ILL'S

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goods.

apers are only
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siery.

r west window for
d styles. Come in-
amine the qualities:
Lisle Thread Hose re-
m 27c to 12½c a pair.
Cotton Hose, regular
; sale price 3 pairs

Black Cotton Hose,
rice 14c; sale price

n's Cotton Hose, regu-
11c; sale price 8c
Seamless New York
es, 10c.
es we have all sizes,
nd colors in Lisle
ilk and Taffeta.
Colored Lisle Gloves,
rice 15c; sale price

Taffeta, extra fine,
rom 37½c to 25c.
Pure Silk Gloves re-
30c.

l Wares.

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et the benefit. At
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ieces, various kinds,
d Plain Ribbons, all
5c a yard.
es Pure Silk Sash
regular price 25c,
12½c.
Real Maltese Laces,
rice 40c to 60c, sell-
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en French Wover.
educed from $1 to

es, 6-inch all Wool
ular price 15c, sell-

American Leather
ced to 20c.

LL'S

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MORNING EDITION.

London Advertiser.

MORNING EDITION.

VOL. XXVIII., NO 237. THURSDAY MORNING, JULY 30, 1891. WHOLE NO. 9006.

...es and Figures

...stain the Damaging Testimony of Witness Murphy.

...mense Profits Made by the Favored Firm.

...ding Confessions of Government Engineer Arnoldi.

...ore Interesting Developments on the Card.

Minister Dewdney's Butler Gets His Salary From the Public Treasury.

An Affair in Which a Cabinet Minister's Morals Are Involved.

DOCUMENTS CONFIRM MURPHY'S EVIDENCE.

OTTAWA, July 29.—The accountants appointed by the Privileges and Elections Committee to examine the books and accounts of the firm of Larkin, Connolly & Co., presented their first report yesterday. Messrs. W. Cross and J. B. Lang, to whom work was intrusted, appear to have it well. The examination of the ...nts show that practically $1,000,... been filched from the treasury and among the gang of swindlers. The ...ve drawn $3,138,234 from the ...unds. Of that they expended it is be... $2,184,259 in a legitimate way, and ...maining $1,000,000 was clear "away," ...a grand total altogether of $3,...

The total payments to the firm ...oned up by years and given as

.....	$ 18,137	1885.....	$463,268
.....	38,667	1886.....	547,408
.....	64,342	1887.....	542,276
.....	93,763	1888.....	466,776
.....	72,069	1889.....	284,183
.....	174,758	1890.....	73,602
.....	237,839	1891.....	10,183

...rofits and apportionments of the ...is shown on one of the schedules ...: Out of a total of $755,061 ...kin got $106,661; N. K. Con...72; M. Connolly, $125,000; O. ... $157,004, and Robert H. ...7,800. In some of the ...partners appear to have ...t in most Robert Mc... the heavies pull, his ...t including Uncle Tom's ...own, except what went ...er in the way of donations. ...ow the distribution took ...graving dock, P. Larkin, ...K. Connolly, $17,976; M. Con...76; O. E. Murphy, $17,976. ...Greevy's name does not appear ... there is the Quebec harbor ... Larkin, N. K. Connolly, M. ...Murphy, $8,750 each, and Robert ...$15,000. Quebec harbor works, ... Larkin, the two Connollys and ...each $5,250 and Robert Mc... $9,000; Quebec harbor works, ...ow Larkin, the two Con... and Murphy $17,500 and ...cGreevy $30,000. The Quebec ...orks, 1889, show Larkin to be ...K. Connolly's share as $45,500; ...onnolly's and Murphy's as $22,750 ...R. H. McGreevy's as $39,000. ...ers, with the exception of Larkin, ...at, divided two sums of $10,000 ...nongst themselves with respect to ...wall, Quebec, and the entrance ...ut of Esquimalt Larkin and Robt. ...y drew $48,195; the two Connollys ...phy $45,195 each. The partners' ...s by way of salary, amounting in ...egate to $48,466, show as follows ...0 to 1888:

...nnolly.....	$19,156
...lly.....	18,500
.....	10,809

...ld appear that neither Larkin nor ...McGreevy received salary. The ... following, which is marked E, ...e donations in connection with the ...aving dock. They reach a total of ...

The largest item is the $22,000, ...hich so much has been heard in the ...y paid for notes on April 30, ...

