

mination. Here apparently was one step towards Union of all the Protestant churches.

Nor was this all. By way of drawing tighter the bonds of union, and showing to the world that Protestants of all denominations—Anglicans, Socinians, &c., &c., were but one paste, whose common Protestantism was more powerful to blend together, than were their sectarian differences to keep apart—it was resolved that there should be a sort of general Protestant communion in Westminster Abbey; and accordingly, a Protestant Bishop, and a clergyman of the Socinian branch of the Protestant church, knelt side by side, and received communion from the hands of a Protestant minister of the Establishment, Dean Stanley we believe. Thus for a season did these Protestant brethren dwell together in unity; and a godly sight it was, though there was some sons of Belial amongst the High Church party who protested against it, and irreverently denounced it as the "Westminster scandal."

But this state of things could not last. Convocation met the other day, and at once a row, beginning in the Upper House, broke out, the Protestant Bishops leading off. The Bishop of Winchester moved that any person who, interpreting Scripture by the light of his own private judgment, came to a Socinian conclusion, was unfit to be a member of the revising committee. This resolution was, after much disputing, adopted; but on being carried to the Lower House, it met with strong opposition, especially from Dean Stanley and his friends. The upshot was that the motion was neither adopted nor rejected, but its discussion was stayed off to some future period. The so-called "Westminster Scandal" too came up for review, but a motion of censure, was ultimately rejected.

Thus are the dreams of a new version of the Bible, which shall find universal acceptance, dispelled. From the first it was pretty certain that there was not much chance of success; but now that by a large and influential party it has been laid down as a principle, that, not ability, literary attainments, and honesty of purpose are sufficient qualifications—but that no one who does not entertain certain views or preconceived notions as to the meaning of the Bible, is fitted to translate it into modern English—it is certain that the labors of the revising Committee, even if endorsed by Act of Parliament, will not command general respect even amongst Protestants. Their version will be looked on as a sectarian version, and will be treated accordingly.

THE YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.—We contest the right of this Association to the prefix "Christian." Protestant it may call itself if it please; but if it be a characteristic of Christians to speak the truth in charity, and to eschew lying and slandering, then is the term Christian as applied to it, a misnomer.

We take up for instance the *Montreal Witness* of the 8th inst., in which is given a report of a meeting held the evening before in the Mechanic's Hall; and in the course of which one of the speakers, a Reverend S. J. Hunter of Ottawa Street Wesleyan Church is represented as having expressed himself as follows respecting the teachings of the Catholic Church:—

"If Ireland to-day was given all the free institutions and liberty of government she could not appreciate them with a system of (priests) keeping consciences, and closing Bibles; a system which teaches that it is more sinful to eat honest mutton on Friday, than to steal a sheep on Sunday."—*Witness*, 8th March.

We ask Protestants how they would feel if such monstrous lies about their clergy, and their religious teachings were openly uttered at public meetings by Catholic priests, and published in Catholic religious journals? Would there not be some danger of the interruption of that *entente cordiale* which amongst both Catholics and Protestants now happily obtains in Montreal? Lay your hands on your hearts gentlemen, and say how would you feel if you were thus treated by self-dubbed *Christian* associations of Papists.

INCREDIBLE STUPIDITY.—An afflicted parent, Zephirin Leclair, writes to the *Minerve* of the 9th instant, to put the public on their guard against a butcher, Victor Malette, of St. Joseph Street, who, to the trade of stickler of pigs, and other animals, adds the more lucrative profession of quack doctor, and advertises himself as a universal curer of diseases.

Zephirin Leclair had a daughter, twelve years old, who was unwell; and in the simplicity of his heart he confided her to the care and skill of the butcher, Victor Malette, who dealt with her accordingly; and, by the application of his much vaunted remedies, soon made cold meat of the poor child. The afflicted parent calls for the interference of the law to punish the quack.

Good! We hope that he may be punished, and that severely. But what shall we say of a father who, in this nineteenth century, could commit the care of his sick child to a butcher! It is too incredible for a work of fiction; and yet it is a fact in Canada!

There is no doubt work for the Coroner, and we hope that the offices of that functionary will be invoked. We hope also that such punishment shall in due time, and by course of law be inflicted upon the butcher, as shall prove a salutary warning to the rascally charlatans who dupe the poor and uneducated, and by their brutal ignorance inflict untold sufferings upon the fools who apply to them in sickness. And above all, we hope that this sad story of Zephirin Leclair will prove a warning to the class of simpletons to which he belongs, never again to trust themselves, or any of their kith and kin, to the tender mercies of butchers, and quack doctors.

