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EIGHTEENTH YEAR — TEN PAGES—THURSDAY MORNING MARCH 11 1897—TEN PAGES — ONE CENT

Senate Reading Room

THE PEACE OF EUROPE

Is Above Every Other Consideration, Says Salisbury.

BRITAIN'S RESPONSIBILITY

Pointed Out by the Premier in an After Dinner Speech.

The British Policy Could Not be Shaped by Personal Sympathies or Religious Proclivities and Sentiments—Devonport Dock Yards Employes Working Over Time—Not Fighting Reported at Candia—The War Cloud Discussed in the British Commons—Stories Told by Mussulmans.

London, March 10.—At the dinner of the Associated Chambers of Commerce here this evening, Lord Salisbury delievered an address, in which he referred briefly to the crisis which has been reached in the affairs of Greece over the Cretan question. His Lordship said it must be remembered that the British Government could not be guided in their policy by personal sympathies or religious proclivities and sentiments. They were the trustees of a great nation's interests and obligations, which they were bound to maintain above everything else. If they manfully did their duty under the circumstances it would promote, as no other course of conduct would, freedom and justice, and, above all, European peace, upon which all commerce, industry, and well being must depend.

The Premier's remarks were received with loud cheers. The speech throughout was devoid of any expression of party feeling.

Working Over Time.

London, March 10.—The entire staff of employes at the Devonport dock yards, numbering 5000, have been ordered to work overtime for the purpose of hastening the completion of the fitting out of vessels, upon which they are engaged. The order is believed to have been issued in view of the crisis which has arisen over the Cretan question.

A Protest From Greece.

Athens, March 10.—The Greek Government has instructed its representatives abroad to protest against the expulsion of Greek subjects from Canea as an arbitrary violation on the part of the powers of international law.

Talk of a New Regime.

Paris, March 10.—The Temps publishes the announcement that active negotiations have been opened with a view to the organization of a new regime in Crete, and intimates that the French Government is especially concerned in the giving of a satisfactory reality to the scheme for an autonomous administration of the affairs of the island.

Not Fighting at Candia.

Cologne, March 10.—The Gazette publishes a special despetch from Candia, Crete, under yesterday's date, which says that fighting between a force of Bashi Bazouks and a band of insurgents has taken place before the gates of that town, in which the Bashi Bazouks lost 60 of their number in killed and wounded. The fighting continues and the exasperation on both sides increases. It is probable that the insurgents will set fire to the town if they are able to do so.

Kandamos Relieved.

Athens, March 10.—Advices received here from Crete this morning say the siege of Kandamos has been raised and the foreign warships have landed detachments of marines with Maxims guns to insure the safety of the Moslems who were besieged.

Prince George, commending the Greek torpedo flotilla, has been ordered to leave Crete for the Island of Skiathos in the Grecian Archipelago.

The Government contemplates the formation of a foreign legion of troops comprising persons other than Greeks who desire to enter the military service of Greece.

Mussulmans are Safe.

Canea, March 10.—The Mussulmans who were besieged by the insurgents at Kandamos have arrived here on board an Italian warship. British and Italian transports with troops on board are lying off this port.

The Financial Aspect.

London, March 10.—The correspondent of The Times at Athens criticizes in a very unfavorable manner the financial cost of the mobilization of the Greek troops, and calls attention to the fact that the cost, when, in 1885-86, the Government of Tricoupis mobilized the troops of Greece, was 125,000,000 drachmas. This expenditure, the correspondent says, entailed the reintroduction of a forced currency, which had a disastrous effect upon the money situation of the kingdom.

The Athens Proia asserts that the national exchequer is abundantly able to meet all the extraordinary expenses from the ordinary revenue, owing to the "forethought of the Government." The Times' correspondent criticises this assertion by remaking "the budget in which such economies were shown is not specified. It is thought, however, that the sympathy of England and France will prevent any coercive measures from being taken against Greece."

THE LATEST NEWS.

Moslem Reports of Christian Cruelty Upset When the Truth Came Out.

London, March 10.—The Daily News tomorrow will publish a despatch from Canea saying that the British, French and Italian admirals issued this afternoon a joint note of conference with the insurgent leaders at Akrotiri. They expressed regret that they allowed the Turkish warships and troops to fire upon the insurgents during the previous day's fighting, believing then that insurgents were the aggressors. Since then, they said, they had learned that it was the Bashi-Bazouks who provoked the conflict.

In the course of an interview, the despatch says, it transpired that the Cretans had not received the admirals' warning previous to the bombardment of Feb. 24, and that they were unaware also of the promises of autonomy for Crete of the offer of the surgeons, which communications were entrusted to Commender Reineck, of the Greek warship Hydra. The News, in commenting on the despatch, will suggest that the communications entrusted to Commander Reineck were delivered in the wrong quarter.

