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LONDON AIR RAID CASUALTIES ARE 97 KILLED, 437 WOUNDED

Forty-two Women and Children Among the Dead and 216 Injured By German Bombs in East London—Canadians Repel German Raid on Souchez River—British Take More Than 7,300 Germans Prisoner in Six Days.

BRITISH LOSSES FROM U-BOATS GROW GREATER

Total of Twenty-Two Large Merchantmen Succumb to Pirates. TRAFFIC INCREASES Sailings and Departures From United Kingdom Are More Than Ever.

London, June 13.—The weekly shipping report issued by the admiralty today states that twenty-two British merchantmen of more than 1,000 tons were sunk. Ten merchantmen of less than 1,000 tons were also sunk, together with six fishing vessels. A summary of the report follows: Arrivals, 2,757; sailings, 2,322. British merchant ships over 1,000 tons sunk by mine or submarine, including one previously, 22; under 1,000 tons, including one previously, 10. British merchant ships unsuccessfully attacked, including seven previously, 23. British fishing vessels sunk, six. This week's figures show a considerable increase in submarine activity as compared with recent weeks. Last Wednesday's statement reported a total of only 23 vessels sunk, against the 35 now announced. The aggregate is the largest of any for a month past. Last week only 15 vessels of more than 1,000 tons were sunk, and three of less than that tonnage. The figures of submarine sinkings began to show a falling off early in May from the heavy totals of April, when during one week, that which ended on April 22, forty vessels of more than 1,000 tons were sunk and 18 of smaller tonnage. During the week ended May 6 the total of the larger merchantmen sent to the bottom fell to 24. For each of the three following weeks the total of vessels of the larger class stood at 15, while the number of smaller craft sunk each week was covered by single figures. Last week the minimum for the entire period since February was struck.

ABUNDANT COAL PROMISED WEST

Government Will Treat Lignite at Winnipeg in Vast Quantities. Winnipeg, June 13.—The important announcement was made today by Dr. Rutan, of the government's research council, to the manufacturers' association, that western Canada will have abundance of coal within a very short time at a price about two-thirds the price of anthracite. This will be secured by a process for the treatment of lignite coal lying in such vast quantities in western Canada, and according to figures given by Dr. Rutan, there can be turned out from Winnipeg from 100,000 to 200,000 tons daily. The whole scheme for this undertaking is complete, and has been recommended to the government, the preliminary cost of equipment being fixed at \$400,000. Dr. A. B. McCallum, chairman of the research council, explained that its object was to endeavor to bring to bear upon industries of Canada all scientific methods which would advance them, to investigate and discover methods, and to determine what the country actually has in the way of natural powers and resources. The many matters discussed during the afternoon were those arising out of the report of the tariff committee and the transportation committee. On the latter there developed a considerable difference of opinion as between the eastern and western members of the council in regard to the 15 per cent increase in freight rates asked by higher tolls. H. W. Wood, president of the Alberta Farmers' Association, spoke on the need for greater unity and co-operation between the various business sections.

GRAND JURY FOR CONSCRIPTION Special to The Toronto World. Brantford, June 13.—The grand jury at the county court sessions here today, brought in a presentment in which they emphasized that Brant county had sent 4,000 men to the front, and it was, therefore, fitting that conscription should come into force and give these men every support.

CANADIANS REPEL Foe BY CONCENTRATED FIRE

Assaulting Party of Germans Retires in Direction of Lens With Material Losses—Operations Cost Enemy Dear. By Stewart Lyon. Canadian Headquarters in France, via London, June 13.—The activity on the Canadian front, which is still continued, is confined to the northern sector, in the region of Souchez River. His loss of several strong points during the past few days has stirred the enemy up to vigorous action. Last night he counter-attacked in the hope of recovering the machine gun positions from which a dozen German machine guns have been removed during the past few days and the Canadian Lewis guns substituted. The attack was preceded by a heavy barrage, but it broke down completely under the Canadian artillery and machine gun fire. The assaulting party retired in the direction of Lens, after sustaining material losses. How costly to the enemy the continuous activity in the Souchez region is has been conclusively established by documentary evidence. The company roll in one of the enemy's battalions, during two days, shows that during these two days 25 were killed out of a total strength of 143. On the third day 47 were captured, making a total loss of 42. Other companies and battalions in the area must have lost men in about the same proportion. Some were subject to gas in perhaps a higher ratio. It is extremely useful occasionally to be able to check up in this exact way statements of a more general sort that the enemy suffers severely as a result of our never-ending shelling. Reverse of Year Ago. A veteran officer, who passed thru the worst phases of the defense of the Ypres salient, says the conditions now are exactly the reverse of those of a year ago, so well remembered by thousands of men now mustered out. (Continued on Page 2, Col. 2.)