CONSECRATION OF HIS GRACE THE ARCHBISHOP OF QUEBEC.—We learn from our respected contemporary the *Courier du Canada* of the 10th inst., that His Grace the Archbishop of Toronto, Mgr. Lynch, will be the officiating Prelate at the Consecration of Mgr. Taschereau, Archbishop Elect of Quebec, which takes place on Sunday next. The discourse will be delivered by the Reverend M. Loneragan of Montreal.

His Grace the Archbishop of Quebec in a Circular dated 27th ult., invites all the parochial clergy of the diocese to take up collections in their several parishes, for the aid of the sufferers by the late war in France; and gives directions that the proceeds be transmitted to the Archbishopric by the first day of April next. His Grace exhorts also all the faithful to pray as well in their private houses, as in the churches, for the people of France so grievously afflicted.

We beg to remind our City readers that an entertainment will be given on Wednesday evening, the 22nd inst., in the Hall of the Nazareth Asylum, St. Catherine Street, for the benefit of the Blind Asylum connected with that institution. As the blind will take part in this entertainment, the public will, therefore, have an opportunity of witnessing what has given much pleasure to visitors at the house, viz.: the remarkable progress they have made in reading, writing, music, and various other branches of education. But apart from the interest which all must feel in witnessing the gradual development of the minds of these afflicted fellow-beings of ours, who without the benign aid of charity, would be condemned to mental and spiritual, as well as corporal blindness, every Christian must be willing to seize the opportunity of contributing in some degree to this noble work of charity.

Remember Wednesday evening, the 22nd inst., at half-past seven o'clock, in the Nazareth Asylum, St. Catherine, near Bleury Street. Tickets 50 cents, and can be procured at the door.

City papers will please copy.

NOBLESSE OBLIGE.—To those who decry the French aristocracy—the real aristocracy we mean, not the sham thing, the *Shoddy*, of which in France unluckily as in America there is no lack—we commend the following passage from the *Special Correspondent of the London Times*:—

"The Royalists"—(in France the terms *Catholic* and *Royalist* are almost always convertible)—"everywhere have poured out their blood like water for France, without heeding whether her flag was Republican, Imperialist, or Legitimist; whereas the Republicans of Paris would only defend their City when the Republic had been proclaimed."

The Rev. Mr. Woods has kindly consented to act as our Agent for Huntington and vicinity.

ST. PATRICK'S SOCIETY, QUEBEC.

The annual meeting of this Society took place at the St. Louis Hotel. There was a full attendance, and several new members were admitted. After reading the annual report the election of officers was proceeded with and resulted as follows:—

President.—Dr. R. H. Russell.
1st Vice-President.—Owen Murphy.
2nd do.—T. H. Grant.
Treasurer.—W. J. McAdams.
Secretary.—M. F. Walsh.
Council Secretary.—G. W. Colfer.
Corresponding do.—C. L. J. FitzGerald.

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT.

Honble. T. McGreevy, M.L.C., Messrs. N. H. Bowen, John Hearn, M.P.P., Wm. Quinn, Maurice O'Leary, Jas. McCorkell, M. Millar, L. Stafford, M. Foran, John Brennan, P. J. Daly, T. O'Connell, J. W. Henry, Wm. Drum, W. M. McDonald, J. B. Duggan, John Dunn, Jr., F. D. Tims, Wm. Delany, S. Peters, J. O'Leary, J. A. Quinn, G. H. Parke, R. J. Bradley, P. Henchy.

A committee was then named to make the necessary arrangements for the annual dinner on St. Patrick's Day.

YOUNG IRISHMEN ASSOCIATION.—At a meeting of some of the most respectable and intelligent of the young Irishmen of this city, held in the Christian Brothers' School, Gladis street, last evening, an association under the above name was formed, their object being to promote friendship and union among all young Irishmen of Quebec, irrespective of creed, politics not being thought of, also of celebrating St. Patrick's Day in a becoming manner by a procession. From all appearances the next 17th of March will be celebrated in Quebec, with more than the usual display on that day. The following committee was elected temporarily to make all necessary arrangements for the proper observance of the approaching festival:—

Messrs. M. W. Coleman, John Deegan, P. C. Murphy, M. Connolly, J. Fitzpatrick, E. Sutton, G. D. McGarran, J. M. Stewart, Chas. Coote, Ths. Mulcaire, W. F. Bowen, A. H. Woods.—*Quebec Mercury*.