The Standard will to-morrow publish a despatch from Canea, saying that it is rumored there that the Greek army of occupation, under command of Col Vassos, are short of provisions, their supplies of eatables consisting only of biscuits and oranges. The despatch will also say that the admirals of the foreign warships have warned the commandant at Canea that if the Bashi-Bazouks again provoke the insurgents to an encounter their village will be bombarded by the warships and moreover that no band of Bashi-Bazouks will hereafter be allowed to enter Canea or to sally out into the country.

The Stories They Tell.

London, March 10.—The Daily News tomorrow will publish a despatch from Canea stating that the Mussulmans who had been besieged at Kandamos, and who have arrived at Canea, were conveyed there on board the Italian transport Trinacria, and that another vessels is expected to arrive shortly with more refugees. The force which relieved the beleaguered inhabitants of Kandamos also assisted 112 soldiers who were besieged in the Spaniako block house.

The arrival of the [illegible] her load of refugees has created an impression in Canea. One of them says it is impossible to express the feeling felt by the Moslems towards Greeland.

The Daily News correspondent relates the story of the rescue of the beleaguered residents at Kandamos, upon the authority of the officers of the Trinacria, the Turkish Governor at Kandamos and others. His account says the utmost credit is due to Sir A. Biliotti, the British Consul at Canea, who managed the entire affair personally. Without him, the correspondent says, the besieged people could never have escaped. In the first instance, he went alone to Kandamos, after conferring with the Cretan leaders, who expressed doubt of their ability to control their followers. The place was surrounded by 7000 Cretans, who kept up a continuous fire, which sometimes was replied to by a light fire. Consul Biliotti entered the town and remained until nightfall, when, having become convinced of the absolute necessity of employing a force of Europeans to effect the release of the beleaguered ones, he returned to Selino, from which place he started on his return to Kandamos before dawn with a force of 250 British, 100 French, 100 Austrians, 150 Russians and 55 Italians, with four guns. This force was commanded by the captain of the British warship Rodney. Upon arriving at Kandamos the troops remained upon the outskirts while the Consul entered the town to arrange for the sortie. The Cretans had ceased their firing, and consented that the Moslem soldiers should retain their arms, but when the latter emerged and a start was made for Selino a scene of wildest confusion and one of the greatest danger took place. The horde of Cretan insurgents surrounded the refugees, and wherever a gap occurred in the escort would dash in and tear their weapons from the Bashi-Bazouks, and snatch the bundles which many of the women and children carried. It was with the utmost difficulty that the Moslems were prevented from firing upon the insurgents, and thus bringing about a horrible slaughter. During the confusion one girl was kidnapped by the Cretans. The insurgents followed the refugees, pressing in upon their column, as far as Spaniako, where there is a gorge, which was blocked by the escort after the refugees had passed. This prevented the Cretans from advancing further.

The embarkation on board the Trinacria began at 5 in the evening, and ended at 9 o'clock. After sunset the Cretans at Selino began to make hostile demonstrations towards the Moslems, and several shots were fired by them and several houses were burned. With a view to putting a stop to these manifestations, the warships fired several rifle shots in the air and also fired one of their guns.

The Governor of Kandamos says that when the people in the town were relieved by the Europeans there were only seven boxs of cartridgs left, and that the gun ammunition was completely exhausted. Thirteen persons had been killed and 29 wounded since March 6. There were neither bread nor rice in the town, but there was a plentiful supply of meat. The correspondent says the refugees are rapidly debarking at Canea, and that the Trinacria will return to Selino for more.

Censorship Over Telegrams.

Canea, March 10.—The Governor here will hereafter exercise a censorship of all telegrams received here and sent hence. The admirals of the foreign warships, it is said, approve of this plan.

Russia's Offer to Servia.

Belgrade, March 10.—It is announced here that the Russian Government has offered Servia 120 magazine rifles on credit. It has not been decided yet whether the offer will be accepted or refused.

The Hierapetra Fight.

London, March 10.—The Times to-morrow will publish a despatch from Athens, saying that the fighting at Hierapetra yesterday and the expulsion of M. Baraklis, the Greek Vice-Consul at Canea, has re-aroused the war fever there.

The Times to-morrow will publish a despatch from Canea, saying that the situation at Hierapetra is one of anxiety. The insurgents under the Greek leader Koraksa, are said to be supplied with guns and it is feared that they will make another attack upon the town.

FIVE MEN KILLED.

A Deplorable Accident on the Louisville and Nashville Railroad Yesterday in Indiana.

Evansville, Ind., March 10.—The Louisville and Nashville limited train southbound from Chicago was wrecked this morning at 12.30 o'clock at a point on the south of Hazleton, Ind., and five miles north of Evansville, on the Evansville and Terre Haute road. Five men were killed and two seriously injured, as follows:

Killed—Herbert Allen, Evansville, head janitor of the State house, caught in the smoking car and drowned; Joseph Soleman, Evansville, locomotive fireman; John Sears, Terre Haute, conductor; and two unknown men.