WEALTH CONSCRIPTION WILL BE MADE ISSUE

Graham Gives Notice of Amendment to Government Measure Which Comes Up for Second Reading Monday—Western Liberal to Call for Referendum. By a Staff Reporter. Ottawa, June 13.—The second reading of the conscription bill will be moved by Sir Robert Borden on Monday, and on the same day Sir Wilfrid Laurier is expected to define his position. The Liberal caucus called for tomorrow morning has been called off, and the steering committee that was to frame an amendment upon which the Liberals could unite is finishing itself confronted with the almost impossible task. Two amendments at least will be moved on the second reading. One deals with conscription of wealth and will be moved by Hon. George F. Graham. Another proposes a plebiscite on conscription and will be moved by a western Liberal, as the initiative and referendum is a principle to which the Liberal party in the west has long been committed. Wealth Conscription. Mr. Graham's amendment reads as follows: "That in the opinion of this house it is desirable that steps should be taken forthwith by the government to provide that accumulated wealth should contribute immediately and effectively to the cost of the war, and that all agricultural, industrial, transportation and natural resources of Canada should be organized forthwith so as to ensure the greatest possible assistance to the empire in the war and to reduce the cost of living to the Canadian people." It is doubtful, however, whether any amendments to the bill or the bill itself will be debated at any great length. Indeed, the government has caused it to be known that any opposition which is prolonged to the point of obstruction will be met by the dissolution of parliament and a general election. A general election is not desired by the Liberals and they would not even want to defeat the government in the house on any proposed amendment to the conscription bill for fear of precipitating an immediate appeal to the country. Cabinet Reconstruction. Meanwhile reconstruction seems to be going on. The failure of the government today to make any announcement respecting the resignation of Hon. Mr. Patenaude was construed to mean that a more important announcement will soon be made regarding other cabinet changes and general reconstruction of the government. There is no reason to believe that any of the Liberal members of the house will accept portfolios, but it is rumored that Mr. Rowell and two prominent western Liberals, not members of parliament, may come into the government.

LEYLAND LINER ANGLIAN VICTIM OF SUBMARINE

Ship and Cargo Valued at Two Millions—Five Men Missing. Boston, June 13.—The Leyland liner Anglian, which left Boston May 30 for Liverpool, has been torpedoed and sunk by a German submarine, according to cable advices received by agents here today. A cablegram received here today stated that five men from the Anglian were missing. Ship and cargo were valued at \$2,000,000. The Anglian, formerly the Megantic, was a British steamer of 5522 tons gross, and was built at Glasgow in 1895.

LIVES SAVED BY SHOUT "DOWN ON YOUR FACES"

Grant Trunk Official Has Exciting Experience During Raid on London. London, June 13.—Fred Salter, European manager of the Grant Trunk, had an exciting experience in today's raid. He was in a building in the heart of the centre attacked. As soon as the first bomb fell close by, someone shouted, "Down on your faces." Everybody threw themselves down, and in another second the windows fell in, all in the room being covered with the fragments, but otherwise absolutely unharmed. Several people immediately outside, too, were killed or injured. Mr. Salter speaks highly of the perfect manner of assistance rendered to the wounded. As soon as the raid opened, special constables left their offices and justifying armlets on the way, proceeding directly to their appointed stations. Ambulances were on the scene immediately. In quarters of London unaffected, business proceeded this afternoon just as usual.

SENATOR CHOQUETTE WITHDRAWS RESOLUTION

May Move Amendment to Government Compulsory Service Manhood-Power Bill. Ottawa, June 13.—In the senate, today, Senator Choquette obtained the discharge of his resolution for referendum on the compulsory military service. He said that he would move it in the form of an amendment to the government compulsory service of manhood power bill. It is came from the commons to the senate. Senator Stoesick asked for a statement on the resignation of Hon. Mr. Fatenade, and Sir James Loughheed promised that he might make the statement at a later date.

