

IN THE FEDERAL HOUSE

Monday's Session.
Ottawa, March 7.—The navy debate is still dragging out its weary length, but tomorrow will probably see the end of it. Arthur Lachance, Liberal member for Quebec Centre, re-opened the debate today. He supported the government bill on the ground that it was necessary for Canada. The tendency of the empire was to break up, he said, and if the British empire breaks up, Canadians would need a navy to defend themselves. If the empire did not fall, they would need a navy to maintain the supremacy of the British navy. Canada he argued should keep control of her ships in order to preserve her autonomy.

Geo. H. Parley, Conservative of Argenteuil, supported R. L. Borden's policy. He said the government had put forward its scheme as fulfillment of the wishes of British admiralty, yet there was nothing in the official report of the conference to show that the British government even approved of the proposal which the Canadian government had put forward.

On the other hand, what the British government suggested was a fleet unit, which Canada had refused. John Heron, Conservative, Alberta, said that last year he had not altogether approved of the resolution which was unanimously passed by the house, but he was prepared to take his share of the responsibility for what had been done. He stood by it until the Canadian delegates had returned from the Imperial conference and had shown that they did not intend to stick to the resolution nor had the bill attempted in any way to carry out the terms of the resolution, the question even of what flag we were to fly was under discussion. However, Mr. Heron argued that the record of the marine department had built a dredge Sorrel at a cost of \$200,000 or more. It was launched but when the machinery was installed it had not been caught with grappling irons and taken back to the docks, where a false bottom was made to keep it afloat.

Mr. Heron concluded by reading a letter from a former general naval officer now domiciled in Canada and a naturalized British subject, which urged, he pointed out, more strongly than anything said in the house a direct contribution to the British navy.

Other speakers were O. S. Crockett, York, N.B.; F. E. Lawler, Haldimand; Peter Elson, Middlesex, who supported Mr. Borden's amendment; and H. D. McAllister, Kings and Albert. New Brunswick; J. P. Turcotte, Quebec county, and Dr. Melloy Provansher, who supported the bill.

There was a general discussion on the acquisition of water powers by railways when the bill to incorporate the Nelson River Railway Company came before the house.

Tuesday's Session.
Ottawa, Mar. 8.—The American tariff board representatives had their last conference with Hon. Mr. Fielding, minister of finance this morning and will leave for Washington tomorrow. The only official announcement made as to the results of the negotiations of the past week is simply that the exchange of views at the discussion throughout have been of the most friendly and frank character, and it is hoped that as a result of the better mutual understanding reached as to the respective American and Canadian viewpoints on the aspects of the tariff problem under consideration, there will be mutually satisfactory and peaceful outcome.

It was stated that the proceedings were naturally of a confidential nature and no announcement could be made as to what transpired prior and subsequent to the American visitors to the government at Washington.

It was further pointed out that the mission of Messrs. Emery and Pepper to Ottawa was for the purpose of investigation and for gathering information at first hand as to the feature of Canada's fiscal policy bearing on the question of undue discrimination against the United States. They had no plenary powers to promise any tariff concessions in future by the United States to Canada in return for any which might be made by Canada, and consequently no definite agreement as to mutual concessions either

present or in future could be made. So far as can be learned the situation now remains practically as stated by your correspondent yesterday. There are no definite promises on either side. At the same time it can be stated that as a result of a clarifying exchange of opinion the outlook is bright for a continuance of the friendly trade relations between Canada and the United States and indeed it seems possible that the heart to heart talks of the past few days between Canadian and American representatives will open the way to a more satisfactory reciprocity in trade between the two countries than has obtained since the Dingley tariff went into effect in 1897.

Canada suffered considerably by that tariff with respect to access to American markets, and the consequent trade agreements with the Motherland and Belgium are the results of the raising of the American tariff barrier against Canadians. Now that the United States is at last seeking more favorable terms to deal with the United States as will all other countries in the matter of making mutually beneficial agreements on a fair basis of concession for concession.

It is believed here that in the next tariff revision at Washington which will probably not be long delayed, any changes that are made will make for better and more equal tariff relations between the two countries. This of course is contingent on President Taft being able to find on the report of his tariff advisors that it will not be necessary to impose the maximum tariff against Canada on March 31 next. That he will be able to do so, even though the strict judicial interpretation of the American tariff law may have to be strained a bit is the confident belief here among those who have been in close touch with the negotiations of the past week.

NINETEEN HYDROPHOBIA PATIENTS IN TORONTO
Seven Men Who Worked With a Horse Treated—Many of the Patients are Victims of Fright Only.

