

UNITED MINE WORKERS FAIL IN STRUGGLE AT INVERNESS

Back Bone of Strike is Broken and Company is Again Making its Shipments Without Having Recourse to Bank—Men Return to Work in Increasing Numbers—Situation at Glace Bay is Reported Quiet.

Special to The Standard. Inverness, Aug. 3.—Strike for recognition of the U. M. W., which opened here on July 9th, is practically over. During the first few days of the strike the company got up only about four hundred tons and shipments were of necessity, supplemented from the bank. Last Thursday and Friday and yesterday over nine hundred tons were brought up and shipments from the bank have been stopped. The day previous to the strike six hundred and fifty men were on the payroll. Today there are four hundred and ninety-four and the company will only require about five hundred men unless the coal trade brightens up considerably. There are about one hundred and sixty Belgian miners here, thirty-seven of whom have returned to work, leaving one hundred and twenty-three still out. Nearly all the native and Old Country miners have gone to work.

At Glace Bay. Glace Bay, Aug. 3.—Today has been a remarkably quiet one over the whole strike section. The output of coal from mine and shouldered from bank is given tonight at 10,500 tons. A Frenchman was drowned tonight in a pond at No. 27 mine. It is said he went in bathing and was accidentally drowned.

STRIKERS TO BE SUPPLIED WITH MONEY

International Union Sanction Strike at Hartt Boot and Shoe Factory.

Special to The Standard. Fredericton, Aug. 3.—Official announcement was received here this morning that the strike of the members of the Boot and Shoe Workers' Union at the Hartt Boot and Shoe factory had been authorized by the international union on the recommendation of Organizer E. W. A. O'Dell of Hamilton, Ont., and that the striking members of the union would receive financial aid from headquarters during the progress of the strike. The strikers were naturally well pleased with the announcement from headquarters. Word was also received from Haverhill, Mass., to the effect that a representative of Mr. Russ had visited that place and had been there to secure the services of any men who would come here as strike-breakers.

No further arrivals of strikebreakers since last week are reported, and the total number of hands working at the factory, including girls, is now reported as less than thirty. Representatives of the union men are working for conference between the company and the men, with the feeling that following a conference settlement of the strike. The company has thus far refused to meet the men or their representatives, or to make any statement of their case. A number of prominent citizens and several aldermen who were interviewed this morning expressed the view this morning that the representatives of the company and the men should get together and have a conference. There is also a feeling that through the City Council a conference might very properly be urged and bring good results. At the factory this afternoon, Mr. J. A. Reid, the treasurer, stated to The Standard that there was nobody here at present to meet with representatives of the men, but he thought that possibly that when Mr. Palmer and Mr. Russ returned a meeting could be arranged. "If anybody wants to come out here to work," said Mr. Reid, "they had do so. But we can't have any more work." That was the way of a statement from the company that could be served today. Mr. Killen could not be located this afternoon.

A DREDGE THAT FORGETS ITS OBLIGATIONS

Special to The Standard. Lunenburg, Aug. 2.—The dredge King Edward, owned by W. J. Poirer Company, Limited, of Quebec, was towed from here to Bridgewater this morning. The King Edward has been lying here for several months repairing. To get to Bridgewater it was necessary for the dredge to pass Riverport, a place where the Liberals last fall promised to do considerable dredging. For some mysterious reason that promise remains unfulfilled and the dredge goes to another port.

It looks as if all that has transpired heretofore is only a preliminary skirmish. The executive of the U. M. W. have up to this time ordered the sum of \$25,000 per week. This sum has been increased to \$75,000 per week. The report goes here that the Nova Scotia Steel Co. are lending skilled men to the Dominion Coal Co. If this is proved, there will be immediate trouble at the Sydney mine. Saturday's parade, however, as it was, it is said, did not represent the U. M. W. strength by a large number, eleven hundred men having gone away from the province. About 800 have scattered to their homes in the four counties in Cape Breton and to Pictou, while a large number remaining did not walk in the parade.

Meeting Held at Bridgeport. A large open air meeting was held at Bridgeport tonight by the United Mine Workers. Addresses by several of the leaders all passed off quietly. Arguments were heard before the county court judge at Sydney in the over holding tenant cases. Judgment will be delivered tomorrow. If the test case is decided in favor of the company the balance will be proceeded with on Thursday.

