

\$8000

Central apartment house site, 50 ft. frontage, with two bath-rooms now on the lot. H. H. WILLIAMS & CO., 25 Victoria Street, Toronto.

PROBS: Moderate variable winds; sea and a little warmer.

A BARGAIN IN HOUSES

We offer No. 549 Ossington Avenue for sale at \$2300—a fine eight-roomed, brick house. It must be sold. Let us have your best offer. H. H. WILLIAMS & CO., 25 Victoria Street, Toronto.

30TH YEAR

Company Limited

May 27, 1910.

Footwear Programme

I have Toronto's such a splendid fashionable footwear, at prices that are a revelation. Summer goods, special clearing, lots of new stocks. See, there is exactly.

Laird-Schober, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100. Sample shoes, 2.00. Victor Boots, 5/2 and 6 only, 2.50. Men's Boots, from \$4.00 value at 2.50. Women's Oxfords, Montreal, \$3.50. 50 SHOES AT \$5.00. Laird-Schober, of Philadelphia.

TRAVELERS' OXFORDS

Women's "Queen Quality" Pump and Slipper, 2 1/2, 3 1/2, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11. Patent calf, tan Russian and tied kid in all styles. Regular prices \$6.00 and \$4.50. On sale \$3.50.

BOOTS FOR \$2.50

Men's "Victor" Boots in sizes 5, 5 1/2, 6 and 7, with dull calf and kid leathers, \$4.00. Regular \$4.00. On sale \$2.50.

WOMEN'S BOOTS

Men's Goodyear Walk in sizes 5, 5 1/2, 6 and 7, with dull calf and kid leathers, \$4.00. Regular \$4.00. On sale \$2.50.

OXFORDS AND ANKLE PUMPS

Men's Oxfords, Slipper Strap Pumps, made in calf, patent calf, tied kid in all styles, \$4.00. Regular \$4.00. On sale \$2.50.

WOMEN'S BOOTS AT \$2.50

Men's Oxfords, Slipper Strap Pumps, made in calf, patent calf, tied kid in all styles, \$4.00. Regular \$4.00. On sale \$2.50.

Stockings 12-12c

Black and Cotton, 12c. Regular 15c. On sale 12c.

Marker Books 50c

Price \$1.20, now 50c. Four titles have been published: "The Story of the World," "The Story of the Bible," "The Story of the Church," "The Story of the Nations."

Books for Reading

"The Story of the World," "The Story of the Bible," "The Story of the Church," "The Story of the Nations."

ADDITION TO ALLAN LINE

Tenders invited for a Fine New Express Steamer.

LONDON, May 27.—(Canadian Associated Press Cable.)—Hugh Allan states that the company has invited tenders for a liner for a Liverpool-to-Canada service, and to be of 4000 tons, 700 feet long, accommodating 200 passengers.

Mr. Allan said the number of steamers to be ordered depends upon the conditions of the 1912 mail contract.

STAMP DUTIES NOT NEEDED

Expert Mining Operator Gives Some Sound Advice Concerning Operations in New Districts.

One of the mighty miners of the north is C. R. Gehl, a native of the Port Arthur country, but well-known all over Idaho, Utah, Nevada and the western mining country generally. Mr. Gehl is a big, handsome fellow, weighing somewhere about 300, and with muscular power enough to move over the northern country in the interests of a syndicate of Duluth capitalists, and his reports are calculated to encourage the most solid kind of investment. He believes the country going to be a wonder, but he does not look for high grades of ore. There is an immense ore body, however, and the conditions furnish a big milling proposition.

"The ore will run all the way from \$4 to \$15 a ton in large veins from six to 60 feet wide. The formation is a diorite with green schist, and shows the same as in the west," he stated.

"With proper development, and by keeping the stamp mills out, there will be big mines there," he continued, speaking of the Porcupine fields. "It takes a lot of development to feed a mine, as he explained, and it takes time and money. There is no use starting a mill until you are prepared to feed it. The mining men must go in sink shafts, cross cut, and drifts, get the ground in shape for stopping and see what they have before they put mills in."

"I have a big proposition in sulphides. The vein shows gold values and lots of nickel. I think it will turn to gold. It is a contact vein between the diorite and the schist and is in all widths from 10 to 150 feet."