ST. PATRICK'S SOCIETY, KINGSTON.

The Annual Meeting of the St. Patrick's Society of Kingston for the election of officers for the ensuing year and the transaction of other important business was held in the St. Patrick's Hall on Monday evening last.

There was a large attendance of members and others who take an interest in everything connected with this old and popular Society.

After the transaction of some routine business the following gentlemen were duly elected officers of the Society for the current year:—

President.—Mr. John Halligan.
Vice do.—Mr. P. Devlin.
Treasurer.—Mr. B. Simpson.
Sec. Secretary.—Mr. P. Dougherty.
Cor. do.—Mr. P. J. Jennings.
Chaplains.—Very Rev. Dean Kelly, V.G., P.P., and the Rev. B. Higgins.
Marshals.—Messrs. D. Donoghue and James Rogers.

The annual report of the Treasurer, Mr. Michael Quinn, was read and adopted. The Report shows the Society to be altogether free from debt and in a most flourishing condition. Mr. Quinn on retiring from the office of Treasurer, which he has filled most ably for a number of years, received the thanks of the Society.

A committee of three members was appointed to strike the Standing Committees for the year and report at the next meeting. A considerable sum of money was paid into the funds of the Society and after stirring speeches from several members present the meeting adjourned. Before doing so however, it was resolved to celebrate the coming Festival of St. Patrick's in the usual manner, that is by a Grand Procession, which promises to be larger than usual.—*British Whig*.

COBBOURG ST. PATRICK'S SOCIETY.

At the annual meeting of the Cobourg St. Patrick's Society held at the St. Patrick's Hall, on Thursday evening the 2nd of March, the following officers were elected:—

President.—M. Fox, sen.
1st Vice do.—F. J. Lynch.
2nd Vice do.—M. Quinn.
Treasurer.—John Fox.
Recording Secretary.—P. Kealey.
Corresponding Secretary.—D. Rooney.
Chief Marshal.—D. Caley.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

Messrs. E. Parry, James Taylor, George Plunkett, M. Geran, P. Dermott, P. Kehoe, James Markey, James Flanagan, John O'Neil, John Lucy, T. Wiso man.

PORTSMOUTH ST. PATRICK'S SOCIETY.

At a meeting of the Portsmouth St. Patrick's Society, held at the Separate School house, on Monday, March 6th, 1871, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:—

President.—Mr. Thomas McCarthy, re-elected.
Vice-President.—Thomas Howard, do
Marshal.—Patrick Quinn.
Treasurer.—John Waters, re-elected.
Recording Secretary.—Jeremiah Dillon, re-elected.
Corresponding Secretary.—Edward Burke.
Chaplain.—Very Rev. Oliver Kelly, V.G.

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT.

Mr. James B. Mathewson, chairman; Daniel Fitzgibbon, John Gleason, William Loneragan, Daniel Swift, members.

The former pupils of Laval University now residing at Three Rivers have presented an address to Archbishop Taschereau.

In parting from Mr. Workman as Mayor, we are sure we but speak the sentiments of the citizens generally when we express the earnest hope that he may be long spared in health and vigour, to afford to his fellow citizens the benefit of his wise counsels in all matters of public interest. And in welcoming his successor, Judge Cusack, to the civic chair, we can wish him no higher honor than that at the close of his career he may have as bright and unblemished a record as that which distinguished the chief magistracy of his predecessor.—*Gazette 8th inst.*

RE-VACCINATION.—A memorandum has been issued from the medical department of the Privy Council, pointing out how important it is that all persons who have been vaccinated in infancy, should, as they approach adult life, undergo re-vaccination. Generally speaking, the best time of life for the latter operation is from 15 to 18 years of age, and no person ought to postpone it until a period when there is a special alarm of small-pox. But in circumstances of danger, every one past childhood, upon whom re-vaccination has not been successfully performed, ought without delay to submit to the operation.

The *Montreal Gazette* is justly indignant at the conduct of the Ontario Battalion in Manitoba. It says:—"If the Adjutant-General cannot find adequate means to properly and very severely punish the offenders, we will class him as a soldier very much in the same category. Gross insubordination makes in the soldier a grave crime, occasionally and properly punishable by death. In the present instance we believe that death would prove a penalty excessive, and we would gladly see degradation substituted instead; but that degradation should be conspicuous and unmistakable, and each rowdy who bears his brand should carry it upon his forehead for the rest of his life. It goes on to speak of the Ontarios as uninformed roughs, has a fling at Blackwood and Col. Wolsley, and ends as follows:—"It is, we gravely fear, this irrational longing to be avenged upon the authors of the rebellion which has helped on most powerfully the mischief. If so, we can but say that the sooner the whole force is disbanded the better. It has been sent to Manitoba to maintain order, and it disgraces its cloth by creating disorder. It is an evil augury of the future efficiency of the standing Canadian army."

