, they shall be obliged to depart as soon as possible."

This latter provision would have compelled the departure of the Appam to the almost certain fate of British cruisers off the Capes, but the treaty expired by limitation in 1810. When it was renewed this latter provision was removed, British vessels from scope of the article were specifically eliminated, and the treaty of 1828, which now is in force, gives German prizes the right to come and go.

Hague Ruling.

The Hague convention, under Article 21, provides for the internment of the crew and the surrender of the ship, but State Department officials are doubtful that it can be applied to the case of the Appam, first because the Prussian-American treaty is believed to be binding, and, second, because Great Britain signed, but never ratified, this particular Hague convention.

Until the status of the ship is decided, she will remain in the custody of Norfolk customs authorities, and if turned over to Germany must be kept in port or sent to sea, as the German government chooses.

It was regarded as significant that neither the British nor the German authorities contended that the Appam was a naval auxiliary. Thus the United States is relieved of deciding a question which officials feared would become one of the most troublesome of the war. As both governments concede she is a prize, nothing remains to be decided, except her disposition.

The State Department today requested the customs authorities to land all passengers and non-combatants. Their case now goes to the immigration authorities. Foreign consuls will care for their own nations who are indigent.

Those who can afford to do so are free to go to Europe. Those who wish to remain in the United States must comply with the usual immigration regulations. Any Germans who elect to return to Germany, and cannot find ways to do so, probably will have to be cared for by the government at some immigration station.

Count Von Bernstorff's communication to Secretary Lansing stated that the Appam had resisted before being captured, and that she had aboard a "military transport" of enemy subjects. It was believed here that Lieut. Berge referred to gunpointers removed from British ships destroyed by the captor of the Appam.

Canadian Aboard the Appam

Seven of the Appam's passengers are Germans, being taken from Africa to England by the Appam for internment. Inasmuch as the Germans cannot be deported on a German ship, it is believed here that the United States may be compelled to take care of them until the end of the war.

The list includes the following:

Steerage—Frank Belliveau, Canadian; Tomaso Viarina, Italian; George Wright, British; Thomas Birmingham, British; Edward Craven, Russian; Andrew Lunney, British, and second class—Paul Wiedenhoeft, Walter Danielson, Alphonse N. Neu, Gustav Adler, Gustav Waydack, Otto Bodokirch; Schrele, all Germans, and W. A. Guthrie, a steward on the Appam.

See Every Chapter Diamond from the Sky. Do Not Miss the First Which Starts at Unique Today.

TWO YARMOUTH WOMEN DEAD IN MASSACHUSETTS

Yarmouth, Jan. 31.—Word has been received here of the death in Revere, Mass., on Saturday, of Mrs. Sarah Strickland, a native of this town. Mrs. Strickland was about 80 years of age and during the days of the Yarmouth Steamship Company was well known to the travelling public as stewardess on the Yarmouth-Boston boats. She leaves three sisters, Mrs. James Carty, Lexington, Mass.; Mrs. George Silver, Manchester-by-the-Sea, Mass., and Mrs. Fred Bugbee, Revere, Mass., at whose home she died. There is also one brother, Joshua Doane, of Cape Forchu, Yarmouth. The remains will arrive here on Wednesday's boat and the funeral will take place the same afternoon.

Another Yarmouth lady, Mrs. Emma Clark, died in Boston on Monday morning of cancer of the stomach. She was about 70 years old and was the widow of the late Eben Clark. She leaves three sons, Archibald, George and Charles, and two daughters, Lillian and Elizabeth. They all live in the United States except George, who resides in Hamilton, Ont.

"The Perfect Day" is the day when you work in harmony with law. Health comes from Harmony. Get in harmony with Nature's laws by eating Shredded Wheat, a simple, natural, elemental food which supplies the greatest nutriment with the least tax upon the digestion. Try it for breakfast with hot milk or cream. Delicious with sliced bananas or other fruit. Made in Canada.

