

The third, that of a lady residing at a short distance from Montreal, who having occasion to drive to town on a very inclement day, suffered much from cold: the next day she felt chilly and troubled with a bowel complaint; some slight loss of power in her limbs which passed off, on the following day (which was also very cold); and while she was still suffering from diarrhoea, she again drove into the city, by which exposure her bowel affection was increased, and she was taken so ill as to be obliged to remain at a friend's house for some hours. She returned home that evening, and next morning she observed she was hemiplegic of the left side, and her right leg was also slightly paralytic. She complained of an acute pain at the occiput and upper cervical vertebrae; especially on any motion of the head, to remove which, she was leeches and blistered. The paralysis extended to the right arm, and she had scarcely any power of either side, and had also nearly lost all sensation. In addition to the local treatment, she took calomel gr. ij. three times a day for several days. In a week, her complaint had so far yielded to the treatment, that she had recovered in a great measure the power and sensation of her right arm, and partially of her right leg; and a slight improvement was observed in the left side. Unfortunately erysipelas of a severe character attacked the blistered surface, and involved the mucous membrane of the fauces and throat, which carried her off in about a fortnight.

In speaking favorably of the therapeutic power of electricity, and the still more energetic action of electro-puncture, in local paralysis, I would by no means desire to supersede or exclude the use of strychnine, especially in cases of chronic general paralysis, but I do not set such high value on it, in the local form. I do not, however, see that their combined action would be at all incompatible, nor should I overlook the valuable (and almost universally requisite) administration of mercury in these cases; my object on the present occasion being to record rare cases, and the successful application of galvanism, I have not particularized, in a detailed manner, their treatment.

ART. XXXVIII.—*Case of Extra Uterine Pregnancy, with remarks* By
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Surgeons of Lower Canada, &c.,

The subject of the following case was under the treatment of several medical gentlemen at different periods of her pregnancy, all of whom were equally perplexed in their diagnosis, until its termination; a short time previous to which she became the patient of the late Dr. J. B. Blais,