

HALF THE CITY GONE.

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New York, Aug. 22.—Wessel Duval & Co. to-day received from their branch in Valparaiso the following cablegram, which had been delayed in transmission:

"About one-half of the City of Valparaiso is destroyed, and the balance damaged. Our offices apparently quite safe. More than 2000 killed or injured. Popular camping out. Our steamers safe."

Addato Ortuguez, consul-general for Chili, said yesterday that he believed Valparaiso would be rebuilt within six months.

TRAGIC SCENES OF FRISCO REPEATED AT ALPARAISO

All the Churches But One With Hospitals and Theatres De-

Destroyed Monetary Damage.

Valparaiso, Aug. 22.—From the Plaza de la Victoria, as far as the plaza in the section called Las Delicias, four-fifths of the houses are completely destroyed, and the remaining fifth are badly damaged.

From the Plaza de la Victoria down to the city square about one-third the houses sustained damage.

The banks and the customs warehouses were not damaged. With the exception of Espiritu Santo, all the city's churches were destroyed, as were the theatres.

The number of dead is more than 2000.

The tragic scenes of the San Francisco disaster were reproduced here, the thousands of homeless people, the lack of water, and robbery and pillage. Authorities now are beginning to get in provisions, and water is again being supplied. All the fires are out.

The first shock lasted four minutes and a half, and the second two minutes. Most of the houses were thrown down by the second shock.

The estimated monetary damage ranges from \$25,000,000 to \$50,000,000. The Alameda square has been absolutely destroyed, and the people are still camping on the surrounding hills. The streets and the plazas, and only to-day are calm and

The tragic scenes of the San Francisco disaster were reproduced here. There was the fight against fire, the lack of water and rubble and dilapidated

Authorities are beginning to get in provisions, and water is again being supplied. All the fires are out. The city is still burning for four minutes and a half, and the second two minutes. Most of the houses were thrown down by the second shock.

Estimates of the damage range from \$25,000,000 to \$50,000,000. The Almondral quarry has been absolutely destroyed. The people are still camping on the surrounding hills and the streets and plazas, and only to-day are calm and courage returning. The declaration is now that the city will not survive the city. The lack of food is not yet serious.

Telegraphic communication with Santiago was re-established yesterday.

Several steamers are engaged in moving the people of the city to points to the north and south.

MEXICO NEXT.

Washington, Aug. 22.—Menigette is affecting the backbone of the western continent, according to Dr. C. Willard Hayes of The Geological Survey. In his opinion Mexico will be the next country to be visited by a seismic disturbance.

ARCHDEACON LANGTRY DEAD

Continued From Page 1.

Looking to the transfer of a number of deserving mechanics and laborers to the new plant, and establishing each worker on a plot of five acres or less, thus affording productive employment during idle times and a means of augmenting earnings when unemployed.

The late Archdeacon Langtry was born in 1839 near Burlington, Nelson County, Va. His early education was received at the Palermo Grammar School. With the aid of private tuition he attended the University of Virginia on the day it opened. He received his B. A. in 1854, and in the following year was ordained as deacon. He was a member of the University of Toronto admitted him to hold orders. He was the first graduate of the Trin-

it was done when he was only two days over the canonical age of 23 years. Soon

After this he went out as itinerant missionary in West Simcoe and East Grey, covering the country between Cookstown and Meaford. It was in a very unsettled state at that time, and he was Sired & sown many harvests. This position he occupied for three years, and was named for the incumency of Collingwood. On his removal to the curacy of St. Paul's, Yorkville, he it was then called, he entered into connection with the Church of England interested in matters pertaining to education, he succeeded in securing the establishment of the Bishop Strachan School for Girls, in Collingwood, the first institution for the education of young ladies founded in connection with the Church of England in Ontario. Later, he was instrumental in forming the Toronto Church School.

He was one of the founders of the Church of England Publishing Co., and had been chief editor of The Church Advocate since its establishment. He was author of 10 lectures "Catholic v. woman," in addition to his chief works, "History of the Church in Eastern Canada," "The Church in Western Canada," "Our Life" and "Coming Home." He resided for many years at the head of Lake Huron, where he died in 1896, in Toronto. In 1838 and again in 1888 he was elected prolocutor of the lower house. He had been at the head of the legislation from Toronto in 1870-71 term, and has taken a leading part in the formation of that body. He recently received degrees from the University of Pennoxville, P. Q., and was a member of the Trinity College council. About twenty ago he was appointed Archbishop of Simcoe.

4. The intense heat in the

ported. The intense heat in these
parts caused shrinkage, but only a
few sections are affected. The
instorms following the heat wave
ended to lodge the heavier grain, caus-
ing some loss in places.

There are enough laborers to harvest
the immense crop, and these have been
advised as to the places in need
men, so that no