Injured—Brakeman Haurson, Evansville; J. B. Henderson, brother of ex-State Auditor Henderson. Both men are seriously injured, but they will recover.

The accident was the result of heavy rains in Southern Indiana since Saturday. White River, near Hazleton, overflowed and the back water washed out the track of the Terre Haute. Trains were running on slow orders, as the roadbed was known to be in bad condition. When the "Cannon Ball" train reached the ill this morning the embankment suddenly gave way and the engine and baggage car and a part of the smoker dropped into about six feet of water. The engine turned over, but the baggage car remained upright. The smoker hung over the end of the track. The sleeper remained on the track. Engineer John McCutcheon escaped death by jumping, but his fireman, Soleman, was caught in the cab and drowned. Conductor Sears, Brakeman Baldwin, Allen and the two unknown men were in the smoker. Haurson was near the door. When the baggage car went down the jar threw him against a seat, injuring one of his legs. He crawled out of the door and swam a considerable distance to reach land. Henderson was injured by being thrown against a seat.

Wrecking trains were sent immediately to the scene, but the railroad officials are unable to state when traffic will be resumed.

Smelter at Vancouver.

Vancouver, B.C., March 9.—The Toronto smelter scheme is meeting with a good deal of favor here. It is one of the most reasonable of the many schemes submitted to the Vancouver Council. Mr. Spencer, who is handling the proposition here, has written the following letter to the Council, which explains what the Toronto capitalists are willing to do and what they expect:

"To the Mayor and Corporation of the City of Vancouver:

"Gentlemen,—On behalf of a Canadian syndicate, with headquarters in Toronto, I beg to submit the following offer for your consideration: My clients will undertake to complete a smelter capable of treating from 200 to 250 tons of ore per day, with a capacity to increase to 500 tons per day, should business warrant. They will complete a refinery in connection therewith, furnish an ample sum for working capital, and engage in the business of smelting and refining in Vancouver, provided: 1. The City Council will pay them a bonus of $50,000 in cash, to be paid on the completion of the building and plant, the blowing in of the furnace, and the smelting of the first ton of ore. 2. The corporation of the City of Vancouver to furnish a suitable site reasonably near transportation facilities by rail and sea, such site to be of sufficient extent to permit of its use without inconvenience, in case the plant should be increased to the capacity above mentioned. 3. The city to exempt the smelter, refinery and plant from taxation for a period of 10 years.

"In the event of your being prepared to entertain this proposal, my clients will undertake to proceed with construction as soon as the necessary formalities have been completed, to build the plant entirely with Canadian labor, and, if possible, blow in the furnace by next Dominion Day."

Hamilton Items.

Samuel Fisher, 336 North Hughson-street, was arrested to-night near the Star Theatre for creating a disturbance. P. C. Campbell made the arrest. As soon as he landed the prisoner in the patrol wagon he apprehended John Cummings, a farmer from Millgrove, on a charge of drunkenness.

"Salada' Ceylon Tea is soothing.

GOOD DEAL OF KICKING

Over the Way Mr. Sifton is Managing Affairs.

THE INDIAN DEPARTMENT

Is Being Manipulated in a Way That Many Do Not Approve.

Duncan Campbell Scott Has Been Put Down, Though No Fault is Found With His Conduct—The Ministers and Tariff Revision—The Apparent Discrepancies in the Postoffice Accounts—Complaints of Incompetent Appraisers—Personal and General Notes From the Capital.

Ottawa, March 10.—(Special.)—There is a good deal of kicking, even amongst Liberals, over the sweeping changes which Mr. Sifton is making in the Indian Department. Whoever may be responsible for prompting the Minister, the general impression in town is that Mr. Sifton has been ill-advised. It is only a few months ago that Mr. Laurier, on coming to Ottawa to take up his official residence, declared that it would be his utmost endeavor to make the capital the centre of arts, literature and learning in the Dominion. And how is this being done? Certainly not by encouraging literary men. Duncan Campbell Scott, a poet of whom Canada has reason to be proud, has for the last three or four years been secretary of the Indian Department, because Mr. Scott unfortunately cannot live by poetry alone, and has to earn his daily bread; but now, to suit the purpose of some machine politicians and to secure the advancement of a consummate wirepuller, Mr. Scott is relegated to a somewhat inferior position, and Mr. J. D. McLean is made secretary of the department. And who is this Mr. McLean? He has been on the staff of the Indian Department for many years, and is an ardent Liberal. It is currently reported in Departmental circles that, during the time the Conservatives were in power, McLean kept a diary record of everything that transpired in the Department within his knowledge, in order that he might use it to the detriment of the Conservative party, and to further his own ends. As soon as the new Government had taken office last July, McLean sent this private diary to one of the Ministers, but to the credit of the Minister, be it said, he promptly returned the book to McLean, with a sharp note, saying that he would scorn to make use of information procured in such a way.

