Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

HOLMES' CASTLE BURNED

ANOTHER INCIDENT IN THE REMARKABLE MURDER CASE.

Incendiaries Destroyed Evidence Against the Supposed Monster—Quinlan at His Farm—How It Was Done.

Chicago, Aug., 19.—The big mysterious building known as Holmes Castle was burned about 10 o'clock this morning. The Englewood Fire Department were quickly on hand but the fire was beyond their control and the property entirely consumed. The fire did not extend beyond the "Castle." This famous building for some time past has been tenanted only on the ground floor by a drug store and small restaurant and it was in the latter that the fire started. The interior of the building was practically ruined. The losses aggregate $15,000. The destruction of this mysterious building will mean the extinction of much of the evidence bearing on the murders which Holmes is suspected to have committed. The co-incidence of the burning, with the release from custody of Janitor Quinlan, Holmes' confederate, and the only other person besides Holmes who knew the secrets of the castle, is not looked upon as accidental. It was much better for both Holmes and Quinlan that this building should be destroyed than not. The structure, plain and common-place as it looked, was a veritable den of horrors, enveloped in mystery and evidently built for criminal purposes. Its walls and passages, its hidden recesses, concealed stairways and shafts, made it a death trap. The cellar was divided by loosely constructed brick partitions into compartments. Here were the gas tanks from which it is believed Holmes drew a supply to asphyxiate his victims and a vat where the bodies were decomposed in quick lime. The soil there is loose and friable, mixed with quick lime. Here Holmes dug after midnight by feeble rays of lanterns. Here he buried the bodies of his victims and smoothed over the broken soil. The cellar was reached by a shaft which never contained an elevator and by a staircase which no one but Holmes and his confederate knew. The first floor was occupied by a drug store and the rear by several small shops. The upper part of the building was the nest of secret traps, and shafts. Throughout all this labyrinth of partitions and secret passages Holmes could find his way to the street by several different routes. From Pedrick's office on the third floor down there was but a partition and one door which was not plain with some easier move. On the second floor was a laboratory where Holmes could work enough to keep Holmes supplied with furnies. There were numerous rooms for asphyxiating victims. There was a narrow chute running from the roof to the basement, down which a victim could be lowered. There was a secret stairway and behind it and the chute was a blind wall. In this place of devious windings, death chambers and sepulchers, Holmes, shrewd as he was, had left some clues to indicate his guilt but not enough to furnish evidence to convict him of the numerous crimes of which he stands accused. The examination of the cellar exposed great tanks in which bodies were reduced, a furnace in which they were burned and a gas generator which supplied poison for asphyxiation. The searchers found a heavy workbench stained with blood stored away in a secret room. In the cellar they found an entrance to a secret staircase. They found almost an entire skeleton. The bones seemed to be those of a woman. Near it was the skeleton of a child. These the police believe told the story of the death of beautiful Minnie Williams and the child of Pearl Connors, on both of whose lives Holmes had insurance policies.

Discoveries made by the police to-day lead to the belief that last night's fire in the castle of H.H. Holmes was of incendiary origin. Several people living near ing but could not be reached. In the wrecked building there was a tier of five or six rooms extending across the rear of the building facing the alley on each of the three upper floors. All these rooms are believed to have been occupied as people residing in rooms across the alley observed lights burning in every window during the evening.

The loss of life is said now not to exceed 15.

No doubt the disaster was caused by a boiler explosion. Frank Doescher, the engineer, it is said, was intoxicated. After turning a large quantity of cold water into the hot boilers, he left the building a few minutes before the explosion occurred. The police are looking for him. R. E. Irwin, the night clerk, says Loescher, who is only 17 years old, was drunk when he went on duty, and that he was in the habit of neglecting his duty.