...bec books, "Suspense account," ...schedule G, is a considerably ...item. It amounts to $57,618. Here ...the largest entry is a sum of $25,000. ...lated March 28, 1887, and reads thus, ...cks charged to Esquimalt dock, now ...sferred, $25,000. It will be remembered ...he reason given by Martin Connolly ...o checks were charged in the first in... to British Columbia was that they ...for the time go against the large ...$70,000 odd anticipated from that ...hese $25,000 amounts in each ac... ...moneys believed to have gone to ...nas.

...mportant account is that made ... Esquimalt books. It amounts ...29 and is devisible into three ...lows: Business expenses, $6,... ...ments to R. H. McGreevy of ...erest in the profits treated in ...heet, $48,195 81, and dona... ...ordinary payments, $35,085. ... R. H. McGreevy and partner ...ar in these books," say the ...ut to certain payments in the ...etters E. W. are appended and ...to apply to him. The letters ...East wind," by which designa... ...was not unknown to the em... ...the firm.

...uebec books the names of the ... Brunnelle, Pelletier and Ger... ...e conspicuously. After July ...names are given against these ... They appear in this form: ...P, $100;" "Donation G, $105;" ...B, $154." In these letters, ... quite frequently in the ac... ... easy to recognize the first let... ...rnames of the inspectors. But ...any sums set down with no ...te them at all.

...ntants comment upon a sum of ...in favor of Michael Connolly, ...re is no trace of such payment, ... to the entry of one of the ...o for P. L.," relating to the ...ppears that there has been an erasure where the figure 6 appears. The history of the $27,000 made up of $5,000 notes, and a check for $2,000 is also traced.

The conclusion to be drawn is that Murphy's evidence has been confirmed most completely, down almost to the minutest detail, by the books of the firm. Murphy's personal diary has been carefully dissected, and as a record it seems to be wonderfully complete.

AN INTERESTING EVENT.

The appearance of Mr. John R. Arnoldi before the Public Accounts Committee was an interesting event. John Roger Arnoldi is chief mechanical engineer in Sir Hector's department. He admitted to the committee that he paid nothing for the steamer Joe, for the use of which the department has been giving him $100 per month in summer. He got the steamer Joe as a present from a brother-in-law of his, named Meddy, and it was at first registered in the name of W. A. Allan, a contractor with the Public Works Department, with whom he had private dealings amounting to $50,000 or $60,000. He confessed that he had a horse which had been bought two and a-half years ago by J. R. Wilson, in whose name his yacht is now registered; that he had selected the horse; that it was sent to him at Ottawa, and that up to this time he had not paid for it, nor given any note for it, nor been dunned for the amount. He confessed that he had got a watch chain and a pipe, and that his family had received jewelry and furniture from the firm of Chanteloupe & Co., of Montreal, from whom he buys extensively for the department. He confessed that he had received a pair of bronze dogs, valued at $500, from an agent of the Edison Electric Light Company, who have the contract for lighting the Parliamentary and departmental buildings and grounds. It seems, too, that not only has he charged $100 a month for the yacht, but all repairs to the vessel were made at the public expense. The meals for the crew and the charges for pilotage were charged to the public, while the accounts show that he generally traveled by rail on his visits of inspection, and that his traveling expenses were always charged in the public accounts. It may be mentioned in passing that Arnoldi lives in one of the most magnificent private residences in Ottawa. He cuts a wide swath in the society of the capital, and his yachting parties have been the envy of the smaller fry in the service. In his defense he resurrected the stale partisan charge that Mr. Charles Mackenzie was improperly connected with the firm of Cooper, Fairman & Co., and in that connection he professed to find a precedent for his own conduct, and sought to justify his practice of drawing money in the names of other people for services he had not performed or had no right to perform. But Mr. Chas. Mackenzie was not a member of the civil service, and the whole defense was so weak and contemptible that even Mr. Haggart and Dr. Sproule and Mr. Geo. Taylor seemed ashamed to give it countenance. Arnoldi, in further justification of himself, told the committee that in 1874 Robert Steed, of Sarnia, a brother-in-law of Mr. Mackenzie, had rebuilt a dredge and drawn the money in the name of John King, but Mr. Lister spoiled the story by pointing out that Mr. King was the head of the shipbuilding firm of which Mr. Steed was a member, and that the contract was let to the lowest tenderer.

MORE WORK CUT OUT FOR THE COMMITTEE.