BIG SMASH UP REPORTED AT PORTLAND

C. W. Davis Democratic Candidate for Governor in 1906 One of the Petitioners in Bankruptcy.

Portland, Me., Aug. 3.—Petitions in bankruptcy were filed for Cyrus W. Davis of Waterville, Edward J. Lawrence of Fairfield and Henry M. Soule of Boston. Individually and as members of certain firms in the United States District Court late today. The liabilities as individuals aggregate \$1,000,000. The assets are of uncertain value, having been turned over to a committee of creditors a year or more ago. Mr. Davis was the Democratic candidate for governor of Maine in 1906.

The petitioners had been hard pressed financially had been under-stand for months, but it was not generally known that they had turned over to their creditors everything of value which they possessed as the result of a meeting here in May, 1908. At that time a committee was appointed to investigate the affairs of the delinquent, and this committee recommended that a year be given, and an attempt should be made to straighten out the financial tangles, the assets in the meantime to be held by a committee of creditors appointed for the purpose. A majority of the creditors assented to this arrangement and it was put into effect, but inasmuch as a few of the creditors did not join, the petitioners now have begun these proceedings for the purpose of obtaining their discharge from bankruptcy.

The petitioners and their associates for a number of years have been acting together in the prosecution of a number of business ventures, including the construction of mining operations in the west. Firms thus formed and financed were the Waterville Street Railway, Portland and Brunswick Electric Road and others. The latter was built from Brunswick to Yarmouth and operated to connect with the electric road of another corporation, extending from Yarmouth to this city. It is impossible to make an accurate estimate of the value of the assets, as they consist largely of securities, real estate and other property recognized value.

RUSHING THE ASSEMBLAGE OF BADDECK 1

Special to The Standard. Petewawa Camp, Aug. 3.—Despite injuries sustained in yesterday's accident, Baldwin and Bell worked all day rushing the assemblage of Baddeck No. 1. They were assisted by Captain Bogart, Lieut. Perrin, and "Bill" MacDonald, of the Baddeck works. It is expected that the engine will be ready for installation tomorrow and the first trial of Baddeck No. 1 will take place Thursday evening or Friday morning.

Roosevelt Sees Great Future Ahead of British East Africa

Ex-President At Banquet Talks of Country's Assets and Possibilities

Large Tracts of Land Fitted For Settlement But Must Be Peopled With Right Sort.

Sentiment Should Not Enter Into Treatment of Blocks

Nairobi, British East Africa, Aug. 3.—Theodore Roosevelt and his son, Kermit, were the guests of honor at a public banquet given in Nairobi tonight. Frederick J. Jackson, governor of British East Africa, was chairman and 175 persons sat down at the table. Captain Sanderson, the town clerk of Nairobi, read an address of welcome to the former president of the United States, and afterwards handed him the address, which was enclosed in a section of elephant tusk, mounted in silver and with a silver chain. The American residents of the Protectorate presented Mr. Roosevelt with a tobacco box made of the hoof of a rhinoceros, silver mounted; the shell of a rhinoceros horn mounted in silver and a buffalo head. Mr. Roosevelt, in reply to the toast proposed by Governor Jackson, said: "I wish to take this opportunity to thank the people of British East Africa for their generous and courteous hospitality. I have had a thoroughly good time in the country and am immensely interested in the country and its possibilities as an abode for white men. Very large tracts are fit for a fine population and healthy and prosperous settlements, and it would be a calamity to neglect them. But the settlers must be of the right type. Whites' Good Feet. "I believe that one of the best feats performed by members of the white race in the last ten years is the building of the Uganda railroad. I am convinced that this country has a great agricultural and industrial future, and it is the most attractive playground in the world. It most certainly presents excellent openings for capitalists and ample inducements should be offered them to come here. The home-maker and actual settler, and not the speculator, should be encouraged in making this a white man's country. "Remember that righteousness and our real ultimate self-interest demand that the blacks be treated justly. I have no patience with sentimentalists and I think that sentimentality does more harm to individuals than brutality. Therefore, I believe in helping the mission of the day, and in our work, whom I worked and in whose aspirations I so deeply sympathize. "In conclusion, Mr. Roosevelt drew a comparison of the conditions as he had found them in British East Africa with those that confronted the pioneers of Western America.