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FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES
CURES RHEUMATISM, BRIGHT'S DISEASE, BACKACHE, DIABETES
NUMBER 23 THE PR

DIED.

McCULLY—Died at Moncton, N. B., on Tuesday, February first, Lavinia Ryan McCully, beloved wife of Frank A. McCully, K. C.

Funeral from her late residence, Highfield street, on Thursday, February third, service commencing at 2.30 p. m. Interment at Elmwood cemetery.

Country Club Ice Cream

To our friends, and to the public generally, we desire to announce that we have just installed one of THE FINEST AND MOST MODERN ICE CREAM EQUIPMENTS ON THE NORTH AMERICAN CONTINENT, and you can now have COUNTRY CLUB ICE CREAM, the Delicious Four-Flavored Dainty, DELIVERED WITHIN A FEW MINUTES OF SERVING TIME by

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F. W. Munro, 357 Main St., 'Phone Main 661.
R. W. Hawker, 473 Main St., 'Phone 780.
T. J. Durick, 403 Main St., 'Phone 910-11.
Geo. F. Coupe, 537 Main St., 'Phone 1500.
Wasson's, 771 Main St., 'Phone Main 110.
Fred A. Grant, 337 City Road, 'Phone M 2332.
J. H. Hamilton, 38 Wall St., 'Phone Main 1754-21.
E. W. Dunham, 141 Main St., 'Phone Main 465-11.
Parkinson's Cash Grocery, 128 Adelaide St., 'Phone Main 938-11.
Park Drug Store, 312 Brussels St., 'Phone Main 2298.
J. W. Clayton, 327 Brussels St.
O'Neill's Pharmacy, 109 Brussels St., 'Phone Main 1687.
Est. J. Fred Shaw, 141 Waterloo St., 'Phone Main 1450.
Akerley's Dairy, 31 Waterloo St., 'Phone Main 2937-11.
A. E. Trentowsky, 51 Coburg St., 'Phone Main 195.
C. F. Francis & Co., 72 Mill St., 'Phone Main 1041.
J. Benson Mahony, 2 Dock St., 'Phone Main 2611.
Ross Drug Co., Ltd., 100 King St., 'Phone Main 2767.
Geo. A. Riecker, 87 Charlotte St., 'Phone Main 239.
Geo. R. Cameron, 137 Charlotte St., 'Phone Main 1339.
Hazen J. Dick, 144 Charlotte St., 'Phone Main 992.
Burpee E. Brown, 162 Princess St., 'Phone Main 1136.
M. V. Paddock, 161 Union St., 'Phone Main 771.
George K. Bell, 297 Charlotte St., 'Phone Main 1171.
M. E. Grass, 16 Germain St., 'Phone Main 165.
Frank E. Porter, 303 Union St., 'Phone Main 1459.
W. J. Cheyne & Co., 73 Pitt St., 'Phone Main 2662-21.
Wm. Baxter, Cor. Leinster and Carmarthen, 'Phone Main 418-11.
C. C. Corkium, Cor. St. James and Carmarthen, 'Phone M. 2260-21.
W. Leslie Seely, 11 Bentley St., 'Phone Main 2820.
Samuel H. Hawker, 172 Mill St., 'Phone Main 1123.
R. R. Patchell, 75 Stanley St., 'Phone Main 692.
Akerley's Dairy, 33 Waterloo St., 'Phone Main 2937-11.
Gem Confectionery, 37 Waterloo St., Main 1986-11.
Wm. Baxter, 45 Carmarthen St., 'Phone Main 408-11.
R. J. Finigan, 29 City Road, 'Phone Main 889-11.

SAINT JOHN WEST.

