

10. The Conference of the Parties shall keep under review, and update as appropriate, the guidance developed pursuant to paragraphs 8 and 9. Parties shall take the guidance into account in implementing the relevant provisions of this Article.

11. Each Party shall include information on its implementation of this Article in its reports submitted pursuant to Article 21, in particular information concerning the measures it has taken in accordance with paragraphs 4 to 7 and the effectiveness of the measures.

Article 9

Releases

1. This Article concerns controlling and, where feasible, reducing releases of mercury and mercury compounds, often expressed as "total mercury", to land and water from the relevant point sources not addressed in other provisions of this Convention.

2. For the purposes of this Article:

(a) "Releases" means releases of mercury or mercury compounds to land or water;

(b) "Relevant source" means any significant anthropogenic point source of release as identified by a Party that is not addressed in other provisions of this Convention;

(c) "New source" means any relevant source, the construction or substantial modification of which is commenced at least one year after the date of entry into force of this Convention for the Party concerned;

(d) "Substantial modification" means modification of a relevant source that results in a significant increase in releases, excluding any change in releases resulting from by-product recovery. It shall be a matter for the Party to decide whether a modification is substantial or not;

(e) "Existing source" means any relevant source that is not a new source;

(f) "Release limit value" means a limit on the concentration or mass of mercury or mercury compounds, often expressed as "total mercury", released from a point source.

3. Each Party shall, no later than three years after the date of entry into force of the Convention for it and on a regular basis thereafter, identify the relevant point source categories.