KING EDWARD THE GUEST OF CZAR ON YACHT

Cowes, Aug. 3.—King Edward, accompanied by his guest, the Emperor of Russia, who arrived here yesterday in the yacht Standart, is to be accompanied by the Russian Minister of Foreign Affairs, Count Benckendorff, the Russian Ambassador to Great Britain, and Sir Edward Grey, the British Foreign Secretary, as discussing matters of diplomacy aboard the Admiralty yacht Eucumbress. Two daughters of Emperor Nicholas came ashore this afternoon on a shopping expedition. They went about on foot and appeared thoroughly to enjoy the curiosity of their presence excited in the crowded streets of Cowes. Finally, however, the crowds about them grew to such proportions as to inconvenience them and the police came to their assistance and prevailed upon the Grand Duchesses to take a carriage. A party of journalists were conducted over the yacht Standart today by the Russian admiral and his officers. Tonight Emperor Nicholas entertained King Edward and Queen Alexandra at a banquet on board the Standart. The other guests were practically the same as those who attended the dinner Monday night. The dining saloon was beautifully decorated with La France and Rambler roses. No speeches were made. After dinner the company repaired to the deck which was enclosed by an awning and surrounded by flowers, and listened to a concert by a Russian orchestra.

VULCAN TOO HAS HOLIDAY

Boston, Aug. 3.—One hundred men of the ship-fitting and other ship trade forces were discharged today from the Charlestown navy yard, the work having been so reduced there is not enough for the large force of men to do.

STRIKE-RIDDEN SPRINGHILL FACES ANOTHER LABOR WAR

U. M. W. Officials Hold Meeting at Which Recent Decision of Arbitration Board is Discussed—Another Case in Which Conciliation Board Under the Limieux Act Has Failed to Conciliate—Action May Be Deferred Pending Result of Sydney Strike.

Special to The Standard. Springhill, Aug. 3.—Strike talk has been prevalent to a certain extent among the Springhill miners for some time past. The award of the conciliation board of which Judge Louché is chairman, is claimed by the men to be difficult to understand, as it is couched in indefinite terms. There is but one recommendation of the board that the employees are disposed to accept. This is with respect to fines and docking, though it is less feasible than they had asked and hoped for. Another suggestion of the board is in respect to a change of policy on the part of the company, looking to the bringing about of more harmonious relations with the employees with respect to the recognition of the union. The board seems to have left that an open question and it is this particular feature that tends to bring about the acute feeling and strike talk.

Demand Recognition. The men say they will insist on the demand for recognition and will die in the last ditch fighting for it. On the other hand it is claimed the company will wait for the outcome of the U. M. W. will never be granted here and thus the matter stands between the two opposing forces up to tonight. There was an immense meeting of the members of the U. M. W. held here tonight in the opera house, at which none but those having the password were admitted. Vice-President McCulloch and District President McDougall made carefully prepared speeches. Mr. McCulloch said he did not come here to advise the Springhill men to strike but left that matter wholly in the hands of the local union. Whether they did or did not strike, the whole resources of the U. M. W. was at the back of the Springhill miners to see that they would get nothing more than what they were asking for, namely, a square deal. Complained of Despotism. He complained bitterly of the high-handed act of despotism on the part of the troops in turning back the procession the other day at Glace Bay. They had committed no overt act nor had contemplated any breach of the peace and on the whole the actions of the troops were unheard of under the British flag. He also said the prospects for the U. M. W. winning out in the fight could not be brighter and he only knew of one previous instance in his experience where the chances for success exceeded that now prevailing in Cape Breton. Local Union to Decide. As the question of strike or no strike is now left wholly in the hands of the local union it may be some days before it will be definitely known what the result is to be. On the other hand it may be brought to an issue this week and a strike declared within the next forty-eight hours. If it is the misfortune of the strike-ridden town to have to undergo another ordeal as hard or maybe worse than what was endured two years ago, then Springhill's cup will be full to overflowing and the future of the town will be seriously menaced. Opinion prevails however, that the miners here will wait for the outcome in the Sydney strike before finally taking action.

HOME POLICY OF SIR J. WARD IS APPLAUDED

Wellington, New Zealand, Aug. 3.—Today all the newspapers of all shades of opinion applauded the remarks made by the Prime Minister, Sir Joseph G. Ward, at the House of Commons luncheon on Friday last. The Wellington Post, one of the principal papers of the Dominion, comments Sir Joseph's insistence on the fact that New Zealand's offer of a breadbasket was not inspired by any thought of local advantage to the Dominion. Further says the prime minister's speech showed a proper recognition of the relations which should exist between the dominions and the motherland. The Christ Church press considers that the speech accurately described the growth of law imperial sentiment in various colonies.