Must Get Down to Business. When Mr. Gehl was first sent to Cobalt and had looked over the prospect he wired at once to the mine, David, who was in Colorado, telling him to lose no time but come at once as this was the greatest field on the continent. His own company responded, and Mr. Gehl was on his way to Cobalt to meet him when the World man met him on the train. Mr. Gehl said he had no time to spare, but there were plenty of opportunities, but when they appeared to be small he passed them over as it would take more time than they were worth to register the claims.

"I do not want to lose any time fooling around," he remarked. "Mining here must be done on a real legitimate basis. Wild-catting won't go as men come in. This staking all over the country is a great mistake. There are some prospects and would not be afraid to take hold of and make a big mine of it, but I want no mill in there for 18 months or two years."

"I'm also interested in Gowanda," he said. "Gowanda is going to make good. The best ground there is not being worked. Wild-catting is all right up the country. Gowanda is an expensive place to mine. As transportation facilities are extended it can be worked. With more power in agriculture all in the district, a railway should do well."

Mr. Gehl advocated the extension of the T. & N. O. Railway to Port Arthur through Elk Lake to Sudbury.

Extends Far North. That mineral rock occurs in islands all over the continent, he stated. The same belt running north-west and south-east continues into the Sturgeon Lake country. In spots there is a better quality of mineral. His brother had made a trip to a gold strike made west of Port Arthur, first discovered by a woman, but covered by lease and not reopened till recently, when he had gone up to re-stake. Timmins' mine in the Lake region is a good one, but it is difficult to work in.

"When you get off the lakes and rivers to go overland it is a awful thing," he commented, "and if prospectors make a find, a rush of wild-catting comes. I have covered a lot of ground, and a lot of good ground, too. There's a pile of that. It's no place for amateurs, but for practical men, next to the game, and experience drop on a strike, but it is a chance."

Speaking of the weather, Mr. Gehl said that 30 years ago in old Ontario the same kind of weather prevailed that is now to be found in the north in winter. Five feet of snow, a long winter and six months' lightning were the rule. This has all been modified by settlement and the clearing of the timber. Mr. Gehl was impressed with the quality of the northern farm lands.

Farm Lands Good, Too. The Township of North Whitney has a nice sandy loam that can't be grown up here and that is a big claim, however, and they don't comply with the law. How can you show mineral in place under a house? I believe there is gold right up to the National Transcontinental and west to Michipicoten, islands of the Green Bay, but it is not all going to make mines.

Mr. Gehl has solid faith in the ultimate development of the mining industry of the line he indicates, with the careful organization of the low-grade properties for milling purposes.

WIDEN ST. CLAIR DIVIDING COST

New Proposal That Board of Works Sends on to Council for Approval After a Long Debate.

After having apparently breathed its last some time ago, the project of widening St. Clair-avenue, from Yonge-street to Bathurst-street, at a cost of \$170,000, was successfully revived at the meeting of the civic works committee yesterday afternoon.

In the first place, civic officials recommended that the city pay 25 per cent of the cost, and the result was a storm of protest from the ratepayers, who held that the work was in the public interest. Later, the city offered to contribute one-third, but this was still deemed insufficient, and, moreover, the plan of distributing the assessment stirred up rebellion. Now the proposal is that the city pay half, or \$85,000, and a brand new plan of assessing is to be tried.

The former plan was to assess uniformly ratepayers on lateral streets south to Balmoral-avenue and north to the city limits. The new scheme is to adopt a graded system of assessment based on proximity to St. Clair-avenue, and it is possible that the boundaries of the assessment area will be altered. Assessment Commissioner Forman expressed confidence that the ratepayers would be satisfied.

A decision to have Mr. Forman and the city engineer draw up the new plan was reached on Controller Foster's motion after more than two hours' discussion and the defeating of a number of motions. These were: Ald. Welch—That St. Clair-avenue be widened to 100 feet from Yonge-st. to Bathurst-street and that the city pay 75 per cent. Ald. McCarthy—That the section west of Avenue-road be widened to 35 feet and the city pay 75 per cent. Ald. McBride—That a 42-foot pavement be laid and the widening dropped. Ald. MacIntyre—That the city pay 33 per cent of the cost of widening to 100 feet. Also a later motion, that the city pay 85 per cent.

Robert Koch, Famous Bacteriologist, Has Passed Away

Achieved World-wide Fame as a Bacteriologist and for His Tuberculosis Investigations.