A DISAPPOINTMENT FOR NOVA SCOTIA.—The bill to repeal duty on Nova Scotia coal was killed in the Senate. Members talked against time, and thus strangled it. Southern democrats have no interest in assisting New England manufacturers to purchase cheap coal, and if Republicans will persist in imposing reconstruction acts on the South, they must expect to be paid back in their own coin when opportunity offers. We are sorry for Nova Scotia's sake that the bill failed, but the fact that such a bill was brought into Congress and passed by an overwhelming majority furnishes unquestionable proof that the United States want Nova Scotia coal, and that if the duty be removed, the repeal of the duty will be dictated exclusively by a regard for American interests.

We hear it rumored that our fishery rights are to be surrendered. We hope, if such should prove to be the case, that our intelligence will not be insulted by writers telling us that the surrender was in exchange for free trade in coal.—*Mont. Daily News*.

MUSICAL SERVICE AND LECTURE.—Last night a grand musical service was held, and a lecture given, in St. Michael's Cathedral, in aid of the poor families visited by the Society of St. Vincent de Paul, of this city. The large building was thronged, and a great many of the audience were Protestants. The choruses "Domine ad adjuvandum," "Magnificat," "Veni Creator," and "Magne Dominus," and a Gregorian chant, "Laudate pueri," were sung antiphonically, and with grand effect, by a strong choir in the gallery and a choir of children in the chancel. Another Gregorian chant, sung by the adult choir, was "Dixit Dominus," the music of which was ex-

quisite. Both choirs also sang "O, cor amoris," containing a solo, which was well rendered by Miss Healy. Mrs. Meyers sang "Ave Maria," and Mrs. P. Hughes another solo, "O Salutaris." The singing of both of these ladies was much admired. Mrs. Macnamara, Father Laurent and Mr. Macnamara sang a beautiful trio, "Tantum ergo." While the "Magnificat" was being sung a collection in aid of the funds of the Society of St. Vincent de Paul was taken up, and after the "Veni Creator" the Venerable Archdeacon Northgave delivered an exhaustive lecture on "The Canon of Scripture." He stated that what books of scripture were canonical could only be determined by the authority of an infallible church, and then proceeded to combat all other modes that had been given with a view to prove their fallacy. The musical service was conducted by the Rev. J. M. Laurent, P.P. of St. Patrick's; and Mr. Lemaitre, of the same church, presided at the organ.—*Globe, 6th inst.*

We are sorry to learn the death of the Rev. Joseph Catellier, formerly chaplain to the Marine Hospital, and for the last 14 years vicar at St. Roch's church. The deceased was one of the most promising members of the Catholic clergy, he having refused on several occasions, on account of ill health, many important posts of honor and emolument.—*Quebec Mercury*.

A flock of wild geese in the latter part of February, passed over Lake Ontario, Northwest. Flocks of migrating crows also made their appearance. This is earlier than usual, and denotes an early Spring. Many hybridating butterflies were also seen in the neighborhood of Kingston, last month.

The *Globe* complains in strong language of the prevalence of Sunday roadways in Toronto. As in Ottawa it seems scarcely safe for respectable women to appear in the streets unprotected.

STRATFORD, March 9.—A prepossessing youth of fifteen summers, named Henry Chaplin, lately arrived from Liverpool, and apprenticed to the tailoring business, went through one of his fellow boarders to the tune of over seven hundred dollars. He was caught on the train east of Paris on his way to Uncle Sam's dominions. When taken by the conductor he tried both pistol and knife. The money was secured, and he was handed over to the authorities at Fort Erie. In bringing him back he made a bold start to get free, and jumped from the train; but was secured after a hard race and brought back with the handcuffs on and lodged in safe quarters, where he will not likely do any mischief for some time.