LABOR PARTY ORGANIZES

Special to The Toronto World. Brantford, June 13.—The new Brantford Independent Labor Party has completed organization with the following officers: President, Alan Ross; vice-president, George Crooks; recording secretary, Harry F. Parry; corresponding secretary, L. F. Perry; financial secretary, E. Sherry; treasurer, E. G. Brown; auditors, George Stinchcombe, A. Kye and H. Luntley. They will serve for three, two and one year respectively. The trustees are the president, corresponding secretary and J. Richmond.

QUEBEC'S NOTE INFLUENCED BY THREATS MADE

Anti-Conscription Fanatics Said to Be Overawing French-Canadians. LETTER-WRITERS BUSY Blondin Favors Compulsion Strongly and is Unshaken by Menaces. By a Staff Reporter. Ottawa, June 13.—The Quebec campaign against the government's compulsory military service bill has invaded the house of commons, and strong methods are being resorted to in order to force all French-Canadian members to vote against conscription. Even the lives of members have been threatened, and warnings have also been received that their homes and property will be destroyed if they do not oppose the government's measure. The campaign has apparently had effect, and it is now believed that every French-Canadian member from the Province of Quebec, Liberal and Conservative alike, will vote against the conscription bill except Hon. P. E. Blondin and Hon. Albert Seyigny. They are the only two members who are threatening letters, most of them anonymous, in the hope that they will follow the lead of Hon. E. L. Patenaude, who resigned from the cabinet because of his opposition to conscription, since his resignation Mr. Patenaude has not put in an appearance in the house. Blondin Unshaken. It is certain, however, that all the threats in the world will not influence Mr. Blondin in his purpose of voting for conscription. He favors conscription strongly, and he has the courage of his convictions. If he is the only French-Canadian to support conscription he will not be alone. While three or four others of the Quebec French-Canadian Conservatives favor conscription personally they are quite sure in admitting that they are afraid to do anything else but oppose the measure. Among French-Canadian members from outside Quebec the same story has to be told and the present outlook is that only three are staunch enough to declare that they will vote for conscription. One of these is a Liberal, Albert Champagne, who has been member for Battledore since 1912. The two other French-Canadians who will vote for the bill are Dr. J. L. Chabot, one of the Conservative members for Ottawa, and P. J. Robitoux, Conservative member for Kent, N.B., an Acadian.

MANY LIVES ARE LOST WITH FRENCH STEAMER

Nearly Two Hundred Persons Fall Victims to Submarine Attack. Paris, June 13.—The South Atlantic liner Sequana, with 550 passengers on board, has been torpedoed and sunk in the Atlantic with a loss of 190 men. Among the passengers was a detachment of the Senegalese Rifles. The Sequana, formerly the City of Corinth, was owned by the South Atlantic Navigation Company, of Paris. Her gross tonnage was 5557. She was 480 feet long, and was built in Belfast in 1898.

FOOD CONTROLLER TO BE APPOINTED SOON

Will Have Wide Powers, But Personality Has Not Been Divulged. Ottawa, June 13.—A food controller for the Dominion will be appointed in the government during the next day or two, and will be given wide powers, it is understood, on the questions of distribution and prices. Who the controller will be has not been divulged.

Werner Horn Found Guilty Of Transporting Dynamite

Boston, June 13.—Werner Horn, who declared himself an officer of the German Landwehr, was found guilty today, in the federal court, on a charge of unlawfully transporting dynamite in interstate commerce. Horn was arrested in February, 1915, after an attempt to blow up the international bridge at Vancouver, B.C.

U.S. MISSION AT PETROGRAD

Petrograd, June 13, via London.—The American mission headed by Mr. Root has arrived here.

