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JAMES McISAAC, Editor & Proprietor

Death of Bishop McDonald

For a whole week the angel of death had hovered over the Episcopal Palace; but the tolling of the Cathedral bell a few minutes before six o'clock on Sunday evening, the 1st inst., intimated that the long agony was over, and that the soul of his Lordship the gentle and pious Bishop McDonald had left the body and winged its flight to the judgment seat of God.

The deceased Bishop, Right Reverend James Charles McDonald, fourth Ordinary of the Diocese of Charlottetown, was born at Allisary, parish of St. Andrew's, in this Province, on July 15th, 1840, the son of John and Mrs. McDonald of that place; so that he was in his seventy-third year at the time of his death.

After his ordination he was appointed to a professorship in St. Dunstan's College, where he remained until 1875. In that year he was appointed to the pastorate of St. James, Georgetown, and All Saints, Cardigan Bridge. In the following year St. Cuthbert (now St. Teresa) was added to his pastoral charge.

In 1884, to the great regret of his spiritual flock in his different missions, he was appointed Rector of St. Dunstan's College. He took up his residence at the College, and devoted himself, with his wonted zeal and earnestness, to his new duties.

In 1890, the late lamented Bishop McIntyre, feeling the infirmities of advancing years, asked for a coadjutor, and the zealous and pious Rector of St. Dunstan's College was chosen by the Holy See, with the title of Bishop of Irina,

and coadjutor, with the right of succession, to the Bishop of Charlottetown. His consecration took place in the old St. Dunstan's Cathedral, on August 28th, 1890, and was a solemn and memorable function, attended by a number of Bishops and very many priests, from this and neighboring dioceses.

The Bishop of Irina continued to reside at the College until the 30th of April, 1891, when the community was shocked by learning of the sudden death, at Antigonish, of the venerable Bishop McIntyre.

During his twenty-one years and a half, as Bishop of Charlottetown, much progress has been made in the Diocese and great things have been achieved in its upbuilding and consolidation.

The greatest architectural triumph has been the erecting and completing of the magnificent St. Dunstan's Cathedral, an enduring monument of the zeal and sincere desire for the beauty of God's House, on the part of his Lordship and those associated with him in the erection of this gem of ecclesiastical architecture.

He visited Rome twice during his episcopate. His first visit was 1895 and the second in 1904. On the latter occasion he extended his travels to the Holy Land and other parts of the East.

During all the years of his sacerdotal and episcopal life, the late Bishop McDonald was a model ecclesiastic. Ever humble, pious, zealous, he went about doing the work of his Divine Master, without ostentation, without advertisement. Generous and kind-hearted, warm in his friendship, he never wished his left hand to know what his right hand did.

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and the remains. The funeral obsequies take place tomorrow (Thursday) morning, commencing at 10 o'clock.

His Lordship was one of a family of several brothers and sisters; but only two now remain: Mrs. James McPhee, Georgetown, and Mr. Daniel McDonald, Boston. These have the sympathy of the community in their bereavement.

St. Andrew's Day.

The annual St. Andrew's celebration, under the auspices of the Caledonian Club of this city, was held this year on Thursday evening, November 28th, in the club headquarters. An excellent menu was provided, and after full justice had been done thereto, the intellectual part of the programme was entered upon.

The King—"God Save the King." Address—President, D. F. Bethune. Song—J. P. Hooper. The Day an' a' Wha Hon our It—Rev. T. F. Fullerton. "Scots Wha Hae."

The President of the United States—Hon. Consul Frost. The Star Spangled Banner. The City of Charlottetown—His Worship Mayor Lyons. Song, Miss Hazel Bremner. Our Parliamentary Institutions—Hon. Murdoch McKinnon.

The Land O' the Heather—Mr. James McIsaac. "Loch Lomond." The Ladies—Mr. Edgar Shaw. "Green Grow the Rushes." "Auld Lang Syne." Pipe Selection.

The greatest enthusiasm prevailed, and all seemed to fully enjoy the entertainment. After the programme in the dining hall had been disposed of all repaired to the upper hall, where dancing was participated in for a couple of hours.

Liberals Played By Hon. W. T. White

Ottawa Nov. 25.—Hon. W. T. White's speech was the feature of today's debate on the address. When it was finished the onus was on the Liberals, and it rests with them to explain why they are fighting the remission of duty on cement, and further, to explain why they showed such painful lack of unity on reciprocity.

Mr. White proved that the Liberal attitude on the reduction of the cement duties is hopeless. They cried in loud Heaven that they were the champions of the consumers of the west—until a very big stroke was struck for those consumers—then they assailed it. Their lip loyalty was to the consumers, their real loyalty was to the Liberal millionaires who head the cement merger.