Toronto, Ont., Mar. 7.—Hydrophobia patients are being treated at the Toronto General hospital. Fifteen patients were up for treatment today, who had been treated before and another patient took his first treatment. A new patient, a boy, took his first treatment at the hospital for sick children making the number now undergoing treatment in two hospitals nineteen. There are three children attending the outdoor treatment of the hospital.

The result of the analysis by Dr. Amyot of the head of a horse that went mad on the farm of Dunlop P. Campbell, Lobo township, in Middlesex, shows that the animal had rabies.

Seven men who worked with the horse are being treated at the general hospital.

Mr. Campbell and another son, N. P. Campbell, will have to come here to take treatments.

Irwin W. Grief, of Berlin, petted a strange dog on Thursday last. He is attending the general hospital.

R. A. Wallace of Linden, near Hamilton, also had his fingers nipped by a strange dog about two weeks ago. He is another patient at the hospital. There are more victims of fright than anything else.

The children are all under fifteen. One lives in Toronto, another in St. George, and a third from Niagara Falls, Ontario.

The serum comes from Pasteur Institute, New York, every day through prepaid phials each containing a dose. The serum is injected into the patient's abdomen by means of a large hypodermic syringe. Two injections are made.

PROPERTY WORTH \$20,000,000.
Is Secured by D. D. Mann in Southern British Columbia.

Toronto, March 7.—By waiting and buying at the right moment, D. D. Mann, vice-president of the Canadian Northern Railway, and officially connected with a score of other enterprises, has secured a block of land in Southern British Columbia, that is rated today to be worth \$20,000,000.

T. Stuart, of Seattle, the man who engineered the deal, and who formerly owned that very part of Canada, is in town. He did not deny that while he made well on the transaction, he is displeased with himself for not holding on.

"There is a town in the place, and it was named after me, I know every foot of land there," said Mr. Stuart. "It now turns out that mineral deposits, which we don't know the extent, have been discovered. Mr. Mann's property is now worth \$20,000,000 according to the experts. He refused \$3,500,000."

CRETAN CRISIS COMPLETED.

British Warships Cornwall and Suffolk Depart for Malta.

Athens, March 9.—The departure yesterday of the British warships Cornwall and Suffolk for Malta is regarded here as an announcement that the crisis is completely ended. The son Bay is the first for the first time since the early days of the crisis for British warships. The King's edict terminating the parliamentary session is a more master of form.

MILLIONAIRE PACKER MAY BE A MURDERER
John Cudahy, Kansas City, Mo., President of the Cudahy Packing Company, May Be Charged With Horrible Crime, Provoked by Finding Another Man With His Wife.

Kansas City, Mo., March 6.—John P. Cudahy, member of the family of packers and president of the Cudahy Packing Company, is under arrest, here charged with stabbing J. Lillis, president of the Western Exchange Bank, in this city, in Cudahy's home, 100 East 36th street, early this morning. Lillis is believed to be dying in St. Mary's Hospital, and a member of the county prosecutor's office is endeavoring to gain entrance to the institution to take an anti-mortem statement. He is said to be horribly mutilated. Although every effort has been made to keep the details of the affair quiet, it has been learned that Cudahy, after announcing he expected to leave the city, returned to his home early this morning. Lillis was in a room with Mrs. Cudahy.

He is said to have drawn a revolver and forced Lillis to proceed with him to the basement of the magnificent home and there mutilated him after tying him with ropes.

Cudahy followed him to the basement, pleaded with him to relent, and in response to her pleadings, Cudahy summoned an ambulance and gave himself up to the police.

Brother of Bishop Lillis.
Lillis, who is a brother of Bishop Lillis, of the Leavenworth diocese of the Catholic Church, was taken to his home and later removed to St. Mary's. He is said to be sinking rapidly since taken to that institution.

Cudahy was taken to the police station, charged with disturbance of the peace, and released upon a nominal bond. When it was learned that there was a chance of Lillis' recovery, his friends took him to a room in the Coates House, from which he is to be hurried as soon as it is learned that Lillis is dead. This is to be done for the purpose of preventing an arrest at the time, which would result in Lillis being in jail before bail could be arranged. Every influence has been utilized by the families of the two men to prevent the affair from getting to the newspapers.

Bishop Lillis is said to have called upon the bishop of the Kansas City diocese to see that no persons, aside from his attorneys and members of the family, gain entrance to the room occupied by his brother. At the hospital this order was carried out to the letter.

When the deputy prosecutor, Joseph Higgs, accompanied by two patrolmen, called at the hospital at ten o'clock tonight, the doors were closed and the men were told the patient would not be allowed to talk.

Lillis Will Not Talk.
Word was sent to Attorney J. J. Johnson, Lillis' lawyer, and he at once went to the hospital, where his influence is being used to secure a statement. It is considered improbable that Lillis will be induced to tell his relations with Mrs. Cudahy leading up to the murder.