THE P. O. ACCOUNTS.

As far as can be ascertained there is a very clear explanation of the alleged discrepancy discovered by Messrs. Cross and Munroe of Toronto in the accounts of the Postoffice Department. The two auditors make the annual deficit to be much larger than what the departmental report shows it to be. This is owing to their including the June quarter in the transactions of the year, although it appears that since Confederation the payments due on the 30th June have always been paid in the July quarter. If these payments have to be made within the fiscal year it will mean that for this year at any rate the five quarters will have to be paid, thereby materially swelling and enhancing the expenditure for the current year. It appears also that the two auditors have adopted the unusual course of including in the expenditure of the department the cost of running the Island of Skiathos in the Grecian Archipelago, which has hitherto been paid out of the civil Government appropriation and for which a special annual vote is made by Parliament.

TARIFF RESOLUTIONS.

One of the Ministers states that considerable work is being done toward the preparation of the tariff resolutions as they will be introduced into Parliament.

Sir Richard Cartwright is still absent from the Capital, but Messrs. Fielding and Paterson have been devoting attention to the tariff revision, and as soon as the Minister of Trade and Commerce does return there will be joint sittings. Asked as to when the bill might be looked for in its completed form, the answer came that the House will not have to lose any time waiting for it to be brought down, as the time that the preliminary work of Parliament is through and the members have really settled down to the work of the session, the tariff bill will be introduced by Mr. Fielding.

THE MAKING OF Q. C.'S.

The Minister of Justice has caused communications to be sent to the several Provincial Governments to see if a mutual arrangement cannot be reached in reference to the appointment of Queen's Counsel. If this is done, then the appeal from the finding of the Ontario Court of Appeal in this matter will not be taken to the Judicial Committee. Your correspondent gathered, in conversation with the Minister, that his idea is that Federal and local authority should agree upon certain hard and fast rules to govern the conferring of the silk, and that active work at the bar for a fixed term of years, possibly 15 or 20, should be indispensable. The proposal implies a recognition of the power of the local authorities to create Queen's Counsel for provincial courts, and of the federal authority for Dominion courts, as decided by the Ontario Court of Appeal. Whether or not there shall be mutual recognition of federal and provincial appointments, with concurrent jurisdiction, must be a matter of negotiation.

INCOMPETENT APPRAISERS.

At the sitting of the tariff enquiry in Ottawa and elsewhere complaint was made of the incompetency of appraisers at the smaller customs ports, and some manufacturers did not hesitate to ask for the abolition, on the ground that foreign products are allowed to pass through their hands at figures far below the proper valuation. It is held, however, that these complaints are exaggerated. The oversight which the department exercises to prevent the entry of goods under a wrong duty and otherwise to check the entries at the smaller ports has a most beneficial effect. In any case, the entries at the smaller ports are seldom of any great size, and where a mistake has been made once the attention of the authorities is generally directed to it in order to prevent recurrence.

PERSONAL AND GENERAL.

Hon. William Mulock, Postmaster-General, returned to the Capital this morning.

Last night's rain had a deplorable effect in the Western departmental block. It found its way through the temporary roof and soaked a number of places which had about dried off the water poured on them the day and night of the big fire.

A son of the Hon. William MacDougall has been appointed to a clerkship in the library of Parliament.

Mayor Wilson Smith and a Montreal civic deputation arrived here to-day to consult with the Minister of Railways and Canals concerning a new bridge over the Lachine Canal at Atwater-street, Montreal. The people of St. Henri want the structure within their bounds, but Montreal thinks the traffic on its side is much heavier.

Col. Smith, Sergeant-at-Arms of the House of Commons, is here attending to sessional arrangements.

A drawing room by Their Excellencies in the Senate chambers on the 25th inst. is announced.

R. L. Richardson, M. P., left for Winnipeg to-day.

Word has been received that Hon. Dr. Borden is making favorable progress toward recovery in New Jersey.

Hon. Peter White was in town yesterday and took lunch with Sir Charles Tupper, Hon. G. E. Foster and Robert Henry of Brantford. Sir Charles Tupper entertains a strong opinion of the importance of Mr. White being brought back into Parliament, and it is hoped that a constituency will be found for him before long.

The annual meeting of the Royal Academy was held to-day. Robert Harris of Montreal was elected president, A. G. Hutchison, Montreal, vice-president; James Smith, Toronto, secretary-treasurer. Prof. Capper was elected as associate architect and Miss Hawden and Miss Carlyle as R. C. A.'s.

HINTONBURGH FINANCES.