W. C. Wilson, 303 Union St., 'Phone West 11-21.
W. C. Wilson, Rodney St., 'Phone West 11-11.
B. A. Olive, 267 Ludlow St., 'Phone West 2-11.
Allan's Pharmacy, 172 King St., 'Phone West 174-11.
Chas. P. Russell, 4 Dufferin Row, W. E.
West End Kandy Kitchen, 215 King St., W. E., 'Phone West 381-12.
Joseph B. McManus, 220 Queen St., W. E.
J. C. Maxwell, Fairville, 'Phone West 137-21.
T. H. Wilson, Fairville, 'Phone West 144-31.
Glendon H. Allan, Fairville, 'Phone West 207-21.
Watters' Pharmacy, 225 Union St., W. E., 'Phone West 303.

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RUSSIA

SYNOD GIVES APPROVAL TO PROHIBITION

Resolution in Favor of Prohibitory Law Adopted by Big Majority.

SEVERAL MEMBERS SPEAK AGAINST IT

Bishop declares Church open to criticism if it did not endorse the movement.

Special to The Standard.

Fredericton, Feb. 2.—The Anglican Synod of the Diocese of Fredericton this afternoon placed their stamp of approval on prohibition for New Brunswick.

The Synod was divided upon the question of whether prohibition would be a boom to the temperance cause or not and a number of both clerical and lay delegates spoke against prohibition but when it came to a vote there was a big majority in favor of approving of the resolution for a prohibitory law. Whatever doubt there might previously have been as to what the outcome of the vote would be was swept away when His Lordship Bishop Richardson made a spirited address in the course of which he declared that the Church would be open to criticism by other Christian denominations if it did not approve of the prohibition resolution. He predicted dominion-wide prohibition at an early date.

The report of the committee on the Bishop's Charge, was presented by Rev. R. P. McKim as follows:

To Right Reverend Lord Bishop and Diocesan Synod of Fredericton.

Your committee begs to report:

That they have carefully considered the Bishop's Charge and would make the following recommendations:

Regarding the section of the Charge referring to the appointment to parishes your committee report that the following resolution was passed: "Resolved, that a committee be appointed to deal with the matter of preferment and to consider and report thereon at the next meeting of the Synod."

Touching condition of mission fund referred to in the Bishop's Charge, your committee fully concurs with his Lordship's pronouncement of a deficit in missionary offerings and thereby recommends that clergy and congregations throughout the diocese be urged to make an earnest effort to increase their offering and to pay them more promptly. To this end the committee strongly recommend more general use of duplex envelopes and appointment of a missionary committee of men in every parish whose duty it shall be to see that every parishioner be urged to contribute to missionary funds of the church.

With regard to the Bishop Medley Memorial Missionary Canon, the standing committee agrees fully with that section of his Lordship's Charge referring to Bishop Medley Memorial Missionary Canonry Fund and would strongly recommend, with a view to carrying out his Lordship's suggestion, that a financial agent be appointed whose duty it will be to take necessary steps in conjunction with a committee consisting of rural deans to raise the required amount.

Referring to his Lordship's impressive utterances on the most important subject of prohibition, it was resolved that this committee fully concurs in the Bishop's recommendations to promote such legislation as will tend to adequately suppress or prohibit the sale of intoxicating liquor.

Diocesan registrar—This committee recommends that the Bishop's appointment of diocesan registrar be made permanent.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

Rev. Mr. McKim favored the resolution and congratulated the Bishop on leading the way in the fight against the liquor traffic. He believed the Synod would stand behind His Lordship in the fight. Rev. C. J. Wilkinson of Springhill said that prohibition had not been satisfactory in other places and there was no assurance it would help in this province.

"Where are we going to get wine for Holy Communion," he asked. "It may come to that."

"That is provided for in every prohibition act" said Bishop Richardson.

Rev. Mr. Wilkinson, in conclusion, said there were places where prohibition had been more of a hindrance than a help to temperance.

Rev. W. J. Bate of Newcastle said that under prohibition the rich man would get his liquor as usual, but the poor man would have to go without it.

Rev. G. E. Tobin favored prohibition, cited Maine as an example where it was a success and said that it was almost impossible to get liquor in Eastport.