At midnight Attorney Johnson announced that Lillis was not in a serious condition, but that he declared that he had been mutilated by the untire.

He declined to allow the prosecutor to enter the room. Such facts as the press have are being suppressed. Any attempt to secure a statement from members of the Cudahy household met with failure. The driver of the private ambulance in which Lillis was conveyed to his home and from there to the hospital cannot be found by the police.

Mrs. Cudahy Prostrated.
Mrs. Cudahy is said to be prostrated, but has been taken from the home, according to one of the many rumors.

Attorney Johnson declares that the fight between Cudahy and Lillis occurred in the library of the home and that no more severe injury was inflicted than a few bruises about the face, and why it is necessary in that event to hurry Lillis to the hospital, he merely stated that Lillis is in a serious condition.

Lillis is unmarried and has wide business interests aside from his banking business. He is 35 years old, and a figure prominent in the club and hotel life of the city. His acquaintance with Mrs. Cudahy is said to ante-date her marriage to Cudahy.

Cudahy Has Nothing to Say.
"I have nothing to say for publication," this on the advice of my attorney, said Jack Cudahy at the Coates House this evening. Mr. Cudahy occupied part of a flat at this house. He did not come down during the day and his meals were sent to his room. His attorneys conferred with him several times during the day and tonight, when word was received at the hotel that Lillis was supposed to be dying and that an assistant prosecutor had gone to the hospital to get an anti-mortem statement, a taxi-cab was hurriedly called and Cudahy was taken out of the hotel and to the home of a friend.

The assault was entirely uncalculated for," said Mrs. Cudahy tonight, "and Mrs. Cudahy will live to sincerely regret his hasty action."

Mrs. Cudahy has been under the care of a physician ever since the affair occurred, suffering from nervousness.

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Investigation into his case is being made by the attorney general's department.

Guadalupe Official Assassinated.
Pointe a Pitre, Guadalupe, March 7.—Secretary General P. M. Henry, of Guadalupe, was fatally shot by an assassin while sitting on a hotel veranda to investigate into the case of a being made by the attorney general's department.

Brandon Winter Fair.
Brandon, March 7.—Following the storm of Sunday, the air has cleared and great crowds are here for the winter fair now in full swing. This morning at the auditorium, hundreds of stockmen from all over the west, with many from the east and south, are assembled exchanging views on the progress and inspecting the big exhibits in all classes. Judging of the sheep and cattle commenced this afternoon. All the prominent horse breeders in the west are here for the annual meeting, which will be held this evening.

No Veto; No Budget.
John Redmond Says Nationalists Will Not Budge an Inch.

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MEMBERS ENDORSED BY THEIR CONSTITUENTS

Various of the Representatives of the Constituencies Have Received Formal Approval From Their Constituents—Action of Puffer, Shaw, and Campbell, of Ponoka; McLean and Glendenning all Approved.

The electors of the province are not ungrateful in their condemnation of the Alberta and Great Waterways Railway contract and in disapproval of the action of members who supported the government on the vote. This is apparent from the telegrams and resolutions of endorsement that are daily coming to hand from different parts of the province to members who voted for the Woolf amendment, which was supported by the administration.

Among those who have received the strongest marks of approval on their attitude is W. F. Puffer, of Lacombe. A few days ago the Lacombe Liberal Association was reported as being opposed to the government on the Alberta and Great Waterways Railway contract, but this they emphatically deny. The following resolution has been received by the member for that constituency:

Lacombe, Alta., March 7th, 1910.
W. F. Puffer, Esq., M.P.P., Lacombe, Alta.

Dear Sir,—In view of the misrepresentations in the press with reference to the attitude of the Lacombe Liberal Association toward the provincial government and the Alberta and Great Waterways agreement, I beg to assure you that at no time or in no manner did the executive of our association take up an attitude hostile to the government in this matter. On the contrary, we fully realized the urgency of opening up the country covered by the said railway agreement. We also recognized that on account of the railway agreement was not based entirely, and perhaps only in a very small degree, upon the merits of the case, and at no time have we receded in our attitude of friendly co-operation with the government.

We look forward with confidence to the ultimate verdict on the Alberta and Great Waterways agreement, and we are ready to build and in operation to confirm and justify the recent vote in the Legislature.

Signed on behalf of the Lacombe Liberal Association,
A. URQUHART, President.
CHAS. B. HALPIN, Secretary.

The Alex. Liberal Association also approve of the action of Mr. Puffer and have written him as follows:

W. F. Puffer, M.P.P., Lacombe, Alberta.
Dear Sir,—I have been instructed, as secretary of the Alex. Liberal Association, to write you commending your action in supporting the government in the recent division in the Legislature.

I say that not only the association, but practically the whole district approve of your attitude.—Sincerely yours,
W. F. PETTET, Secretary.