The Report of Mr. Neff Deals With the Whole Business and Shows Some Peculiar Methods.

Ottawa, March 10.—(Special.)—The report of A. C. Neff of Toronto, who investigated the municipal affairs of Hintonburgh, has been issued. It deals with every charge made by the petitioners. The borrowing of the $6000 from Molsons Bank to meet current expenses appeared to him to be wholly foreign to the Municipal Act. The report states that the business of the council of 1895-96 was not conducted in a proper manner. The minutes were not properly sealed, and Mr. Neff believes they were prepared in the reeve's office. He found that nearly all the bylaws had been passed upon one resolution. The issuing of cheques for payment of accounts had been irregular. The reeve had cancelled contracts when he had no authority to do so, and it appeared that Mr. E. A. Mara, architect, was liable for $70 and $355 costs in the Rainboth suit. Reeve O'Meara and Councillor Stott, the report stated, were liable to disqualification by having received personal benefits through the transactions of the council. The $50 which Councillors Stott, Ladouceur and Tapp each received for superintending works Mr. Neff believed to be illegal. That of Councillor Tapp was an unreasonable sum, he having only superintended the expending of $160. Those councillors in the last hour of their term of office had no right to divide the people's money which had been entrusted to their care. He believed that the request for an investigation had been fully justified. The charges of extravagrants and illegal expenditure had been fully sustained. Someone was to blame for the unfortunate financial condition of the village. He believed that if a bylaw for the issue of debentures to meet outstanding claims could be passed, improvements were passed, the village might recover itself financially.

MGR. MERY DEL VAL

Will be the Papal Delegate to Canada—Mgr. Tedeschi is Only Going to Baltimore—Press Reports Wrong.

Ottawa, March 10.—(Special.)—An Associated Press report this afternoon states that Mgr. Tedeschi is the Papal delegate to Canada. This is incorrect. Mgr. Tedeschi is going to the Ecumenical Council at Baltimore. Mgr. Mery del Val is the delegate to Canada.

Cook's Turkish Baths, 204 King W. Ladies 75c.

Pure Coal Required.

Train loads of high-grade coal for John Kent & Co. are the size of the orders sent by the manager of this company. This coal is pronounced the best by all sensible people. The Kent Company are pleased with their success in obtaining such a fine quality of coal, and in bringing volumes of business and pleasing their customers. Office, 78 Yonge-street, near King.

Meats as Third-Class Freight.

New York, March 10.—The Board of Managers of the Joint Traffic Association have decided to reduce the rates on meats until after June 30 by placing them on the basis of third-class freight.

Baths, steam heated, 127 and 129 Yonge.

California Hocks.

California Riesling, five years old, $5.50 per case, quarts; pints, containing two dozen, $6.50 per case. California Gutedel, five years old, $6.50 per case, quarts; pints, $7.50 two dozen. Mara's, 79 and 81 Yonge-street. Phone 1708.

Roses Charming and Cheap.

Fresh and fragrant beauties, selling now from $1 a dozen up; or violets, daffodils, lilies, and all other favorites. See them for yourself at 5 King west and 445 Yonge-street.

Try Watson's Cocoa Essence.

Special Values.

1000-page letter books, fine white paper, leather back and corners, $1.25 each. The Verity Fountain Pen sells rapidly at $1 each. Blight Bros., 65 Yonge-street.

Try Watson's Cocoa Essence.

At Treble's, 52 King west—Dress shirts, business shirts, white shirts, colored shirts, flannel shirts, night shirts and all kinds of good shirts. Prices at clearing point. We're selling out.

Big Rush of Passengers to the Old Country This Coming Summer.

Berths for June and July are already being applied for; so passengers who wish to travel in comfort will please reserve accommodation at once at S. J. Sharp's ticket office, 78 Yonge-street.

Cook's Turkish Baths, 204 King W evenings, 50c.

Lake View Hotel, Parliament and Winchester-streets; terms $1 and $1.50 per day. Special rates to weekly boarders. Table d'hote, 6 to 8 o'clock. J. H. Ayre, proprietor. 246

Pember's Turkish baths, 129 Yonge.

At Treble's—4-ply English linen collars, 2 for a quarter.

For coughs and colds use Adams' Tutti Frutti. Don't be imposed upon with imitations.

After the performances are over in the theatres to-night the musicians will adjourn to the Q.O.R. Buglers' Mess, where the annual smoker of the Toronto Musical Protective Association will take place.

NOT BADLY FRIGHTENED.

OLD VAN, the crow: If they only let me take possession of the Nest over there, I'll risk pulling up the corn.

THE MONEY ORDER PLAN.

Canada's Postoffice Department Has Made a Rearrangement of Rates in This Country.