To-day the inquiry into the frauds in the Interior Department is to be resumed. It looks as though the committee had work for weeks ahead. Mr. Mulock asked for an investigation into payments made in connection with a yacht belonging to Lieut.-Governor Schultz of Manitoba, where the men in whose names the checks were issued seem to deny that they have received the amounts. The inquiry into the management of the printing bureau has not been touched, and there are other matters to be investigated of which the public have had no intimation.

A QUEER WITNESS.

Laforce Langevin, who appeared before the McGreevy Committee yesterday, proved to be the queerest witness they have yet wrestled with. He appeared to be particularly amused when he was questioned touching the $5,000 he is alleged to have received from Nicholas Connolly. The story the prosecution has is that Laforce got this money in 1887, and sent it to Three Rivers for use in his father's election; that he sent Joseph Lachance to Three Rivers with the money; and that he told Onesime Thibault, while driving with him on the day of the election, that he had sent the money to Three Rivers. Laforce denies the story, and says with a laugh that though he did not get the money, he may have said to Nicholas Connolly chaffingly that $5,000 would go well in Three Rivers, and to Lahance and Thibault that such a contribution to the funds would be useful. Then, treating it as a hugh joke, Laforce added that $5,000 was about the ticket for a contractor, and declared that a firm with a large contract ought to give liberally. While Laforce's evidence was favorable to his father it was not altogether satisfactory to himself. It seems that he borrowed $600 from Larkin, Connolly & Co.'s engineer in order to build a fire ladder, of which he or Thibault was the inventor, and that he has not repaid more than $200 of the money. It is claimed by the prosecution that the $600 really came from the Connollys, and that no part of it has been returned. But Laforce's story puts a better face upon the affair, though it must be said that even his version is not creditable to him. Thibault, it should be added, swears that Laforce did tell him that he sent $5,000 to Three Rivers for his father's election.

A MINISTER INVOLVED.

The Ottawa correspondent of the Kingston News (Con.), announces that the investigation into the Postmaster-General's department will, it is understood, be a delightful morsel to the prurient and scandal-loving public when it comes off. The adventures of a pretty typewriter will, it is said, form one of the salient features, and a tale of innocence betrayed and afterwards solaced by a sinecure and boodle, will be unfolded by the fair principal herself. In this investigation sentiment will be the keynote, and not a murmur heard of such sordid matters as contracts, testimonials, blackmail, election funds, etc. It will be a pretty little comedy entitled "L'Homme Galante," and a well-known Cabinet minister will enact the title role. Some one tells a story of a snap camera photograph.

ARNOLDI SUSPENDED.

Another suspension has taken place. The victim in this instance is John R. Arnoldi, mechanical engineer of the Public Works Department. The cause of his suspension is his ownership of the steam yacht Joe, which he rented to the Government for $100 a month. It was supposed by the Government that the yacht was being rented from Wilson, of Montreal, in whose name it is registered.

Associated Press Dispatch.]

ANOTHER SHADY PIECE OF BUSINESS.

OTTAWA, July 29.—The Public Accounts Committee to-day learned from John Mason, a Government carpenter, that he got a ten days' leave of absence to make various articles of furniture for Hon. Mr. Dewdney, Minister of the Interior. Mr. Mason was paid privately by Dewdney.

[Special to the ADVERTISER.]

DEWDNEY'S BUTLER—THE PEOPLE PAY THE PIPER.

OTTAWA, Ont., July 29.—The main interest this morning was in the Public Accounts Committee where a messenger in the Interior Department admitted that he lived at Mr. Dewdney's house and acted as his butler.

Mr. Foster did his best to stop this inquiry, but the combative Somerville was not to be stopped easily.

Nothing particular came out of the Tarte inquiry. The cross-examination of Robt. H. McGreevy was advanced another stage without damaging it.

NOTES.

As a result of the investigation the treasury has been enriched by the addition of the duty on the bronze dogs, Mr. Arnoldi having felt it incumbent upon him to enter them at customs.

SELF-SATISFIED.

Salisbury at the Lord Mayor's Banquet.

Reviews the Work of His Colleagues and Himself—The Eastern Problem Still Unsolved—The Seal and Lobster Questions.

LONDON, July 30.—Lord Salisbury in his speech at the Lord Mayor's banquet last night reviewed the labors of the present session of Parliament. He said hard and valuable work had been done, and the obstruction formerly hindering legislation had almost disappeared. He rejoiced at the passing of the Education Bill as calculated to support the system of religion which the people loved.