About reciprocity Mr. White asked where the Liberal party stood on it. The American offer still stands upon the status book if Sir Wilfrid Laurier wins the next election, will he introduce the reciprocity bill? Here is what happened. Mr. White ran down the list of Liberal members and challenged man after man to show his attitude on the question. The proceedings were substantially as follows:

"Would Sir Wilfrid Laurier say that if returned to power he would introduce a reciprocity measure?" Sir Wilfrid sat silent. "What was Mr. Graham's attitude?" Not a word from Mr. Graham.

Did Mr. Oliver, like other Liberals, repudiate reciprocity? "I do not repudiate it," said Mr. Oliver, rising. "Would any one of the Ontario Liberal members avow their belief in reciprocity? Not a Liberal from Ontario followed Mr. Oliver's example."

Would the Quebec Liberals stand by reciprocity? Some of the French Liberals call out that they did.

It is not precisely a happy family that the ex premier has on his hands.

Hon. W. T. White replied with vigor to the complaint of Sir Wil-

frid Laurier that the duties upon the importation of cement had been reduced in June last, when he rose to continue the debate on the address.

He expressed his surprise that the leader of the opposition should have attacked the government for the action taken during the cement famine in western Canada, in view of the action of the late administration in dealing with the importation of coal.

Last session he said the present government had been assailed as allies of the trusts, now it was attacked because it was quick to notify the cement merger to be ready to provide for its market. Mr. White repudiated any political motives when he favored the reduction of the duty on cement, and declared that Sir Wilfrid Laurier was censurable because he had based his case on an anonymous article or letter in a magazine without enquiry at the department of finance, as to the truth of the charges.

"The member for Edmonton," continued the minister of finance, "wanted a reduction in the duties on cement. But he agreed with his leader. When did he do otherwise? Was the lip loyalty to the west crying out for cement, or was it loyalty to the cement merger?"

Hon. Frank Oliver caused a laugh by explaining that objection had been made to the action of the government, because it was taken for the purpose of influencing an election in Saskatchewan and not for the benefit of the people. When asked whether he agreed that the government had done well in cutting the duty in half, the ex-minister of the interior again elicited a chorus of shouts of "Oh" and laughter by announcing that he objected to the restoration of the old duty on cement in October last.

The minister of finance pointed out that the administration is passing the order in council respecting the cement duties, had acted under a statute for which the Liberal government had been responsible.

In January James Pearson had asked that the provisions of the dumping clause be enforced against American manufacturers of cement. In May there was no intention to reduce the cement duties, but on May 31st, the government had received information that there was danger of a cement famine. Prices of Canadian cement were 15 to 20 cents below American prices at the time, but contractors for Canadian cement could not obtain deliveries.

"Does the member from Edmonton," he asked, "think all the bodies were conspiring to influence the election in Saskatchewan? (Applause and laughter) I ask if there was any other course for us. It was not done as we did, how the welkin would have rung. How the member of Edmonton would have charged us with being the representatives of the trust mergers and combines? (Laughter)

Mr. White went on to say that because of the unprecedented amount of business government works at Halifax had been held up for want of cement. "It is my honorable friend from Halifax who has said that," he commented. "You have not heard me yet," interrupted A. K. McLean amid laughter. Mr. White went on to say that from the east he had received letters complaining of the shortage of cement, and to ask whether the business men of the eastern provinces were suspected of any attempt to influence a Saskatchewan election. One of the greatest booms in store for the west, he concluded was the establishment of industries there, among them a cement industry.

Ottawa, Nov. 26.—The Liberal party does not seem to want the naval bill. It is steadily obstructing its announcement by pretesting in a worn out and uninteresting debate. There was some hope that Mr. Borden could introduce the bill this week; that has flown. Then Wednesday next was set aside. Wednesday begins to look doubtful, and the Liberals are threatening to keep the debate going till the Christmas holidays and crowd the naval announcement over until January next.

While bit of a blockading of a blockading debate, today's proceedings had political importance, their special feature was a contribution by George W. Fowler of Kings and Albert and Mr. Pugsley to which Mr. Fowler very decidedly got the better of the former minister.

One passage of Mr. Fowler's speech was especially noteworthy. He succeeded in drawing from Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Mr. Pugsley and Mr. Guthrie an explicit declaration of their continued belief in reciprocity. It was Mr. Guthrie who last session, declared that recipro-



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Synopsis of Canadian North-West Land Regulations. Any person who is the sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. The applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-agency for the district. Entry by proxy may be made at any agency, on certain conditions by father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister of intending homesteader. Duties—Six months' residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres solely owned and occupied by him or by his father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister. In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter section alongside his homestead. Price \$3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside upon the homestead or pre-emption six months in each of six years from date of homestead entry (including the time required to earn homestead patent) and cultivate fifty acres extra. A homesteader who has exhausted his homestead right and cannot obtain pre-emption may enter for a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price \$3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate fifty acres and erect a house worth \$300.00. W. W. COBY, Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

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