GERMAN AIRPLANES RAIN DESTRUCTION ON LONDON

FOOD CONTROLLER'S POST FOR BARON ROTHERMERE Well-Known Newspaperman, Brother of Lord Northcliffe, Will Succeed Viscount Devonport. London, June 13.—Harold Sidney Harnsworth, first Baron Rothermere and brother of Lord Northcliffe, is understood to have been chosen food controller. Lord Rothermere, if the above report is correct, will succeed Viscount Devonport, who recently resigned the post of food controller on account of ill health. Lord Rothermere, like his brother, is well known as a newspaper man. He was born in 1868 and was educated at Eton and Oxford. He is a son of the late Alfred Harnsworth and was created a baron in 1910.

SEVEN THOUSAND HUNS CAPTURED BY BRITISH

Operations of Past Week in Flanders Bring in Nearly Eleven Hundred Prisoners Daily—Forty-Seven Guns Taken. London, June 13.—"Our total captures since the morning of June 7," says the official report from British headquarters in France, tonight, "include 7,342 German prisoners, among them 145 officers; also 47 guns, 242 machine guns, and sixty trench mortars. A German raiding party was driven off with loss early this morning northeast of Lens. Our airplanes continued to carry out useful work yesterday. In the air fighting three German airplanes were brought down and two others were driven down out of control. Another hostile machine was brought down in our lines by anti-aircraft guns. All our machines returned safely."

OTTAWA TO IMPOSE INCOME TAX NEXT

Government to Introduce More Drastic Legislation to Conscript Wealth. Ottawa, Ont., June 13.—It can be stated definitely that more drastic taxation measures are under consideration by Sir Thomas White which will include an income tax. In addition to this conscription of wealth measure it is pointed out that the government has been "conscripting wealth" since the inception of the first "business war tax" in 1915, but it "conscripted wealth" to an increased extent by the excess war profits tax which it imposed in 1916, and still further "conscripted wealth" in the graduated war profits tax imposed in the budget brought down by the finance minister this session. Under this last measure one-fourth of the profits between 7 per cent, and 15 per cent, one-half of the profits between 15 and 20 per cent, and three-fourths of all profits above 20 per cent, are taken by the state. As an illustration of the severity of this tax it may be pointed out that a company with a capital of \$1,000,000 earning \$300,000 during the past year would be obliged to pay \$120,000 to the government.

U.S. NOTE TO CHINA SURPRISES JAPAN

Critics at Tokio Regard Action as Ignoring Country's Rights. Tokio, Saturday, June 9.—The American Government's note to China, expressing regret over the dissonances in that country and a sincere desire that tranquility and political co-ordination be forthwith established, caused surprise and unfavorable criticism in Japan, where the action is regarded as ignoring Japan's special position in China. The feeling, as expressed in official circles, is that the situation would have been better treated by first exchanging views with the entente and especially Japan, which is described as rigidly adhering to a policy of non-interference in Chinese domestic affairs. The newspapers call the action of the United States glaring interference, and warn the government that it is probably an epoch-making precursor of further activities. Officials here express the opinion that the Chinese situation will be settled by a compromise.

FURTHER EXACTIONS NEWSPAPERS CLAMOR

War-Profits' Impost Proves Exceedingly Drastic Bit of Legislation. Some Quarters Regard American Message as Glaring Interference. Tokio, Saturday, June 9.—The American Government's note to China, expressing regret over the dissonances in that country and a sincere desire that tranquility and political co-ordination be forthwith established, caused surprise and unfavorable criticism in Japan, where the action is regarded as ignoring Japan's special position in China. The feeling, as expressed in official circles, is that the situation would have been better treated by first exchanging views with the entente and especially Japan, which is described as rigidly adhering to a policy of non-interference in Chinese domestic affairs. The newspapers call the action of the United States glaring interference, and warn the government that it is probably an epoch-making precursor of further activities. Officials here express the opinion that the Chinese situation will be settled by a compromise.

BRIGADIER EMBURY TO OPPOSE PREMIER MARTIN

Canadian Associated Press Cable. London, June 13.—The Canadian Press has undertaken to run against Premier Martin in Regina City in the Saskatchewan provincial elections, making conscription the principal plank in his candidature. Embury will run as an absentee candidate.

Mines or Submarines Sink Ten Italian Ships in Week

Rome, via Paris, June 13.—According to the official statement on Italian shipping losses by mine or submarine, the number of steamers sunk in the week ending June 10 was five. Five sailing vessels were also sunk in the same period. (Continued on Page 7, Column 7)

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