Postmaster-General Mulock has rearranged the tariff of commissions payable on postoffice money orders. The changes are designed to meet the competition of the express companies, which have been effectively catering to the public as money-sending mediums. For some time past the Postoffice Department has been getting all the small orders and the express companies all the larger ones and with a view to altering this state of things the tariff on small orders has been increased and that on larger ones decreased.

While this change may on the face of it seem to bear more heavily on the poor man than on the rich, the expediency of alteration from a Government-revenue standpoint is easily recognized.

Heretofore the commission on postoffice orders up to $4 has been 2 cents; on sums over $5 and up to $10, 3 cents; over $10 and up to $20, 10 cents; over $20 and up to $40, 20 cents; over $40 and up to $60, 30 cents; over $60 and up to $80, 40 cents; over $80 and up to $100, 50 cents.

After April 1 the tariff on postoffice orders up to $2.50 will be 3 cents; on orders over $2.50 and up to $5, 4 cents; over $5 and up to $10, 6 cents over $10 and up to $20, 10 cents; over $20 and up to $30, 12 cents; over $30 and up to $40, 15 cents; over $40 and up to $50, 20 cents; over $50, at same rates.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

News Items of All Sorts Culled From the Despatches and Condensed Into Paragraphs.

Mrs. Cora Stuart Wheeler, a well known literary woman, died yesterday in Boston.

The New York Central Railroad has declared a quarterly dividend of 1 per cent.

Frederick Solomon, a distinguished Union General in the war of the rebellion, died at Salt Lake City Tuesday, aged 71.

The contract for the new organ for the First Methodist Church in London has been let to Messrs. Cassabois Bros. of St. Hyacinthe, Que.

The Department of Agriculture of the United States report 20 per cent. of last year's wheat crop and 44 per cent. of the oat crop still in farmers' hands.

The monitor Puritan, is the latest of Uncle Sam's war vessels reported out of kilter. The storm off Cape Hatteras was too much for her.

Charles Cyr, Conservative, and Jean François Guitte, Liberal, were yesterday nominated for the bye-election in Bonaventure, Quebec.

At a convention of Liberal delegates for the County of Chambly, Antone Rocheleau was unanimously chosen to represent the party in the coming Provincial elections.

Reductions in wages of from 10 to 20 per cent., affecting about 800 men, have been announced by the Keystone Bridge Rolling Mill, Pittsburg, and the Standard Manufacturing Company, Allegheny, Pa.

Teller Percy Dame has confessed to the embezzlement of $7000 from the Merchants' National Bank of Newburyport, Mass., and his relatives and friends are endeavoring to make the bank's losses good. Dame has disappeared.

A Fredericton despatch gives a rumor to the effect that No. 4 Co., R.R.C.I., will accompany Premier Laurier to London to celebrate the Queen's Jubilee, and that a company of the Imperial troops will come out to take their place during their absence.

All the bridges of the Evansville and Richmond Railroad, Lawrence County, Indiana, have been washed away and the road is badly crippled. The Monon Company and the B. & O. Southwestern are also in a very bad state, and no trains have arrived at Bedford, Ind., for several days by either line. The flood damage in Lawrence County will reach $200,000.

The Toronto Railway Company's "extra" men will have a benefit smoking concert in Masonic Hall, 2 Queen-street and Bolton-avenue, next Monday night.

SETTLEMENT OF THE SETTLEMENT

Ministerial Circles at Ottawa Considerably Agitated About the Coming of the Delegate From the Vatican.

Ottawa, March 10.—(Special.)—There is great uneasiness in Ministerial circles over the coming of a Papal delegate to settle the Manitoba school "settlement." Throughout Western Canada generally the feeling expressed in an influential section of the public press is quite averse to this procedure in a political matter. By dint of dating the news from Montreal, as did the Ottawa paper, by suppressing the source of all telegrams "to" Rome and omitting the address of all received "from" Rome—as The Globe did—by these and similar expedients, newspapers supporting the Administration endeavored to obscure the connection between the Government on the hill and these negotiations with the Vatican. But the publication of the official correspondence by another Ottawa paper, precisely in the shape in which it was handed out to the representatives of the press by a member of the Government, rendered the friendly diplomacy of its contemporaries farcical.

BRITAIN'S TRADE WITH CANADA.

The Motherland Bought Much More Largely From Canada in January and February Than Last Year.

Montreal, March 10.—A Star special cable from London says: The British imports from Canada are showing a remarkable expansion. They increased 166 per cent. in February and 100 per cent. in the two months of 1897, while the British imports from all countries only advanced 4 per cent. Canadian cheese jumped from £55,000 in the same two months of last year to £149,000 this year; fish from £12,000 to £113,000; butter from £2000 to £13,000; oxen from £21,000 to £34,000; wood £73,000 to £94,000. The exports to Canada decreased 21 per cent. for the month and 10 per cent. for the two months.

A Jewish Wedding.