LACROSSE PLAYER HELD FOR ASSAULT

Special to The Standard. Toronto, Ont., Aug. 3.—The police have a warrant for the arrest of Mike Ions, of the Tecumseh Lacrosse team, who will be charged with a brutal assault on K. Ails of the Toronto team while playing at the Athletic Grounds at Scarborough Beach yesterday. The chief constable announced recently that in future the police would prosecute all cases of rowdyism by players at sports and this is the first case since the announcement.

\$20,000 LOSS WHEN SHIP BUMPS WALL.

Special to The Standard. Fort Colborne, Ont., Aug. 3.—As a result of the steamer Glenelagh owned by the Island Navigation Company of Hamilton, running into the breakwater here early yesterday morning, damage to the extent of \$20,000 to \$30,000 was done to the structure. The breakwater which is forty feet wide and of solid cement construction was split open all the way across.

CLERGYMAN LOST LIFE TRYING TO SAVE BOY.

New London, Conn., Aug. 3.—Rev. H. L. Mitchell, rector of the Episcopal church at Plymouth, Conn., and Clarence Blakeley, organist of the same church were drowned in Fish-er's Island Sound today. The clergyman lost his life trying to save the boy.

INSURGENTS WILL AGAIN FIGHT IF CAPTIVES ARE NOT FREED

Latest Despatches from Barcelona, While Reporting all Quiet State That Revolutionists Are Obdurate in Their Demands For Release Of Prisoners—The Ancient Feud Between Madrid and Catalonia—Graphic Accounts of Fighting Near Barcelona.

Barcelona, Aug. 3.—The city of Barcelona is quiet, but the populace unceasingly demands the liberation of the prisoners taken during the fighting. Troops still patrol the streets, but otherwise life is almost normal. It is impossible to give an estimate of the number of victims of the disorders, but they are far in excess of the official figures announced. It is rumored that Senor Iglesias, editor of the revolutionary newspaper El Progreso, who was reported to have been summarily shot, is living and has been released from the fortress. Order has been restored in Sabadell and Mataro. London, Aug. 3.—The Daily Telegraph's special commissioner, who has just arrived in Barcelona, sends to his paper a despatch giving a curious picture of the indifference or ignorance of the Spanish people as to the progress of the revolution. The cannonades in Barcelona disturbed Madrid about as much as if they had occurred in a foreign country. Spain favors repression there because Barcelona raised the flag of insurrection.

Paris, Aug. 4.—The Journal today published a diary of a correspondent who has arrived here from Barcelona. It is entitled "The Journal of a Reporter. During the Catalanian insurrection, and presents briefly, through graphic means, each day's events. After describing the first days, when the strike grew quickly into rioting and Barcelona was cut off from the world and the general uneasiness was augmented by the receipt of news of uprising and the destruction of property in other places the diary says on the morning of July 27, the first barricade was erected in the Gracia quarter and a murderous fire directed against the cavalry, while other insurgents applied torches to churches, convents and colleges, the diary continues: "Nightfall, and with it an increase of the sinister glooms of new contingents. These are charges and convents burning. We understand that it is no longer a question of protestation of the people against the expedition of Morocco but an insurrectionary movement prepared in advance by the radical socialists and anarchists and especially the anti-clerical. Among the religious orders leaps a warning that the revolutionaries are sworn to exterminate all the religious bodies. The latter abandon without resistance their establishments, although some of them like the Marists, struggle but are forced to flee after one of them has been killed and several wounded.

GIROUX WINS IN FIGHT FOR STREET PAVING

Montreal Council Decides to Award Fat Contracts—Opponent State Fight is Still on.