Out of the 40 or more people who were certainly in the hotel when the explosion occurred, a score were gotten out safely. There were rescued more or less seriously injured. Others were killed or burned to death beneath the debris at the rear of the ruined building. The firemen are laboring energetically at the work of excavation, but it will be days perhaps before the uncertain horrors of the heap of destruction can be told. The death list will include the owner of the hotel, Peter Gugy, the manager, Robt. C. Grosier and his wife, who acted as day clerk, and were in the rear of the building and could not possibly escape. Joe Maneal, of Caco, was rescued at 2:30 this morning after an hour's work and it is certain no more than three in the ruins can be alive. A. E. Irwin, night clerk, who, with the bar-tender, William Rubbe, had a miraculous escape, went over the register for the last few days this morning and endeavored to call to mind the occupants of the different rooms. He thinks there were between 30 and 35 people registered; 16 occupied back rooms where it was more difficult to escape. How many of them were saved it is impossible to state, but it is known that several who were in the back portion of the building managed to escape in some manner. At 2:30 some 24 people had been accounted for, six being probably fatally injured and the rest less seriously. The damage to the hotel will amount to from $20,000 to $30,000.

The fire in the ruins was extinguished at 11 o'clock. One body not identified, has been removed from the ruins. Several more are still in sight. The number of killed will not exceed 8.

Denver, Colo., Aug. 19.—Twelve bullets have so far been taken out of the ruins of the Gumry hotel. It is evident that the death toll, which at first was given at 19 or 20 names, will not contain 19 or 20 names possibly even.

BOLD TRAIN ROBBERIES

Robbers Fail to Secure Much Booty in Regulation Style.

Grand Rapids, Mich., Aug. 19.—The east bound express on the Pere Marquette, leaving Chicago at 1 o'clock, and arriving here at 8:45, was held up at Kalamazoo at 9 o'clock last night. The train was flagged by swinging a white light across the track when it stopped. Conductor Rice of this city was standing out on the platform of the baggage car and seeing two robbers, asked "What's the matter?" The reply was two shots from their revolvers. At the same time other shots were fired into the engineer's cab and a moment later two men climbed on the engine and ordered the engineer and firemen to set the brakes and keep quiet. When the train stopped brakeman Timothy Murphy of this city jumped off the rear platform and started back with a lantern as required by the rules. The fifth robber, standing alongside the coach fired three shots at the brakeman, one of which hit him in the side, struck a rib and glanced out making a serious flesh wound. He dropped into a ditch where he remained until the robbers had gone. Conductor Rice, after the bullet whizzed past his head, retreated to the baggage car and threw his pocket-book out over behind the trunks. Without demanding admission, the robbers placed dynamite under the side door, blew it off and going into the car with

UNDER CANADIAN SKIES.

RAILWAY EMPLOYES WORKING FULL TIME IN THE SHOPS.

Johnson Won the Bicycle Match—Gaudaur Plays with Durnan—Missing Bonds Traced—Violent Thunder Storm.

Winnipeg, Aug. 20.—The employes of the C. P. R. shops commenced working full time yesterday.

Some of the farmers in Southern Manitoba are evidently following up their early harvest closely with threshers. One farmer yesterday telegraphed city millers asking for quotations for 6,000 bushels of wheat, which he offered to deliver immediately.

Toronto, Aug. 20.—The professional bicycle race between Johnson and Young was won by Johnson.

The race between Gaudaur and Durnan was the rankest kind of an exhibition match. It was raced in such shallow water that the boats almost scraped the bottom, and it was run three times past the grand stand of the railway company so as to let the occupants see it. Gaudaur could do anything he pleased with Durnan and won by one length, simply because he did not want to win by 50.

Keewatin, Aug. 20.—Frank Orlo' dwelling and Wm. McQuaig's house burned yesterday. The contents of almost all were lost; covered by insurance.

Village Des An Maien, Aug. 20.—David St. Pierre, Amedee E. Pelletier, Edmond Caron, Joseph Morin and Wilfred Labrecque, ranging from 14 to 18 years of age, went out in a light boat on Saturday and were drowned. Nobody has any knowledge of how it happened.

Montreal, Aug. 20.—The bonds to the amount of $50,000 missing from the city treasury, have been traced to accountant McDonnough. It is expected his friends will make good the amount.

C. E. Carbonneau, manager, and J. T. Bousquet, president, of the Canadian Trading and Shipping Co., have been arrested for fraud in having misrepresented the affairs of the company to Paris capitalists.

Chatham, Aug. 20.—A violent thunder storm on Saturday demolished nearly all the summer cottages at Rondeau. Several persons were seriously hurt.

Ottawa, Aug. 20.—Senator Ryan of the New York State Senate met the members of the Government and officials in the Fisheries department to arrange for uniform fishery regulations in the St. Lawrence and the Great Lakes. They also talked over plans for an international park there. The State of New York owns no islands, but the Legislature is now in session and it is expectation to carry out the scheme. It also proposed to suspend the Alien Labor law in regard to Canadian boatmen in American waters.