Most of the Hebrew population of the city and Ald. John Shaw were at Victoria Hall last night at the invitation of Mr. and Mrs. C. Wilder, 1125 Queen-street, and Mr. and Mrs. Comisky, 47 William-street, the occasion being the marriage of Sam Wilder to Annie Comisky. The ceremony was performed at 7 p.m. by Rabbi Hirschfeld, assisted by Rabbi Helpert. The bridesmaids were Miss Dubinski, Miss Annie Paperniek, Miss Harris and Miss Ocher, and the best man was Mr. Harris. Dubinski and Ettie Levinski. The groom was supported by C. Wilder, M. Pink, Hy. Harris and H. Dubinski.

The guests numbered about 600, including a large number of children. Telegrams of congratulation were read from many friends of the happy young couple, and the handsome wedding cake was much admired. After the wedding a supper was served, followed by dancing.

Regulating Immigration.

A deputation composed of Messrs. Alex. Bruce, Wm. Marsh, W. H. Parr, Williams, Rockwood, D. J. O'Donoghue, representing the Trades and Labor Council, waited upon the Government on the evening in reference to the bill regulating the immigration of children into Ontario. The deputation asked that the provisions of the bill apply to all immigrants up to the age of 21 and that the returns to be made to the Government by the society under whose auspices they are brought into the country shall state the terms of agreement upon which they are hired out or handed over to the care of farmers and others. The deputation also asked that a clause be inserted in the bill providing that nothing therein contained shall authorize or legalize the importation into Canada of children under contract for hire, etc.

The Government promised serious consideration to the requests.

Cook's Turkish Baths, 204 King W., day, 75c.

Hon. David Reesor was reported to be not so well last evening.

Mr. T. H. Bull, clerk of the peace, was back at his office yesterday after a three weeks' struggle with la grippe.

Very little hope is entertained for the recovery of Rev. John Mutch. His medical attendant, Dr. Hunter, called in Drs. Ross, Spence and Ferguson yesterday.

ANOTHER ESPLANADE FIRE.

Mr. Patrick Burns' Stable Destroyed and Seven Horses Burned to Death Last Evening.

Last night the stable of Patrick Burns, the coal man, on the Esplanade, near the foot of Scott-street, was burned. The fire was discovered at 9.40 by William Waters, the night watchman at the Toronto Electric Light Works.

There were nine horses in the stable, and, although every effort was made to save them, seven were either smothered or burned to death. One was led out alive, but was in such a terrible condition that it had to be shot. After the fire had been going for an hour, the spectators were surprised to see one horse walk out of the ruins unhurt. How it escaped is a miracle. While the fire was in progress the noise made by the poor beasts in their efforts to escape was distressing in the extreme.

The loss will be about $700 on horses and $300 on stable and contents, fully covered by insurance, but in what companies could not be ascertained, as Mr. Burns is laid up with sciatica.

The alarm was sent in from box 121.

WILL MOVE ON, APRIL 1.

Dineens Have to Get Out of the Premises at King and Yonge-Streets.

Dineens are going to move from their old corner at King and Yonge-streets on April 1. They don't want to, but it is compulsory, as the building is to be torn down. The firm have rented the premises at 81 Yonge-street, until next September, and workmen are already getting the upstairs portion of the building into shape. The new premises are not large enough to hold Dineens' immense stock, and a lot of furs that there will be no room for are being sold at cost.

The beautiful weather yesterday made it a good day for spring hat sales. The favorite hat again this season is Dineens' XXX special in the latest Dunlap shape, and best grade of felt. This hat is a poorer quality of goods is sold for $2.50, and even $2, but Dineens' aim for the high-class trade, and can guarantee their XXX hat.

All of the latest grades from the leading English and American makers are now in stock at Dineens', King and Yonge-streets.

Easy to order "Salada Ceylon Tea.

Slavery to be Abolished.

London, March 10.—A despatch from Lagos says a decree has been issued for the abolition of slavery in the Niger country, the decree to go into effect upon the completion of the sixtieth year of the reign of Queen Victoria.

First-class offices for rent in the McKinnon Building, $12, $15 and $18 per month, well lighted, ventilated, heated, electric elevators, bicycle stable, centrally located, and up to date in every respect. Apply to Sidney Small, or to the janitor, at the building. 462

The leading bicyclists use Adams' Tutti Frutti. It gives staying power. Allow no imitations to be palmed off on you.

Monuments.

See our designs and prices before purchasing elsewhere. We are manufacturers. D. McIntosh & Sons, office and showroom, 524 Yonge-street, opposite Maitland-street. Works, Yonge-street, Deer Park. 146

MARRIAGES.

MORSON—DALTON—On March 10, at the Church of the Redeemer, by the Rev. Septimus Jones, Alfred E. Morson, eldest son of Dr. Alfred Morson, to Jessie, youngest daughter of the late William Henry Dalton, M.D., Toronto, and niece of Lady Wilson, Spadina-crescent.

