

TREATMENT OF BRIGHT'S DISEASE.—Senator advises the patient to live in a dry and equable climate, and almost exclusively upon milk as a diet. No red meats are allowed, and white ones only in strict moderation. Fruits, herbs and cereals may be taken, but spices are interdicted. Dilute wines are allowed in small quantities.

Bumberger's treatment is an exclusive milk diet, with the following iron pills (*L'Abeille Méd.—Med. News*):

R.—Chloride of iron, gr. iij.

Ext. taraxacum, q.s.—M.

Sig.—One pill three times a day.

Or,

R.—Sulphate of iron, }
 Bicarb. sodium, } of each 75 grains.—M.
 Ext. taraxacum, }

Make into sixty pills, of which three should be taken in the morning and three at night.

Semmola also insists on a diet of milk, and gives the following mixture:

R.—Iodide of potassium, . . . gr. xv.

Phosphate of sodium, . . gr. xxx.

Chloride of sodium, . . . ʒ j.

Aqua, ʒ iij.—M.

Sig.—To be taken in twenty-four hours.

D. Connor, M. D., Simsonville, Ky., says: I have used Celerina in my practice with very satisfactory results in nervous debility, and with good results in nervous headache, nervous prostration and sleeplessness, giving tone as well as quiet to the nervous system. I regard it as a splendid nerve tonic, I have used it in spermatorrhea with good results, and in a case of insanity it quieted the mental excitement and promoted sleep, and, as it is free from toxic effect, it can be used in doses to have the desired effect without any danger, which is more than can be said of some other medicines that are used as nerve tonics and sleep producing agents. I can conscientiously recommend it as a valuable nerve tonic in all cases of nervous prostration.

Why do some business managers of Medical Journals roll their copies when preparing them for the post. There is perhaps nothing more aggravating than the struggle to get at the contents of a small-sized, thick journal that has been rolled when more or less damp, from the press and bindery and then dried during its journey, so that it is set, as

though it had been cut by a bandsaw. If the aggregate of profanity caused by such *low rolling* could be made objective, and the number of times the man responsible is anathematized, could be known to him, we apprehend an improvement would speedily take place in this matter.

PROPOSED MEDICAL SOCIETY.—We notice with pleasure, that the medical men of Northern Ontario purpose forming a Society. To this end an inaugural meeting will be held at Huntsville, August 6th, when papers will be read by Drs. Ryerson of Toronto, Bridgland of Bracebridge, Byers, Godolphin, and others. Drs. Howland and Hart are taking an active part in the movement, which should meet with a success which we hope may be commensurate with the most sanguine hopes of the promoters of the Society.

Books and Pamphlets.

AN INTERESTING WORK.—Dr. Canniff sends us the prospectus of his work on "The Medical Profession in Upper Canada, 1783-1850." The volume will contain about 600 pages, divided into three parts, as follows:—

First Part—The Pioneer Medical Men, and the several steps taken to establish the profession on a legal basis. Second Part—The proceedings of the Upper Canada Medical Board from its organization, 1819 to 1850; and of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Upper Canada, 1839-41, with references to historical events showing the growth and development of the profession. Third Part—Biographical sketches of early physicians of the Province, with many references to early events in the history of Upper Canada. An appendix—containing many historical documents. Biographical sketches of, and reference to the lives of about 600 other doctors engaged in practice previous to 1850.

Dr. Canniff has had a good deal of experience in collecting historical matter, as is evidenced by his work published some years ago on "The Settlement of Upper Canada," which was so well received, and there is no doubt he has provided for this work valuable facts, which each member of the profession should be in possession of. The publishers are Williamson & Co., Toronto, and the work will not be issued until a sufficient number of subscribers are had to cover the cost of publication. We are sure there should be no lack of names for that purpose, and wish the Dr. every success in this work which is, so far as he is concerned, purely a labor of love, and not for financial gain.