Sir Adolphe Caron addressed a large meeting in the Lake Temiscaming district on Sunday. The first occasion of the visit of a Cabinet minister was greeted with great enthusiasm. The new settlement has hundreds of prosperous farms already.

St. John, N. B., Aug. 21.—Schooner Ocean collided with the steamer Ritsona off east Black Rock, Friday morning about daylight, and crushed her bows in. The vessel carried three men, Lewis Adams, Lewis Adams and Matthew Stewart, all of Chatham, N. B.

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Montreal, Aug. 21.—Advices received here from Ottawa state that the Lachine canal will be opened on the 1st of September.

Hon. George H. Foster, who is now canvassing in New Brunswick, has gone to Westmorland to conduct the campaign for the Conservatives. Hon. L. H. Davies has charge for the Liberals, but Hon. Mr. Laurier will probably visit the county shortly during the week. The Liberals hope to cut down the Conservative majority.

Sheriff Hannon, of Rochester, N. Y., has made arrangements for the extradition of embezzler Scuthorp, of that city, now under arrest at Port Hope.

Dr. Dawson, director of the geological survey party, left yesterday for Athabasca Landing, N. W. T., to inspect progress in the boring for petroleum.

In reference to the statements cabled to the old country that cattle are dying by scores in Nova Scotia, it is learned at the Department of Agriculture that Dr. McEachran, chief veterinarian of the Dominion, has just returned from an official inspection tour in that Province, and emphatically denies that an unusual disease exists among cattle. The disease, which was quite local in character, is almost, if not altogether, extirpated, and the few tuberculosis cases found

the death of four men. They were bridge carpenters and had gone out on a long bridge to extinguish a fire. Failing in this, they sought to return, only to find their retreat cut off. They leaped from the bridge into the chasm, 125 feet below, and were dashed to death.

THE WALLER INCIDENT.

French in Madagascar Were Filibusters—All Letters Inspected.

London, Aug., 21.—Fresh interest has been added to the case of ex- U. S. Consul John L. Waller at Tamatave, Madagascar, by the presence here of Mr. Ethelbert Woodford who assisted Mrs. Waller and children out of Madagascar after her husband had been sentenced to imprisonment for 20 years by court martial for alleged communication with the Hovas against whom France is waging war. Mr. Woodford states that upon his arrival at Tamatave he found Consul Waller in prison. According to Mr. Woodford, the sole evidence against the ex-consul was embodied in letters to his wife and from a Hova friend, wherein the occupation of Madagascar by the French was discussed and a description given of alleged outrages upon women. Mr. Woodford declares, however, that the real cause for French action against Consul Waller is the fact that he had obtained valuable concessions from the Hovas' that Consul Wallar had received his exequatur from the Hovas Government, though opposed by the French who hold the right to determine who shall be consulted at Tamatave. On May 18th last, says Mr. Woodford, Consul Waller was hurriedly tried and sentenced. "At the time I was in Madagascar," said Mr. Woodford, "Count Max Kenney, a Georgian, was in charge of the U. S. consulate at Tamatave. I was his guest for a month. I was naturally interested in the affairs of the consulate and saw all the correspondence of the United States Government with reference to the Waller case. The Americans naturally were much interested. We thoroughly discussed the matter, but there was no American gunboat near and no demonstration of any kind. Nothing remained for the Americans to do but submit to the action of the French and report the occurrence to Washington, which was done. I then went direct to Antananarivo and found Mrs. Waller and four children in a state of destitution, living on the charity of Hova friends. I assisted them and when leaving took the family with me to the coast and got aboard the steamer for Mauritius." Mr. Woodford adds to the above that the French in Madagascar are mere filibusterers and committing frequent high-handed outrages. All mails both from and to the island are inspected by French officials, especially letters to and from the United States. Mr. Woodford's own mails, he says, were opened while he was there.

Paris, Aug. 21.—The Gil Blas says an important conference has taken place between U. S. Ambassador Eustis and M. Hanotaux in which the latter said that however desirous the Government might be to satisfy demands made from Washington it would take time to get documents bearing upon the case from Madagascar. Mr. Waller is reported to be in an advanced stage of consumption.