In the Prince Edward Island Assembly during the debate on the Railroad paragraph in the Address in answer to the Governor's speech, an honorable member told the following story, which is said to be true. A gentleman travelling from Shediac to St. John happened to be some place near by where the passenger train was passing along the Shediac line. He wanted to get on the train, and shouted out his desire to do so. It did not wait; so being one of those who have no need to offer up the Scotchman's prayer, "O! Lord, give us a guid onroad o' ourselves," he shouted out, "Stop the train! Stop the train! I'm a member of the Prince Edward Island House of Assembly. The train did not stop; and the honorable member has been disgusted with the very mention of Railroads ever since.

A recently compiled return of the quantity of coal exported from Nova Scotia to the other Provinces in the Dominion during the past three years shows that in 1868 only 21,696 tons were so exported, while in 1869 the quantity had risen to 49,382, and in 1870 to no less than 78,522 tons. The largest quantity came from Glace Bay and Gouville.

Several new cases of small pox and two deaths are reported at St. John, N.B. Compulsory vaccination is enforced. The whole city is laid out in districts with medical officers for each.

BREAKFAST.—EPPE'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favourite. The *Civil Service Gazette* remarks:—"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Eppe has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tin-lined packets, labelled—JAMES EPPS & CO., Homoeopathic Chemists, London.

REMITTANCES RECEIVED.

Chatham, N.B., J. Grant, \$2; Clayton, J. Foley, Sr., \$1.50; Port Dalhousie, H. McNally, \$4; Toronto, C. Cashman, \$3; St. Jerome, Rev. A. Labelle, \$5; Leeds, T. Seaton, \$2.25; Milford, P. Bond, \$1; Rawdon, H. Coffey, \$2; Winslow, Minn., M. Corcoran, \$1; Toronto, Rev. J. B. Proulx, \$4; Madoc, T. Maron, \$4; Cornwall, D. A. McDonald, (Archy), \$2; Kars, J. O'Connor, \$2; Sherbrooke, M. McCarthy, \$2; Martintown, D. McDonald, \$2; St. Cyprien, Rev. P. Morrison, \$2; Kingsbridge, F. L. Egan, \$3; St. Catherine, de Fossambault, P. Meagher, \$2; Hochelaga, Rev. J. Loneragan, \$2.
Per F. O'Neill, Antwerp, Fitzroy Harbor, Mrs. Copps, \$5.
Per J. O'Reilly, Dartford, T. O'Reilly, \$2.
Per W. Chisholm, Cornwall, Dalhousie Mills, Miss M. McDonald, \$1.
Per J. Harris, Guelph, O. Brady, \$1; Ferguson, D. McGregor, \$2.

Birth.

In this city, on Sunday the 19th ult., the wife of Mr. Michael McShane, of a daughter.

In this city, on the 3rd inst., at No. 17 Aylmer Street, the wife of Mr. Patrick Rowland, of a daughter.

Died.

On Wednesday, the 8th inst., Catherine Workman widow of the late Joseph Workman. This venerable lady lived to the age of 103 years and 23 days, and retained her faculties to the last. She was mother of eight sons and one daughter, of whom are resident in this city William and Thomas Workman, and Mrs. Henry Mulholland.

EMPLOYMENT WANTED.

AN English Lady, well educated and experienced, desires a situation as companion to an invalid, to superintend a house, or in any position of trust.—Apply to "M. L." True Witness Office.

NOTICE.

THE Partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned as Tea and General Commission Merchants, under the name style and firm of CUVILLIER & CO., was dissolved by mutual consent on the 9th of March, 1871.

Signed,

MAURICE CUVILLIER,
D. P. BEATTIE,
CHAS. A. WALTERS.

And Maurice Cuvillier and Chas. A. Walters will continue to carry on the business of the late firm under the name and style of CUVILLIER & CO.

WANTED.

BOARD in a respectable Catholic private family for three persons. Two Bed-rooms and Parlour.
Address, A. J., True Witness Office.

MONTREAL WHOLESALE MARKETS.

March 13.	
Flour #1 of 196 lb.—Pollards.....	\$3.75 @ \$4.25
Middlings.....	5.00 @ 5.25
Fine.....	5.50 @ 5.60
Superior, No. 2.....	5.90 @ 6.00
Superline.....	5.90 @ 6.00
Fancy.....	6.60 @ 6.70
Extra.....	6.90 @ 7.00
Superior Extra.....	7.20 @ 7.30
Bag Flour #1 100 lb.....	3.27 @ 3.30
Oatmeal #1 of 200 lb.....	5.90 @ 6.00
Wheat #1 bush, of 60 lbs. U.C. Spring.....	1.20 @ 1.23
Ashe #1 100 lb., First Pots.....	5.87 @ 7.95
Seconds.....	5.10 @ 5.15
Thirds.....	4.55 @ 6.00
First Potatoes.....	6.65 @ 6.75
Pork #1 of 200 lb.—Mess.....	22.00 @ 22.25
Thin Mess.....	20.50 @ 20.60
Prime.....	16.00 @ 16.50
Butter #1 lb.....	0.19 @ 0.2
Cheese #1 lb.....	0.12 @ 0.14
Lard #1 lb.....	0.12 @ 0.13
Barley #1 48 lb.....	0.60 @ 0.65
Pense #1 60 lb.....	0.98 @ 1.00

MONTREAL RETAIL MARKET PRICES.