Special to The Standard. Montreal, Aug. 3.—After three months of fighting and jockeying between warring elements of the city council, Ald. Giroux this afternoon succeeded in forcing through the council his reports, commending the letting of contracts for paving streets and sidewalks to the extent of \$1,500,000. The reports were given with very strong position, as large contracts have been let in some cases to the highest bidders, and in others to any but the lowest bidders, and his departure from the principle of letting contracts to the lowest tenderers has been severely criticized both in and out of the council, the more so as the Royal Commission brought out evidence that contractors had to pay "royalties" to get civic work to do, the evidence touching one of the heaviest contractors under the Giroux reports. For months past the report has been held up, as it required a majority of the whole council, and Ald. Giroux was always about one vote shy of this. He however has gradually strengthened his position, and this afternoon managed to get together the 23 votes he needed with the result that after a spirited debate the reports were put through with very small amendment. The fight however, appears to have only begun, as the citizens' committee in the civic Royal Commission, has announced that it will at once enter injunction proceedings to prevent the reports being acted upon and to compel the majority of one on the council to follow the principle of letting contracts to the lowest tenderers.

THE WALDORF ALL BUT HAS A MURDER

New York, Aug. 3.—There was a shooting affair in the Waldorf-Astoria this afternoon which caused quite a stir in the crowded hotel, the dress being Mrs. Mary A. Castle, thirty-six years old, a decidedly good-looking matron, and William D. Craig, a lawyer with offices in the financial district. Craig, who is a member of the Rocky Mountain Club, which has a suite of rooms in the hotel, was on his way to the club-room to dress for dinner. Mrs. Castle, who had been waiting for him, laid her hand on his sleeve to detain him. He tried to avoid a scene, but the woman was too agile to care. After a few words Craig shook the woman off and went to the elevator. But Mrs. Castle, her face pale and agitated, kept pace with him, and as he was about to step into the elevator, she opened a small hand bag that she carried and took out a small revolver, of cheap make. She raised the weapon and fired when the muzzle of the revolver was within an inch of his coat. The bullet struck a silver fountain pen and inflicted a slight wound. Craig said that he would press the charge against the woman, but when she had regained her composure she said she was sure that he would come to her aid.

DIPHTHERIA PUTS BAN ON HOTEL GUESTS

Special to The Standard. Toronto, Ont., Aug. 3.—A summer hotel at Dwight, in Franklin Township, north of Haverhill, is quarantined with its thirty-seven guests. The three-year-old child of the proprietor died within three hours of malignant diphtheria, and now a strict quarantine is enforced by the Provincial authorities.

BIG SHOE MAN TELLS OF PAYNE BILL AS REVISED

Boston, Mass., Aug. 3.—Chas. E. Jones, a prominent member of the New England Shoe and Leather Association who represented that organization at Washington during the entire tariff discussion, said tonight of the amendment agreement as to the duties on boots and shoes: "All talk of a 'joke' is wholly without foundation. Every member of the conference committee fully understood when the report was signed that it was not the intention of the committee and not the desire of the president that the duty on shoes of all classes should be reduced below the 15 per cent. provided in the Payne bill. It was repeatedly stated that only the shoes made from the hides of cattle should be subjected to further reduction."

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TRUE BILL IS FOUND IN THE MICHAUD CASE

Special to The Standard. Edmundston, N. B., Aug. 3.—The adjourned sitting of the county court met here today, Judge Carleton presiding. The case of Ubaldo Michaud, against whom no bill was found at the last sitting, was again taken up and submitted to a new grand jury. Eighteen witnesses were examined and after deliberating a true bill was returned on all the counts in the indictment. The case will be taken up tomorrow.

CAPTAIN HELD TO BLAME IN THIS ACCIDENT

Special to The Standard. Montreal, Aug. 3.—Captain Demore, wreck commissioner, today rendered in the case of the grounding of the steamship Inishowen Head of the Head Line at Union Cove, twelve miles above Quebec in October last. Pilot Briere was found guilty of a grave error of judgment and was fined \$50. The other officers were exonerated from all blame. Before the Irishwoven Head could be floated it was necessary to discharge 1,800 tons of pig iron.

ONTARIO'S RIGHT LUSTY FINANCES

Special to The Standard. Toronto, Aug. 3.—The succession duties received by the Provincial treasurer for July amounted to \$76,317, making the total for the seven months \$497,206, which is \$90,000 more than the estimates for the whole year.

DEAD AT 103 YEARS.

Methuen, Mass., Aug. 3.—At 103 years and seven months, John Thompson died here tonight. He had worked as a dyer in Manchester, N. H., up to six years ago. It is but twenty-five years since he came to this country from Glasgow, Scotland, where he was born January 1, 1806. He is survived by two sons.