Regarding Ireland Lord Salisbury said the Government had applied a successful remedy to evils long suffered there, and could look back on its policy with satisfaction. Five years ago he had expressed the belief that Ireland must be governed resolutely. Mr. Balfour's success was largely due to the fact that those serving under him were assured that they would be supported and not handed over to their enemies. Mr. Balfour's administration owed its success to persistence and resolution. (Cheers.) Respect for the law followed, the people feeling that resistance to the law was futile. The Land Act, Lord Salisbury declared, will be found not to be a temporary palliative, but a permanent cure for the troubles of many generations. "It will draw closer the bond uniting the two countries. England in the last election declared against the severance of the bond and I believe the decision is irrevocable." (Cheers.)

Referring to foreign powers Lord Salisbury said he never knew a period when Europe was more tranquil than at the present time. In South America alone was there a weary quarrel and constant disorder. The English Government had been pressed to arbitrate in the Chilian dispute and in the adjustment of the Argentine finances, but England could not undertake either task.

Referring to the eastern question Lord Salisbury said that problem had not yet been solved, but Egypt and Bulgaria were showing such rapid development that they promised to settle the difficulty without any external interference.

The Premier next spoke of the value of the visit of Emperor William and the Prince of Naples in assuring the world of the peaceful bias of the great powers. He said he hoped in the course of a few weeks to welcome to England the fleet of the French Republic. (Cheers). There had been talk, he continued, of certain treaties threatening the peace of the world but he knew nothing of them. He believed the nations would work in harmony with each other, more on account of their kindred interests than on account of mere paper treaties."

Referring to the seal and lobster disputes Lord Salisbury said they dragged their slow length along with the calmness and slowness suitable to those animals. It was useless, he added, to imagine that the luxury of carrying on these negotiations would cease for any Minister for a considerable number of years.

NOTHING IN IT.

The Truth of the Reported Grand Trunk and C. P. R. Deal Denied.

LONDON, July 30.—A statement which may be taken as authentic appears in the Canadian Gazette this week regarding the visit to this country of President Van Horne, of the C. P. R. The Gazette says: "The visit is mainly on personal grounds, and not one of the wonderful reasons for it given in the press has any foundation whatever."

As to the rumored union with the Grand Trunk, the interest of the two roads and Canada lies not in union, but in above-board rivalry.

Steamship Arrivals.

July 28,	At	From.
Wisconsin	Queenstown	New York
Spree	Southampton	New York
City of Paris	Liverpool	New York
Caspian	Liverpool	Baltimore
Corean	Quebec	Glasgow
Dominion	Father Point	Bristol
Circassia	Moville	New York
Spaa	New York	Rotterdam
Ontario	Quebec	Liverpool
Colina	Quebec	Glasgow
Servia	Southampton	New York

MONTREAL, July 28.—The Allan steamship Rosarian, which arrived at London on Sunday afternoon, landed her 291 oxen and 1,923 sheep in good order, with the exception of sixteen sheep, which died on the passage.

Among the pains and aches cured with marvelous rapidity with Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, is ear-ache. The young are especially subject to it, and the desirability of this Oil as a family remedy is enhanced by the fact that it is admirably adapted not only to the above ailment, but also to the hurts, disorders of the bowels, and affections of the throat, to which the young are specially subject.

G. F. Robertson's, 650 Dundas street, palm leaf fans at 2 cents; Japanese fans from 5 cents to 25 cents; hammocks, 60 cents up. Cheap staple and fancy stationery. ADVERTISER and Free Press 6 cents per week. yw

TERSE TELEGRAMS

Wired From Every Quarter of the Globe.

Fourteen Men Drowned by the Capsizing of a Boat—Message From the Czar to the French President.

CANADIAN.

The memorial monument of the late ex-Premier Norquay will be unveiled at Winnipeg on Saturday.

Lightning badly damaged the houses of John Drummond and W. Boyd at Gravenhurst Tuesday night.

The delegates to the Orange Grand Lodge of British North America were banqueted by the Kingston brethren last night.

Archbishop Tache has almost entirely recovered from his recent serious illness and will be able to officiate at consecration of Father Grouard as bishop of Athabasca and Mackenzie on Saturday.

Haldimand county association of the Patrons of Industry held a picnic at Dunnville on Monday. Addresses were delivered by Capt. Robertson, county president, Grand Secretary Welsh and others.