BADEN BADEN, May 27.—Prof. Robert Koch, the famous bacteriologist, died here this afternoon from a disease of the heart. He was born at Klausenthal, Hanover, Dec. 11, 1843.

Robert Koch was born at Klausenthal, Hanover, in 1843. He became famous as a bacteriologist in 1876, when he isolated the bacillus of anthrax, some years later proposing a method of effective inoculation against that disease. In 1882 he demonstrated the bacillus of tuberculosis, which bears his name, and in the following year in Egypt and India, identified the cause of cholera. His remedy, tuberculin, prepared in 1891, proved of value as a diagnostic agent, but as a remedy for phthisis, did not fulfil the high hopes entertained.

In the closing years of his life, Koch occupied the peculiar position of being at variance with the great majority of his pupils. He held that tuberculosis in man was distinct from that in lower animals, and could not be transmitted from the lower animals to man, while the balance of opinion is against this view, including the report of an English royal commission published six years ago.

In 1885 Koch was appointed to a professorship at the University of Berlin, and in 1891 was made director of the Bacteriological Institute at Berlin. He went in 1896 and 1906 to South Africa to study rinderpest, and in 1907 to German East Africa to study malaria. His works include "On Cholera Bacteria," 1888; "On Bacteriological Investigation," 1891; "Investigation of Pathogenic Organisms," 1888.

ATLAS CASE WITNESSES HERE FROM MACEDONIA

Widow of Man Murdered in Eastern Avenue and Head Man of Village Reached the City Yesterday.

Mrs. Simoff, widow of the man murdered in Eastern-avenue by Pavall Steffoff, and Georgoff, head man of the Macedonian village in which she lives, arrived in the city yesterday from Europe. They were brought here by the crowd to give evidence against the two men charged with the murder of a 34-year-old woman, who was killed by the two men in the village of Atlas called upon the woman.

Much has been recently published in interviews with William Douglas, the counsel for Atlas, declaring that Atlas was being persecuted by the police and others, for what reason has not been stated. Yesterday afternoon representation was made to Attorney General Foy setting forth this alleged persecution. Mr. Foy replied that he must rely upon information furnished him by the county crown attorney, and that he was in possession of facts which made it advisable that Atlas should be kept in custody until he comes to trial, which will likely be on Monday.

County Crown Attorney Baird would say nothing last night, nor would he be the police admit any knowledge of the witnesses.

NOT FLOCKING TO THE NAVY

No Applications Yet for Entry to Engineering Branch.

OTTAWA, May 27.—In spite of the attractive future which the engineering branch of the naval service opens up for young Canadians, not one application has been received for admission into that branch of the navy, and very few applications have been received from boys to enter the executive branch.

SMALLEST MAN IS DEAD

Thirty-eight Years of Age and Weighed Only Thirty Pounds.

LOCKPORT, N.S., May 27.—(Special.)—The smallest man in Canada died at his home, near here to-day, in the person of Edward Hamman. He was 38 years of age, 2 ft. 9 in. tall and weighed 30 lbs.

The Sunday World.

The Illustrated Section will picture the final chapter in the royal obsequies and the manner in which loyal Canadian subjects paid last tribute to the departed sovereign.

Royal funeral procession leaving Windsor Castle. Proclamation of the accession of King George V. Eminent friends and advisers of the new King and Queen. Toronto bowling and baseball clubs at first season's practice. Summer playgrounds of children and adults. Beautiful spots that lure the camper to the northern wild. Pictures of local celebrities and theatrical stars. The Magazine Section will be brimful of interesting things. The Literary, Musical and Art pages will teem with many bright and original articles by clever authors.

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Of course you are reading "Uncle Bill's New Sensations." The second of Uncle's unique experiences will be given in his own droll style in Sunday's paper.

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LUMBER CAMP DESTROYED

LOSS MAY REACH MILLION. Cowan Construction Co. in Saskatchewan Lose Heavily—Flames Have Spread Over Large Area.

MISTATIN, Sask., May 27.—Without a moment's warning and while a train and the greater part of the men were making superhuman efforts to save Mackenzie and Mann's lumber and their camps west of here, the swept down on the Cowan Construction Company's camps, and in less than thirty minutes from the time the approach of the fire was first noticed, it had destroyed the saw mill, 17 box cars, camp, stables, storehouse and buildings, and a great quantity of lumber, with the amount of timber destroyed in the bush, and the ties piled along the track ready for shipment, the total loss will probably reach the million dollar mark. The mill and lumber were insured. The fire will probably be rebuilt, as there is a summer's cut of logs in the pond, unburned.