March 13, 1870.	
RETAIL	
WHOLESALE	
Flour #1 100 lb.....	16.00 to 17.00
Oatmeal.....	16.30 to 17.60
Indian Meal, (Ohio).....	11.00 to 11.10

GRAIN.

Wheat #1 50 lbs.....	0.00 @ 0.00
Barley.....	0.00 @ 0.00
Pense.....	0.00 @ 0.00
Oats.....	0.00 @ 0.00
Buckwheat.....	0.00 @ 0.00
Indian Corn, (Ohio).....	0.00 @ 0.00
Rye.....	0.00 @ 0.00
Flax Seed.....	0.00 @ 0.00
Timothy.....	0.00 @ 0.00

MEATS.

Beef, per lb.....	0.00 @ 0.00
Pork.....	0.00 @ 0.00
Mutton.....	0.00 @ 0.00
Lamb, per lb.....	0.00 @ 0.00
Veal, per lb.....	0.00 @ 0.00
Beef, per 100 lbs.....	\$5.00 @ \$7.00
Pork, fresh.....	\$9.00 @ \$9.75

LARDY PRODUCE.

Butter, fresh, per lb.....	0.00 @ 0.00
Do salt.....	0.00 @ 0.00
Cheese.....	0.00 @ 0.00

MISCELLANEOUS.

Potatoes, per bag (Hov.).....	2.00 @ 2.20
Turnips.....	0.00 @ 0.00
Onions, per minot.....	0.00 @ 0.00
Maple Sugar, per lb.....	0.00 @ 0.00
Honey, per lb.....	0.00 @ 0.00
Lard, per lb.....	0.00 @ 0.00
Eggs (fresh), per doz.....	1.20 @ 1.50
Eggs (per doz), by brl.....	0.00 @ 0.00
Halibut per lb.....	1.00 @ 0.00
Halibut.....	0.00 @ 0.00
Apples, per barrel.....	\$0.00 @ \$0.00
Hay.....	\$0.00 @ \$0.00
Straw.....	\$0.00 @ \$0.00

PRICES CURRENT OF LEATHER.

MONTREAL, March 13, 1870	
Cents.	
Horn Spanish Sole, No. 1 (b.a.) per lb.....	24 to 26
do do No. 2.....	24 to 26
Slaughter No. 1.....	27 to 28
do No. 2.....	00 to 00
Waxed Upper, light and medium.....	43 to 46
do do heavy.....	40 to 45
Grained do.....	40 to 43
Splits large.....	30 to 37
do small.....	20 to 30
Kips, City Slaughter (whole).....	00 to 00
do ordinary.....	00 to 00
Calf-Skin (27 to 36 lbs. per dozen).....	65 to 80
do (18 to 26 lbs. per dozen).....	60 to 70
Sheep-Skin (whole).....	27 to 33
Harness.....	30 to 33
Buff Cow, per foot.....	14 to 17
Peblled Cow, do.....	15 to 16
Embossed Cow do.....	18 to 19
Patent Cow do.....	19 to 20
Tough.....	27 to 30
English Oak Sole.....	38 to 41
English Kips.....	55 to 65

SITUATION WANTED.

By a person of long experience in the Tailoring business, capable of conducting a ready-made or custom trade. Country town in Upper Canada preferred. Ability in either department first class.
Address "D. M. D." True Witness Office.

TEACHER WANTED.

WANTED an ENGLISH ROMAN CATHOLIC TEACHER for Commercial Branches. A person who speaks both languages, and has been engaged in business before, will be preferred. To a competent person a liberal salary will be given.
Address Box 313 P. O., Montreal.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

In the matter of EDMOND GATES, Trader, Joliette, Insolvent.
A dividend sheet has been prepared, open to objection until the fourteenth day of March next (1871), after which dividend will be paid.
Joliette, 27 February, 1871.
A. MAGNAN, Assignee.