F. H. Hudon & Co., Montreal, have been defrauded of a large sum by a commercial traveler named P. Bussiere. In many instances Bussiere informed his employer he was forced to sell on time, whereas it was discovered that the customers had paid cash for the goods on delivery.

UNITED STATES.

J. B. Erhart, collector of customs at New York, has resigned because he was asked to cut down his staff by discharging 100 men.

The Baltimore United Oil Company's tanks, located at Canton, were struck by lightning last night, and $100,000 will not cover the loss.

Thirty Russian immigrants who arrived at Boston on a steamer from Liverpool yesterday have been refused permission to land, as they are deemed likely to be a public charge.

Dennis Quigley, an inmate of a Paterson, N. J., hospital, had not tasted food for 60 days until Saturday last, when he ate a hearty meal. He was undergoing treatment for spinal and stomach trouble.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN.

A crowd of 25,000 people witnessed the funeral of the victims of the French railway disaster yesterday.

Fourteen employes of the waterworks at Essen were drowned yesterday while crossing the Ruhr, the boat in which they were crossing having capsized.

The Russian Government has decorated Admiral Vignos and Commandant Lefbvre, the chief officer and second officer respectively of the French Ministry of Marine.

The Chilian cruiser President Pinto, which went ashore at Toulon a few days ago, has been re-floated and docked. Her screw is broken and her hull is damaged.

Letters from Guatemala says attempts have been made on the life of President Barillas, and a revolution is inevitable. The dearth of corn and other articles is causing great suffering.

The American dory Mermaid, from Boston for London, was spoken to July 13 in latitude 43 north, longitude 49 west. The Mermaid is racing across the Atlantic with the dory Sea Serpent, of New York.

Admiral Gervais, of the visiting French squadron, declares he has not been intrusted with a political mission to Russia, but only to convey to Russia the friendly sentiments of the French Government and its people.

The Czar's message ro President Carnot, in regard to the visit of the French fleet to Cronstadt, says: "The presence of the fleet is a fresh testimony of the profound sympathy uniting France and Russia. I have at heart to express to you my warm satisfaction on this account.

IN DEEP WATER.

How Non-Swimmers May Avoid Being Drowned.

Many who cannot swim get into deep water and drown, says the Canadian Health Journal, when they should not. In want of "presence of mind" when one is suddenly thrown in the water is the greatest difficulty. Dr. MacCormac, of Belfast, Ireland, writes that it is not at all necessary that a person knowing nothing of the art of swimming should be drowned if he depends simply and entirely on the powers for self-preservation with which nature has endowed him. "When one of the inferior animals takes to the water, falls, or is thrown in, it instantly begins to walks as it does when out of the water. But when a man who cannot "swim" falls into the water he makes a few spasmodic struggles, throws up his arms, and drowns. The brute, on the other hand, treads water, remains on the surface, and is virtually insubmergeable. In order then to escape drowning it is only necessary to do as the brute does, and that is to tread or walk the water. The brute has no advantage in regard of its relative weight in respect of the water over man, and yet the man perishes while the brute lives. Nevertheless, any man, any woman, any child, who can walk on the land may also walk in the water just as readily as the animal does, and that without any prior instructions in drilling whatever." There is much in this, and if people who cannot swim would endeavor to impress it on their minds when in the water they might be able to practice it in case of accident.

He Was Skylarking.

NEW YORK, July 29.—Patrick Butler, the featherweight champion of the Brooklyn Athletic Club, was drowned yesterday in the East River. He was skylarking in a rowboat with a number of friends and the boat capsized. Butler was the only one of the party who could not swim and he was consequently drowned.

The Mt. Blanc Observatory Project.

PARIS, July 29.—M. Bischoffsheim, the banker, Prince Roland Bonaparte, Alphonse Rothschild and M. Eiffel, the engineer, have offered to support Janssen's project for the erection of an observatory on the summit of Mount Blanc. M. Eiffel proposes the building of a horizontal tunnel for the purpose of protecting workmen during the prevalence of storms, and to ascertain the thickness of the ice. The ice being possibly 50 metres in depth the project must be abandoned because it is imperative that the foundation of the proposed observatory be built of solid rock.

WAVE OVER WAVE!

A Destructive Cloudburst at Austin, Nevada.

Stones Weighing Over a Ton Swept Down the Mountain Side.