The fire covers a big section of the timber country. For the last eighteen hours Canadian Northern trains have been unable to go thru the fire, and the telegraph line is buried down in many places. The fire is spreading in front of a northwest wind, with on sign of it reaching the Shaw-Brown limits east of here. The whole country, near near Crooked River to Bannock, nearly thirty miles in length, seems completely desolate.

The condition along the railway line to-night is considerably improved.

PRECEDENCE AT THE FUNERAL

French Representative Disatisfied at Position Allotted Him.

LONDON, May 27.—The Daily Chronicle says to-day in connection with the political wrangle: "When parliament meets a fortnight hence, we are likely to hear bitter complaints of the treatment of privy councillors and members of parliament at the funeral of King Edward. It is an open secret that some of the distinguished foreigners present at the funeral were displeased with the order of precedence assigned to them."

"The representative of one great European power left London post haste as soon as the funeral was over as a protest against the place given to him in the procession, after the king of some of the smaller states."

"Mons. Pichon, the French Foreign Minister, was also profoundly dissatisfied with the position assigned to him in a carriage almost at the end of the funeral cortege—in fact, behind the representatives of China. He was consoled, however, by the companionship of Mr. Roosevelt, the representative of another great republic."

"Court functionaries do not yet realize the place of republics in the scheme of things. Every little foreign princelet was given precedence over the representatives of the United States and France, two of the greatest powers in the world."

GOES TO SCOTLAND

J. T. Lithgow to Be Canadian Trade Commissioner There.

OTTAWA, May 27.—(Special.)—John T. Lithgow, formerly controller of the Yukon, has been appointed Canadian trade commissioner at Glasgow, Scotland, in succession to W. G. Fischer, who goes to Germany.

Mr. Lithgow is 51 years of age, and entered the civil service in 1880. He was controller of the Yukon from 1888 until last year, when there was a reorganization of the officials there.

His appointment to the Yukon is understood to have been at the instance of Hon. W. S. Fielding. He was once employed in the assistant receiver-general's office at Halifax.

The Journal to-night, in a strong editorial, condemns the appointment of W. A. Bédou as trade commissioner to New Zealand, and demands that it be rescinded.

EATON'S ATHLETIC MEET

Sheppard and Kiviat Wired Their Entries Yesterday.

Trat, Bonham, Shepherd, Gissing and Kiviat are to run in the race of one mile here June 4, at the Eaton A. A. meet, and it looks like one of the greatest races ever held in America. Eaton received the entry of Shepherd and Kiviat by telegraph yesterday afternoon. Gissing will run in the mile race as well as on the relay team. The entry of Paul was received by telegraph yesterday.

WILLIE'S CHOICE

Material for Fireworks Being Carried in Boy's Pocket Discharges and Costs the Lad His Right Arm—Young Woman Has Serious Wound.

THE INJURED.

FRANK BARZOTTI, aged 17—Right arm mangled and amputated; thigh and abdomen lacerated.

STUART PLANK, aged 11—Abdomen, chest, arm, leg and face badly lacerated.

MAUD BARNETT, aged 21—Serious wound in back.

The ambition of Frank Barzotti, 14 years of age, who lives with his parents at 85 D'Arcy-street, to emulate the example of "Willie Westinghouse Smith," of comic supplement fame, in the manufacture of fireworks, cost that lad his right arm, while two others were badly injured when a quantity of potassium chlorate, sulphur and other ingredients which he had purchased to make the fireworks, accidentally exploded in his pocket in McCaul-street, opposite Grange-road, at 8:10 last night.

The others injured were Stuart Plank 11 years of age, 157 Beverley-street, who was talking with Barzotti at the time, and was injured about the face and arms and abdomen by particles of glass, and Miss Maud Barnett, 21 years, 249 West Queen-street, who had just passed the lad when the explosion occurred. She is severely injured in the back, while the little sister of the Plank boy, narrowly escaped injury.

Young Barzotti, who has recently gone to work for P. W. Ellis, wholesale jeweler, with some other boys evaded the idea of the amateur manufacture of fireworks. Thursday night he came home with some part of the ingredients and yesterday morning two boys purchased 2 ounces of potassium chlorate at Taylor's pharmacy, 286 Spadina-avenue. This powder is frequently used for sore throat, so that the purchase was unobtrusive.