ON TRIAL ISLAND.

Steam Collier Rahmul Gets Safety off the Rocks.

Victoria, Aug. 21.—(Official).—The steam collier Rahmul, Capt. Tyson, which arrived at Esquimalt harbor on Thursday afternoon, left the harbor at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon in charge of a pilot and towed by the tug Lorne for Port Townsend. The tug and tow were seen off Race Rocks at 4 o'clock by the pilot, who returned to the harbor. The Rahmul had her bow painted a light green, and her bow was then veered on a long towline, and she was towed at right angles to the island. The tide was ebbing and the current was strong at the turn. The captain and pilot immediately left for Victoria for assistance and before starting the crew had commenced jettisoning the cargo of the forward compartments. At 7 o'clock a steamer with a large force of men was on her way out. On reaching the steamer it was seen that the tide had shifted her broadside on and close to the rock shore line. She had a bad starboard list and a fresh water tank directly forward contained salt water, showing that she was stove in. The tug Constantine had arrived and lay alongside for some hours awaiting for high tide, which would be 2 o'clock. At 1 o'clock it was noticed that she was upright and in her original position, at right angles to the island. Her wheel immediately started full speed astern and she safely and unaided slid off the rocks and proceeded to Royal Roads. She proceeds on her voyage to-day, being practically uninjured except in her forward tank.

SAFE IN THE ORIENT.

Washington, D. C., Aug., 21.—Advices have been received by officials at the

BEYOND THE ATLANTIC

ROSEBERY DISTASTEFUL TO THE RADICAL WING.

The Prince Likely to Build Another Yacht—Great Britain and the Nicaraguan Canal—Bad International Feeling.

London, Aug. 20.—John Daly, ex-member of the House of Commons for Cork, while alighting from a train at Sydney, fell between the platform and the carriage and had his left hand badly injured. He was also obliged to have his left foot amputated.

In the House of Commons to-day Rt. Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, Secretary of State for the Colonies, replying to a question by Sir Charles Dilke, said that £1,000 had been expended by an expedition for distress in Newfoundland in addition to which guarantees had been given to the amount of £7,000.

In the House of Commons Sir Richard Webster moved that Daly, who had been returned to Parliament as member from Limerick, while undergoing imprisonment for felony, was not qualified to be elected to the House of Commons. Timothy Harrington moved an amendment appointing a committee to examine into the case and report thereon. This motion was adopted by a vote of 256 to 74.

Wm. Kenney has resigned solicitor-General for Ireland. Mr. Kenney is a Liberal-Unionist, and sat in the last Parliament for St. Stephen's Green (Dublin City.)

Henry De Wynt, the well-known traveler and explorer, in an interview said: "After a winter lecture tour in America I intend to start on a trip from Vancouver via Sitka to Mount St. Elias, whence I will attempt to cross an unexplored part of Alaska to Prince of Wales Cape, and thence across to East Iceland, thence proceed to Chitjia, and then home through Russia. The object of my journey is to explore Alaska and to study the condition of the exiles of Siberia."

It is reported that two American millionaires are showing much interest in the case of Mabel Stanley, the music hall artist, who, it will be remembered, was arrested on Aug. 10th aboard the steamer Etruria at Liverpool as she was about to sail for Boston. The girl was charged with having stolen jewelry from Mrs. Gibbons, in whose apartments she had been living, and the jewelry was in her recovered from her upon her arrest. The two millionaires are New York men, from which city Miss Stanley also comes. The fair prisoner is in possession of letters supplying her with funds for her defense.

James Kenyon Hawthorne, one of the leading West India merchants of London, has failed, with liabilities amounting to £64,158. The failure is attributed to the accumulation of bad debts in connection with estates in Jamaica.

London, Aug. 21.—The Evening News claims to have information that the Prince of Wales is likely to build a yacht which will be a better boat than the Britannia. The yacht, according to the News, will be built in a presumably secret way, the Valkyrie III, and Defender will be in British waters in 1896. The Prince's yacht will be a contender for the Seawanhaka cup, which, it is said, "It would be well for Mr. Shepard of Commerce and other Chicago people. As far as can be learned, we are keeping straight for a crisis. There will be either a diplomatic deadlock between the two countries or an English surrender of important treaty rights."