Streets Buried Under Four Feet of Mud—Council Bluffs, Iowa, Also Visited.

COUNCIL BLUFFS, Ia., July 29.—A destructive cloudburst occurred last night five miles north-east of here and caused great damage in this city. Indian Creek, which runs through the heart of the city, rose at the rate of

AN INCH A MINUTE.

The water overflowed the banks and swept through the streets, flooding business houses and residences on the bottoms. In West Council Bluffs people were driven from their homes. The damage exceeds $25,000.

TREMENDOUS DELUGE.

AUSTIN, Nev., July 29.—This town was visited by a cloudburst yesterday, and great damage was done. Clouds had overhung the mountain tops for several days, and shortly after 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon the steam whistles gave the people warning. In three minutes the water rushing from the summit of the mountains had reached the main street, coming wave over wave.

CARRYING EVERYTHING BEFORE IT,

including boulders weighing over a ton. The city railway was torn from its bed, and water mains were torn from three feet under. The majority of the business houses are filled with mud to a depth of three or four feet. The streets present the appearance of a volcano eruption. The damage will reach $10,000. The water receded in three hours, but the indications are that another flood will come and the people are ready to flee to the hills at a moment's notice.

RAILWAY RUMBLINGS.

Grand Trunk Railway earnings for the week ending July 25, $397,364; same time last year, $396,189; increase for 1861, $1,175.

The gross earnings of the Canadian Pacific Railway for the month of June last were $1,606,482; working expenses, $1,004,669; net profits, $601,813. In June, 1890, the net profits were $548,116.

A dispatch from Annapolis, N. S., says: "The first passenger train of the Western Counties Railway ran over the Missing Link yesterday with a large excursion party. The train left Digby at 10:55 a.m., arriving in Annapolis at 12 p.m., schedule time. This gives continuous rail connection between Yarmouth, Halifax and other points.

Had Her Nose Cut Off.

ALEXANDRIA BAY, July 29.—In a runaway here on Saturday, Miss Julia Zimmer had her spine hurt, and Miss Kate Zimmer had her nose entirely cut off. The young ladies had been violently thrown against a barbed wire fence.

Chaplin's Cattle Transportation Bill Withdrawn.

LONDON, July 29.—In the House of Commons last night the bill of Right Honorable Henry Chaplin, president of the Board of Agriculture, dealing with the Atlantic cattle trade, was withdrawn.

And Now India Gets Too Much Rain.

BOMBAY, July 29.—There have been heavy rains and serious floods in this Presidency. The roads are damaged and 60 miles of railroad has been injured by washouts. The rivers in the district of Poonap are swelling and thousands of acres of land are submerged.

Four Men Killed by a Falling Roof.

PITTSBURG, Pa., July 29.—The puddling department of the Frankstown mill on Second avenue collapsed this morning, killing four men and injuring eight others. The men were engaged in erecting the building when the supports gave way and the entire structure came down with a crash.

A Provincial Plowing Match.

GUELPH, July 30.—Arrangements have been made for holding a Provincial plowing match at the Experimental Farm here under the auspices of the Agricultural and Arts Association and the South Wellington Plowing Association, some time in the latter end of October. It is the intention to make this match one of the best that has ever been held in the Province.

Sanguinary Conflict With Nihilists.

LONDON, July 30.—A Geneva paper says the St. Petersburg police recently arrested 28 officers, 26 of whom were Nihilists, connected with a conspiracy to kill the Czar and force the Czarewitch to establish a constitutional monarchy. The Nihilists, it is said, were arrested after offering desperate resistance for two hours with their revolvers. The police were assisted by soldiers. Seven Nihilists were killed in the struggle and seven escaped.

Sudden Death of the Wetmore's Captain.

LIVERPOOL, July 29.—It was the intention of the consignors of the new American whaleback steamer Charles W. Wetmore to dispatch that vessel to-day for New York with a cargo of machinery, but their plans were disarranged by the sudden death of the commander of the vessel, Capt. Sanders. The captain did not leave his room as usual this morning, and upon investigaiont it was found that he had died in his berth during the night. The cause of death was heart disease.

The Walpole-Wiedman Case.

LONDON, July 29. — The sensational breach of promise case of Miss Wiedman against Captain the Hon. Horace Walpole, in which the plaintiff asked for $100,000 damages, and which has been in and out of the courts for two years, resulted on June 17 in a verdict of $1,500 damages for plaintiff. Capt. Walpole took the case to the Court of Appeals, and to-day that court reversed the verdict of the lower court, holding there was no corroboration of the statements that the defendant promised to marry Miss Wiedman.