DEATHS.

BURK—At Allliston, on the 8th inst., Elgin, only son of A. A. Burk, in his 8th year.

McHENRY—On Wednesday, March 10, 1897, at 312 Jarvis-street, Toronto, Kathleen Markham, second and dearly-beloved daughter of Charles A. E. and Annette McHenry, and granddaughter of A. V. DeLaporte, Esq., aged 2 years 5 months and 10 days.

Funeral private.

HE DEMANDED $10,000

Because it Was Said That He Sold an Election.

GAUTHIER SUED JEANNOTTE

And There Was Some Interesting Evidence in the Montreal Court.

Abbe Proulx Seems to Have Had Something to Do in L'Assomption Election—Peculiar Methods of Deciding Who Shall Represent the People in Parliament—Recommendations Made by the Montreal Presbytery—General Notes From the Quebec Metropolis.

Montreal, March 10.—(Special.)—The cause celebre of Gauthier, M.P. for L'Assomption, who sues H. Jeannotte, ex-M.P. for the same county, came up to-day. In letters written to the newspapers, Mr. Jeannotte declared that Gauthier had sold out a previous election for $750, and for this the sitting member wants $10,000 damages. A dozen witnesses deposed that Rev. Abbe Proulx had addressed a meeting at St. Lin, in which he had called Mr. Jeannotte a liar, and that the word prevaricator was written across his forehead.

Mr. Marion, M.L.A. for L'Assomption, told the story of the duy. He said he had been approached by Abbe Proulx on board the train from Montreal to Quebec, and the reverend gentleman agreed to see that Gauthier retired from the field and allowed Mr. Jeannotte to be elected by acclamation, if the former's expenses to the amount of $1500 were paid. This was agreed to, and later on the parish priest of St. Lin received the money, $1500, at Quebec; but it was also stipulated that if another candidate did show up half of the sum just mentioned would be returned. This was exactly what came to pass, a Mr. Rocher having been nominated, and as good as his word, Rev. Abbe Proulx returned $750, the balance going to Mr. Gauthier. The plaintiff attempted to show that it was the Quebec Government's alleged refusal to buy the debentures of St. Lin to the extent of $15,000 that had induced Mr. Gauthier to retire from the field. However, the last witness said that at a subsequent meeting Mr. Gauthier had stated that, although it would not show him up very favorably, Mr. Jeannotte's election could be upset.

MONTREAL PRESBYTERY.

At a meeting of the Montreal Presbytery held to-day the following recommendations were made:

1. That each pastor be very careful to nurture his own spiritual life by consecration and devotion.

2. That each pastor exert personal influence with the members of his congregation, especially with the young, that they may be led to consecrate themselves to Christ.

3. That all Christians be urged to give not less than one-tenth of their income to the cause of Christ.

4. That greater sympathy with mission charges be shown on the part of the Presbytery, and that the question be considered whether it would be advisable to visit these by deputation oftener than once a year.

5. That the question be considered whether it would be advisable to approach the General Assembly with the view to the preparation of a manual of devotion for use in family worship.

6. That the superintendents of junior Christian Endeavor Societies be affectionately urged to encourage both boys and girls to lead in prayer at their prayer meetings.

7 That each pastor be recommended to read his report in succeeding years to his people from the pulpit.

MONTREAL NOTES.

A carpenter named Alfred Pichette fell to-day 40 feet from a staging and died in a few hours from the effects of his injuries. Mr. M. Dufresne of the old grocery firm of Dufresne & Mongenais, died to-day, aged 60 years.

Five per cent. a day is the rate of interest which Mr. J. L. Michaud contracted to pay Mr. Ambroise Lafortune two years ago on a promissory note, and under the laws of the Province of Quebec, according to Mr. Justice Gill, the bond must be enforced to the letter, with the result that Mr. Michaud is condemned to pay the astounding sum of $5085 interest on a principal of $150.

LET'S DIG A HOLE.

When we were kids in kilt or skirt—
We loved to roll
Like saurians in the mud and dirt—
"Let's dig a hole!"

To follow down a ground hog—fox,
A crawfish—mole;
Thro' roots and clay and sand and rocks—
"Let's dig a hole!"

And when our manhood on us burst,
Our daily dole
Was saved to build a house—but, first—
"Let's dig a hole!"

There's gold beneath our yard—'tis said,
How very droll!
Go fetch a crowbar, pick and spade,
"Let's dig a hole!"

When fame or fortune, fair and true,
Was made my goal,
The first thing that I had to do
Was dig a hole!

And thus I dig from day to day
To pay my toll,
"Root, hog, or die!" I hear you say,
"Let's dig a hole!"

My poor old body's