Exploded in Pocket. Shortly after 8 o'clock, Stuart Plank and his sister were bound south on McCaul-street to visit a friend in the street. They met young Barzotti, and the little girl walked ahead while the boys conversed. Just then Miss Barnett was walking north and just as she had passed the boys, she heard a loud report and felt a stabbing pain in her back.

The materials for the manufacture of fireworks had exploded in Barzotti's right hand trousers pocket, where he had been carrying them, and it was the flying particle of a bottle in which the as yet unascertained ingredients were being carried which wounded the victims.

A great hole was torn in the right thigh of the Barzotti boy. His right arm was mangled up to the elbow, and pieces of glass penetrated his abdomen, legs and chest. Pieces of glass were blowing into young Plank's abdomen, chest, right arm and face, while a wound three inches long and of a like depth was torn in Miss Barnett's back just over the kidneys.

The victims were carried to the offices of Dr. Walter W. Wright, 78 McCaul-street, and Dr. P. W. O'Brien, 128 McCaul-street, where first aid was given. The police ambulance was summoned and the two boys were hurried to the Hospital for Sick Children. A cab was called and Miss Barnett was rushed to Grace Hospital.

Had to Amputate Arm. At the hospital it was found necessary to amputate Barzotti's arm, immediately below the elbow. A number of stitches were put in various parts of his body to close the gaping wounds. Young Plank was then placed on the operating table and his wounds dressed, requiring a number of stitches.

It is almost certain that some acid, likely hydrochloric, had been scoured by the boy, and that it was the breaking of the bottle in which this was carried, or its leaking, which caused the explosion.

It was said last night that the lad also had a quantity of sulphur which will also explode when united with the potassium chlorate, which he is known to have had on him, but in that case the chemicals require heavy friction, and even then the explosion is not violent enough to cause a serious result.

The condition of the Barzotti boy is exceedingly critical, owing to the danger of septic poisoning and the severe shock sustained. For the same reason, the injuries of the others are more serious than the mere wounds would otherwise be.

A STORE THAT HELPS TO SELL THE GOODS.

A prominent State-street (Chicago) business man, in Toronto yesterday, was struck with the new Lumsden Building, and especially with the Oak Hall store, on the ground floor. He said the widow dress-making and the lay-out of the store is the best he had seen. Mr. Coombes, the manager, has been complimented by many experts and business men on the plan and organization of the store. It's a store that helps to sell the goods.

HAVE NOT YET RAISED THE SUNKEN SUBMARINE

Wreck Swept Away by the Current and Lost For a Time—No Hope of Saving Entombed Sailors.

CALAIS, France, May 27.—The French submarine Phylaxos, which was sunk by the cross-channel steamer Pas de Calais yesterday, was again located to-night after having been driven from her moorings at the bottom of the English Channel to-day by the swift lower currents.

To-night various craft are moored above the spot where lies the plunger with her dead company of 27 men, sending down divers, in an endeavor to fasten chains about the wreck so that it may be raised to the surface.

That the men in the Phylaxos all perished is the belief of the naval officers who are assisting in the wrecking operations. Naphtha on the surface of the water leads them to the belief that the inner shell of the submarine was shattered by the blow of the Pas de Calais, and that all the crew were drowned.

Graphic Account. LONDON, May 27.—I was on deck on the Pas de Calais when she rammed and sank the French submarine and was an eye-witness of the whole affair. Nothing of the sort, foreign representative of the Joseph Dixon Crucible Co. of Jersey city, to-day.

"The sea was a little choppy," Mr. Bowles continued, "but no rougher than I would expect it to be. We were about three miles out from Calais when I noticed what I took to be a sunken fishing smack about 200 yards straight ahead. Nothing of the sort was visible by the mast and we were steering right for it."

"When we were 100 yards off something rushed from the pilot house, looked at the mast and rushed back again, but we seemed neither to slacken our course nor to stop."

"The representative of one great European power left London post haste as soon as the funeral was over as a protest against the place given to him in the procession, after the king of some of the smaller states."

"Mons. Pichon, the French Foreign Minister, was also profoundly dissatisfied with the position assigned to him in a carriage almost at the end of the funeral cortege