The relations between Germany and England have almost monopolized public attention, owing to editorials in the London Standard and Daily News, which were extremely distasteful to Germany, and the entire press has given vent to a violent burst of Anglophobia, with Prince Bismarck's Hamburger Nachrichten in the van.

The celebrations of the battles fought against the French in August, 1870, continue to be the order of the day in Germany. The various battle fields around Metz are being visited, and a monument has been placed on the battle field of Vlouville in memory of Prince Frederick Charles, and decorations have been sent by the ton to decorate the graves of the German soldiers upon the different battle fields.

The Journal, of Paris, reports that the situation on the frontier is serious, owing to the aggressive attitude of the Germans, who have gathered to celebrate

to Quito. The checking of Alfaro's advance is the first set back the revolutionary forces have received for a long time.

Some Genoa stock brokers, and several employes of the banking firm of Ringen Bros., have been arrested in connection with the latter's recent failure.

The prospect is fair for a fairly good harvest in Italy as there is an average yield of excellent quality. Cereals, owing to the improved weather, have exceeded expectations. The vintage is under the average yield, but promises a good quality.

Sunday, the fete day of his patron saint, Joachim, the Pope received the congratulations of the cardinals, the nobility, etc. He invited his visitors into his library and discoursed for an hour upon the revival of religion in Italy and upon various Catholic questions. He appeared in good health.

A better business has been done in Manchester, a firmer cotton market helping. For China, cloths are engaged mostly to the end of the year. The Indian demand is also enlarging. The smaller markets are following the advance reluctantly. Yarns are 3 16d. dearer, but there is a lack of activity in them. Some business was done for Japan. Home manufacturers are buying little beyond their actual needs. Spinners are working mostly at a loss, and some machinery is stopping.

The Standard (Conservative) says there is a movement among the Radicals to change the leadership of the party. It is the belief that having a peer for a leader militates against success. We understand that the Earl of Rosebery will not retire unless deposed by a vote. The party in the House of Commons has elected J. W. Lowther, member for Penryn, chairman. He was Under Secretary of Foreign Affairs in 1851-52, and must not be confounded with Right Hon. James Lowther."

A Constantinople dispatch to the Daily Telegraph says: The collection of the arrears of taxes in the Moush district is accompanied with deeds of revolting cruelty. The Armenians liberated under the amnesty have been re-arrested on trumpery charges.

The supplementary estimates issued include £20,000 for the relief of the distressed in Newfoundland.

THE MARKETS.

The fruit season is now in full blast, as is also the harvest and threshing. There will be a slight lull, therefore, in the market for a short time, but in a couple of weeks or so the stir and bustle on our wholesale streets will be as lively and as active as the present busy season can make it. The intense smoke caused by fires in the woods all over the coast for some time past, in consequence of the refreshing rain which prevailed for a few hours in the early part of the week, has disappeared. Rain was badly wanted, for the growing crops, roots and vegetables, were suffering badly.

Fruits are in a solid condition, and can stand almost stand anything. Outside of this year's crop are in the market, though the shipment was a small one. This only applies to quantity, not the quality, per acre, which is decidedly above the average. With what has come to hand, dealers have had their hopes considerably increased, and if the fall is but half what it should be something jubilant in all lines. Apples are quoted at $1 per box, and about a carload of peaches, pears and plums are still to hand. Current prices follow:

VEGETABLES—Potatoes, nil; $1@$1.10; new potatoes, nil; beets, per sack, 40c; carrots, per sack, 40c; turnips, per sack, 40c; onions, per lb, 3c; cabbage, 2c; cauliflower, 25@50c; beans, per lb, 5c; peas, 5c; corn, per doz, 10c; cucumbers, per doz, 25@50c; tomatoes, per box, $1 to $1.25; celery, per doz, 25@50c; lettuce, per doz, 25@50c; beets, per doz, 25@50c; radishes, per doz, 25@50c; vegetable marrows, per doz, 25@50c; egg plants, per doz, 25@50c; green peas, per lb, 5c; new potatoes, per lb, 5c; new onions, per lb, 5c; new carrots, per doz, 25@50c; new turnips, per doz, 25@50c; new beets, per doz, 25@50c; new cabbage, per doz, 25@50c; new cauliflower, per doz, 25@50c; new celery, per doz, 25@50c; new lettuce, per doz, 25@50