Other Members Endorsed.
Other members who supported the government, including Arch. Campbell of Vermilion, have been in communication with their constituents over the long distance telephone and have been strongly supported in their attitude. They have been told that resolutions of the different Liberal associations of these constituents will be forwarded, showing that they are behind the government.

Other formal endorsement of the action of various members have been received by Dr. Campbell, of Ponoka, who opposed the government, and who, when he returned to his home on Saturday, was enthusiastically received by his constituents, who had strung a streamer across Railway street announcing "Ponoka stands for Campbell, Campbell and Honest Government," by J. H. McLean, Lethbridge District, who opposed the government, and whose action was approved by his constituents; by J. M. Glendenning of Nanton, who also opposed the agreement, and whose action was strongly approved, and by Robert Shaw, of Stettler, who supported the government, and who was endorsed by his constituents until such time as the Rutherford government was proven unworthy of confidence.

MANITOBAANS WIN DEBATE.
In Contest Winnipeg Men Win From North Dakota University Team.

Grand Forks, N.D., Mar. 7.—Upholding the affirmative of the question, "Resolved, that Trade Unions today are not in the highest interest of society at large in the United States and Canada," the Manitoba university debating team, composed of J. T. Thorson, P. Haywood and H. Doherty, defeated the North Dakota university team, made up of H. E. Dickinson, Clyde Duffy and Albert Wold.

The decision of the judges was two to one, and by winning in this debate, Manitoba has succeeded in breaking the spell which has apparently been hanging over it during the past few years, as this is her first victory in four successive contests.

The judges of the contest were R. C. Johnstone of Winnipeg, Ray P. McCoy and W. P. Davies of Grand Forks, the latter taking the place of Sydney Clark, who found it impossible to act. Dean A. A. Bruce, of the North Dakota College of Law, acted as chairman of the evening.

In opening the debate Dean Bruce took occasion to speak briefly upon the intimate relations of the United States and Canada, showing that it was such events as this that served to bring more forcibly, possibly more than any other single event, the true relation of the two countries in one walk of life at least—education.

Bishop King is Dead.
London, March 8.—Bishop King, of Lincoln, died today at the age of 81. Rev. Edward King was regius professor of pastoral theology at Oxford from 1873 to 1885 and was widely known as a theological authority.

THE Famous Rayo Lamp
Once a Rayo user always one



THE RAYO LAMP is a high grade lamp sold at a low price. There are lamps that cost more, but there is no better lamp as any other. The Rayo lamp is perfectly constructed and is burning known in the art of lamp-making that could add to the value of the RAYO as a lighting device. Suitable for any room in the house. Every dealer everywhere. If not at your, write for descriptive circular to the nearest Agent of

The Imperial Oil Company, Limited.

Indigestion Cured

This disease from which so many suffer gives the average physician a great deal of trouble. The best medical men have endorsed PSYCHINE, and recommended it in scores of the most obstinate cases. It has never failed in a single instance to give prompt relief. When directions have been followed, a few doses will remove that tightness and weight on the stomach. Taken regularly it positively cures General Distress, Flatulency, Nervousness, Coated Tongue, Heart Burn and Palpitation. If you have never used PSYCHINE, don't hesitate a moment longer. Try PSYCHINE to-day.

PROOF
Mr. Arthur Tennison, 88 London Street, Toronto, says: "For six or seven years I was troubled with indigestion and dyspepsia. The most subtle of the stomach the doctor said, originated the trouble. I tried scores of remedies without avail. Eventually I used PSYCHINE and this brought immediate relief and cure."

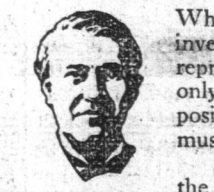
NO HOME SHOULD BE WITHOUT PSYCHINE
It prevents the children taking cold, wards off that terrible malady, La Grippe, and completely fortifies them against disease. It should always be used for colds, weakness, loss of appetite, bronchitis and weak lungs.

For sale by all druggists and dealers, 50 cents and \$1.00.

Dr. T. A. SLOCUM, Limited
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GREATEST OF ALL TONICS

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But do not accept our statement. Go and hear it. There is a dealer near you. Hear the Edison Phonograph and compare it with other instruments before you decide. We will leave it to your judgment as to whether you can buy anything for the price that will give you so much real, genuine fun and pleasure as the Edison Phonograph.

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Edison Standard Records 40 Edison Grand Opera Records 25
There are Edison dealers everywhere. Go to the nearest and hear the Edison Phonograph play both Edison Standard and Amberol Records. Get complete catalogues from us. NATIONAL PHONOGRAPH COMPANY, 106 Lakeside Avenue, Orange, N.J., U.S.A.

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