Nothing impure or injurious contaminates the popular antidote to pain, throat and lung remedy and general corrective, Dr Thomas' Eclectric Oil. It may be used without the slightest apprehension of and other than salutary consequences. Coughs, rheumatism, earache, bruises, cuts and sores succumb to its action.

Missionary—I have come here, brethren, to devote my life to you. Cannibal Chief—All right; thanks. But we'll wait a while until you are a little fatter.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

COMBS,
SPONGES,
TOOTH BRUSHES,
HAIR BRUSHES.
New Goods. Reasonable in Price.

CAIRNCROSS & LAWRENCE
CHEMISTS AND DRUGGISTS.
256 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON, ONT.

TRAGEDY AT PORT ELGIN.

Bertha Chapman and Harold Heller Drowned.

PORT ELGIN, Ont., July 29.—Monday evening, about 8 o'clock, Harold Heller, George McLachlan, Bertha Chapman and Dora Balkwell left the boathouse in a row boat, intending to pass the dock and make for the quiet waters of the harbor. They had not gone far when the boat began to fill with water, became unmanageable and finally sank in the presence of several on the docks and along the beach. George McLachlan clung to the boat with one hand and in the other held Dora Balkwell, both of whom, by the assistance of swimmers, were brought to the shore. Heller's body was not noticed to rise to the surface at all. Bertha Chapman came up for a very brief space. By the time a boat could be launched and Heller's body found fully twenty minutes had elapsed. Bertha's remains were not reached till ten minutes later. Every means of restoring life was most energetically used in both cases, but without avail. After all hope of restoring life had been given up, the bodies of both the drowned persons were removed to the residence of Mr. J. A. Chapman, on Green street, whence the funeral takes place. Bertha Chapman was the eldest daughter of our widely-known citizen, Mr. J. A. Chapman, and the sympathy evinced by all for both him and his wife is most heartfelt. Bertha was a young lady of most amiable disposition, very much loved by her companions. Both she and Heller were members of the Methodist Church choir and had been in their places there the previous evening. The suddenness of the terrible shock made its force felt most keenly. Harold Heller was a son of Mr. Adam Heller and was one of the clerks in Zant Bros.' store; also a member of the M. S. band. He was a sociable, obliging young man, popular with all classes in town. His parents, brothers and sisters feel the terrible stroke of his removal most keenly. His death has cast a heavy gloom over his many friends in town.

TORONTO TOPICS.

Burst a Blood Vessel—A Sensation in Civic Circles.

TORONTO, July 30.—Patrick Higgins, aged 40, while piling lumber at the Queen's wharf yesterday afternoon burst a blood vessel in the head and expired before medical aid could be summoned.

Action has been entered by two or three friends of the cause of the park orators on Sunday, with a view to quashing the bylaw prohibiting public speaking there on the Sabbath. It will come up before Judge Street on Aug. 4.

A sensation was sprung upon the city yesterday in the shape of an announcement from Ex-Ald. E. A. Macdonald that he had received a consideration from certain unnamed parties which was more than sufficient to cover all the costs he had incurred against the city in connection with the street railway franchise, and on the strength of which he had promised to drop the action entirely. He made no promise of secrecy, and so is at liberty to give his reasons for the discontinuance of the action. Acting City Solicitor Mowat stated that he had received from Mr. Macdonald's lawyer, Mr. Wallbridge, notice of the discontinuance of the action. Some condemn Macdonald for taking what they call a bribe; others claim it is a bold step which forces the city to take up the charges. City Solicitor Mowat, in a letter to Mr. Saunders mentioning the discontinuance of the action, says that at the examination before Special Examiner Bruce, counsel for plaintiff told him that he knew the bank outside of Toronto in which the money for corrupt purposes had been deposited, the person who handled it, and the persons who received it. Mr. Wallbridge promised to bring evidence in support of these charges. Mr. Mowat promised to facilitate Mr. Wailbridge in bringing on the necessary examinations. Now, however, owing to the discontinuance of the action on the part of Mr. Macdonald, these proceedings are at an end. Mr. Mowat advises the city that inquiries of the nature proposed can still be made in some other manner, if it is deemed necessary. The affair is creating a great sensation in the city.

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